PLACE: Dobbs Building, Raleigh, North Carolina
DATE: Thursday, March 9, 2023
TIME: 2:05 p.m. - 5:42 p.m.
DOCKET NO.: A-41, Sub 22
BEFORE: Commissioner Kimberly W. Duffley, Presiding Chair Charlotte A. Mitchell

Commissioner ToNola D. Brown-Bland
Commissioner Daniel G. Clodfelter
Commissioner Jeffrey A. Hughes
Commissioner Floyd B. McKissick, Jr.
Commissioner Karen M. Kemerait

> IN THE MATTER OF:

Joint Application of
Bald Head Island Transportation, Inc., and Bald Head Island Ferry Transportation, LLC, for Approval of Transfer of Common Carrier Certificate to Bald Head Island Ferry Transportation, LLC, and Permission to Pledge Assets

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PROCEEDINGS
COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY: Let's go back on the record. I'll take motions.

MR. SCHAUER: Sorry, I'm just checking to make sure I have the exhibit list. I apologize. COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY: I'm waiting.

MR. SCHAUER: Commissioner Duffley, at this time, the Village moves for the admission of the exhibits attached to Lee Lloyd's testimony, which is JLL-1 through JLL-6, that those be admitted into evidence.

COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY: Okay. Without objection, those exhibits will be received into evidence at this time.
(Confidential Exhibits JLL-1 through

JLL-6 were admitted into evidence.)
COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY: And before we call the next witness -- did you have a motion?

MR. FERRELL: Just wanted to make sure it was noted for the record that those were confidential, attorneys' eyes only.

COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY: Yes. Thank you for that. Yes. Those will be marked confidential exhibits.

So as to Mr. Trathen's request to take judicial notice of Mr. Roberts' testimony and Commission Docket A-41, Sub 21, and he wanted the -- it's Volume 3, the location of the testimonies in Volume 3 of the transcript on pages 229 through 311. I'm going to sustain the objection by Mr. Ferrell; however, we are an administrative body. Therefore, Mr. Trathen, Mr. Roberts, if you'll please review those pages of the testimony before tomorrow. And Mr. Trathen, I'll allow you to ask any questions that are relevant to this case of Mr. Roberts when he's on rebuttal tomorrow. I assume he'll go on rebuttal tomorrow.

And keep in mind, we are on witness number 7, so let's make efficient use of our time, please, for the remainder of today and all day tomorrow.

MR. TRATHEN: Are we ready to proceed to the next witness?

COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY: Yes.
MR. TRATHEN: So the Village would call
Dr. Julius Wright.
COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY: Good afternoon.

DR. WRIGHT: Good afternoon.
Whereupon,
DR. JULIUS WRIGHT,
having first been duly sworn, was examined and testified as follows:

DIRECT EXAMINATION BY MR. TRATHEN:
Q. Good afternoon, Dr. Wright. Could you please state your name and official address for the record?
A. Julius A. Wright, 6 Overlook Way, Cartersville, Georgia.
Q. And did you cause to be filed in this proceeding direct testimony consisting of 42 pages and 11 exhibits?
A. Yes, I did.
Q. Do you have any corrections to your testimony?
A. I have one spelling correction on page 24, line 3. The acronym "BHIT" should be "BHIFT."

MR. HIGGINS: Which line?
THE WITNESS: Line 3.
MR. TRATHEN: Page 24, line 3.
Q. Do you have any other corrections to your testimony?
A. No, I do not.
Q. Dr. Wright, if I asked you the questions in these prefiled submissions today as corrected, would your answers be the same?
A. Yes, they would.
Q. And did you cause to be filed in this proceeding a summary of your testimony?
A. Yes.
Q. And is the summary true and accurate to the best of your information and belief?
A. It is.

MR. TRATHEN: Madam Chair, I'd ask that
Dr. Wright's direct testimony be copied into the record as if orally given from the stand and the corresponding exhibits be marked for identification as set out in his prefiled submission.

COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY: The direct
prefiled testimony of Julius Wright will be received in evidence and treated as if given orally from the witness stand, and the prefiled exhibits will be identified as prefiled.
(Wright Exhibits 1 through 11 were identified as they were marked when prefiled.)
(Whereupon, the Prefiled Direct


# BEFORE THE NORTH CAROLINA UTILITIES COMMISSION 

DOCKET NO. A-41, SUB 22

Direct Testimony of Dr. Julius A. Wright<br>On Behalf of the Village of Bald Head Island

February 20, 2023

## I. INTRODUCTION AND PURPOSE

## Q. PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME, OCCUPATION, TITLE AND BUSINESS ADDRESS. <br> A. Julius A. Wright, Managing Partner, J. A. Wright \& Associates, LLC, 6 Overlook Way, Cartersville GA, 30121. I am a consultant to regulated utilities and regulatory agencies and other public bodies on issues related to economics, economic modeling, regulatory policy, industry restructuring, demand-side investments, and resource planning. <br> Q. ON WHOSE BEHALF ARE YOU SUBMITTING THIS DIRECT TESTIMONY?

A. I am submitting this Direct Testimony on behalf of the Village of Bald Head Island (the "Village").
Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE YOUR EDUCATIONAL AND PROFESSIONAL EXPERIENCE.
A. I received an undergraduate degree from Valdosta State College (B.S. Chemistry), an MBA in Finance from Georgia State University, and a Master's and Ph.D. in

Economics from North Carolina State University, where I focused on regulatory and environmental economics. Among other past experiences, I served as a Commissioner on the North Carolina Utilities Commission ("NCUC" or the "Commission") from 1985 to 1993. Prior to serving as a member of the Commission, I served three terms as a North Carolina State Senator and worked in process engineering for 12 years at three chemical plants, the last with Corning in Wilmington, NC.

Over the past 25 plus years in my consulting practice, I have dealt extensively with electric, natural gas, and other regulated utilities focusing on a number of issues. In this context, I have testified before regulatory commissions and legislative bodies, presented studies and authored reports on issues related to electric and gas regulation, and I have been a guest speaker at the Bonbright Conference, other seminars, and at the Georgia Institute of Technology. I have been a visiting professor teaching both microeconomics and macroeconomics courses at the University of The Virgin Islands, and I have an Adjunct Economics Professor appointment with the Emory University School of Nursing where I have also lectured and worked with graduate students on economic issues related to health care. A copy of my resume is attached as Exhibit JAW-1.

## Q. ARE YOU THE SAME JULIUS A. WRIGHT WHO PROVIDED DIRECT AND REBUTTAL TESTIMONY ON BEHALF OF THE VILLAGE OF BALD HEAD ISLAND (THE "VILLAGE" OR "VBHI") IN DOCKET A-41, SUB 21?

A. Yes. I provided testimony in the Sub 21 docket where the Village was seeking a determination of the regulatory status of the parking and barge operations. In my view, many of the issues raised in that proceeding are relevant in this proceeding given the intertwined nature of the utility operations serving Bald Head Island.

## Q. WHAT INFORMATION DID YOU HAVE ACCESS TO FOR PURPOSES OF YOUR TESTIMONY IN THIS PROCEEDING?

A. I only had access to the information that was available to the Village. As the Commission is aware, there was a significant amount of information which had been withheld by SharpVue Capital, LLC ("SharpVue") - including information provided to the Public Staff but not to the Village - that has been the subject of motions to compel by the Village. ${ }^{1}$ Not having all the information provided to the Public Staff, along with the Village having to file several motions to compel, makes it problematic to be certain that I have all the information that might be relative to this proceeding. In addition, there were some late-filed responses that I received just a couple of days (i.e., Saturday, around 4:00 pm) before this testimony filing was due, which limited my time to review that information.

Notwithstanding these restrictions, I did not see anything in these latest responses, and I do not know what information the Public Staff might have that I do not, that would alter my conclusions and recommendations at this time. In fact, this latest information I received just a couple of days ago actually increases my concerns related to SharpVue's proposed ownership and management of the

[^0]regulated and unregulated assets and supports my recommendations in this testimony.

## Q. WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY?

A. The purpose of my testimony is to evaluate the transaction proposed in the transfer application in this proceeding in light of the Commission's governing standards, to articulate various concerns with the proposed transaction, and to offer recommendations for addressing those concerns should the Commission move forward with the proposal.

## Q PLEASE SUMMARIZE YOUR TESTIMONY.

A. This case is not the usual certificate transfer proceeding. SharpVue, the proposed buyer here, is a private equity firm. They are not in the utility business. To evaluate a proposed transaction, this Commission has established a three-part test. I discuss in this testimony why I believe that SharpVue has failed to meet its burden of proof related to this three part test and, consequently, for this reason alone the Commission should deny the transfer of the certificate as proposed.

Notwithstanding my position that the application should be denied, my testimony discusses other concerns with the proposed transaction.

First, I discuss evidence that I believe indicates that SharpVue intends to seek to recover an acquisition premium from ferry passengers, barge passengers, and parking in the next rate case. Related to this issue is the fact that the evidence indicates the purchase price is likely well above the true asset value, or the value that would be reflected in a rate base determination. Because of these circumstances, I recommend that the Commission make clear in its Order-and
consistent with Commission precedent-that, if the transaction is approved, the Commission is not approving the purchase price and SharpVue will not be permitted to recover an acquisition premium in the next rate case. This approach is consistent with historical Commission practice.

Next I review SharpVue's corporate structure and why this type of corporate structure imposes some regulatory oversight issues on the Commission and ratepayers. Because of this, I discuss affiliate issues and recommend the adoption of protective measures that are traditionally required in other similar corporations with regulated and unregulated operations. I also recommend that the Commission's Order reflect the fact that it is not approving any expenses or transactions between the affiliates in this proceeding.

I also recommend that the Commission should declare that BHIFT, SharpVue, and SharpVue's affiliates in this transaction (including, Pelican Legacy Holdings, LLC, SVC Pelican Partners, LLC, Pelican IP, LLC, Pelican Logistics, LLC, and Pelican Real Properties, LLC) are public utilities under North Carolina G.S. Chapter 62. This does not mean the Commission will regulate these entities, but rather that their books and the records of transactions between BHIFT and its related SharpVue affiliates are open to inspection and the potential that some costs may be disallowed for recovery in regulated rates by this Commission.

Next, I review SharpVue's proposed asset ownership whereby all of the real estate, both marinas, and both ferry terminals are owned by unregulated SharpVue affiliates while only the ferry boats and island tram are owned by the regulated operations. I discuss that this arrangement does not appear to be beneficial to
ratepayers and the Commission may wish to deny the application under this proposed asset ownership arrangement. In addition, SharpVue is seeking permission to pledge assets as collateral and, should the Commission approve the certificate transfer, I discuss my recommendations relating to restrictions I believe the Commission should place on such a pledge. I then address some additional concerns that can be cured by simply requiring SharpVue to make Commission filings for the barge and parking services similar to those required of the passenger ferry. I also make a final recommendation that the Public Staff or its representative should be called upon in the Order in this proceeding to initiate a study investigating service quality issues.

I conclude my testimony with a list of my various recommendations for addressing the various issues I have identified.

## II. SHARPVUE'S BURDEN OF PROOF

## Q. PLEASE PROVIDE A BRIEF OVERVIEW OF THE WHAT IS BEING PROPOSED IN THIS PROCEEDING?

A. Bald Head Island Transportation, Inc. ("BHIT"), Bald Head Island Limited LLC ("BHIL"), and Bald Head Island Ferry Transportation, LLC ("BHIFT") have made application to the Commission seeking the following:

- Approval for the transfer to BHIFT, an entity described by the Applicants as an "affiliate" of SharpVue, of BHIT's Common Carrier Certificate to operate the passenger ferry transportation services to and from Bald Head Island and the related tram services on the Island.
- Approval for the transfer of ownership of and operational control of the mainland parking facilities and operations and the ferry barge facilities and operations to BHIFT;
- Approval for the transfer of ownership of and operational control of the barge/tug facilities and operations to BHIFT; and
- Approval for SharpVue and/or one of its affiliates to pledge and borrow/issue debt secured by Transportation Assets as may be necessary to finance the proposed transaction. ${ }^{2}$


## Q. WHO IS SHARPVUE AND WHAT IS THEIR ROLE IN THIS TRANSACTION?

A. SharpVue is a North Carolina-based private equity firm providing, in their words, "flexible debt and equity capital solutions to lower middle market companies." ${ }^{3}$ As I understand it, SharpVue is not a direct investor in the proposed transaction here but rather is the entity responsible for securing funding for the transaction and negotiating the purchase agreement with the sellers. Post transaction, SharpVue describes itself as providing "managerial" services to the utility although they have declined to provide specificity to the Village as to the scope and nature of these services. ${ }^{4}$

## Q. SHOULD THE COMMISSION BE OVERLY CONCERNED ABOUT THE TRANSFER OF A COMMON CARRIER CERTIFICATE?

A. Normally, the answer would likely be "no." But this is not a normal transaction. There are several factors relevant to this application that should give the Commission pause.

First, the transportation system being sold is a monopoly transportation service that is the lifeblood of Bald Head Island, an island municipality that is completely dependent - in every way - on this transportation system (including the

[^1]ferry, barge, and parking) for public access. The Commission itself has already made factual findings confirming this in its December 30, 2022 Order in Docket A41, Sub 21. Given the extensive record supporting these findings in the Sub 21 Order, in my opinion, the highest purpose of Commission regulation - to protect the public in public utilities transactions - is at play here.

Second, this transaction is a watershed event for the Island. Until now, the transportation system has been owned and operated by entities affiliated with the Island's developer. The effect of this association has been to ensure that all parties' interests are aligned - the Island and its residents and workers rely on the transportation system and the developer has had a strong economic incentive to operate the transportation system in a manner that best promotes the long-term interests of the Island. A new owner may not be similarly incented. It may, instead, be incented to extract short-term maximum value from the assets being acquired (such as selling assets, siphoning off cash, cutting costs, and not making capital improvements) which can all be detrimental to the long-term interests of the public and a public utility.

Third, the proposed buyer here is a private equity firm. Based on the investor presentations I have reviewed, ${ }^{5}$ [BEGIN AEO CONFIDENTIAL]

${ }^{5}$ See SharpVue Capital Project Pelican Investment Opportunity, March 2022, April 2022, May 2022, and June 2022, where [BEGIN AEO CONFIDENTIAL]
[END AEO
CONFIDENTIAL] Copies of the investment presentations I reference in my testimony are being contemporaneously filed with the Commission, under seal, with the testimony of Lee Lloyd on behalf of the Village.

## CONFIDENTIAL]

Finally, there is no evidence of widespread public "buy in" to this transaction. The Village, through its Council, is not supportive of the transaction, as detailed in the Supplemental Direct Testimony of Scott Gardner. And numerous individual citizens have stated their own concerns, including a survey of 1500 property owners where $78 \%$ of the respondents either oppose the transaction or do not have enough information to support it. ${ }^{6}$ I point this out because I believe the Commission should be concerned when it appears the transaction only advances the interests of the seller and the buyer and when that transaction is opposed by the public the utility serves.

## Q. ISN'T SHARPVUE JUST STEPPING INTO LIMITED'S SHOES IN THIS TRANSACTION?

A. That is what they claim, implying that the transaction will have no substantive impact on the operation of the utility assets. I completely disagree with this characterization. The purchase of these assets by a private equity firm - particularly one untethered by regulatory oversight of critical assets if their appeal of this Commission's Order in Docket A-41, Sub 21 is successful - would be fundamentally different from Limited's ownership of those assets.

## Q. COULD YOU ELABORATE ON THE APPLICABLE LEGAL STANDARD THAT THE COMMISSION WILL APPLY IN THIS PROCEEDING?

[^2]A. The Commission has established a three-part test for determining whether a proposed utility transfer subject to G.S. § 62-111 is justified by the public convenience and necessity:
(1) whether the transfer would have an adverse impact on the rates and services provided by the resulting utility;
(2) whether ratepayers would be protected as much as possible from potential costs and risks of the transfer; and
(3) whether the transfer would result in sufficient benefits to offset potential costs and risks.

See Amended Application, at II 23 (citing Order Approving Merger Subject to Regulatory Conditions and Code of Conduct (Duke/Piedmont Order), Docket Nos. E-2, Sub 1095, E-7, Sub 1100, and G-9, Sub 682, at 68 (Sept. 29, 2016)). Given that the Applicants cited this standard in their application, it is not disputed that this is the applicable standard.

## Q. BASED ON YOUR REVIEW AND YOUR EXPERTISE IN STATE REGULATORY MATTERS, HAVE THE APPLICANTS SATISFIED THIS STANDARD?

A. No, SharpVue has not met its burden of proof that it has satisfied the standard for approval in my view. I have several serious concerns here.

As regards the first factor, there is reason for concern that the transaction will have an adverse impact on service. [BEGIN AEO CONFIDENTIAL]


incentive may not be in the best interest of public utility customers. All of these factors work together to suggest that either rates, service, or both will suffer as a result of the transaction.

As regards the second factor - whether ratepayers would be protected as much as possible from potential costs and risks of the transfer - SharpVue has declined to commit that it will not seek to recover an acquisition premium from ratepayers. This creates the possibility that SharpVue will seek to burden ratepayers with the excess purchase price amounts that are above net book or historic costs of the assets. Without a commitment from SharpVue not to do so, ratepayers are not "protected as much as possible" from the costs and risks of the potential future recovery of an acquisition premium. ${ }^{9}$

[^3] As regards the third factor - whether the transfer would result in sufficient benefits to offset potential costs and risks - I have already discussed what I perceive as a risk that SharpVue will make decisions based on short-term financial gain rather than the long-term public interest. Furthermore, SharpVue's main "benefit" claim appears to be that it will continue operating the transportation system as it is currently operated using the same employees, but I do not perceive this is a situation where there is a risk of service disruption, ${ }^{10}$ so the maintenance of current operations achieves no incremental benefit to the using and consuming public. As I see it, the main benefits are (1) to SharpVue and its investors if the transaction proceeds as it's being proposed and (2) to the family that owns BHIL and BHIT, whereby they are relieving themselves of a public utility obligation while, at the same time, receiving an inflated price (as I discuss later) for the utility assets. Thus, I fail to see any real benefits to the third party in this transaction, the using and consuming public.

## Q. IS THERE ANY OTHER FACTOR RELEVANT TO THIS ANALYSIS?

A. Yes. One of the factors that the Commission historically considers in evaluating transactions of this nature is "whether effective regulation of the merging utilities can be maintained." ${ }^{11}$ Here, SharpVue's appeal from the Sub 21 Order creates legal uncertainty regarding the scope of the Commission's authority over the parking and

[^4]barge operations and, potentially, over other ancillary assets such as the Island and Deep Point ferry terminals which are used and useful in connection with the regulated utility operations. SharpVue's appeal is at tension with the conclusions of the Commission in the Sub 21 Order.

Stated another way, if SharpVue sought approval to acquire the barge and parking assets to operate on an unregulated basis the Commission would, and should, deny that application. Yet, with its appeal, SharpVue is seeking to effectively create the same outcome, which, if permitted, would be detrimental to the public interest. While the Commission obviously will conform to any decision of the appellate courts, it is appropriate in the meantime for the Commission to make determinations which are consistent with its understanding of its authority and to advance the public interest. Given this, should the Commission wish to proceed and agree to the certificate transfer, I believe it should only do so with SharpVue's express acquiescence to, and acceptance of, the Commission's jurisdiction and authority over parking and barge (and other ancillary assets).

