BEFORE THE NORTH CAROLINA UTILITIES COMMISSION DOCKET NO. E-7, SUB 1304

In the Matter of		
Application of Duke Energy Carolinas, LLC,)	TESTIMONY OF
Pursuant to N.C.G.S. § 62-133.2 and)	DARRELL BROWN
Commission Rule R8-55 Relating)	PUBLIC STAFF -
to Fuel and Fuel-Related Charge)	NORTH CAROLINA
Adjustments for Electric Utilities)	UTILITIES COMMISSION

May 23, 2024

1	Q.	Mr. Brown, please state your name, business address, and	d
2		present position.	

- A. My name is Darrell Brown. My business address is 430 North
 Salisbury Street, Raleigh, North Carolina. I am a Public Utility
 Regulatory Analyst with the Accounting Division of the Public Staff –
 North Carolina Utilities Commission (Public Staff). A summary of my
 qualifications, duties, education, and experience is attached to this
 testimony as Appendix A.
- 9 Q. Mr. Brown, what is the purpose of your testimony in this10 proceeding?
- 11 A. The purpose of my testimony is to present the results of the Public
 12 Staff's investigation of the Experience Modification Factor (EMF)
 13 riders proposed by Duke Energy Carolinas, LLC (DEC or the
 14 Company), in this proceeding. The EMF riders are utilized to "true15 up," by customer class, the recovery of fuel and fuel-related costs
 16 incurred during the test year. DEC's test year in this fuel proceeding
 17 is the twelve months ending December 31, 2023.
- Q. What are the incremental EMF riders proposed by the Companyin this proceeding?
- A. In its initial application, filed with supporting testimony and exhibits
 on February 27, 2024, DEC proposed EMF increment riders in cents

1		per kilowatt-hour (kWh), excluding the North Carolina regulatory fee,		
2		for each North Carolina retail customer class, as follows:		
3		Residential	0.4819 cents per kWh	
4		General Service/Lighting	0.2460 cents per kWh	
5		Industrial	0.3892 cents per kWh	
6		In the February 27, 2024 filing, Company witness Clark's Exhibit 3		
7		details DEC's proposed underrecovery of fuel and fuel-related costs		
8		for each of the North Carolina retail customer classes as follows:		
9		Residential	\$109,907,112	
10		General Service/Lighting	\$ 60,201,409	
11		Industrial	\$ 45,548,101	
12	Q.	Did the Company file supplemental	testimony and exhibits in	
13		this proceeding?		
14		Yes. On May 8, 2024, DEC filed the Supplemental Testimony of		
15		Sigourney Clark with revised exhibits and supporting workpapers.		
16		Witness Clark's supplemental testimony and revised exhibits mainly		
17		reflect the following updates:		
18		1) An update to the EMF incremen	t to incorporate the fuel and	
19		fuel-related cost recovery balances for the period January 1,		
20		2024, through March 31, 2024	. Although included in this	

proceeding, the reported recoveries included in the update will
be reviewed as part of next year's fuel and fuel-related cost
proceeding.

- 2) An update to the EMF increment to incorporate proposed mitigation for industrial class bill impacts. The proposed mitigation will delay recovery of the current EMF underrecovery amount of \$54,309,707¹ from a typical 12-month billing period to an 8-month period starting January 1, 2025, and continuing through August 31, 2025. The Company's proposed mitigation plan for the industrial class includes a 5.5% interest rate on the underrecovery amount.
- 3) The Company proposed a new EMF increment to recover the shortage of revenue collected from September 1, 2023, through March 31, 2024, that related to the 2022 fuel and fuel-related costs in the 2023 fuel proceeding in Docket No. E-7, Sub 1282. The Company asserted that it has net underrecovery for this period of approximately \$8.1 million

¹ This is the sum of the underrecovery of \$45,548,101 set forth in the February 27, 2024 initial filing plus the underrecovery of \$8,761,606 set forth in the May 8, 2024 supplemental filing.

1	and is requesting a new EMF increment factor to recover each		
2	customer class's portion of this cumulative net underrecovery.		
3	Clark Revised Exhibit 1, filed May 8, 2024, sets forth the Company's		
4	revised proposed EMF increment riders in cents per kWh, excluding		
5	the North Carolina (NC) regulatory fee, for each NC retail customer		
6	class, as follows:		
7	EMF Increment:		
8	Residential 0.4751 cents per kWh		
9	General Service/Lighting 0.3221 cents per kWh		
10	Industrial (8 months) 0.6519 cents per kWh		
11	EMF Interest Increment:		
12	Residential 0.0000 cents per kWh		
13	General Service/Lighting 0.0000 cents per kWh		
14	Industrial (8 months) 0.0060 cents per kWh		
15	EMF Increment - Docket E-7, Sub 1282:		
16	Residential 0.0285 cents per kWh		
17	General Service/Lighting (0.0003) cents per kWh		
18	Industrial 0.0205 cents per kWh		

