STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA UTILITIES COMMISSION RALEIGH

DOCKET NO. E-2, SUB 1321

BEFORE THE NORTH CAROLINA UTILITIES COMMISSION

In the Matter of)	
Application of Duke Energy Progress, LLC)	DIRECT TESTIMONY
Pursuant to G.S. 62-133.2 and NCUC Rule)	OF NADENE N. WALLACE FOR
R8-55 Relating to Fuel and Fuel-Related)	DUKE ENERGY PROGRESS, LLC
Charge Adjustments for Electric Utilities)	

- 2 A. My name is Nadene N. Wallace. My business address is 525 South Tryon
- 3 Street, Charlotte, North Carolina 28202.
- 4 Q. BY WHOM ARE YOU EMPLOYED AND IN WHAT CAPACITY?
- 5 A. I am employed by Duke Energy Corporation ("Duke Energy") as a Senior
- 6 Strategic Business Consultant.
- 7 Q. PLEASE SUMMARIZE YOUR EDUCATION AND PROFESSIONAL
- **8 QUALIFICATIONS.**
- 9 A. My educational background includes a Bachelor of Science in Business
- Administration from Edinboro University of Pennsylvania. With respect to
- professional experience, I have been at Duke Energy for over 13 years. I started
- as a Senior Paralegal with a focus on state regulatory support from 2010-2012.
- I transitioned to work for Duke Energy's Commercial Renewables as a Senior
- Renewable Contract Analyst from 2012-2016. I have been on the Business
- Development and Compliance Team since 2018.
- 16 O. PLEASE DESCRIBE YOUR CURRENT RESPONSIBILITIES IN YOUR
- 17 **POSITION WITH DUKE ENERGY.**
- 18 A. I am responsible for policy review and business implementation, including
- implementation of Duke Energy Carolinas, LLC's ("DEC") and Duke Energy
- 20 Progress, LLC's ("DEP" and, together with DEC, the "Companies") one-time
- "Blend and Extend" purchase power agreement ("PPA") amendment process
- established by the North Carolina Utilities Commission ("Commission")
- pursuant to Section 6(a) of North Carolina House Bill 951, S.L. 2021-165 ("HB

1		951"). I also provide program support for the Companies' Competitive
2		Procurement of Renewable Energy ("CPRE") along with the 2022 and 2023
3		Solar Procurement Programs.
4	Q.	HAVE YOU PREVIOUSLY TESTIFIED BEFORE THE
5		COMMISSION?
6	A.	No.
7	Q.	WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY?
8	A.	The purpose of my testimony is to present information and data related to the
9		DEP's implementation of its Blend and Extend process as required by Ordering
10		Paragraph 7 of the Commission's Order Establishing Rates issued on September
11		7, 2022 in Docket No. E-100, Sub 181 (the "Order"). Specifically, the Order
12		directs DEC, DEP, and Dominion Energy North Carolina to report on the Blend
13		and Extend process in their respective first annual fuel rider proceeding filed after
14		the close of the election period. The Order specified that the report should include
15		the following:
16		• The total projects;
17		• The total MWs;
18		• The first year savings; and
19		• The savings impact on the fuel rider
20		I. BACKGROUND ON DEP'S BLEND AND EXTEND PROGRAM
21	Q.	PLEASE BRIEFLY EXPLAIN THE STATUTORY FRAMEWORK FOR
22		THE BLEND AND EXTEND PROCESS.

While I am not a lawyer, it's my understanding that Section 6(a) of HB 951

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requires the Commission to establish rates to be paid under a "one-time option" to modify the term and avoided cost rates for purchase of power from eligible small power providers, as that term is defined in the legislation. The rates established must (i) take into consideration both currently contracted rates and the rates at the time of the election; (ii) be just and reasonable to all customers of the utility; and (iii) result in both an immediate and long-term reduction in the cost of electricity for all classes of ratepayers.

In other words, the Blend and Extend provisions of HB 951 present a unique opportunity for eligible qualifying facility ("QFs") sellers with an existing long-term PPA to extend the contract term under blended rates that take into consideration both the originally contracted-for rates and the rates in effect at the time of the election in a manner that is beneficial to both QFs and the Company's customers. Importantly, Blend and Extend contract extensions are not mandatory, and QFs are free to continue operating under an existing PPA and to execute a new PPA at the existing PPA's termination under then-available rates and terms.

Pursuant to Section 6 of HB 951, Blend and Extend amendments afforded eligible small power producers a finite, one-time option during a limited, 180-day window to elect to extend an existing PPA under blended rates that provide both an immediate and estimated long-term reduction in the cost of electricity for the Company's customers.