## Q. NOTWITHSTANDING THOSE CONCERNS, DO YOU HAVE RECOMMENDATIONS FOR WAYS THE COMMISSION COULD REDUCE RISKS IN THIS TRANSACTION IF IT CONCLUDES THAT THE TRANSACTION IS IN THE PUBLIC INTEREST?

A. As discussed, I do not believe that SharpVue has met its burden of proof that the proposed certificate transfer is in the public interest and for this reason alone the Commission should deny the application. Notwithstanding my overriding concerns, should the Commission move forward with this application, my
following testimony discusses a variety of regulatory mechanisms and conditions that could be used by the Commission to reduce risk and help protect ratepayers and the public.

## III. AMENDED APPLICATION AND ACQUISITION PREMIUM ISSUE

## Q. HAVE YOU REVIEWED THE AMENDED APPLICATION AND

 TESTIMONY FILED BY THE APPLICANTS ON JANUARY 24, 2023 IN THIS PROCEEDING?A. Yes.
Q. WHAT WERE THE KEY DIFFERENCES IN THE AMENDED FILINGS?
A. There were several notable differences between the Amended Application and Amended Direct Testimony and that filed on July 14, 2022, including revisions necessary to conform to the Sub 21 Order. Thus one key difference is that this Amended Application identifies the parking and barge assets and operations as among the assets for which transfer authority is sought.

## Q. DO THE APPLICANTS ACCEPT THE COMMISSION'S AUTHORITY OVER PARKING AND BARGE IN THE AMENDED FILINGS?

A. No. They recognize that the Sub 21 Order found such authority and that they are required to file the amended application, but the amended application notes that BHIL, in particular, "does not concede that the Commission has any jurisdiction or authority over the Parking and Barge Operations or that the Commission's approval of the sale of those assets as requested is necessary as a matter of law." ${ }^{12}$ Consistent

[^5]with this position, the Applicants (including SharpVue) filed a notice of appeal seeking review by the North Carolina Court of Appeals of the Sub 21 Order on January 27, 2023.

## Q. WHAT DO YOU SEE AS THE RELEVANCE TO THIS PROCEEDING OF SHARPVUE'S "RESERVATION OF RIGHTS" AND APPEAL OF THE COMMISSION'S ORDER IN DOCKET NO. A-41, SUB 21?

A. While I am not a lawyer and am not offering a legal opinion, from my regulatory perspective I find it substantively problematic that they would contest the Commission's authority while at the same time they are seeking an order from the Commission which requires the exercise of that authority. Should the Commission move forward, notwithstanding the appeal, to avoid future disputes I think, as I stated earlier, that it is important that the Commission require SharpVue's acquiescence to the Commission's authority as regards the parking and barge operations, especially given the Commission's conclusions that the parking and barge operations are "necessary components of a single, holistic transportation service." Sub 21 Order, at 17. ${ }^{13}$

## Q. DO YOU HAVE ANY OTHER OBSERVATIONS ABOUT THE DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE ORIGINAL AND AMENDED TRANSFER APPLICATION?

A. Yes, I found it quite significant that SharpVue revised the Amended Application to

[^6]delete the prior commitment not to seek acquisition premium from ratepayers. Previously, SharpVue stated that "[BHIFT] is not seeking to recover any transaction costs or acquisition premium related to this transaction from passengers ...." See Application for Transfer of Common Carrier Certificate, at 9 37 (Jul. 14, 2022) (emphasis added). This commitment was repeated in Mr. Robert's Direct Testimony: "Q. Will SharpVue seek to recover any transaction or acquisition premiums related to this transaction from passengers? A. No." See Direct Testimony of Lee Roberts, at 7 lines 1-3 (Jul. 14, 2022). This commitment to not seek recovery of any acquisition premium has been excised from both the Amended Application and the Amended Direct Testimony of Mr. Roberts. ${ }^{14}$

## Q. WHAT CONCLUSION DO YOU DRAW FROM THIS OMISSION OF THE PLEDGE NOT TO SEEK TO RECOVER ACQUISITION PREMIUM?

A. It was obviously intentional and it signals to me that SharpVue likely intends to seek to recover an acquisition premium from ferry passengers, barge passengers, and parking, either through future unregulated services rates (potentially parking and barge services) or in the next regulated services rate case.
Q. IN MR. ROBERTS'AMENDED DIRECT TESTIMONY (PAGE 7, LINES 14-18) HE STATES THAT THERE WILL NOT BE A RATE INCREASE REQUEST AS A RESULT OF THIS PROPOSED TRANSACTION FOR ONE YEAR. DOES THIS ALLEVIATE YOUR CONCERN THAT SHARPVUE WILL NOT SEEK RECOVERY OF AN ACQUISITION PREMIUM IN A FUTURE RATE CASE?

[^7]
## A. No, that does not alleviate my concern in this matter. However, I believe Mr. Roberts can clarify this issue by making it clear that this statement includes no future efforts to recover an acquisition premium in any passenger ferry rates, barge operation's rates, or parking rates. <br> Q. WHAT ARE YOUR CONCERNS REGARDING THE RECOVERY OF ACQUISITION PREMIUM?

A. This is a huge issue. It has a potential significant adverse impact on ratepayers. In addition, I believe that SharpVue investors should be aware of the financial consequences of this issue and how it will likely be resolved if Commission precedent is any guide. Based on the evidence I have reviewed, it is apparent that the primary reason that Limited's prior effort to sell the system was unsuccessful (in that case, to the Bald Head Island Transportation Authority) was that Limited, acting through the Authority, was unable to justify the proposed transaction price, which greatly exceeded the tax valuation of the assets.

Specifically, regarding the Bald Head Island Authority proposed purchase, the Local Government Commission ("LGC"), the state agency entrusted with overseeing local governing financing, indicated discomfort with two appraisals offered in support of the authority purchase (appraisals of $\$ 50.9$ million and $\$ 48$ million). Comments of the State Auditor, one of the members of the LGC, indicated she felt the two appraisals were higher than the actual value of the property. Attached as Exhibits JAW-2 and JAW-3 are letters from the State Auditor expressing those concerns with the two appraisals. Attached as Exhibit JAW-4 is a public statement of the State Treasurer explaining the LGC's decision declining to move forward on the Authority financing application. Attached as Exhibit JAW-5 is a transcript of an LGC discussion on the financing application at its November 2, 2021 meeting. Also, attached as Exhibit JAW-6 is a citizen letter discussing valuation issues. While the LGC discussion centered on the proposal of the Bald Head Island Transportation Authority, (a) it is my understanding that the underlying valuations relied on by the parties have not significantly changed, and (b) [BEGIN AEO


 [END AEO CONFIDENTIAL]

## Q. WHAT IS THE CONCERN IF THE PRICE BEING PAID AND RELATED

 VALUATIONS ARE "TOO HIGH"?A. The basic concern with the appraisals valuation being too high is that it could mean that the debt service obligations might not be supported by the revenues generated by the ferry, barge and parking operations. Consequently, I am curious whether and how the income from the these operations can support the even higher purchase price being proposed by SharpVue. In this regard I would caution that the Commission should be aware of [BEGIN AEO CONFIDENTIAL]



Q. DO WE KNOW THE MAGNITUDE OF THE ACQUISITION PREMIUM AT ISSUE?
A. Yes. This actual financial analysis is sponsored by Mr. O'Donnell and addressed in his testimony, as supported by an Affidavit from Julie Perry. My review of his testimony and data leads me to believe that SharpVue will potentially seek to recover [BEGIN AEO CONFIDENTIAL] [END AEO CONFIDENTIAL] In the context of these assets, this would represent a significant wealth transfer which from ratepayers to the private equity firm which the Commission should not allow.
Q. DO YOU HAVE A RECOMMENDATION FOR THE COMMISSION ON THIS ISSUE?
A. Yes. Quite simply the Commission should not approve this transaction with this issue left unresolved because doing so would be wrong to both the ferry system's using and consuming public and wrong to SharpVue's investors. Consequently, I believe the Commission's Order in this proceeding should state definitively that (1) SharpVue will not be permitted to recover an acquisition premium for all the assets being acquired (including parking and barge), (2) the Commission in this

[^8]Order is not evaluating or approving the purchase price, nor is the purchase price reflective of the rate base the Commission will use in a future rate proceeding, and (3) SharpVue should be required to acquiesce to the Commission's jurisdiction and authority for purposes of this requirement, as SharpVue should not be permitted to recover an acquisition premium from users of the passenger, barge, or parking operations even if the Courts find in their favor in the appeal case. This approach is consistent with the Commission's well-established approach in merger and transfer cases and is necessary to ensure that ratepayers are not harmed as a result of the transaction. Addressing this issue now will avoid what will otherwise be a contentious hearing on this issue in the future and it will also help SharpVue and its investors manage their expectations as regards going forward utility operations.

## IV. SHARPVUE'S PROPOSED CORPORATE STRUCTURE

## Q. PLEASE DISCUSS SHARPVUE'S CORPORATE STRUCTURE AND THE RELATED TRANSACTIONS BEING PROPOSED.

A. Figure 1 below provides an illustration of the historical Bald Head Island ferry services corporate structure as perceived by SharpVue prior to the Commission's Order in Docket No. A-41, Sub 21. This figure indicates that BHIT is the current holder of the NCUC Common Carrier Certificate, and, prior to the recent order in Docket A-41, Sub 21 (Dec. 30, 2022), both BHIL and SharpVue (and its various affiliates) claimed that only the assets held by BHIT were subject to this Commission's regulatory authority. In the recent Sub 21 Order, the Commission made clear, as shown in Figure 2, that all of the primary ferry related assets and Commission's regulatory authority (subject to SharpVue's recent appeal of this Commission Order).

Figure 1: Corporate Structure Prior to Commission's Order in A-41, Sub 21


Figure 2: Corporate Structure After Commission's Order in A-41, Sub 21


Figure 3 illustrates SharpVue and its related affiliate's current corporate structure associated with the proposed BHIL transaction.

## FIGURE 3:

Proposed Organizational Structure
Exhibit B to the Amended Application under Sub 22 as of 2/16/2023

Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE THE VARIOUS AFFILIATE OWNERSHIP AND MANAGEMENT ARRANGEMENTS, AS YOU UNDERSTAND THEM, THAT WOULD RESULT FROM THE SHARPVUE TRANSACTION.
A. As illustrated in Figure 3, and based on the filings made by SharpVue, these various

SharpVue affiliates ownership and management relationships are:
[BEING AEO CONFIDENTIAL]

$\square$

[^9]


${ }^{25}$ SharpVue Responses to Public Staff Second Data Requests to BHIFT, at DR 2-6.
${ }^{26}$ Amended Application, at II 16; Amended Direct Testimony of Lee Roberts, at 3:16-19.
${ }^{27}$ SharpVue Responses to Village Fifth Data Requests, at DR 5-5.
${ }^{28}$ It is not clear at all from SharpVue's Amended Application and discovery responses exactly what parking assets will be owned by BHIFT or what BHIFT's role in operating the parking facilities will be. It does seem clear that BHIFT will not own the parking real estate itself.
${ }^{29}$ SharpVue Responses to Village Fifth Data Requests, at DR 5-3(d).




${ }^{30}$ [AEO CONFIDENTIAL]


[AEO CONFIDENTIAL]
${ }^{31}$ SharpVue Responses to Public Staff Seventh Data Requests to BHIFT, at DR 7-3.


#### Abstract

Q. WHAT DO YOU SEE AS THE MOST IMPORTANT ISSUES WITH SHARPVUE'S PROPOSED AFFILIATE RELATIONSHIP'S AND ASSET OWNERSHIP. A. There are two things that stand out to me. First, the multiple affiliates and the related overlapping management illustrate a need, if the certificate transfer is approved, for the Commission to require various affiliate transaction conditions. The second, and one of the more troubling aspects of SharpVue's proposal, is that it is proposing that the only regulated assets owned by BHIFT are the ferry boats, the tug and barge boats, the island tram, and I assume the parking operation's ticket machine and parking gate.

None of the underlying real estate of the parking facilities, none of the real estate at either ferry terminal, neither of the ferry terminal buildings, and no other ferry operations buildings or other assets, are owned by the proposed regulated affiliate! As I discuss later, I find this proposed asset ownership quite troubling and believe the Commission may wish to deny the proposed certificate transfer under the proposed asset ownership structure in the absence of a demonstration of positive ratepayer benefits. In addition, as I discuss later, this proposed asset ownership is also problematic to me as it relates to the pledging of assets and to the establishment of a future rate base.


Q. HAVE YOU REVIEWED RECENT DISCOVERY RESPONSES THAT SUGGEST THAT THE CORPORATE STRUCTURE IS EVEN MORE
A. Yes. We received additional information pursuant to Commission order on two day ago. Copied below is the new organization charge which provides additional layers of complexity that had not been disclosed previously

## [BEGIN AEO CONFIDENTIAL]

Figure 4
[END AEO CONFIDENTIAL]
As illustrated by the multiple and overlapping arrows in this diagram, unraveling the manner in which Pelican Legacy Holdings, LLC and its subsidiaries will be controlled and managed is somewhat complex and will require thorough and
cooperative (with the Commission and Public Staff) affiliate relationship transaction and accounting practices. This type of arrangement may be customary in private equity deals, but it complicates the task before the Commission in ensuring that appropriate regulatory controls are in place.

## Q. WHY IS SHARPVUE'S CORPORATE STRUCTURE IMPORTANT TO THE TRANSACTION BEING PROPOSED?

A. It is critical that the Commission have a clear understanding of who will own and control the regulated operations. The Commission has emphasized in a prior transfer involving a private equity firm that it
. . strives to do all that it can to maintain the stability of the public utilities that the Commission regulates. To that end, the Commission needs to know who is in control of the operations of each utility. Further, the Commission needs to ensure as much as possible that each utility has stability in its management and in the people who are making the operations decisions. One situation the Commission wants to avoid is having the control of a utility passed to a new parent company on a frequent basis merely because an opportunity for selling the utility comes along. ${ }^{32}$

In that proceeding, the Commission was expressing a particular concern that the proposed ownership of the upstream owner had changed hands while the transfer proceeding was pending, causing the Commission to observe: "To say the least, this has not given the Commission any comfort about the future stability of Frontier's ownership if the Commission should give its approval for Frontier to be owned by an equity investor." (Id.) (emphasis added) As the Frontier/Blackrock situation illustrated, assessing ownership and control is much more difficult in the private equity setting where asset ownership is disbursed,

[^10]management and ownership is separated, multiple affiliate relationships are envisioned, and the entire structure is often intended to facilitate future transactions.
Q. WHAT OTHER OBSERVATIONS WOULD YOU MAKE ABOUT OWNERSHIP AND MANAGEMENT AS PROPOSED BY SHARPVUE?
A. As shown in Figure 3 and Figure 4, the proposed SharpVue corporate structure has several levels of management, several different affiliates that own different parts of the regulated and unregulated assets, and several different affiliates that provide management services and other services to the tariff-regulated ferry operations. Notwithstanding my earlier concerns about the proposed regulated and unregulated asset ownership, given this proposed corporate and management structure, it is important for the parties to understand which of SharpVue's various affiliates are subject to the Commission's regulatory authority and how that regulatory authority should be exercised.

## V. SHARPVUE'S AFFILIATE RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED REGULATORY OVERSIGHT <br> Q. WHAT IS THE BASIS OF YOUR CONCERNS REGARDING THE PROPOSED AFFILIATE TRANSACTIONS?

A. The SharpVue proposed corporate structure involves several entities who each own different parts of the overall Bald Head Island ferry services. In addition, there are management agreements between the various affiliates and there have historically been, and will continue to be, various operations that will provide unregulated services to the regulated entities, such as ferry and barge maintenance (the maintenance operations are unregulated). Because of this intermingling of
regulated and unregulated services and the charging of fees to the regulated entities by the unregulated entities, this creates the need for additional affiliate relationship regulatory oversight. This Commission has often cited a concern for these types of regulated and unregulated relationships. For example, in the Commission's Order approving the Duke Energy Corporation merger with Cinergy Corporation, the approval order stated that the " $[\mathrm{k}]$ nown and potential costs and risks of the Merger to ratepayers include.... potential adverse effects on Duke Power of transactions within the holding company family and the resulting need for increased regulatory oversight of such transactions, the potential for Duke Power to unreasonably favor its unregulated affiliates over non-affiliated suppliers of goods and services, ...."33

Simply put, the overriding concern is that unregulated affiliates might provide services to the regulated entity that are too costly or unnecessary, and potentially lead to unwarranted increases in the regulated rates. I would add that SharpVue witness Mayfield acknowledged this same concern stating in her Direct Testimony in the Sub 21 proceeding, "Financial transparency allows the Commission to ensure that a regulated utility does not, for instance, divert revenue to an unregulated entity that would artificially reduce the utility's revenue or absorb expenses not specifically used in the regulated activity and perhaps bolster a case for higher than justified rates. ${ }^{34}$

## Q. HOW HAS THIS COMMISSION TRADITIONALLY REGULATED AFFILIATE TRANSACTIONS?

[^11]
#### Abstract

A. Affiliate transactions are usually governed and accounted for under a document often called a Code of Conduct, which contains rules, procedures, and filing requirements that govern the various affiliate interactions and transactions. This Commission has required affiliate Codes of Conduct be filed as a condition of regulatory approval of many types of utility filings including, but not limited to utility mergers, utility holding Company organizations, utility reorganizations, and utilities initiating new unregulated business operations. Q. WHAT RULES, PROCEDURES AND FILING REQUIREMENTS WOULD YOU RECOMMEND THIS COMMISSION ADOPT AS A REGULATORY CONDITION FOR APPROVAL OF THIS CERTIFICATE TRANSFER? A. Based on the fact that this Commission has required affiliate Codes of Conduct for numerous utilities and affiliate operations, I believe the basic issues and related procedures found in the aforementioned Duke/Cinergy merger Code of Conduct found in Dockets E-2, Sub 998, E-22, Sub 551 (or in other Codes of Conduct) provide a reasonable guide, subject to the elimination of those procedures not applicable to this certificate transfer filing. These procedures and requirements include, but are not limited to, the following on all SharpVue affiliates:


- G.S.§ 62-51 - allowing inspection of books and records.
- G.S. § 62-153 - requiring the filing, with this Commission, the various contracts for services between affiliates.
- G.S. § 62-160 - related to security regulation and the ability to pledge assets.
- Maintenance of separate accounting books and records for each affiliate.
- Nondiscrimination in that affiliates will not unduly discriminate against services offered by non-affiliates.
- Restrictions related to the provision of goods and services, transfer pricing, and cost allocation between a non-tariff regulated affiliate and a tariffregulated affiliate (tariff regulated in this context includes the provision of parking, passenger ferry, tram and barge operations).
- Any costs for services provided to a tariff-regulated entity shall be at the lower of market price or affiliate cost.
- Any provision of services from a tariff-regulated affiliate to another affiliate shall be at the higher of market price or tariff-regulated affiliate cost.
- Shared costs, including those related to management and joint purchases, between affiliates shall be distributed on a reasonable and justifiable basis.


## Q. DO YOU HAVE ANY OTHER CONCERNS RELATED TO THE AFFILIATE FINANCIAL RELATIONSHIPS BEING PROPOSED IN THIS PROCEEDING?

A. Yes. I recognize the Commission has approved, through stipulation, the current affiliate financial relationship between BHIT and BHIL. This includes BHIT paying the parent company BHIL a lease for certain facilities required for the operation of the ferry business [BEGIN CONFIDENTIAL] CONFIDENTIAL] per year. ${ }^{35}$ However, it is not apparent to me how the separation of these critical assets makes regulatory sense post-transaction, and there are also one or more management contracts between SharpVue's various affiliates that are being proposed in this proceeding which may duplicate services provided under the existing lease arrangements. Further, at this time it is unclear to me whether and how these existing financial relationships have been examined and placed into the regulated ferry services rates.