1	In witness Clark's revised exhibits,	DEC's proposed revised	
2	underrecovery of fuel and fuel-related cost for the current fuel case		
3	for each of the NC retail customer classes is as follows:		
	B. C. C.	#400 000 704	
4	Residential	\$108,362,791	
5	General Service/Lighting	\$ 78,834,162	
6	Industrial	\$ 54,309,707	
7	DEC proposed the new EMF underrecovery of revenue collection		
8	shortage related to the 2022 fuel and fuel-related costs addressed in		
9	the 2023 fuel proceeding in Docket No. E-7, Sub 1282, for each of		
10	the NC retail customer classes as follows:		
11	Residential	\$ 6,508,910	
12	General Service/Lighting	\$ (67,379)	
13	Industrial	\$ 1,707,832	
14	For residential and general service/lighting customers, the riders		
15	were calculated by dividing the fuel cost underrecovery amounts for		
16	each customer class by DEC's normalized test year NC retail sales,		
17	being 22,807,302 megawatt-hours (MWh) for the residential class		
18	and 24,474,032 MWh for the general service/lighting class. For		
19	industrial customers, the rider was cal	culated based on projected	

- 1 (not normalized, as with the other classes) NC retail sales for the 2 period January 1, 2025, to August 31, 2025, of 8,330,385 MWh.
- Q. Did the Company propose a new EMF increment related to the
 2023 fuel proceeding in Docket No. E-7, Sub 1282, in its
 supplemental filing?
- A. Yes. In its May 8, 2024 supplemental filing, the Company requested that the Commission allow it to recover through a new EMF factor the shortage of revenue collected from September 1, 2023, through March 31, 2024, that related to fuel and fuel-related costs that occurred in 2022 in the 2023 fuel proceeding in Docket No. E-7, Sub 1282. Public Staff witnesses Boswell and McLawhorn provide testimony regarding the Public Staff's position on this request.

13 Q. Please describe the scope of your investigation.

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The Public Staff's investigation included evaluating whether the Company properly determined its per books fuel and fuel-related costs and revenues during the test period. These procedures included a review of the Company's filing, prior Commission orders, the Monthly Fuel Reports filed by the Company with the Commission, and other Company data provided to the Public Staff. The Public Staff also reviewed specific types of expenditures impacting the Company's test year fuel and fuel-related costs, including reagents

(limestone, ammonia, urea, etc.), renewable energy, and purchased power, as well as reviews of source documentation of fuel and fuel-related costs for certain selected Company generation resources.

Performing the Public Staff's investigation required the review of numerous responses to written and verbal data requests, and several video conferences with Company representatives.

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- 7 Q. What EMF riders does the Public Staff recommend for this 8 proceeding and why?
 - As a result of the Public Staff's investigation, I recommend that DEC's EMF riders for each customer class be based on net fuel and fuel-related cost underrecoveries of \$108,362,791 for the residential class, \$78,834,162 for the general service/lighting class, and \$54,309,707 for the industrial class. I also recommend usage of normalized test year NC retail sales of 22,807,302 MWh for the residential class and 24,474,032 MWh for service/lighting class. For the industrial class, I recommend usage of normalized NC retail sales for the period January 1, 2023, to August 31, 2023, of 7,872,667 MWh. Historically, the Company has calculated its proposed EMF riders using normalized test year NC retail sales. However, in its supplemental filing in this proceeding, the Company used normalized test year NC retail sales to

calculate its proposed residential and general service/lighting

EMF riders, and projected NC retail sales to calculate its

proposed industrial EMF rider.

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The Public Staff is opposed to the Company's usage of projected NC retail sales to calculate its proposed industrial EMF rider in the current proceeding for several reasons. First, a change of this magnitude should not simply appear in schedules appended to supplemental testimony without a discussion of any reasons for the change. Second, the Public Staff disagrees with the Company using different approaches for different customer classes and recommends that the Company use the same methodology for all customer classes to calculate its proposed EMF riders, specifically, normalized test year NC retail sales. Third, the change in the methodology used to determine NC retail sales for only the industrial class is an unexplained deviation from the methodology utilized in the prior rate case, and such a change should only be considered after a thorough investigation of the implications.

Q. What is the result of the Public Staff's computations?

A. The Public Staff has computed the EMF (1) using normalized (not
 projected) sales for the industrial EMF rider (for the reasons

QUALIFICATIONS AND EXPERIENCE

DARRELL BROWN

I graduated from North Carolina State University with a Bachelor of Science degree in Accounting.

Prior to joining the Public Staff, I was employed by Lumen (FKA CenturyLink, Inc.) as a Regulatory Operations Manager. My duties included preparation and review of federal and state regulatory financial and compliance report filings; analyzing and interpreting federal and state commission and legislative policies, rulemakings, and statutes; providing analytical support and guidance necessary for federal and state regulatory policy development, investigations, and internal and external audit requests; coordination of regulated accounting and reporting policy changes; and managing accounting and pricing functions.

I joined the Public Staff in May 2021 as a Public Staff Accountant. Since joining the Public Staff, I have performed investigations and prepared testimony and exhibits in support of electric, natural gas, and water utility rate cases and performed various other investigations and compliance reviews related to electric, gas, telecommunications, and water utilities.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I certify that I have served a copy of the foregoing on all parties of record or to the attorney of record of such party in accordance with Commission Rule R1-39, by United States mail, postage prepaid, first class; by hand delivery; or by means of facsimile or electronic delivery upon agreement of the receiving party.

This the 23rd day of May, 2024.

Electronically submitted /s/William S. F. Freeman