Q. HAS THE COMMISSION APPROVED DEP'S BLEND AND EXTEND RATE SCHEDULES?

A. Yes. DEP's Blend and Extend rate schedules—Schedule PPBE and Schedule

1		PPBE-1 (together, "Schedules PPBE")—were approved by the Commission in its
2		September 7, 2022 Order and October 19, 2022 Order Accepting Compliance
3		Filings in Docket No. E-100, Sub 181.
4	Q.	WHAT IS THE CURRENT STATUS OF DEP'S BLEND AND EXTEND
5		PROCESS IMPLEMENTATION?
6	A.	In compliance with Section 6(a)(1) of HB 951, the Commission's Order
7		Accepting Compliance Filings expressly set October 21, 2022 through April 18,
8		2023 as the 180-day Election Period for an eligible small power producer to elect
9		to amend its existing PPA for a term equal to the remaining time on its existing
10		PPA and an additional 10 years.
11		The Commission further ordered that Blend and Extend rates should
12		become effective no more than 90 days from the end of the election period. This
13		means that the new Blend and Extend rates will go into effect on July 17, 2023.
14	Q.	DID THE COMMISSION REQUIRE THE COMPANY TO REPORT ON
15		IMPLEMENTATION OF THE BLEND AND EXTEND PROCESS?
16	A.	Yes. As described above, the September 7, 2022 Order established a one-time
17		reporting obligation to be filed in the Companies' annual fuel rider proceeding. In
18		particular, DEP must provide (1) the total number of projects electing to execute
19		new Blend and Extend PPAs; (2) the total number of MWs for all projects electing
20		to execute new Blend and Extend PPAs; (3) the savings to customers that will be
21		realized in the first year of the Blend and Extend rates; and (4) the savings impact
22		on the annual fuel rider.
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1	Q.	PLEASE EXPLAIN WHY DEP IS FILING THIS REPORT ON ITS
2		BLEND AND EXTEND PROCESS IN DEP'S 2023 FUEL CLAUSE
3		RIDER, WHEN DEC DID NOT INCLUDE ANY SIMILAR
4		INFORMATION IN ITS 2023 FUEL CLAUSE RIDER FILING.
5	A.	The Order directed that DEP and DEC should report on the Blend and Extend
6		process in the first annual fuel rider proceeding filed after the close of the election
7		period. DEC filed its annual fuel rider application on February 28, 2023—nearly
8		two months before the Blend and Extend election window closed. Accordingly,
9		it was not timely for DEC to file its Blend and Extend process.
10		II. REPORT ON BLEND AND EXTEND PROCESS
11	Q.	PLEASE PROVIDE THE INFORMATION REQUESTED BY THE
12		COMMISSION REGARDING THE TOTAL NUMBER OF PROJECTS
13		AND MEGAWATTS ("MW") THAT HAVE ELECTED TO
14		PARTICIPATE IN BLEND AND EXTEND.
15	A.	In DEP, a total of 77 projects, which include 353 MW, have elected to amend their
16		existing PPA under the Blend and Extend process, pursuant to rates calculated
17		using either Schedule PPBE or Schedule PPBE-1.
18	Q.	HAVE THE COMPANIES CALCULATED THE TOTAL AMOUNT OF
19		SAVINGS TO CUSTOMERS THAT WILL RESULT FROM THESE
20		NEWLY EXECUTED BLEND AND EXTEND PPAs IN THE FIRST YEAR
21		OF THE NEW CONTRACT TERM?

Yes. DEP calculates first-year customer savings totaling \$9,581,282 resulting

from newly executed Blend and Extend PPAs. DEP quantified this projected

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1		savings on a project-by-project basis as the delta in the blended rate per megawatt
2		hour ("MWH") minus the prior contracted rate per MWH multiplied by the
3		MWHs projected for August 1, 2023 through July 31, 2024. ¹
4	Q.	THE ORDER ALSO REQUIRED DEP TO EXPLAIN THE IMPACT OF
5		BLEND AND EXTEND SAVINGS ON THE ANNUAL FUEL RIDER.
6		HOW DOES THE BLEND AND EXTEND PROCESS IMPACT THIS
7		FUEL PROCEEDING?
8	A.	The Blend and Extend process caused projected system billing period costs
9		(December 2023 – November 2024) to be \$9,565,757 lower than costs would have
10		been under the prior contracted terms. The North Carolina retail share of these
11		savings was \$5,926,355. This impact reduced the uniform percentage average bill
12		adjustment for all customer classes from 5.3% to 5.1%, as shown on DEP Witness
13		Harrington's Exhibit 2C.
14		Existing fuel rates established in Docket No. E-2, Sub 1292 did not reflect
15		savings estimated to be experienced during the months of July 2023 through
16		November 2023. These savings, which are projected to be \$3,104,226 at the
17		system level and \$1,923,188 at the North Carolina retail level, will be recognized
18		in the fuel (over) under recovery calculation in the 2024 DEP annual fuel rider
19		proceeding.
20	Q.	DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR PRE-FILED DIRECT TESTIMONY?
21	A.	Yes, it does.

¹ The new blended rates become effective July 17, 2023. For the purpose of this report, DEP has calculated the "first-year" as beginning at the start of the first full month following said effective date.