[^12]Should the Commission move forward in this docket, I recommend the Commission's Order include language that (1) notifies SharpVue and its affiliates that any proposed change to the current ferry and parking regulated tariffs could trigger an investigation of and a report related to justification for these current affiliate costs, and (2) clearly indicates that the level of these current affiliate related costs are not being approved in this Order and that these costs will be examined and adjudicated in the ferry system's next filed rate case, and these costs may be found to be unjustified and unrecoverable in regulated ferry or parking rates in this future rate proceeding.

## VI. THE COMMISSION'S REGULATORY AUTHORITY

## Q. DOES THIS COMMISSION HAVE THE AUTHORITY TO DECLARE SHARPVUE AND ITS AFFILIATES INVOLVED IN THIS TRANSACTION PUBLIC UTILITIES?

A. Yes. To explain, refer to Figure 2 which illustrates the current corporate structure of the Bald Head Island ferry transportation services. Note in the current (not SharpVue proposed) corporate structure that BHIL is the parent corporation of all the ferry transportation operations. Under the BHIL corporate ownership umbrella is BHIT which owns the ferry, tram, and marine maintenance operations. BHIL owns the mainland parking and the barge operations. The Commission's Order in Docket No. A-41, Sub 21, noted that "BHIL [the parent company of BHIT] was a public utility under Chapter 62 because it was the parent corporation of BHIT and BHIL's operations would have an impact on BHIT's rates or services." This
reasoning is based on the clear language of G.S. § 62-3(23)c which states "The term 'public utility' shall include all persons affiliated through stock ownership with a public utility doing business in this State as parent corporation or subsidiary corporation to such an extent that the Commission shall find that such affiliation has an effect on the rates or service of such public utility."

In a similar vein, SharpVue's proposed corporate structure indicates both various levels of corporate entities that either have a stock ownership interest in or management contracts with BHIFT, the regulated ferry operations. These relationships include the provision of various services and the payment of fees from the regulated ferry operations to the heretofore unregulated BHIFT affiliates, and these various payments will impact the rates and services of BHIFT's ferry operations. Consequently, based on both stock ownership and on the impact on regulated rates, as it did with BHIT and BHIL, this Commission should declare that BHIFT, SharpVue Capital, LLC, Pelican Legacy Holdings, LLC, SVC Pelican Partners, LLC, Pelican IP, LLC, Pelican Logistics, LLC, and Pelican Real Properties, LLC are public utilities under North Carolina G.S. Chapter 62.

## Q. IF THE COMMISSION DECLARES SHARPVUE AND ALL OR SOME OF ITS AFFILIATES AS PUBLIC UTILITIES, DOES THIS MEAN THE COMMISSION MUST REGULATE THEIR SERVICES AND FESS?

A. No. Just as it does with holding company affiliates of regulated electric utilities, it simply means that the books and records of transactions between BHIFT and its related SharpVue affiliates are open to inspection by this Commission and that the various affiliate costs charged to BHIFT may be disallowed in future rates.
VII. SHARPVUE'S PROPOSED ASSET OWNERSHIP STRUCTURE

AND ITS PROPOSAL TO PLEDGE REGULATED ASSETS TOWARD FINANCING ITS PROPOSED ACQUISITION

## Q. PLEASE PROVIDE A BRIEF OVERVIEW OF THE PROPOSAL BY SHARPVUE TO PLEDGE THE ASSETS AND BORROW/ISSUE DEBT.

A. It is my understanding that under the terms of the Asset Purchase Agreement SharpVue is proposing to pay $\$ 67.2$ million to acquire all of the assets of BHIT and a portion of the remaining assets of BHIL, which include both the assets associated with ferry operations, tram operations, parking facilities, and barge, as well as other assets. To support this transaction SharpVue is seeking approval to pledge assets and borrow/issue debt secured by the ferry and tram assets as may be necessary to finance the transaction described herein. ${ }^{36}$

## Q. DO YOU HAVE ANY CONCERNS REGARDING HOW SHARPVUE IS PROPOSING TO PLEDGE ASSETS AND THE RELATED OWNERSHIP OF THESE FERRY RELATED ASSETS?

A. Yes. As I discussed earlier, SharpVue is proposing that the unregulated affiliate, Pelican Real Property, LLC, will own both ferry terminal buildings and the associated real estate, the parking facility real estate, and all other real estate and building assets labeled as supplemental assets. This is an unusual regulatory relationship, where the underlying real estate and structures that support the regulated operations are not owned by the entity with the regulated operations. Based on this proposed asset ownership alone, I believe the Commission may wish

[^13]to deny transfer of the certificate in the absence of an affirmative demonstration of
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Consequently, the Commission's Order, if this ownership proposal goes forward, should indicate (1) that the utility-related real estate (i.e., parking) and terminal buildings assets cannot be sold or leased absent Commission approval, (2) that any financial arrangements made between parties owning or leasing these real estate and terminal buildings assets cannot be assumed or payments made by the regulated operations be assumed absent Commission approval of said payments, and (3) based on both ownership and on the impact on regulated rates, as it did with BHIT and BHIL, this Commission should indicate that in any sale or lease of these assets the purchaser or leasing party shall be declared a public utility and subject this Commission's authority under G.S. Chapter 62.
Q. DO YOU HAVE ANY ADDITIONAL CONCERNS WITH SHARPVUE'S PROPOSAL TO PLEDGE ASSETS TO SUPPORT THE PROPOSED
${ }^{37}$ [BEGIN AEO CONFIDENTIAL]
[END AEO CONFIDENTIAL]

## TRANSACTION?

A. Yes. I would observe that SharpVue has not specifically identified the assets which it is proposing to encumber for the proposed financing. In the absence of this information, I question whether the Commission is in a position to make a determination on the request for approval to pledge regulated assets - particularly for an acquisition that involves a mix of "regulated" and "unregulated" assets.

In any event, to the extent that SharpVue is proposing to pledge only regulated assets in support of a transaction which includes a mix of regulated and unregulated assets, I believe that would be contrary to Commission and public policy. Moreover, I believe the "unregulated" assets - like real estate intended for development - likely have a significant value and that they reflect a significant part of the overall purchase price. Furthermore, I do not believe it is consistent with public policy for this Commission to allow the pledging of public utility property to support the purchase of assets that are not owned or controlled by that public utility - even if related to the operation of utility.

## Q. WHAT WOULD YOU RECOMMEND REGARDING THE PLEDGING OF ASSETS TO SUPPORT THE PROPOSED \$67.2 MILLION TRANSACTION?

A. I believe there are two possible alternatives. First, and the best option, would be for all the transportation assets, except the supplemental assets, be defined as tariffregulated public utility property. In such an arrangement, the tariff-regulated transportation assets could be pledged to support only those costs related to a purchase of the tariff-regulated transportation assets and the other supplemental
assets could be pledged to support that part of the transaction related to a purchase of non-transportation assets. This would require an appraisal of these two asset bases and an amendment to the purchase agreement specifying this amended asset pledge.

A second alternative would be for all the assets being purchased, including the real estate assets, supplemental assets, and transportation assets be equally pledged to support the proposed transaction. I would add that these two options are also based on an assumption that the lienholder pledge is only to support the proposed $\$ 42$ million in debt cost of the total $\$ 67$ million purchase price. In addition, as I previously stated, the Commission's Order should make clear this does not mean that it is approving the purchase price or the amount of debt in this transaction.

## VIII. OTHER CONCERNS WITH THE PROPOSED TRANSACTION

## Q. DO YOU HAVE ANY OTHER CONCERNS RELATED TO THIS PROCEEDING?

A. Yes. I have the following additional concerns to mention before I conclude:

- Currently, as all utilities do, the passenger ferry files certain reports and its tariffs with the Commission. I would recommend that these filings be required of both the parking and barge operations in the future.
- The Amended Application and supporting testimony does not sufficiently address customer service quality issues. Based on the evidence surfaced in Docket No. A-41, Sub 21 and the initial testimony submitted by the Village
in this proceeding there have been expressed concerns about significant service issues which should be addressed in the context of a change in ownership. I do not believe these concerns can be properly addressed in this proceeding, but I do believe that the Public Staff should be called upon in the Order in this proceeding to initiate a study investigating these, and any other, service quality issues.


## Q. DOES THE VILLAGE UNDERSTAND THAT IF THE APPLICANTS ARE REQUIRED TO UPGRADE SERVICES, SUCH AS IMPROVEMENTS TO THE ISLAND FERRY TERMINAL, THAT THE COSTS MUST BE BORNE BY FERRY RIDERS?

A. Yes, but that would initiate a rate proceeding which at that time should include a consideration of all the ferry services' revenues and costs, including parking and barge services.

## IX. CONCLUSION

## Q. PLEASE LIST YOUR RECOMMENDATIONS.

A. I believe that SharpVue has failed to meet its burden of proof that the proposed certificate transfer is in the public interest and, for this reason alone, the proposed certificate transfer should be denied. In addition, I believe SharpVue's proposed regulated and unregulated asset ownership is not in the public interest and this is another reason the Commission may wish to deny the certificate transfer application.

However, should the Commission approve the certificate transfer I recommend the Commission's Order include the following statements and conditions:

- Require SharpVue's express acquiescence to and acceptance of the Commission's jurisdiction and authority over parking and barge (and other ancillary assets).
- Make clear that SharpVue will not be permitted to recover acquisition premium in any future rate proceeding.
- Make clear that the Commission in this Order is not evaluating or approving the purchase price, nor is the purchase price reflective of the rate base the Commission will use in a future rate proceeding.
- Require that SharpVue file an affiliate Code of Conduct that covers each of its affiliates that supply services or collect fees from the regulated passenger ferry, parking and barge operations.
- Notify SharpVue and its affiliates that any proposed change to the current ferry and parking regulated tariffs would require a rate proceeding and could trigger an investigation of and a report related to justification for the current or proposed affiliate costs.
- Indicate that the level of these current affiliate related costs are not being approved in this Order and that these costs will be examined and adjudicated in the ferry system's next filed rate case and that these costs may be found to be unjustified and unrecoverable in regulated ferry or parking rates in this future rate proceeding.
- Declare that BHIFT, SharpVue, and all SharpVue's affiliates (specifically Pelican Legacy Holdings, LLC, SVC Pelican Partners, LLC, Pelican IP, LLC, Pelican Logistics, LLC, and Pelican Real Properties, LLC) in this transaction are public utilities under North Carolina G.S. Chapter 62.
- That the real estate and terminal buildings assets cannot be sold or leased absent Commission approval.
- That any financial arrangements made between parties owning or leasing the real estate and terminal buildings assets cannot be assumed or payments made by the regulated operations be assumed absent Commission approval of said payments.
- In any sale or lease of the parking, passenger ferry, and barge assets the purchaser or leasing party shall be declared a public utility and subject this Commission's authority under G.S. Chapter 62.
- That the Commission only allow the pledging of assets as lien collateral under the conditions discussed in this testimony.
- Require SharpVue to file with the Commission tariffs and other data and reports required now of the passenger ferry system.
- Have the Public Staff or its representative initiate a study investigating the ferry system service quality issues.


## Q. DOES THIS COMPLETE YOUR DIRECT TESTIMONY?

A. Yes.


## Direct Testimony of Dr. Julius A. Wright On Behalf of the Village of Bald Head Island

This case is not the usual certificate transfer proceeding. First, the transportation system is a monopoly and the lifeblood of Bald Head Island in that the Island is completely dependent-in every way-on this system. Until now, the system has always been owned and operated by entities affiliated with the Island's developer, ensuring that all parties' interests are aligned. On the other hand, I believe it is important to note that there is no evidence of widespread public support for this proposed transaction.

In its evaluation of this type of proposed transaction, this Commission has established a three-part test. I believe that SharpVue has failed to meet its burden of proof related to this three part test and, consequently, for this reason alone the Commission should deny the transfer of the certificate as proposed.

First, there is reason for concern that the transaction will have an adverse impact on service. [BEGIN AEO CONFIDENTIAL]

## [END AEO CONFIDENTIAL]

As regards the second factor - whether ratepayers would be protected as much as possible from potential costs and risks of the transfer - SharpVue has declined to commit that it will not seek to recover an acquisition premium from ratepayers. This creates the possibility that SharpVue will seek to burden ratepayers with the excess purchase price amounts that are above net book or historic costs of the assets.

As regards the third factor - whether the transfer would result in sufficient benefits to offset potential costs and risks - while there may be benefits to SharpVue and the current
ferry system owners, I fail to see any real benefits to the third party in this transaction, the using and consuming public.

Finally, one of the factors that the Commission historically considers in evaluating transactions of this nature is whether effective regulation of the merging utilities can be maintained. SharpVue's appeal from the Sub 21 Order creates legal uncertainty regarding the scope of the Commission's authority over the parking and barge operations and, potentially, over other ancillary assets. Should the Commission wish to proceed and agree to the certificate transfer, I believe it should only do so with SharpVue's express acquiescence to the Commission's jurisdiction and authority over parking, barge, and any other ancillary assets.

Notwithstanding my position that the application should be denied, my testimony discusses other concerns with the proposed transaction.

First, I believe the evidence shows that SharpVue intends to seek to recover an acquisition premium from ferry passengers, barge passengers, and parking in the next rate case. The purchase price is likely well above the value that would be reflected in a rate base determination. Because of this, I recommend that the Commission make clear in its Order-and consistent with Commission precedent-that, if the transaction is approved, the Commission is not approving the purchase price and SharpVue will not be permitted to recover an acquisition premium in the next rate case.

Next I review SharpVue's corporate structure and why this type of corporate structure imposes some regulatory oversight issues on the Commission and ratepayers. There are two things that stand out to me. First, the multiple affiliates and the related overlapping management illustrate a need, if the certificate transfer is approved, for the

Commission to require various affiliate transaction conditions. The second troubling aspect of SharpVue's proposal is that it is proposing that the only regulated assets owned by BHIFT are the ferry boats, the tug and barge boats, the island tram, and I assume the parking operation's ticket machine and parking gate. None of the underlying real estate of the parking facilities, none of the real estate at either ferry terminal, neither of the ferry terminal buildings, and no other ferry operations buildings or other assets, are owned by the proposed regulated affiliate.

I recommend that, if the Commission were to approve the transfer, it declare that BHIFT, SharpVue, and SharpVue's affiliates in this transaction (including, Pelican Legacy Holdings, LLC, SVC Pelican Partners, LLC, Pelican IP, LLC, Pelican Logistics, LLC, and Pelican Real Properties, LLC) are public utilities under North Carolina G.S. Chapter 62. This does not mean the Commission will regulate these entities, but rather that their books and the records of transactions between BHIFT and its related SharpVue affiliates are open to inspection and the potential that some of the affiliate-related costs may be disallowed for recovery in regulated rates by this Commission.

I further recommend that, if the Commission approves the transfer, its Order require the following. First, that SharpVue file an affiliate Code of Conduct that covers each of its affiliates that supply services or collect fees from the regulated passenger ferry, parking and barge operations. Second, that it notifies SharpVue and its affiliates that any proposed change to the current ferry and parking regulated tariffs would require a rate proceeding and could trigger an investigation of and a report related to justification for the current or proposed affiliate costs. And third, that indicates the current level of any affiliate related costs are not being approved in this Order and that these costs will be examined and
adjudicated in the ferry system's next filed rate case.
In addition, I recommend the Commission's Order, if this ownership proposal goes forward, should indicate (1) that the utility-related real estate (i.e., parking) and terminal buildings assets cannot be sold or leased absent Commission approval, (2) that any financial arrangements made between parties owning or leasing these real estate and terminal buildings assets cannot be assumed or payments made by the regulated operations be assumed absent Commission approval of said payments, and (3) based on both ownership and on the impact on regulated rates, as it did with BHIT and BHIL, this Commission should indicate that in any sale or lease of these assets the purchaser or leasing party shall be declared a public utility and subject this Commission's authority under G.S. Chapter 62.

Also, it is unclear to me which assets SharpVue is proposing to encumber for the proposed financing. Until this information is made clear, I do not think the Commission is in a position to make a determination on the request for approval to pledge regulated assets - particularly for an acquisition that involves SharpVue's proposed ownership split of unregulated real estate and buildings and regulated boats and barges.

Finally, should the transaction be approved, I would recommend that the same filings that are required of the passenger ferry be required of both the parking and barge operations in the future and I recommend the Commission have the Public Staff, or its representative, initiate a study investigating the ferry system service quality issues.

In sum, I recommend that the Commission deny the application because SharpVue has failed to meet its burden of proof that the proposed certificate transfer is in the public interest. I also believe SharpVue's proposed regulated and unregulated asset ownership is
not in the public interest and this is another reason the Commission may wish to deny the certificate transfer application.

This completes the summary of my direct testimony.

MR. TRATHEN: The witness is available for cross examination.

CROSS EXAMINATION BY MR. HIGGINS:
Q. Good afternoon, Dr. Wright. Dan Higgins for the Bald Head Island Club. Turn, if you would, please, sir, to page 17 of your prefiled testimony.

My question for you -- are you there?
Page 60
A. Yes, sir.
Q. My question for you concerns the question and answer that begins at line 11. You state there -- or make a reference to recovering an acquisition premium from the ferry passengers and barge passengers and parking, and you indicate there are two means by which SharpVue might attempt to do that.

One is -- you describe as future unregulated service rates, potentially parking and barge services, or alternatively, in the next regulated rate case. As to the first one, the through future unregulated service rates, are you referring to a scenario where -the parking and or barge services are in a scenario where they're not subject to Commission regulation, and SharpVue simply recovers its premium by increasing its monopoly parking and barge rates?
A. They could -- it depends on how they do it,
but that's one way. They could also be charging lease rates or something to the regulated side for certain services or maintenance rates that -- or however they otherwise would be stuck with this nature.
Q. Okay. Fair enough. Good point. Page 38, line 7.
A. I'm there.
Q. My question concerns the testimony beginning on line 4 which reads as follows: "I question whether the Commission is in a position to make a determination on the request for approval to pledge regulated assets, particularly for an acquisition that involves a mix of regulated and unregulated assets."

Is the issue you identified there relating to a scenario where only the regulated assets would be used to secure third-party debt, and the unregulated assets would not be incumbent?
A. Yes. And I got a late-filed exhibit, just a few days ago that had the XXXXXX loan information, and I think that's resolved this issue. Up until that time, I didn't --

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MR. FERRELL: Commissioner Duffley --
``` COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY: Mr. -- yeah. Go
ahead.

MR. FERRELL: I was just going to note that \(I\) think the witness has now already stated on the record, and I would ask that it be at least removed from the printed record --

COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY: It will be stricken.

MR. FERRELL: -- confidential
information.
MR. HIGGINS: I'm sorry.
COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY: We need to be
very careful about confidential information. Okay.
Q. Without stating -- without naming any lender, sir, could you answer my question?
A. Yes. I received information that cleared up this issue for me, \(I\) guess is the best way to put it, and I think it resolved it in a way -- in a fashion that was consistent with one of my recommendations.
Q. All right. Thank you.

Did you file testimony on behalf of the Village and the Bald Head Island Club and the Bald Head Association in the 2010 rate case?
A. Yes.
Q. And did your testimony in that docket indicate that the Commission regulate the parking
operations at Deep Point Ferry landing as an integral part of the ferry service?
A. Yes.
Q. And was the imputation of the excess parking revenue a result of the negotiated settlement and resolution of that issue?
A. Yes. It was part of the negotiated settlement, the stipulation.

MR. HIGGINS: I don't have any more
questions for Dr. Wright.
COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY: Okay. Questions?
MR. STYERS: Yes.
CROSS EXAMINATION BY MR. STYERS:
Q. Dr. Wright, good afternoon. My name is Gray Styers. Good to see you again. I'll primarily going be walking through various pages of your testimony if you have it there in front of you.
A. I do.
Q. So I'd first like to refer you to page 9. On -- starting at the end of line 6, you state, "Until now the transportation system has been owned and operated by entities affiliated with the Island's developer." Did I read that correctly?
A. Yes.
\begin{tabular}{|cc|}
\hline Q. Okay. And then on line 12, you then go on to \\
say, "A new owner may not be similarly incented." Is \\
that _-
\end{tabular} businesses once owned the water and wastewater utilities on Bald Head Island?
A. I don't know that \(I\) was aware specifically of that, but I assumed that --
Q. Okay.
A. -- because they developed it, and usually the developers, you know, do develop the wastewater system and stuff.
Q. And were you aware that those utility assets were sold off in 2005?
A. No.
Q. Okay. Were you aware that the Maritime Market, the retail market, had been sold off by the Mitchell family business in 2011?
A. The Maritime Market on the Island?
Q. Correct.
A. I was not aware of that. I know of the

Maritime Market.
Q. But you were not aware the Mitchells had sold that as of 2011?
A. No.
Q. Okay. Were you aware that the Mitchells sold the Sh- -- are you familiar with the Shoals Club on the tip of the Island?
A. I know about it.
Q. Were you aware that the Mitchells sold the Shoals Club in 2019?
A. I think \(I\) read something about that.
Q. Um --
A. I don't know that that was a utility, but --
Q. No -- other interests on the Island. Now, the Mitchell family businesses also had a real estate brokerage and vacation rental management company at the Island. Were you aware they sold that off in 2020?
A. I don't recall reading about that, no.
Q. Okay. Since 2011, were you aware that the Mitchells have sold off 26 different businesses on or associated with Bald Head Island?
A. Well, I'm aware they've sold some, but I don't -- I've never had the number 26.
Q. Okay. That's including restaurants --
subject to check, they've sold off all the restaurants they owned. They sold off the retail establishments they've owned. So --

MR. TRATHEN: Is -- I'm sorry, is this a question?

MR. STYERS: It is.
MR. TRATHEN: I don't understand --
MR. STYERS: I'm asking if he's awa- --
he -- if he was aware. Thank you, Mr. Trathen.
Q. Were you aware they have sold off the restaurants on the Island?
A. No.
Q. Okay. Were you aware they've sold off all their retail operations on the Island?
A. No, and I didn't know they owned them.
Q. Okay. So you heard earlier testimony, I think, by Mr. Paul that now the Mitchell estate is selling all of the remaining operational assets that they own to SharpVue, the operations. All of those are being sold by SharpVue. Do you remember that testimony by Mr. Paul?
A. I remember that testimony.
Q. Okay. If this sale closes, did you consider that SharpVue will be one of the largest pro- --

SharpVue and its affiliates will be one of the largest private land owners on the entire Island?
A. That wasn't something that \(I\) was asked to investigate.
Q. Okay. So you were not aware of that?
A. I was not asked to investigate it, so I didn't know.
Q. Okay. Let me turn to page 10, the next page. On line -- the sentence that starts on line 16 -- and I'm going to leave out the dashed part -- and finishing on line 18, 19, your testimony is that "the purchase of these assets by a private equity firm...would be fundamentally different from Limited's ownership of those assets." That's your testimony?
A. Well, you left out the middle part of the sentence, but --
Q. Yeah. Yeah, I did. I did, but -- that y- -I did, and for the purpose of -- if you'd like me to read the whole thing. I just wanted to make sure I read -- I said I was leaving that out.
A. Okay. "The purchase of these assets by a private equity firm -- particularly one untethered by regulatory oversight of critical assets if their appeal of this Commission's Order in Docket A-41, Sub 21, is
successful -- would be fundamentally different from Limited's ownership of those assets."
Q. Were you aware that the Mitchells' investment in Bald Head Island was in the form of common equity through Mitchell Island Investments when they purchased the Island?
A. I do not how they purchased the Island.
Q. Okay. It's your understanding -- was it your understanding that it was Mr. Mitchell and his family's private personal equity that invested in the Island?
A. I have no reason to doubt that. I mean, if that's what you say it was.
Q. Okay. In fact, all of the development of the entire Island was in the form of Mr. Mitchell's private equity; was it not?
A. I have no reason to know that. I've never investigated that.
Q. So you're not aware of there being any debt financing of his investments in Bald Head Island. You just don't know, correct?
A. I don't know if he had any debt financing or not. I have no idea.
Q. So you really don't know whether -- not knowing what Limited's ownership of these assets,
whether they were fundamentally different than what's being proposed at this time when those assets were first financed?
A. I understand how they're owned today --
Q. Today.
A. -- based on this Commission's order, that they, the parking and the barge service, are regulated and subject to this Commission's regulation. If the appeal is successful, then SharpVue -- and the deal goes through, then those assets will no longer be regulated by this Commission. So that's a significant concern of mine.
Q. And is it fair to say that BHIL has considered these assets to be unregulated -- the parking and barge assets to be unregulated from the time that they started operating until

December 30, 2022?
A. I don't know what -- how they saw them, but I think the Commission saw them quite different since at least as early as the 2010 order --
Q. So --
A. -- and before that, in fact.
Q. Moving on, Dr. Wright, certainly you're familiar with this Commission's processes rights. You
would agree that the Commission has the right to impose regulatory conditions on the transfer of the certificate, would you not?
A. That's true.
Q. And these conditions can include restrictions on cash distributions by the owner, correct?
A. Yes. I would assume.
Q. And regulatory conditions can include restrictions on pricing and affiliate transactions; can they not?
A. True.
Q. In fact, they typically do?
A. Yes.
Q. Regulatory conditions can also include service goals and standards, correct?
A. Correct.
Q. Utilities are also subject to the Commission's jurisdiction to hear customer complaints, correct?
A. Correct.
Q. And if there are deficiencies in service quality, the Commission has the authority to order injunctive relief to address those service issues; can they not?
A. Correct.
Q. Let me just step back. This is a general principle of regulatory law in compact that utilities has a right -- they have a right to earn a reasonable rate of return on their used and useful assets and rate base as a general principle?
A. Yes.
Q. Okay. And as a general principle, you would agree that there are occasions -- sometimes frequently, sometimes infrequently -- but that rate increases can be justified and appropriate; would you not? As a general principle?
A. True.
Q. On page 12 -- and I apologize, I don't have the line marked, but I think it's on page 12, but you reference the possibility of SharpVue seeking to burden ratepayers with rate increases. And I --

MR. HIGGINS: Line 16?
MR. STYERS: I'm sorry, line --
MR. HIGGINS: Sixteen.
THE WITNESS: Page 12, li- -- beginning
on line 16. Okay.
MR. STYERS: Yes, thank you.
Q. "This creates the possibility that SharpVue
will seek to burden ratepayers with excess purchase price amounts;" is that correct?
A. Correct.
Q. Okay. But ultimately, it's up to the Commission to determine whether price increases are justified and appropriate; that's the Commission's jurisdiction, correct?
A. That's true but you need to read the sentence before that where I talk about the -- "SharpVue has declined to commit that it will not seek to recover an acquisition premium from ratepayers." I think that is essential that SharpVue do that, and it's not just for the ratepayers. It's for the benefit of investors and actually for the benefit of the Commission and the Commission's integrity. I believe it's incumbent on us as regulators, when \(I\) was a regulator, and I think it's incumbent on SharpVue to be sure that the investors know exactly what they are getting and what is and is not going to be included.

And the acquisition premium is a lot of money. I've seen numbers of around XXXXXXXXXXX. We can discuss whether that's correct or not, but that would have a significant impact on rates, and I think that's something that needs to be decided right now.
Q. Well, let's talk about -- and -- let's talk about rates.

COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY: And we need to be careful. I'm not sure that the amount of the acquisition premium is confidential information, Mr. Wright -- Dr. Wright. Is it within public information? Do we know? Okay.

MR. SCHAUER: I don't believe the acquisition premium is public information because it's determined based on the purchase price. So in other words, rate base is public, acquisition premium is not, and you need the second component to calculate.

COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY: So --
MR. STYERS: So let's just strike the number, and we'll just refer to the acquisition premium in whatever amount that is.

COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY: Thank you.
THE WITNESS: I'm sorry.
MR. STYERS: Is that -- I'm comfortable with that.

COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY: Well guys, we're breaking down on the confidential information, so --

MR. STYERS: Okay, okay. All right, I can -- I don't have any further follow up. I mean, that was -- I didn't intend to solicit --

COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY: Okay.
MR. STYERS: -- that question.
COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY: Okay, but when we're asking questions, maybe if you're asking a question that could potentially elicit confidential information, from this point going forward if we could just be very careful with that.

MR. STYERS: Completely agree. I didn't intend that -- to solicit that, but I will try to be more cognizant.

COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY: Thank you.
Q. Cause actually, what \(I\) wanted to talk about is the rates because the sentence that I'd read and you read properly -- the sentence before it talks about burdening ratepayers, and so I wanted to talk about rates, Dr. Wright. Do you have an opinion -- so you were here in the room yesterday when Mr. Gardner said that he thought the current rates for parking and barge were reasonable, were you not?
A. I don't recall him saying that.
Q. Okay.
A. I was in the room when he was testifying, I just do not recall that answer.
Q. Okay. Do you have an opinion as to whether the current rates that are in place are just and reasonable?
A. I think the current rates have been approved by this Commission and under that scenario, yes, they have been deemed just and reasonable.
Q. I'm referring to the parking and barge rates that are currently being charged.
A. I think those were part of the stipulated agreement, and the Commission accepted that stipulation, and under that scenario, they are deemed just and reasonable.
Q. Are you aware that Bald Head Island Limited has raised parking rates several times since the 2010 rate case?
A. Yes, under the stipulation, they had the ability to do so.
Q. And they've never sought Commission approval for those -- any of those rate increases?
A. The approval was contained within the stipulation.
Q. And they've also inclu- -- they've also
raised rates for barge?
A. I think those were included within the stipulation too.
Q. Is there any reference to the barge -- and again, subject to your recollection, is there any reference to barge anywhere in the A-40, Sub 7, rate case order?
A. I would have to go back and look, but I just know there was a stipulation in that case on rates.
Q. And the Commi- -- and Bald Head Island Limited's never provided notice to the Commission of any rate increases of barge or parking, have they?
A. Of which ass- -- of wh- --
Q. Of the barge or parking rate increases, they have never provided notice to the Commission?
A. As long as they've been part of that stipulation, \(I\) don't know that they need to provide notice, so \(I\) wouldn't know that they have or haven't, but I don't think they would have to if they're following along the lines of the order.
Q. And they've never reported any financial data about the parking or barge to the Commission at any time, have they?
A. I do not know that they have on the barge or
parking. I know they file reports. I think they're quarterly, maybe monthly, reports. I don't know that they have that. I do know that there were some rates filed on -- I believe, on the parking and barge in that 2010 case. I think they were part of --
Q. But the quarterly rep- -- subject to check, the quarterly reports are just ferry operation data?
A. Subject to check, that's fine.
Q. So --
A. And just so we're clear, that is one of the recommendations I make, that the parking and barge start to file quarterly reports, just like it's required of the parking.
Q. Going forward, there're now under the A-21 [sic] order of all -- as it stands today, as though they are utilities, and they would fall under the jurisdiction?
A. Yes.
Q. So that brings me to the next question. You referenced several times through your order -- through your testimony about the appeal of the Sub 21 order; do you not?
A. I mention it, yes.
Q. Okay. The determination of the legal issues
in the Sub 21 appeal will apply to BHIL if the sale to SharpVue does not occur. BHIL will still own the assets, and they'll be subject to whatever the rule is by the Court and that -- you would agree with that?
A. I'm not an attorney, but I would agree with that from what \(I\) do know.
Q. Now, if the sale to SharpVue does occur, then the determination of the legal issues in the Sub 21 appeal would apply to SharpVue as owner of those utilities, correct?
A. To the best of my knowledge, yes.
Q. So the Court's decision, whatever it is, will not depend upon who owns the transportation assets at that time, will it?
A. I don't see that the Court's decision would.
Q. Will not be dependent or rely --
A. Yeah, no.
Q. -- or be affected by ownership? The answer's no, I'm sorry?
A. As far as I know, no.
Q. Yeah.
A. I don't think so.
Q. So the scope of the Commission's jurisdiction will apply to the parking and barge assets or not
regardless of whether BHIL owns them or SharpVue owns them, correct?
A. Yes and no, and let me explain. One of the regulatory conditions \(I\) recommend is that SharpVue go ahead and acquiesce to the jurisdiction of this Commission over the parking and barge service. I think that is a very important point. The fact that SharpVue view is appealing this Commission's regulatory authority is one of the things that's troublesome to me, just from the standpoint that \(I\) think it's wrong you're asking the Commission to do something for you at the same time you're appealing their authority.
Q. I understand your position. Assume for my -assume for purposes of my question that BHIL will not withdraw that appeal. The scope of the Commission's jurisdiction after that appeal will apply to these assets regardless of whether BHIL owns them or SharpVue owns them, correct?
A. I would assume that's correct.
Q. Okay. And you state on page 13 of your testimony, Dr. Wright, line 7, 8, "The maintenance of current operations achieves no incremental benefit to the using and consuming public." Is that your position?
A. Yes.
Q. Okay. So you don't believe that there are any risks in leaving the ownership of these utilities in the hands of an estate that is largely liquidated?
A. Well, I referenced what we got in response to a discovery request where -- and I'll read it. It says, BHS -- "BHIL has no plans to discontinue utility services and has never threatened to do so." So I'm taking you at -- your client at their word that they are not going to discontinue service.
Q. Now, would you agree with me that the hiring and retention of qualified personnel is important to service quality by any utility?
A. Yes.
Q. Would you agree that the maintenance and replacement, when needed, of utility equipment materials is an important part of utility operations?
A. Yes.
Q. Would you agree that there can still be a decline in service quality even if there's not a service disruption?
A. There could, but at the same time, that's one of the things that the Commission oversees and the Public Staff. If service from a utility gets poor and
they get complaints, then they can do some sort of show cause order or investigation to find out what's going on.
Q. You heard Mr. Carter's testimony yesterday about the decline of service quality over the past few years?
A. Yes, sir.
Q. In fact, on page 40, towards the very end of your testimony, I think you reference that you think there should be a -- at the very top, line 1, "There have been expressed concern about significant service issues."
A. That's correct.
Q. Do you have an opinion as to when those reported service quality issues began?
A. I would have to rely on the testimony from yesterday, so I -- it appeared it began to deteriorate several years ago, whether it just started with COVID or not, I just don't know. I know from my interactions with several people on the Island and my visits to the Island, I can understand some of their concerns and that's why I'm suggesting this is not proper form to necessarily address those issues, but rather, we need to do an investigation.
Q. You heard Mr. Gardner's testimony yesterday about how service had been previous- -- a few years ago had been exceptional, I think was his word?
A. He said something along those lines, yes.
Q. Are you aware of any problems with the ferry operations in the 1990s, as shortly when its -- shortly after it was certificated, that you're aware of?
A. Well, actually, I'm aware that it began to get more and more crowded as the Island grew, and I'm -- I was aware of that because I lived in that area for a long time.
Q. And as a result, Bald Head Island Limited -Bald Head Island Transportation had additional boats added to the fleet over the years?
A. And then they moved to the new terminal, yes.
Q. And that was to accommodate the growth?
A. Yes.
Q. Okay. So were you aware of any specific problems with the service quality of ferry operations in the 2000 s, other than growth, prior to moving to the Deep Point terminal?
A. No.
Q. Okay. Do you have any knowledge of any service quality problems even after moving to the

Deep Point terminal until a few years ago, since that's kind of what Mr. Gardner testified to yesterday?
A. No, I do not.
Q. Okay. In the 2010 rate case, you know, were there any major service quality problems pertaining to the ferry operations that were raised in that 2010 rate case to your recollection?
A. I don't recall.
Q. I don't either, so. You've expressed some concern that the regulated utilities might not own their own real estate.
A. Yes.
Q. Okay. Are you aware that throughout BHIT's history, in the 1990s and the 2000 s, through the rate case, service was exceptional, that BHIT has never owned any real estate for its own terminals?
A. I'm aware that the real estate was owned by BHIL, yes.
Q. Are you aware that through most of BHIT's history, they didn't even own their own vessels, they didn't own their own boats?
A. I know they leased them at first.
Q. In fact, they didn't own their own boats until 20- -- until March 29, 2013, subject to check.

Is that -- would you have any reason to dispute that?
A. No.
Q. Okay. You're aware of other utility operations that control aspects of their needed property by lease or easement. That's not that untypic- -- atypical for utilities, is it?
A. It's not necessarily atypical, but it is -to me, it is a little bit different, and let me explain why. This Commission would never approve Duke Power Company leasing land and putting a generator on it, nor would Duke Power probably ever ask to do that. But what you have here is literally all of the real estate is going to be in one area, and then you have the boats and the ticket booth and the parking gate is going to be owned by the regulated. To me, that's -- that is a difference that is -- I find problematic, and I'll tell you one reason why.

If you go to set parking rates, and the only thing you have in rate base is the ticket thing that hands you the electronic ticket, you have no rate base. There's no land. There's no pavement. There's nothing. So it's just a different and unusual way to operate, and I find it somewhat problematic. And I also look at this as something that SharpVue has
expressed an interest, and likely, they're going to be selling the parking or leasing it out. But let's say they sell it, and five years down the road, they -it's sold again, and five years down the road, it's sold again. To me, it becomes problematic for the Commission to maintain regulatory control over these assets when they can be sold and resold and resold. I -- it's just -- it's a difference that I find somewhat troubling. Let me just put it that way.
Q. And there's types of -- well, let me -before \(I\) get there, certainly for water and sewer companies, it's very typical for water and sewer lines and pipes to be, you know, in easements; is it not?
A. Yes.
Q. That's a fairly typical situation. MR. STYERS: I'd like to -- I want to use one exhibit, so I'd like to distribute them. I distributed and handed to the witness a document that has -- I'd ask to be identified as BHIT JAW Cross Examination Exhibit 1. COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY: This will be marked as BHIT Wright Cross Exhibit Number 1. (BHIT Wright Cross Examination Exhibit 1 was marked for attached at the end of that rebuttal testimony.

Have you have a cha- -- did you see that at the end of the rebuttal testimony?
A. Yes, I saw it, yes.
Q. Okay. So I'd like to first turn to condition number 21. And number 21 -- I'm sorry. I'm sorry, 22. I'm sorry. Page -- paragraph 22. And it says, "BHIFT shall continue to have the right to maintain the long-term lease for ferry terminal facilities on the mainland and Island and the right to secure and maintain a perpetual easement or long-term leases or otherwise ensure ownership or control of all property necessary for regulated parking and barge and tug operations at reasonable rates." Do you see that condition?
A. Yes.
Q. Okay. I think you expressed in your earlier
answer concern about the complexity of the corporate structure of SharpVue and its affiliates. Is that fair, that you've expressed that in your testimony?
A. I don't think I expressed it as concern, I just said that it makes it a little more problematic for the Commission's regulatory authority when you have so many affiliates.
Q. I'm sure that you are at least somewhat familiar -- or not -- or are you familiar with the kind of corporate structure among the affiliates and subsidiaries of Duke Energy Corporation?
A. Yes.
Q. Okay. And that's a very, very complicated corporate structure; is it not?
A. Absolutely.
Q. Okay.
A. And I'm not saying it's impossible or anything for the Commission to oversee or regulate. I'm just saying it's more problematic for the Public Staff when you have so many affiliates and the provision of services from different affiliates, then you have to do a lot of accounting to make sure all the cost allocations are fair and accurate.
Q. So you're not questioning the ability of the

Public Staff to monitor --
A. Oh, no.
Q. -- or the Commission to regulate utilities with complicated corporate structure?
A. No.
Q. Okay. Or the ability to regulate affiliate transactions?
A. No, I'm not questioning that.
Q. In fact, there's a statute specifically addressing affiliate transactions, North Carolina General Statute \(\S 62-53\) [sic], and I'm not going to mark that as an exhibit. That specifically establishes requirements for affiliate agreements among utilities; does it not?
A. I'll accept that, subject to check.
Q. Fair enough.
A. I'm not going to go read the statute right now.
Q. Fair enough.
A. But \(I\) know there is a statute covering it.
Q. Thank you, Dr. Wright. Let me refer you to condition 18, a few pages before, of the conditions in Wright Cross Examination Exhibit -- I'm sorry, 19. My numbering is off. Condition 19. That condition
obligates Holdings and BHIFT, it says, "Shall file with the Commission agreements pursuant to

NCGS §62-153," which we said, subject to check, governs affiliate transactions, "and all such agreements that involve payment of fees or other compensation by Holdings or BHIFT shall require acceptance and authorization by the Commission." Is that what this condition reads?
A. That part you read, yes.
Q. Yeah. Okay. So to the extent that BHI- -excuse me, that BHIFT and Holdings and to all to whom this -- these conditions pertain, they have committed that this Commission has jurisdiction over all affiliate contracts subject to this condition and the statute, correct?
A. They are suggesting these. Whether or not it pertains to everything that you're talking about, I cannot judge that, but there are things that you have in here that \(I\) don't agree with, and things that --
Q. Now, I --
A. -- I have in my conditions that I think should be in here.
Q. Do you think this should be in here?
A. I think that should be in there. On that 22
we just referenced, you said that there's a thing where your escalation will not exceed an annual 12-month period of annual increasing the CPI. When you start just doing rate increases every year tied to the CPI, that's what we call single-issue ratemaking, and while it may be easy to do, I'm not sure it's the right thing to do, and I don't think the Commission should accept something like that. I think there ought to be a rate case, and if they want to adopt a formula rate plan in that rate case, then \(I\) think that's the time to do it, not in a transfer proceeding.
Q. That condition really just -- there had been issues asked about lease rates, and that condition really, condition 22 , just refers to an escalation of expense to make sure that the lease expense -- it does not have to do with rates, subject to check. Would you agree with that, condition 22?
A. Well, it says --
Q. That that just is lease expenses?
A. Reasonable rates and escalations not to exceed the rate of inflation for an annual 12-month period. The long-term lease -- if it's just the lease, that's fine, but I --
Q. Just want to make sure we're clear.
A. I just want to make sure it doesn't pertain to the rates. I know in the Public Staff, they have something tied to the CPI on rates, and I just don't think you ought to do that in a transfer proceeding.
Q. Okay.
A. I think there should be a rate case filing.
Q. The last page of the regulatory conditions, condition 28 notes that these conditions apply to all successors and assigns. And Holdings be- -COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY: And Mr. Wright,
keep in mind that some portions of this, such as certain names of entities, are attorney's eyes only, so if you will please not use names in any answers.
Q. Okay. So -- that's -- they -- that's -thank you.

But the -- you see that the condition 28 applies these conditions to all successors?
A. Yes, I see that.
Q. Okay. Now, in your testimony, you, yourself, noted that you recommend conditions -- I think page 32 of your testimony -- as an appropriate way to mitigate risks; is that correct?
A. Yes.
Q. Have you, yourself, proposed a set of regulatory conditions in the record in this case as to what you think would be appropriate for this transaction?
A. I have a list of conditions. It is not couched as all the regulatory conditions, but it's the minimum that \(I\) would say is reasonable. I think there's some more that the Public Staff has that are reasonable.
Q. So I'll move on from conditions, but this is a way to mitigate many of the risks that you've identified in your testimony, is it not, Dr. Wright? That the concept of regulatory conditions -- not these, but generally -- regulatory conditions can mitigate the risks of a transaction and a transfer?
A. Yes, they can mitigate some of the risks.
Q. On page 29 in your testimony, you quote from the Commission's order and Frontier Docket G-40, Sub 136, the --
A. Yes.
Q. Is it your understanding that the Commission did, in fact, approve the transfer in that docket?
A. Yes, they did.
Q. You would agree -- or do you know -- well, do
you know that the assets acquired, used and useful by Frontier in providing natural gas service that were being acquired in that docket, had always been part of Frontier's rate base from the time of the groundbreaking of that system in 1998. Do you know that?
A. I was not in the case, so I don't know those issues, no.
Q. Do you have any reason to doubt that all of -- that the used and useful assets by Frontier were in its rate base?
A. No, I have no reason to doubt that.
Q. Okay. Did you know that in 2017, the same year as this order, Frontier was actually subject to a show cause Docket G-40, Sub 142, over Frontier's failure to invest funds to implement their integrity management program under the prior ownership by Gas Natural, Inc. Did you know that?
A. No.
Q. Okay. Did you know that the -- under its new private equity ownership approved by this order, Frontier was, in fact, able to invest funds to bring its safety measures back into compliance with its integrity management program. You didn't know that
either, did you?
A. No.
Q. Okay. You heard, I think, Ms. Perry say very briefly that the private equity ownership of Frontier actually served Frontier well after this acquisition was approved?
A. I don't recall her saying that. If she did, then that's fine. That's in her testimony.
Q. Now, as your attorney would certainly point out, perhaps on redirect, Frontier was, in fact, later sold in 2021 to an open-ended private equity fund that does not have a defined term of existence, and that transaction was approved by the Commission as well. Is that your understanding?
A. I'll accept that.
Q. Okay. Again, just want to know how much you know about the context of Frontier Energy, Frontier Natural Gas, since you quoted from that order. Now, generally, were you aware that, basically, the private equity ownership of Frontier has provided the capital to enable that system to expand its growth in northwestern North Carolina since they've owned it?
A. I've not researched that issue, so I have no reason to know anything yes or no about that.
Q. So to your knowledge, you know, compared to the ownership of Frontier by Rick Osborne's utility holding company 10 years ago, to your knowledge, has the fact that Frontier had been owned by private equity been detrimental to the service of Frontier's customers?
A. I have no knowledge either way.
Q. On page 19, I believe -- and I'm getting close to the end, thank you. On page 19, you stated that you believe that the purchase price is too high?
A. Yes.
Q. And you know that the transaction value exceeds the tax assessment; that was part of your testimony?
A. Yes.
Q. Would you agree that fair market value often does, in fact, exceed tax assessments in the state of North Carolina in your experience?
A. I have not researched that. I mean, I'm sure sometimes it does, sometimes it does not.
Q. And, in fact, fair market value typically exceeds tax assessments when real estate values are rising. That would be a general economic principle you would agree with, wouldn't it? Because tax assessments
don't keep up with rising real estate values?
A. Yeah, I can't agree with that. Where I live in north Atlanta, they seem to change our taxes every year, and a lot of my friends try to go back and say, "Well, why don't you by my house for that price," because the tax assessment is higher than what they think they can sell their house for, so I can't agree with that.

All \(I\) can tell you is like \(I\) say in my testimony. When this issue was before the local government committee, the state auditor could not -she couldn't approve for the bonds being issued because she thought the purchase price was too high, and she did not have estimates of the value that she trusted, and that's from my reading of the record.
Q. Do you have any -- have you done any analysis of real estate sales and resales in Brunswick County versus the Brunswick County assessed valu- --tax-assessed valuations?
A. No.
Q. Okay. I know -- and I'm getting ready to go to confidential issues. I want to close on confidential, but let me ask this question first. I know you didn't have them when you filed your response
testimony, but since then, have you had a chance to see the appraisals of the property performed by SharpVue's lender?
A. The two that were dated, I think, in mid-December? Yes.

MR. STYERS: Okay. Let me -- I have just a question or two on those that we'll need to clear the room since those are confidential.

COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY: Are there other confidential questions for this witness that we know of? Okay. We're going to get through all of the questioning --

MR. STYERS: Okay.
COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY: -- before we go
into confidential session, okay?
And so, Mr. Ferrell.
MR. FERRELL: Thank you.
CROSS EXAMINATION BY MR. FERRELL:
Q. Good afternoon.
A. Good afternoon.
Q. I believe in your testimony, in writing and in questioning by Mr. Styers, you talked about the affiliates and whether that caused any complexity to the situation, the SharpVue affiliates?
A. The number of affiliates, yes.
Q. Correct. If you'll look with me on BHIT, the Cross Exam Exhibit 1, the regulatory conditions -again, since we're in open session, if you could refrain from calling any by name.
A. Okay.
Q. But do you -- can you recognize there that the regulatory conditions proposed by SharpVue would include defining the affiliates to be bound by these conditions?
A. It appears so, yes.
Q. Okay. Thank you. And I believe on page 10 of your testimony, you mentioned that you believe that the sale of these -- this transaction being sold to SharpVue as opposed to the current owner, BHIT, "would be fundamentally different than Limited's ownership of those assets." Do you see that on page 10, line -starts on page -- excuse me, on line 14 , but the phrase is on line 19. Do you see that? Where it talks about it being fundamentally different from Limited's ownership?
A. Yes.
Q. Okay. And the conversation on direct was what happens if the Sub 21 order is changed by the

Court of Appeals. Do you remember that set of dialogue?
A. Yes.
Q. Do you recognize that in the exhibit in front of you, the conditions, subparagraph 4, that SharpVue and their affiliates are willing to make certain agreements as it relates to making parking reasonably available? Paragraph 4?
A. They do make, you know, some concessions or statements about making parking available, yes.
Q. In fact, they were agreeing to make the existing, I think, roughly 2,300 space- -- whatever the count is -- 2,300 spaces available? Correct? You see that?
A. Yes.
Q. Okay. And do you also see the last sentence in that subparagraph 4, just make sure I'm reading this right: "This obligation would continue until such time as the Commission were to allow a waiver or modification of this condition upon a showing of a demonstrable decline in demand for parking at Deep Point or the available of equivalent parking by a third-party provider." Do you see that?
A. Yes, that's what it says.
Q. So this condition is not contingent on the outcome of the Sub 21 appeal; is it?
A. Not that I see, no.
Q. Okay. And you would agree with me, wouldn't you, that if the Sub 21 order is overturned, there is no requirement that BHIL maintain existing parking levels, is there?
A. I don't know that \(I\) can say that, and I'll tell you why. This Commission has a lot of authority and a lot of power. If that is overturned, then it may be that the Commission and Public Staff institute a proceeding to somehow ensure that parking is maintained.

So I don't think, based on my reading of that order, that this Commission is just going to allow parking to go away and not be resolved in a way that is reasonable for the people of Bald Head Island. So I understand what your question is asking me, but I'm just telling you, having been a former commissioner, how I would feel.
Q. Well, and I'm certainly not trying to imply that BHIL would eliminate parking, and you're speculating about whether to do a subsequent proceeding that would be instituted. What I'm asking you is --
and maybe trying to get you to acknowledge that SharpVue has made commitments as it relates to parking that survive the Sub 21 order appeal that don't exist currently or would not exist at that point with BHIL. Can you agree with me on that without speculating about what else might happen?
A. If the appeal is successful, then this

Commission's regulatory authority over the parking as it's currently, you know, stated is certainly different. I know that. And whether I can agree with everything about your statement, I just don't know.
Q. Okay. But you would agree with me that SharpVue has made commitments in this transfer proceeding that would survive any appeal in the Sub 21 order --

MR. TRATHEN: Objection. He's asked that twice; it's been answered twice. He's not willing to agree to your question.

MR. FERRELL: I --
COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY: Okay, last time he's asked it. Answer what -- if you can.

THE WITNESS: You have made some
concessions on that. I would agree with you there. It would be far easier for you to just to acquiesce
to the regulation of this Commission over the parking and over the barge service. To me that would eliminate this issue as an issue.
Q. I understand it's your position that a party should waive its right to appeal under the law, but that's not my question. So --
A. I'm sorry, you're mischaracterizing. I'm not asking you to waive your right. I'm just asking you to acquiesce to the regulatory authority of this Commission.
Q. I understand that's your position and your characterization of the situation. The fact that there are commitments that exist that SharpVue has made on parking, wouldn't that actually make it fundamentally better for the consuming public, not just different, as it relates to that issue?
A. I don't know that it makes it better because under the current circumstances, I see the regulation of the parking by this Commission as very important. So, you know, I think the Commission will protect the parking as well or better than any commitment.

MR. FERRELL: No further questions. COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY: Okay.

Mr. Higgins, you don't have questions,
right?
MR. STYERS: He's already asked. COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY: Oh, he's already asked. Sorry. It's after lunch. Mr. Creech.

MR. CREECH: I may have one nonconfidential, and the other one may be
confidential, so I'll do the nonconfidential.
CROSS EXAMINATION BY MR. CREECH:
Q. You were talking about submission to regulatory authority. You're not indicating that the parties, the seller and buyer, did not know about the prospect of Commission authority over parking when they entered into this contract, are you?
A. No, I -- no, I'm not making any judgment on that at all.

MR. CREECH: All right. Very good.
Thank you.
MR. TRATHEN: Madam Chair, would you
like me to do redirect on --
COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY: Yeah.
MR. FERRELL: -- nonconfidential, or?
COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY: Yes, let's go
ahead and just get through everything, and then
we'll handle your one confidential piece. So, redirect.

REDIRECT EXAMINATION BY MR. TRATHEN:
Q. Dr. Wright, with respect to the regulatory conditions, you were asked by counsel for the Applicants about the parking condition. Can I direct your attention to page 2 of the Cross Examination Exhibit 1?
A. Okay.
Q. Do you see the second sentence, "The consent and acknowledgement set forth above does not constitute a general consent expansion of the Commission's jurisdiction over such entities beyond that established by Chapter 62 of the North Carolina General Statutes." Do you have an understanding of what that means?
A. Let me reread it here.
Q. So I pro- -- I didn't -- I'm hitting you cold with this, and you didn't get the context, but you've got a number of parties up above, and we're not going to name them because some of them are confidential, but they're consenting to these regulatory conditions. And then we have this language that says we're consenting to it, but we're not agreeing to any expansion of the jurisdiction under Chapter 62. I mean, that's
literally what it says, correct?
A. Yeah, that's how I would interpret it.
Q. Okay. And then would you read the next sentence?
A. "Further, as long as SharpVue and its affiliates own or operate ferry, tram, parking, barge, and tug operations, SharpVue and the SharpVue affiliates agree to submit to the Commission's regulation and oversight of those operations as set forth in the regulatory conditions herein and the Commission's December 30, 2022, order in Docket Number A-41, Sub 21, unless and until and to whatever extent such order may be overturned, reversed, or replaced and is thus no longer valid and enforceable."
Q. Okay. So this seems to be saying that if we win our appeal, then we're not consenting to any regulation or oversight of parking and barge. Is that what you understand that to say?
A. That's what it appears to be.
Q. So turning back to regulatory condition 4, counsel for the applicants was suggesting that this would be binding regardless of whether or not -whether the appeal was successful. Do you have any thoughts about whether that is the case given this
reservation of rights?
A. Well, now that you've pointed me to this reservation rights, \(I\) think it makes everything null and void from here on dealing with parking or the barge if they win their appeal.
Q. And how would -- let's say that someone was to argue that the promise -- that they win their appeal and would argue that there is a promise made by a party that's no longer subject to the Commission's regulatory authority in Chapter 62 and as for which any commitments have been rescinded, how would the Commission seek to enforce such an obligation?
A. I don't know that they could. I guess -MR. STYERS: Objection. I think this calls for legal conclusions of this witness, and I mean, I'm just trying to keep things efficient. I think it's a legal conclusion as to what's going to -- could happen in the future under some legal theory or not. That would be my objection. COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY: Mr. Trathen?

MR. TRATHEN: He was asked questions -several questions about this. He was not given the full context, and he is a regulatory expert, including former member of this Commission. If he
has thoughts on what the Commission might do, it seems like it's appropriate for him to give a response.

COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY: Overruled. THE WITNESS: It really puts the Commission in a box as to what they can do. They would still have regulatory authority over the passenger tram, but they own no land. All they had was the boats. You have a parking ticket thing, maybe. I really don't know what position that puts the Commission in. And in fact, when you offer regulatory conditions and say, but by the way, if we win our appeal, all these are null and void -that seems to be what they're saying here. And I just -- that's part of the reason \(I\) have concerns about this.

If SharpVue wanted to move forward, I think they ought to acquiesce to the regulation of this Commission over the parking and barge services. While I appreciate their regulatory conditions, you're making regulatory conditions based on a condition.
Q. And it's -- just with respect to what's actually on this page, there were some representations
yesterday, I think, by Mr. Roberts that this would require them to keep the same number of spots at Deep Point, but that's not actually what they're committing to, is it?
A. No, they're saying that we will have this number of spots, but they can do it a number of different ways. They can acquire and develop other conveniently-located parking lots with regular shuttle service to convey passengers and their baggage to and from Deep Point. They can construct a parking deck. So it -- they're not necessarily saying, "We're going to keep the parking here; it's going to be right next to the terminal, as it is now," but, "We're going to have parking somewhere." So that's what they're essentially committing to, assuming that they don't win the case on appeal. If they win the case on appeal, they're not committing to any of this, the way I read it.
Q. And just as it's written here, if they were to move parking somewhere else, they're not promising that they'll even let the Commission know about that or seek approval, are they?
A. I don't see where that's in here.
Q. Okay. Mr. S- -- I think both counsel, maybe,
asked you -- at least Mr. Styers did -- page 13, lines 7 and 9 of your testimony. He asked you about the maintenance of -- on lines 7 and 8 -- the maintenance of current operations and whether that was a benefit of using and consuming public, but he didn't give you the context of this particular response. This response has to do with an analysis of the overriding factors that the Commission applies in approving mergers and transfers, correct?
A. Yes.
Q. Okay. And so can you speak to this, that this testimony relates to whether or not there's public benefit in this transaction, correct?
A. Yes. It talks -- it starts off in this section about testimony talking about the legal standard, which there's a three-part test y'all have heard about several times, and one of the issues in this test is whether or not there is public benefit. And usually, in terms of these types of transactions, the public benefit is measured in a quantitative way, not some qualitative, "We're going to provide good management," we're going to, you know, "We're going to make things look pretty," or whatever, but, "We're going to give the ratepayers a reduction in rates," or
"We're going to improve services by investing X amount."

There is no quantifiable public benefit that I've seen in this case. All I've heard is, "Well, we're going to continue the current management," "We're going to continue with the current services." Well, that's good, but that's not an incremental benefit. There's no threat that the service is going to be disrupted, so I don't see any public benefit here. If there were, I would think that SharpVue would've already mentioned a quantifiable public benefit, but there's not one.
Q. And so given that, what is the impact of that conclusion on your opinion as to whether or not the Commission's standard for approving the transfer has been met here?
A. Well, as I say in my testimony, I don't think they've met the standard. I think that there's a potential impact on rates through the acquisition adjustment if they were to get it or in other ways. There's also the potential impact on service. If they're going to be selling the system or selling off pieces of the system over the next few years, you know, there could be -- now, that may be confidential, I'm
sorry.
But there -- there's -- I guess the bottom line is, I don't think they've met their burden of proof that there's a public benefit or that there's not going to be an impact on rates or services.
Q. And we've talked about regulatory conditions. Do the existence of regulatory conditions override the statutory analysis?
A. No. The -- and as \(I\) say in my testimony, I offer some regulatory conditions. They help mitigate the risk. They do not necessarily rise to the level, in my opinion, of meeting the regulatory standards for approval, but that's up to this Commission.
Q. That's all I have, thank you.

MR. TRATHEN: That's all I have. Thank
you.
COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY: Okay.
Commissioner questions?
MR. STYERS: Do you want me to go ahead and finish my cross?

COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY: No, let's do the public first. We're going to get to the confidential.

MR. STYERS: Got it. Okay.

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            (Confidential testimony ended at
            3:29 p.m.)
            COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY: If someone could
        grab Mr. Gardner, please.
            Okay. Mr. Wright, thank you for
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testifying today.
Are there motions?
MR. STYERS: It's already in the record since \(I\) referred to it by labeled name. I would ask that BHIT Wright Cross Examination Exhibit 1 be admitted into evidence.

COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY: Without
objection, that motion is allowed. Is it a confidential exhibit?
(BHIT Wright Cross Examination Exhibit 1 was admitted into evidence.)

MR. STYERS: It is not.
Mr. TRATHEN: The Village would move admission into evidence the 11 exhibits attached to Dr. Wright's testimony.

COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY: Okay, without objection that motion is allowed.
(Wright Exhibits 1 through 11 were admitted into evidence.)

COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY: Any further motions before we move to Public Staff? And so, it's 3:30. It's probably a good time for the afternoon break. We'll come back at 3:40.
\[
\text { (Recess was taken at } 3: 31 \text { p.m. to } 3: 47 \text { ) }
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COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY: Okay, let's come back on the record. Mr. Creech, would you mind grabbing that door?

Okay. So with the Public Staff.
MR. CREECH: Thank you.
COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY: And so, left hand on the Bible. All swearing? Okay.

Whereupon,
MICHELLE BOSWELL, KRISHNA RAJEEV,
AND JOHN R. HINTON,
having first been duly sworn, were examined
and testified as follows:
DIRECT EXAMINATION BY MR. CREECH:
Q. The panel before us is the panel of Michelle Boswell, Krishna Rajeev, and John R. Hinton. And if I may, Ms. Boswell, please state your name, position, and business address for the record.
A. Michelle Boswell. I'm the director of accounting for the Public Staff. My address is 430 North Salisbury Street, Raleigh, North Carolina.
Q. Mr. Hinton, can you please you name, position, and business address for the record.
A. My name's John R. Hinton. I'm director of the research division of the Public Staff. My address
is 430 North Salisbury Street, Raleigh, North Carolina.
Q. And Mr. Rajeev, can you please state your name, position, and business address for the record.
A. I'm Krishna Rajeev. I'm director for the transportation rates division of the Public Staff. My business address is 430 North Salisbury Street, Raleigh, North Carolina.
Q. All right. Two pieces of testimony, the Joint Testimony and Amended and Supplemental Joint Testimony were originally filed by witnesses Rajeev, Hinton, and Sonja Johnson, who's unable to be present for hearings on this matter; is that correct,

Ms. Boswell?
A. (Michelle Boswell) Yes.
Q. Are you familiar with the Joint Testimony Exhibit prefiled by Ms. Johnson, Mr. Rajeev, and Mr. Hinton on December 14, 2022, in this docket and Amended and Supplemental Joint Testimony Exhibit filed by those witnesses on February 20, 2023?
A. Yes.
Q. Were you directly involved in the original preparation of the Joint Testimony of the Amended -- of the Joint Testimony and Amended and Supplemental Joint Testimony?
A. Yes.
Q. Do you agree with the analysis and
A. Yes.
Q. Do you now adopt the portions of the Joint Testimony and Amended Supplemental Testimony that were prepared by Ms. Johnson as representing your position and that of the Public Staff in this case?
A. I do.
Q. All right. Mr. Hinton, on December 14, 2022, did the panel prefile public and confidential versions of Joint Testimony consisting of 19 pages and one exhibit entitled Regulatory Conditions?
A. (John R. Hinton) Yes.
Q. Do you have any -- do you have any changes or corrections to that initial Direct -- Joint Testimony that you might otherwise -- that would not have been contemplated in the Amended and Supplemental Joint Testimony?
A. I have changes for the Amended Testimony.
Q. Okay, very good. We'll get to that. As for that, let's -- on February 20, 2023, did the panel prefile public and confidential versions of the Amended and Supplemental Joint Testimony consisting of 23 pages
and one exhibit entitled Regulatory Conditions, Mr. Hinton?
A. Yes.
Q. Okay. Now as to both of those, the

December 14th and the February 20th filing, do you have any changes or corrections to that filing in particular, the Amended and Supplemental Joint Testimony?
A. Yes. With regard to the February 20, 2023, Testimony, the Amended Testimony, on page 8, there's a footnote, number 2, and on that page, there's a word that reads \(T-U-M\). It should read \(T-U-R-N\). In other words, it says "tum," but it should be "turn."
Q. All right.
A. Second change is on page 21, line 1, and on that page, the number 22 should read 21 . Those are my changes.
Q. So conditions 21 through 26?
A. Yes.
Q. Okay, very good. If you were asked those same questions today, would your answers be the same, Mr. Rajeev?
A. (Krishna Rajeev) Yes, they would.
Q. Mr. Hinton?
A. (John R. Hinton) Yes, they would.
Q. Ms. Boswell?
A. (Michelle Boswell) Yes.
Q. All right. Presiding Chair Duffley, I move that the Public Staff's public and confidential versions of the Direct Joint Testimony as Substituted and Adopted by Michelle Boswell be copied into the record as if given orally from the stand and that the exhibit entitled Regulatory Conditions attached to the Direct Testimony be identified as marked when filed. I also move that the Public Staff's public and confidential versions of Amended Supplemental Joint Testimony as Substituted and Adopted by Michelle Boswell be copied into the record as if given orally from the stand and that the exhibit attached entitled Regulatory Conditions -- that the exhibit attached thereto be identified and marked as -- when filed.

COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY: Let's go through all of them, please.

MR. CREECH: Okay. So it is the -- we have the public and confidential versions of the Joint Testimony and then the public and confidential versions of the Amended and

Supplemental Joint Testimony and the exhibits -one exhibit each, both of which were -- are marked Regulatory Conditions.

COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY: Okay. The Prefiled Testimony of the Public Staff's witnesses as amended shall be received into evidence and treated as if given orally from the witness stand, and the exhibits that have been pre-identified will be identified as prefiled.
(Public Staff Joint Panel Exhibit 1 Public and Confidential was identified as it was marked when prefiled.)
(Whereupon, the Prefiled Direct
Testimony of Sonja Johnson, Krishna
Rajeev, and John R. Hinton as
Substituted and Adopted by Michelle
Boswell; and the Prefiled Amended and
Supplemental Testimony of
Sonja Johnson, Krishna Rajeev, and
John R. Hinton as Substituted and
Adopted by Michelle Boswell were copied into the record as if given orally from the stand.)
Q. Please state your name, business address, and present position.
A. My name is Sonja R. Johnson, and my business address is 430 North Salisbury Street, Raleigh, North Carolina. I am the Financial Manager of the Natural Gas and Transportation Section of the Accounting Division of the Public Staff - North Carolina Utilities Commission (Public Staff). My qualifications and experience are provided in Appendix A.
Q. Please state your name, business address, and present position.
A. My name is Krishna K. Rajeev, and my business address is 430 North Salisbury Street, Raleigh, North Carolina. I am the Director of the Transportation Rates Division of the Public Staff. My qualifications and experience are provided in Appendix \(B\).
Q. Please state your name, business address, and present position.
A. My name is John R. Hinton, and my business address is 430 North Salisbury Street, Raleigh, North Carolina. I am the Director of the Economic Research Division of the Public Staff. My qualifications and experience are provided in Appendix C .
Q. Please describe the purpose of your testimony in this proceeding.
A. The purpose of our testimony is to present the results of the Public Staff's investigation of the application filed on July 14, 2022 (Application), by Bald Head Island Transportation, Inc. (BHIT), and Bald Head Island Ferry Transportation, LLC (BHIFT) (collectively, with BHIT, the Applicants), pursuant to N.C. Gen. Stat. § 62-111 for approval: (1) to transfer BHIT's Common Carrier Certificate to BHIFT, in order to operate the passenger ferry transportation services to and from Bald Head Island and the tram services on the island (the Transfer); and (2) for BHIFT or SharpVue Capital, LLC (SharpVue), to pledge assets and borrow or issue debt pursuant to N.C.G.S. §§ 62-160 and 62-161 as may be necessary to finance the Transfer (the Pledging of Assets, and collectively with the Transfer, the Proposed Transaction).

In our testimony, we describe the scope of the Public Staff's investigation of the Proposed Transaction; discuss the balancing of costs and benefits of the Proposed Transaction; describe the primary reasons for and major provisions of the Regulatory Conditions recommended by the Public Staff, which are attached hereto as Exhibit 1 (Regulatory Conditions); and present the Public Staff's recommendation to the Commission regarding the approval of the Proposed Transaction.

\section*{Q. Please describe the Public Staff's investigation.}
A. The Public Staff reviewed the Application to assess potential costs and benefits and service-related aspects of the Proposed Transaction and analyzed the complex and multiple levels of business entities in the proposed ownership chain and management above BHIFT. Our investigation included written data requests, review of the responses to those data requests as well as the responses to other parties' data requests, a site visit, conversations with representatives of intervenors and the Applicants and intervenors, review of the testimony from the public witness hearing on November 1, 2022, review of the consumer statement positions filed in Docket No. A-41, Sub 22CS, and additional conversations with users of the BHIT utility.

\section*{Q. Why is it important to identify and balance the costs and benefits of the Proposed Transaction?}
A. N.C.G.S. § 62-111(a) provides that "no franchise now existing . . . shall be sold . . . except after application to and written approval by the Commission, which approval shall be given if justified by the public convenience and necessity."

As explained in the Order Approving Merger Subject to Regulatory Conditions and Code of Conduct issued September 29, 2016, in Docket Nos. E-2, Sub 1095, E-7, Sub 1100, and G-9, Sub 682 (Duke/Piedmont Merger Order):

In prior merger proceedings the Commission has established a three-part test for determining whether a proposed utility merger is justified by the public convenience and necessity. That test is (1) whether the merger would have an adverse impact on the rates and services provided by the merging utilities; (2) whether ratepayers would be protected as much as possible from potential costs and risks of the merger; and (3) whether the merger would result in sufficient benefits to offset potential costs and risks. See Order Approving Merger Subject to Regulatory Conditions and Code of Conduct (Duke/Progress Merger Order), issued June 29, 2012, in Docket Nos. E-2, Sub 998 and E-7, Sub 986, aff'd, In re Duke Energy Corp., 232 N.C. App. 573, 755 S.E.2d 382 (2014). These questions are related to one another and together establish a reasoned framework upon which utility mergers may be evaluated. In making these assessments, the Commission has also examined factors such as whether service quality will be maintained or improved, the extent to which costs can be lowered and rates can be maintained or reduced, and whether effective regulation of the merging utilities will be maintained. See Order Approving Merger and Issuance of Securities, issued April 22, 1997, in Docket No. E-7, Sub 596.

Duke/Piedmont Merger Order, p. 68.

The Public Staff believes the Commission's three-part test for determining whether a proposed merger is justified is also appropriate in determining the appropriateness of the Proposed Transfer.

\section*{Q. Please describe BHIT's operations.}
A. BHIT provides ferry transportation of passengers between the Deep Point passenger terminal in Southport to Bald Head Island in Brunswick County, and related tram services on the island. BHIT
began providing service in 1988 and was granted a Common Carrier Certificate on January 6, 1995. BHIT's ferry and tram services require approximately 65 full-time employees and 20 additional parttime staff during the summer months.

\section*{Q. Please describe the Proposed Transaction.}
A. The Asset Purchase Agreement (APA) for the Proposed Transaction (attached as Confidential Exhibit E to the Application) provides for the sale of BHIT's regulated ferry and tram assets as well as other assets owned by BHIL related to parking, barge operations, real estate, and intellectual property at a purchase price of \(\$ 67.2\) million to entities wholly owned by Pelican Legacy Holdings, LLC (Holdings).

As depicted in the organizational chart on Exhibit \(B\) to the Application, BHIFT is the sub-entity of Holdings that will acquire BHIT's assets, the regulated passenger ferry and tram operations.

As indicated in Confidential Exhibit \(F\) to the Application, the acquisition is proposed to be financed with [BEGIN CONFIDENTIAL] [END CONFIDENTIAL] of equity capital and [BEGIN CONFIDENTIAL]

CONFIDENTIAL] of debt. Thus, the financing structure is comprised of approximately [BEGIN CONFIDENTIAL]
[END

CONFIDENTIAL] common equity and [BEGIN CONFIDENTIAL] [END CONFIDENTIAL] debt.

BHIFT indicated in its Application and testimony that there are no immediate plans to change rates, terms, or conditions of service; management; or operational structure, with no significant changes in the number of employees and staff. (Application paragraph 16, pp. 5-6, paragraph 19, pp. 6-7) Furthermore, representatives of BHIFT have committed not to pursue an acquisition adjustment in a future rate case.
Q. Please describe issues of ownership, management, and control relating to the Proposed Transaction.

\section*{Application}
A. At the time of the Application, and as generally shown in Application Exhibit B, BHIFT's [BEGIN CONFIDENTIAL] [END CONFIDENTIAL] Holdings. Holdings' [BEGIN
CONFIDENTIAL]
CONFIDENTIAL] SVC Pelican Partners, LLC (Partners); and
Partners' [BEGIN CONFIDENTIAL]
[END CONFIDENTIAL] SharpVue \({ }^{1}\). Therefore, at the time of filing

\footnotetext{
\({ }^{1}\) SharpVue was founded in 2016. SharpVue was previously an arm of Curi, formerly known as Medical Mutual. In 2019, Lee Roberts and partner Douglas Vaughn spun SharpVue off into its own investment management firm. Roberts previously served as State Budget Director and worked with Piedmont Community Bank Holdings, Cherokee Investment Partners, and Morgan Stanley. Vaughn previously served in senior
}

Proposed Organizational Structure


As depicted in Exhibit B, BHIFT proposed that SharpVue execute an "Investment Management Agreement" (IMA) \({ }^{3}\) with Partners and Holdings for, among other things, management of the regulated passenger ferry and tram assets of BHIFT. (BHIFT Response to PS DR 2, Item 7) In support of the proposal, BHIFT indicated that such
management with Triangle Capital Corp. and as President of VIETRI, Inc., among other key prior experience. www.sharpvuecapital.com
\({ }^{2}\) It is the Public Staff's understanding that, at present, SharpVue [BEGIN CONFIDENTIAL] [END CONFIDENTIAL] Partners, though
Partners
[BEGIN CONFIDENTIAL]
CONFIDENTIAL] Holdings, and Holdings
[BEGIN CONFIDENTIAL] \(\square\) [END [END CONFIDENTIAL] BHIFT.
\({ }^{3}\) BHIFT provided to the Public Staff a Confidential copy of the draft IMA entitled "Management Agreement," and indicated that it is subject to revision prior to closing. (BHIFT Response to PS DR 2, Item 7)

\footnotetext{
\({ }^{4}\) BHIFT has indicated, in response to PS DR 2, Item 8:
"We anticipate that Bald Head Island Ferry Transportation, LLC will be the employer for current employees of the Ferry Operations and Tram Operations. We anticipate that Chad Paul and Shirley Mayfield will provide management services to all subsidiaries of Pelican Legacy Holdings, LLC (including Bald Head Island Ferry Transportation, LLC), and may have employment agreements with Pelican Legacy Holdings, LLC. This is beneficial to ratepayers in that it maintains the current structure employed by BHIL/BHIT, which has not historically resulted in any stated concern by any party, the Public Staff or the Commission. This safeguards ratepayers because the employees they interact with regarding the ferry and tram will be employed by the entity holding the certificate for the ferry and tram operation - and thus will not be confused about who they are dealing with and the Commission will have jurisdiction over the regulated utility, BHIFT."
}


\section*{[END CONFIDENTIAL]} The above organizational structure depicts in greater detail BHIFT's proposed ownership and management structure contemplated for closing. As part of its investigation, the Public Staff learned that, at transaction closing, SharpVue will no longer be a member of Partners, \({ }^{5}\) and therefore, will no longer be the ultimate parent company of Partners, Holdings, and BHIFT. Additionally, the Public Staff learned that, at closing, Partners [BEGIN CONFIDENTIAL] \(\square\)
\({ }^{5}\) In its updated organizational structure, SharpVue indicates that it [BEGIN CONFIDENTIAL] \(\square \square \square \square \square\) ■ \(\square\) ■ \(\square\) CONFIDENTIAL] As a result, BHIFT indicated to the Public Staff that it does not consider either SharpVue or Partners to be the ultimate parent company of BHIFT. (BHIFT Response to PS DR 2, Items 5 and 6) Rather, while BHIFT will still be wholly owned by Holdings, Holdings will be comprised of various investors that include Partners, [BEGIN CONFIDENTIAL]
[END CONFIDENTIAL] The Public Staff learned that Partners is (and upon closing will continue to be), along with Lee Roberts and Chad Paul, one of the three initial Managers on the Board of Managers of Holdings, such that Partners will be the sole entity with both ownership and management over Holdings and BHIFT. (BHIFT Response to PS DR 2, Item 9) However, by virtue of the above-described IMA, Partners' management rights in Holdings will be assigned for the term of the IMA to SharpVue. (BHIFT Response to PS DR 5, Item 3) This arrangement results in Lee Roberts and Douglas Vaughn, the Managing Partners of SharpVue, owning or controlling over \(50 \%\) of the equity ownership interests in Holdings, and, therefore, a controlling interest in or over BHIFT's regulated passenger ferry and tram operations. (BHIFT Response to PS DR 4, Item 1).

However, while the updated organizational structure has been provided, BHIFT indicated that, beyond the unexecuted IMA and key employee agreements, various closing-related documents are not yet complete, such that the Public Staff cannot confirm all proposed aspects of the Transfer.

In light of all the foregoing, in particular the intertwined issues of ownership, management, and control, the Public Staff requires that in addition to binding Holdings and BHIFT to the Regulatory Conditions discussed later in our testimony, SharpVue and entities under common ownership or control of SharpVue and its principals Lee Roberts and Douglas Vaughn each be bound as well.
Q. Please discuss the source of debt capital and the proposed Pledging of Assets.
A. With the help of SharpVue, Holdings plans to obtain its long-term debt from [BEGIN CONFIDENTIAL]
[END CONFIDENTIAL] whereby the ferry and the tram assets will be pledged. [BEGIN CONFIDENTIAL] CONFIDENTIAL] that will be available to fund future capital needs. The Public Staff has been informed by BHIFT that at this time [BEGIN CONFIDENTIAL]
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CONFIDENTIAL] BHIFT anticipates closing the sale and loan transaction shortly after issuance of a Commission Order, if any, approving the Transfer.
Q. Please provide additional detail on the investors of equity capital.
A. As depicted in the updated organizational structure above, the equity investors in Holdings will be comprised of Partners, [BEGIN CONFIDENTIAL] \(\square \square \square \square\)


The Public Staff learned from BHIFT that investors have started making initial contributions towards their planned investment amounts, and that a capital call for the remaining capital will be made in advance of closing. BHIFT contends that the penalties embedded within the operating agreement for Holdings ensures that the remaining capital will be provided.

\section*{Q. What are the benefits of the Transfer?}
A. The existing owners indicated through their representatives that they are no longer interested in owning or further investing in the Bald Head Island ferry operations. BHIFT's proposed purchase with retention of key managers and employees allows for an orderly
transition from BHIT and for ratepayers. Additionally, BHIFT indicated it will "spend the first year after the purchase communicating with stakeholders and evaluating the current operations in more detail and . . . look[ing] for opportunities to improve service and make any needed investments over time." (Roberts Direct Testimony, p. 6) \({ }^{6}\) The Public Staff believes that Holdings and BHIFT will be adequately capitalized and supported by owners with significant investment experience and owner-managers Lee Roberts and Douglas Vaughn with access to sufficient capital. Additionally, BHIFT agreed to continue to provide for adequate and reasonably priced parking. \({ }^{7}\)

\footnotetext{
\({ }^{6}\) Also, in BHIFT Response to PS DR 2 ("General Metrics for Ferry \& Tram Operations"), Item 1, BHIFT indicated that:
"The due diligence reports contracted by and provided to the Bald Head Island Transportation Authority, including the analysis by Mercator, and reviewed by its finance and bond advisors, all consistently found that the transportation system has been well run, and that its assets have been well maintained. Our own due diligence confirmed these conclusions. SharpVue has not yet developed its own independent maintenance and replacement schedules for ferry and tram operating assets. Related to ferry operation, we do think steps can be taken to improve system operations. A starting point would be improved information technology, that would allow reservations and electronic ticketing. We also believe that-once the ownership of the system is settled and the sale to SharpVue has closed-we will be able to more effectively address employee hiring, training, and retention issues. 2023 will be the first full calendar year that the new baggage policies approved by the Commission in Docket A-41, Sub 20 will be in place, and we are hopeful that, with better public understanding of those policies, baggage handling will improve, which hopefully should improve on-time performance. But, as we stated in our verified Application, we will also evaluate how to improve baggage handling operations, and when and how to replace the next ferry in the fleet that may be approaching obsolescence. SharpVue will evaluate ferry and tram operations during the first year and may develop new or revised maintenance and replacement schedules if it determines these are necessary."
\({ }^{7}\) For example, in SharpVue Response to PS DR 2, Item 4, SharpVue indicated that:
"After closing the transaction, SharpVue intends to continue the parking operations without significant or immediate change. SharpVue understands that the current parking rates are outlined on BHIL/IT 000719. SharpVue understands this document was
}
Q. What is the Public Staff's recommendation with regard to the Proposed Transaction?
A. The Public Staff recommends that the Proposed Transaction be approved, subject to [BEGIN CONFIDENTIAL]
\(\square\) - [END OF CONFIDENTIAL] and consummation of the Proposed Transaction as described above and subject to the provisions of the Regulatory Conditions described below. These Public Staff conditions together with the abovedescribed plans of BHIFT (with respect to employees, parking, operations, and services) guard against adverse impacts on rates and services, assure that the benefits of the Proposed Transaction outweigh its costs, and protect customers from risks and costs as much as possible consistent with the requirements of the three-part test.
Q. Please explain the primary reasons for, and the major provisions of the Regulatory Conditions recommended by the Public Staff.
A. As a result of its investigation, the Public Staff developed its recommended Regulatory Conditions, which we believe are necessary to ensure that the Proposed Transaction is justified by the
public convenience and necessity and serves the public interest. The following is a description of the major provisions of our recommended Regulatory Conditions:

\section*{Applicability of the Regulatory Conditions}

The Regulatory Conditions apply jointly and severally to SharpVue, SharpVue Affiliates (defined as Partners, [BEGIN CONFIDENTIAL] \(\square \square\)
[END CONFIDENTIAL], Holdings, and BHIFT and their successors.

\section*{Requirements of the Entities}

The Regulatory Conditions set forth the requirements the Public Staff believes are necessary to be imposed on SharpVue, SharpVue Affiliates, Holdings, and BHIFT to protect the public interest. Each entity would further be required not to cause any other entity among them to violate the Regulatory Conditions, nor to prevent the other entities from taking action to comply with the Regulatory Conditions, for so long as the Regulatory Conditions would remain in effect and would be applicable to SharpVue, SharpVue Affiliates, Holdings, and BHIFT.

These Regulatory Conditions are primarily designed to protect ratepayers as much as reasonably possible from potential costs and risks associated with the Transfer. Regulatory Conditions 1 through
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3 provide that all transfer-related direct costs and expenses will be excluded from the regulated expenses of BHIFT, and that the recovery of an acquisition adjustment will not be allowed in any future rate case.

Regulatory Condition 4 relates to adequate and reasonably price parking services for ferry customers. Regulatory Condition 5 requires that for future general rate cases, an appropriate level of parking revenue shall be imputed in the setting of just and reasonable rates for BHIFT on a level that is consistent with the prior general rate case.

Regulatory Condition 6 is a general condition that the owners and Managers of BHIFT be required to take actions to hold customers harmless from the effects of the Transfer. The Condition provides that BHIFT shall continue to fulfill the requirement that it provide safe and reliable utility service at reasonable rates.

Regulatory Conditions 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, and 12 relate to financial management. Condition 7 prohibits BHIFT from paying any distribution in excess of \(80 \%\) of BHIFT's net income, and Regulatory Condition 8 ensures that BHIFT will maintain \(40 \%\) of its booked capitalization will be maintained as common equity. The Public Staff believes that a \(40 \%\) equity ratio should be maintained to ensure the regulated utility's ongoing financial viability. Regulatory Condition 9
ensures that the Commission will be informed if SharpVue, SharpVue Affiliates, or Holdings makes any investment in a business entity that constitutes \(10 \%\) or more of the booked capitalization of BHIFT. Regulatory Condition 10 ensures that the Commission is notified if SharpVue, SharpVue Affiliates, Holdings, or BHIFT experiences a default on an obligation or files for bankruptcy. Regulatory Condition 11 requires that the intercompany loan between BHIL and BHIT as reported on BHIT's financial statement of December 31, 2021, shall not be binding upon Holdings and BHIFT. (SharpVue Response to PS DR 3, Item 5) \({ }^{8}\) This requirement applies to any subsequent indebtedness through the consummation of the Transfer. Regulatory Condition 12 provides that Holdings and BHIFT shall file with the Commission post-closing financial information and provide closing-related documents to the Public Staff.

\footnotetext{
8 With respect to Application Exhibit A, ("Bald Head Island Transportation, Inc. Financial Report December 31, 2021"), Note 9, regarding "Company owes Limited \(\$ 19,808,228\) at December 31, 2021. There is no agreement, terms, or expiration on the loan," SharpVue has indicated on behalf of BHIFT that:
"(a) SharpVue understands that this is an intracompany loan between separate legal entities, Bald Head Island Limited, LLC and Bald Head Island Transportation, Inc., which are ultimately under common ownership.
(b) SharpVue is not aware of any related filing with the North Carolina Utilities Commission or subsequent approval by the North Carolina Utilities Commission.
(c) SharpVue's transaction is structured as an acquisition of assets. SharpVue will not assume any debt, including this "loan," from Bald Head Island Transportation, Inc. As a result, this "loan" will not be part of Bald Head Island Ferry Transportation, LLC's capital structure, and will not be included in a future general rate case."
JOINT TESTIMONY OF SONJA R. JOHNSON,
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}

Regulatory Conditions 13 through 22 address various regulatory and service quality concerns that further provide for safe, reliable transportation, and parking at reasonable rates consistent with current practices.
Q. Does this conclude your testimony?
A. Yes.

\title{
Appendix A \\ QUALIFICATIONS AND EXPERIENCE
}

\author{
SONJA R. JOHNSON
}

I am a graduate of North Carolina State University with a Bachelor of Science and Master of Science degree in Accounting. I was employed by the Public Staff from December 2002 until May 2004 and rejoined the Public Staff in January 2006. I became the Financial Manager for Natural Gas and Transportation in May 2022.

As a Financial Manager, I am responsible for the performance and supervision of the following activities: (1) the examination and analysis of testimony, exhibits, books and records, and other data presented by utilities and other parties under the jurisdiction of the Commission or involved in Commission proceedings; and (2) the preparation and presentation to the Commission of testimony, exhibits, and other documents in those proceedings.

Since initially joining the Public Staff in December 2002, I have filed testimony or affidavits in several water and sewer general rate cases. I have also filed testimony in applications for certificates of public convenience and necessity to construct water and sewer systems and noncontiguous
extension of existing systems. My experience also includes filing affidavits in several fuel cost recovery cases and Renewable Energy and Energy Efficiency Portfolio Standard (REPS) cost recovery cases for the utilities currently organized as Duke Energy Carolinas, LLC, Duke Energy Progress, LLC, and Virginia Electric and Power Company d/b/a Dominion Energy North Carolina.

While away from the Public Staff, I was employed by Clifton Gunderson,
LLP. My duties included the performance of cost report audits of nursing homes, hospitals, federally qualified health centers, intermediate care facilities for the mentally handicapped, residential treatment centers and health centers.

\section*{Appendix B}

\title{
QUALIFICATIONS AND EXPERIENCE
}

\author{
KRISHNA K. RAJEEV
}

I received a Bachelor of Arts degree in Business from the University of Iowa in 2011. I joined the Public Staff in October 2011 as a consumer complaint analyst and was promoted to the Transportation Rates Division in November 2013 as a rate specialist. Since August 2017, I have served as the Director of the Transportation Rates Division.

The Transportation Rates Division oversees household goods movers, regular route motor carriers of passengers, ferry-boat operators, and accordingly maintains the rates and service schedules for the Bald Head Island ferry. I have investigated and addressed consumer complaints regarding the Bald Head Island Transportation (BHIT) utility. I have testified in front of the Commission in various Transportation industry matters, including the amendment of BHIT's service schedules in Docket No. A-41, Sub 18, and BHIT's modification of baggage policies in Docket No. A-41, Sub 20.

\title{
Appendix C \\ QUALIFICATIONS AND EXPERIENCE
}

JOHN R. HINTON
I received a Bachelor of Science degree in Economics from the University of North Carolina at Wilmington in 1980 and a Master of Economics degree from North Carolina State University in 1983. I joined the Public Staff in May of 1985. I filed testimony on the long-range electrical forecast in Docket No. E-100, Sub 50. In 1986, 1989, and 1992, I developed the long-range forecasts of peak demand for electricity in North Carolina. I filed testimony on electricity weather normalization in Docket Nos. E-7, Sub 620, E-2, Sub 833, and E-7, Sub 989. I filed testimony the level of funding for nuclear decommissioning costs in Docket Nos. E-2, Sub 1023; E-7, Sub 1026, and E-7, Sub 1146. I have filed testimony on the Integrated Resource Plans (IRPs) filed in Docket No. E-100, Subs 114 and 125, and I have reviewed numerous peak demand and energy sales forecasts and the resource expansion plans filed in electric utilities' annual IRPs and IRP updates.

I have been the lead analyst for the Public Staff in numerous avoided cost proceedings, filing testimony in Docket No. E-100, Subs 106, 136, 140, 148, and 158. I filed a Statement of Position in the arbitration case involving

EPCOR and Progress Energy Carolinas in Docket No. E-2, Sub 966. I have filed testimony regarding avoided costs related to the cost recovery of energy efficiency programs and demand side management programs in Dockets Nos. E-7, Sub 1032, E-7, Sub 1130, E-2, Sub 1145, and E-2, Sub 1174.

I have filed testimony on the issuance of certificates of public convenience and necessity (CPCN) in Docket Nos. E-2, Sub 669, SP-132, Sub 0, E-7, Sub 790, E-7, Sub 791, and E-7, Sub 1134.

I filed testimony on the merger of Dominion Energy, Inc. and SCANA Corp. in Docket Nos. E-22, Sub 551, and G-5, Sub 585.

I have filed testimony on the issue of fair rate of return in Docket Nos. E22, Subs 333, 412, and 532; P-26, Sub 93; P-12, Sub 89; G-21, Sub 293; P31, Sub 125; P-100, Sub 133b; P-100, Sub 133d (1997 and 2002); G-21, Sub 442; G-5, Subs 327, 386; and 632; G-9, Subs 351, 382, 722 and Sub 781, G-39, Sub 47, W-778, Sub 31; W-218, Subs 319, 497, 526 and 573; W-354, Subs 360; 364, 384, and 400 and in several smaller water utility rate cases. I have filed testimony on credit metrics and the risk of a downgrade in Docket No. E-7, Sub 1146.

I have filed testimony on the hedging of natural gas prices in Docket No. E-2, Subs 1001, 1018, and 1292. I have filed testimony on the expansion of natural gas in Docket No. G-5, Subs 337 and 372. I performed the financial
analysis in the two audit reports on Mid-South Water Systems, Inc., Docket No. W-100, Sub 21. I testified in the application to transfer the CPCN from North Topsail Water and Sewer, Inc. to Utilities, Inc., in Docket No. W-1000, Sub 5. I have filed testimony on rainfall normalization with respect of water sales in Docket No. W-274, Sub 160.

I was a member of the Small Systems Working Group that reported to the National Drinking Water Advisory Council with the EPA and I have published an article in the National Regulatory Research Institute's Quarterly Bulletin entitled Evaluating Water Utility Financial Capacity.
Q. Please state your name, business address, and present position.
A. My name is Sonja R. Johnson, and my business address is 430 North Salisbury Street, Raleigh, North Carolina. I am the Financial Manager of the Natural Gas and Transportation Section of the Accounting Division of the Public Staff - North Carolina Utilities Commission (Public Staff). My qualifications and experience are provided in Appendix A.
Q. Please state your name, business address, and present position.
A. My name is Krishna K. Rajeev, and my business address is 430 North Salisbury Street, Raleigh, North Carolina. I am the Director of the Transportation Rates Division of the Public Staff. My qualifications and experience are provided in Appendix \(B\).
Q. Please state your name, business address, and present position.
A. My name is John R. Hinton, and my business address is 430 North Salisbury Street, Raleigh, North Carolina. I am the Director of the Economic Research Division of the Public Staff. My qualifications and experience are provided in Appendix C .
Q. Please describe the purpose of your amended and supplemental testimony in this proceeding.
A. The purpose of our amended and supplemental testimony is to present the results of the Public Staff's investigation of the original application filed on July 14, 2022, by Bald Head Island Transportation, Inc. (BHIT) and Bald Head Island Ferry Transportation, LLC (BHIFT), a wholly owned subsidiary of Pelican Legacy Holdings, LLC (Holdings), and managed by SharpVue Capital, LLC (SharpVue), as well as the Amended Application filed on January 24, 2023 (as amended, the Application) by BHIT, BHIFT, and Bald Head Island Limited LLC (BHIL and collectively, with BHIT and BHIFT, the Applicants), pursuant to N.C. Gen. Stat. § 62-111 for approval to transfer BHIT's Common Carrier Certificate to BHIFT to operate the passenger ferry transportation services to and from Bald Head Island, the tram services on the island, and, in addition, the parking, barge, and tug operations (collectively, the Transportation Assets) (the Transfer).

We also present the results of our investigation of the request for BHIFT or SharpVue, to pledge assets and borrow or issue debt, pursuant to N.C.G.S. \(\S \S 62-160\) and \(62-161\), secured by the Transportation Assets as may be necessary to finance the Transfer (the Pledging of Assets, and collectively with the Transfer, the

Proposed Transaction). In our amended and supplemental testimony, we describe the scope of the Public Staff's investigation of the Proposed Transaction; discuss the balancing of costs and benefits of the Proposed Transaction; and present the Public Staff's recommendation to the Commission regarding approval of the Proposed Transaction.

Finally, we describe the basis for, and major provisions of, the Regulatory Conditions recommended by the Public Staff, which are attached hereto as Exhibit 1 (Regulatory Conditions).

\section*{Q. Please describe the Public Staff's investigation.}
A. The Public Staff reviewed the Application to assess potential costs and benefits and service-related aspects of the Proposed Transaction and analyzed the complex and multiple levels of business entities in the proposed ownership chain and management above BHIFT. Our investigation included written data requests, review of the responses to those data requests as well as the responses to other parties' data requests, a site visit, conversations with the parties, review of the testimony from the public witness hearing on November 1, 2022, review of the consumer statement positions filed in Docket No. A-41, Sub 22CS, and additional conversations with customers of the utility.
Q. Why is it important to identify and balance the costs and benefits of the Proposed Transaction?
A. North Carolina Gen. Stat. § 62-111(a) provides that "no franchise now existing . . . shall be sold . . . except after application to and written approval by the Commission, which approval shall be given if justified by the public convenience and necessity."

As explained in the Order Approving Merger Subject to Regulatory Conditions and Code of Conduct issued September 29, 2016, in Docket Nos. E-2, Sub 1095; E-7, Sub 1100; and G-9, Sub 682 (Duke/Piedmont Merger Order):

In prior merger proceedings the Commission has established a three-part test for determining whether a proposed utility merger is justified by the public convenience and necessity. That test is (1) whether the merger would have an adverse impact on the rates and services provided by the merging utilities; (2) whether ratepayers would be protected as much as possible from potential costs and risks of the merger; and (3) whether the merger would result in sufficient benefits to offset potential costs and risks. See Order Approving Merger Subject to Regulatory Conditions and Code of Conduct (Duke/Progress Merger Order), issued June 29, 2012, in Docket Nos. E-2, Sub 998 and E-7, Sub 986, aff'd, In re Duke Energy Corp., 232 N.C. App. 573, 755 S.E.2d 382 (2014). These questions are related to one another and together establish a reasoned framework upon which utility mergers may be evaluated. In making these assessments, the Commission has also examined factors such as whether service quality will be maintained or improved, the extent to which costs can be lowered and rates can be maintained or reduced, and whether effective regulation of the merging utilities will be maintained. See

Order Approving Merger and Issuance of Securities, issued April 22, 1997, in Docket No. E-7, Sub 596.

Duke/Piedmont Merger Order, at 68.

The Public Staff believes the Commission's three-part test for determining whether a proposed merger is justified by the public convenience and necessity is also applicable in determining the appropriateness of the proposed Transfer.

\section*{Q. Please describe BHIT's and BHIL's operations.}
A. BHIT provides ferry transportation of passengers and BHIL provides barge and tug transportation between the Deep Point Marina in Southport to Bald Head Island in Brunswick County, related BHIL parking operations on the mainland, and BHIT tram services on the island. BHIT began providing service in 1988 and was granted a Common Carrier Certificate on January 6, 1995. The mainland and island terminals are owned by BHIL and rented to BHIT by lease dated January 1, 2006, and amended January 1, 2011 (as amended, the Terminal Lease), for consecutive five year terms, "unless either party objects to the renewal prior to the expiration of the term or any extension thereof, or unless earlier terminated as provided herein." Pelican Real Property, LLC, another wholly owned subsidiary of Holdings, would acquire BHIL's non-regulated real property assets under the Asset Purchase Agreement (as amended, APA) and as
such, would become BHIFT's successor lessor for the Terminal Lease. The Terminal Lease does not cover now-regulated parking, barge, or tug operations, and there is not yet a similar long-term lease or perpetual easement or other arrangement to ensure ownership or control for those operations.

\section*{Q. Please describe the Proposed Transaction.}
A. The APA for the Proposed Transaction (attached as Confidential Exhibit E to the Application) provides for the sale of BHIT's regulated ferry and tram assets, BHIL's parking, barge, and tug assets, and other assets owned by BHIL related to real estate, intellectual property, and supplemental assets, at a purchase price of \(\$ 67.2\) million to entities wholly owned by Holdings.

As depicted in the organizational chart on Exhibit \(B\) to the Application, BHIFT is the sub-entity of Holdings that will acquire BHIL's and BHIT's regulated assets.

As indicated in Confidential Exhibit \(F\) to the Application, the acquisition is proposed to be financed with [BEGIN CONFIDENTIAL] [END CONFIDENTIAL] of equity capital and [BEGIN CONFIDENTIAL]

CONFIDENTIAL] common equity and [BEGIN CONFIDENTIAL] [END CONFIDENTIAL] debt.

BHIFT indicated in its Application and testimony that there are no immediate plans to change rates, terms, or conditions of service; management; or operational structure or to make any significant changes in the number of employees and staff. (Application \(\mathbb{T} T 20\) and 21, at 5-6, ๆ19, at 6-7, IT 30, at 10)

The Proposed Transaction is impacted, however, by a "Right of First Refusal" (ROFR) dated August 21, 1999, from BHIT and BHIL to the Village of Bald Head Island (Village). BHIL and BHIT have filed a Complaint against the Village in Brunswick County Superior Court for adjudication of the merits and status of the ROFR. \({ }^{1}\) The timing and outcome of the litigation could impact the Proposed Transaction, namely the ability of BHIL and BHIT to sell their regulated assets and the ability of any proposed purchaser to obtain real property title insurance and therefore, financing, as part of any acquisition. \({ }^{2}\)
\({ }^{1}\) A copy of the Complaint (including the ROFR) is attached to the Village's abeyance motion filed in this docket on February 3, 2023.
\({ }^{2}\) See Complaint ๆ1 53: Sharp Vue has represented to Plaintiffs that it is ready, willing, and able to close the Transaction, and that its lender stands ready to finance the Transaction once title insurance is in place. Sharp Vue, in consultation with Transportation and Limited, repeatedly sought a commitment of title insurance to accompany its purchase and financing of the Transaction but has been unable to secure such policy because of the Village's continued claims that the ROFR is valid and should remain part of the public record. SharpVue in tum has informed Plaintiffs that it may not close the Transaction without title insurance.

\section*{Application}
Q. Please describe issues of ownership, management, and control relating to the Proposed Transaction.
A. At the time of the Application, and as generally shown in Application

Exhibit B and the figure below, \({ }^{3}\) BHIFT's [BEGIN CONFIDENTIAL]
[END CONFIDENTIAL] Holdings.
Holdings' [BEGIN CONFIDENTIAL]
[END CONFIDENTIAL] SVC Pelican Partners, LLC (Partners), and Partners' [BEGIN CONFIDENTIAL]
[END CONFIDENTIAL] SharpVue \({ }^{4}\). Therefore, at the time of filing the Application, SharpVue [BEGIN CONFIDENTIAL]
[END CONFIDENTIAL] BHIFT,
Holdings, and Partners. \({ }^{5}\)

\footnotetext{
\({ }^{3}\) Representatives of BHIFT have informed the Public Staff that Exhibit B will be updated (via correction to the Application or in rebuttal testimony) to again include Pelican Logistics, LLC, as contemplated in the APA, which is wholly owned by Holdings and will own supplemental assets that are not real property or intellectual property (IP).

4 SharpVue was founded in 2016. SharpVue was previously an arm of Curi, formerly known as Medical Mutual. In 2019, Lee Roberts and partner Douglas Vaughn spun SharpVue off into its own investment management firm. Roberts previously served as State Budget Director and worked with Piedmont Community Bank Holdings, Cherokee Investment Partners, and Morgan Stanley. Vaughn previously served in senior management with Triangle Capital Corp. and as President of VIETRI, Inc., among other key prior experience. www.sharpvuecapital.com

5 It is the Public Staff's understanding that, at present, SharpVue [BEGIN CONFIDENTIAL] [END CONFIDENTIAL] Partners, though
Partners [BEGIN CONFIDENTIAL]
[END
CONFIDENTIAL] Holdings, and Holdings [BEGIN CONFIDENTIAL] [END CONFIDENTIAL] BHIFT.
}

\section*{Proposed Organizational Structure}

Exhibit B to the Amended Application under Sub 22 as of 2/16/2023


As depicted in Exhibit B, BHIFT proposed that SharpVue execute an Investment Management Agreement (IMA) \({ }^{6}\) with Partners and Holdings whereby SharpVue would among other things, manage the regulated parking, ferry, barge, tug, and tram assets of BHIFT. In support of the proposal, BHIFT indicated in response to discovery that such an agreement is "commonly used in the financial advisory industry" and a "common feature of private equity funds."

As for day-to-day operations, BHIFT indicated that it intends to contract with current management employees of BHIT and BHIL

\footnotetext{
\({ }^{6}\) BHIFT provided a confidential copy of the draft IMA to the Public Staff in discovery and indicated that it is subject to revision prior to closing.
}
operations to continue in current roles and duties \({ }^{7}\) including "Chad" Paul, III, President of BHIT and Chief Executive Officer (CEO) and a Manager of BHIL; Shirley Mayfield, Chief Financial Officer of BHIL; and Captain Bion Stewart, current Chief Operations Officer (COO) of BHIT. (Application II 17, at 7)

In discovery, the Public Staff obtained an updated chart of the organizational structure as shown below:
\({ }^{7}\) BHIFT stated in response to discovery:
We anticipate that Bald Head Island Ferry Transportation, LLC will be the employer for current employees of the Ferry Operations and Tram Operations. We anticipate that Chad Paul and Shirley Mayfield will provide management services to all subsidiaries of Pelican Legacy Holdings, LLC (including Bald Head Island Ferry Transportation, LLC), and may have employment agreements with Pelican Legacy Holdings, LLC. This is beneficial to ratepayers in that it maintains the current structure employed by BHIL/BHIT, which has not historically resulted in any stated concern by any party, the Public Staff or the Commission. This safeguards ratepayers because the employees they interact with regarding the ferry and tram will be employed by the entity holding the certificate for the ferry and tram operation - and thus will not be confused about who they are dealing with and the Commission will have jurisdiction over the regulated utility, BHIFT.
[BEGIN CONFIDENTIAL]

[END CONFIDENTIAL]

The organizational structure illustrated above depicts in greater detail BHIFT's proposed ownership and management structure contemplated for closing. As part of its investigation, the Public Staff learned that, at transaction closing, SharpVue will no longer be a member of Partners, \({ }^{8}\) and therefore, will no longer be the ultimate parent company of Partners, Holdings, and BHIFT. Additionally, the Public Staff learned that, at closing, Partners [BEGIN CONFIDENTIAL]

8 In its updated organizational structure, SharpVue indicates that it [BEGIN CONFIDENTIAL]
[END CONFIDENTIAL] Partners.

[END CONFIDENTIAL] As a result, BHIFT indicated in discovery to the Public Staff that it does not consider either SharpVue or Partners to be the ultimate parent company of BHIFT. Rather, while BHIFT will still be wholly owned by Holdings, Holdings will be comprised of various investors that include Partners, [BEGIN CONFIDENTIAL] \(\square\) \(\square\)
[END CONFIDENTIAL] The Public Staff learned that Partners is (and will continue to be after closing), along with Lee Roberts and Chad Paul, one of the three initial Managers on the Board of Managers of Holdings, such that Partners will be the sole owner and manager of Holdings and BHIFT after closing. However, pursuant to the IMA, Partners' management rights in Holdings will be assigned for the term of the IMA to SharpVue. This arrangement results in Lee Roberts and Douglas Vaughn, the Managing Partners of SharpVue, owning or controlling over \(50 \%\) of the equity ownership interests in Holdings, and, therefore, a controlling interest in BHIFT's regulated parking, ferry, tram, barge, and tug operations.

However, BHIFT indicated that, beyond the unexecuted IMA and key employee agreements, various closing-related documents are not
yet complete, such that the Public Staff cannot confirm all proposed aspects of the Transfer.

In light of all the foregoing, particularly the intertwined issues of ownership, management, and control, the Public Staff requires that, in addition to binding Holdings and BHIFT to the Regulatory Conditions discussed later in our testimony, SharpVue and entities under common ownership or control of SharpVue and its principals Lee Roberts and Douglas Vaughn each be bound as well.
Q. Please discuss the source of debt capital and the proposed Pledging of Assets.
A. With the help of SharpVue, Holdings plans to obtain its long-term debt from [BEGIN CONFIDENTIAL]
[END CONFIDENTIAL] whereby the parking, ferry, barge, tug, and tram assets will be pledged. [BEGIN CONFIDENTIAL] [END CONFIDENTIAL] has also offered to provide a [BEGIN CONFIDENTIAL]

CONFIDENTIAL] that will be available to fund future capital needs.
The Public Staff has been informed by BHIFT and [BEGIN CONFIDENTIAL]


Q. Please provide additional detail on the investors of equity capital.
A. As depicted in the updated organizational structure above, the equity investors in Holdings will be comprised of Partners, [BEGIN CONFIDENTIAL]

[END CONFIDENTIAL]

The Public Staff learned from BHIFT that investors have started making initial contributions towards their planned investment amounts, and that a capital call for the remaining capital will be made in advance of closing. BHIFT contends that the provisions embedded within the investor subscription agreements and operating agreement for Holdings ensure that the remaining capital will be provided.
Q. What are the benefits of the Transfer?
A. The existing owners indicated through their representatives that they are no longer interested in owning or further investing in the Bald will "spend the first year after the purchase communicating with stakeholders and evaluating the current operations in more detail and . . . look[ing] for opportunities to improve service and make any needed investments over time." (Roberts Direct Testimony at 6) \({ }^{9}\) The Public Staff believes that Holdings and BHIFT will be adequately capitalized and supported by owners with significant investment experience and owner-managers Lee Roberts and Douglas Vaughn

\footnotetext{
\({ }^{9}\) In response to discovery, BHIFT indicated that:
The due diligence reports contracted by and provided to the Bald Head Island Transportation Authority, including the analysis by Mercator, and reviewed by its finance and bond advisors, all consistently found that the transportation system has been well run, and that its assets have been well maintained. Our own due diligence confirmed these conclusions. SharpVue has not yet developed its own independent maintenance and replacement schedules for ferry and tram operating assets. Related to ferry operation, we do think steps can be taken to improve system operations. A starting point would be improved information technology, that would allow reservations and electronic ticketing. We also believe that-once the ownership of the system is settled and the sale to SharpVue has closed-we will be able to more effectively address employee hiring, training, and retention issues. 2023 will be the first full calendar year that the new baggage policies approved by the Commission in Docket A-41, Sub 20 will be in place, and we are hopeful that, with better public understanding of those policies, baggage handling will improve, which hopefully should improve on-time performance. But, as we stated in our verified Application, we will also evaluate how to improve baggage handling operations, and when and how to replace the next ferry in the fleet that may be approaching obsolescence. SharpVue will evaluate ferry and tram operations during the first year and may develop new or revised maintenance and replacement schedules if it determines these are necessary.
}
with access to sufficient capital. Additionally, BHIFT has agreed to continue to provide for adequate and reasonably priced parking. \({ }^{10}\)

\section*{Q. What is the Public Staff's recommendation with regard to the} Proposed Transaction?
A. As a result of its investigation, the Public Staff recommends that the Proposed Transaction be approved, subject to the provisions of the Regulatory Conditions described below. These Public Staff conditions, together with the above-described plans of BHIFT (with respect to employees, parking, operations, and services), guard against adverse impacts on rates and services, assure that the benefits of the Proposed Transaction outweigh its costs, and protect customers from risks and costs as much as possible, consistent with the requirements of the three-part test.
Q. Please explain the primary reasons for, and the major provisions of the Regulatory Conditions recommended by the Public Staff.
A. As a result of its investigation, the Public Staff developed its recommended Regulatory Conditions, which we believe are

\footnotetext{
\({ }^{10}\) For example, response to discovery, SharpVue indicated that:
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After closing the transaction, SharpVue intends to continue the parking operations without significant or immediate change. SharpVue understands that the current parking rates are outlined on BHIL/IT 000719. SharpVue understands this document was previously provided to the Public Staff. SharpVue expects that aggregate rates will not rise faster than overall cost inflation.
necessary to ensure that the Proposed Transaction is justified by the public convenience and necessity and serves the public interest. The following is a description of the major provisions of our recommended Regulatory Conditions:

\section*{Applicability of the Regulatory Conditions}

The Regulatory Conditions would apply jointly and severally to SharpVue, SharpVue Affiliates (defined as Partners, [BEGIN CONFIDENTIAL] CONFIDENTIAL], Holdings, and BHIFT and their successors.

\section*{Requirements of the Entities}

The Regulatory Conditions set forth the requirements the Public Staff believes are necessary to be imposed on Holdings, BHIFT, SharpVue, and SharpVue Affiliates to protect the public interest. Each entity would further be required not to cause any other entity among them to violate the Regulatory Conditions, nor to prevent the other entities from taking action to comply with the Regulatory Conditions, for so long as the Regulatory Conditions would remain in effect and would be applicable to Holdings, BHIFT, SharpVue, and SharpVue Affiliates.

These Regulatory Conditions are primarily designed to protect ratepayers as much as reasonably possible from potential costs and risks associated with the Transfer. Regulatory Conditions 1 through 3 provide that all transfer-related direct costs and expenses would be excluded from the regulated expenses of BHIFT, and that the recovery of an acquisition adjustment would not be allowed in any future rate case.

Regulatory Condition 4 relates to parking, barge, and tug rates and operation schedules. Regulatory Condition 5 is a general condition that would require the owners and Managers of BHIFT to take actions to hold customers harmless from the effects of the Transfer. The Condition helps ensure that BHIFT would continue to provide safe and reliable utility service at reasonable rates.

Regulatory Conditions 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, and 11 relate to financial management. Condition 6 would prohibit BHIFT from paying any distribution in excess of \(80 \%\) of BHIFT's net income, and Regulatory Condition 7 would ensure that BHIFT maintains \(40 \%\) of its booked capitalization as common equity, which the Public Staff believes would ensure the regulated utility's ongoing financial viability. Regulatory Condition 8 ensures that the Commission would be informed if SharpVue, SharpVue Affiliates, or Holdings makes any investment in a business entity that constitutes \(10 \%\) or more of the
booked capitalization of BHIFT. Regulatory Condition 9 ensures that the Commission would be notified if SharpVue, SharpVue Affiliates, Holdings, or BHIFT experiences a default on an obligation or files for bankruptcy. Regulatory Condition 10 requires that the intercompany loan between BHIL and BHIT, as reported on BHIT's financial statement of December 31, 2021, would not be binding upon Holdings and BHIFT. \({ }^{11}\) This requirement would apply to any subsequent indebtedness through the consummation of the Transfer. Regulatory Condition 11 provides that Holdings and BHIFT would file with the Commission post-closing financial information and provide closing-related documents to the Public Staff.

Regulatory Conditions 12 through 27 address various regulatory and service quality concerns that would further provide for safe and reliable services at reasonable rates consistent with current

\footnotetext{
\({ }^{11}\) With respect to Application Exhibit A, ("Bald Head Island Transportation, Inc. Financial Report December 31, 2021"), Note 9, regarding the inter-company loan wherein the Company owes Limited \(\$ 19,808,228\) as of December 31, 2021, but there is no agreement, terms, or expiration on the loan. SharpVue has indicated on behalf of BHIFT that:
}
(a) SharpVue understands that this is an intracompany loan between separate legal entities, Bald Head Island Limited, LLC and Bald Head Island Transportation, Inc., which are ultimately under common ownership.
(b) SharpVue is not aware of any related filing with the North Carolina Utilities Commission or subsequent approval by the North Carolina Utilities Commission.
(c) SharpVue's transaction is structured as an acquisition of assets. SharpVue will not assume any debt, including this "loan," from Bald Head Island Transportation, Inc. As a result, this "loan" will not be part of Bald Head Island Ferry Transportation, LLC's capital structure, and will not be included in a future general rate case.
practices. Regulatory Conditions 22 through 26 have been added since the Public Staff's initial testimony, and address vessel maintenance and replacement plans, access for regulated operations on a long-term basis, transfer of supplemental assets not materially impacting customers, approval of subsequent mergers and acquisitions, affiliate transactions, and timing of any future rate case.
Q. Does the Commission decision to regulate parking, barge, and tug operations in Docket No. A-41, Sub 21 change the Public Staff's recommendation as originally filed?
A. While the Public Staff testimony now incorporates aspects of parking, barge, and tug operations, the Public Staff's recommendation that the Transfer be approved subject to the Regulatory Conditions has not changed. However, in the event the decision regarding the utility status of parking, barge, and tug operations is overturned on appeal, a number of issues would need to be revisited, for which parties should be provided the opportunity to file comments and possibly supplemental testimony and Regulatory Conditions. These issues include, but are not limited to, the breadth and applicability of Regulatory Conditions to different or additional entities in general, and especially relating to parking. The Public Staff would request, among other things, that Holdings and

BHIFT ensure the availability of adequate and reasonably priced parking, and that for future general rate cases, an appropriate level of parking revenue be imputed in the setting of just and reasonable rates for BHIFT on a level that is consistent with the prior general rate case.

\section*{Q. Is the Public Staff establishing rate base in this transfer?}
A. No. As discussed in further detail in the Public Staff's Response to the Village's abeyance motion filed in this Docket on February 8, 2023, and as the Commission has already ordered existing rates to remain in effect pending a future rate case, the Public Staff does not believe it is necessary to establish rate base in this proceeding. There have been various instances, such as with Piedmont Natural Gas Company, Inc. (Piedmont) and Duke Energy Corporation (Duke) in Docket Nos. G-9, Sub 682, E-2, Sub 1095, and E-7, Sub 1100, where rate base was not established. The establishment of rate base, to include the addition of parking, barge, and tug assets, should take place in the next general rate case.
Q. Are there any other issues that should be brought to the Commission's attention relating to the Transfer?
A. Yes. In the Transfer, it is not yet clear that the regulated utility (BHIFT) will own the real property upon which the regulated parking, barge, or tug operations are located; instead, it appears that the land

8 Q. Does this conclude your testimony?
9 A. Yes.

\title{
QUALIFICATIONS AND EXPERIENCE
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\author{
SONJA R. JOHNSON
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I am a graduate of North Carolina State University with a Bachelor of Science and Master of Science degree in Accounting. I was employed by the Public Staff from December 2002 until May 2004 and rejoined the Public Staff in January 2006. I became the Financial Manager for Natural Gas and Transportation in May 2022.

As a Financial Manager, I am responsible for the performance and supervision of the following activities: (1) the examination and analysis of testimony, exhibits, books and records, and other data presented by utilities and other parties under the jurisdiction of the Commission or involved in Commission proceedings; and (2) the preparation and presentation to the Commission of testimony, exhibits, and other documents in those proceedings.

Since initially joining the Public Staff in December 2002, I have filed testimony or affidavits in several water and sewer general rate cases. I have
also filed testimony in applications for certificates of public convenience and necessity to construct water and sewer systems and noncontiguous extension of existing systems. My experience also includes filing affidavits in several fuel cost recovery cases and Renewable Energy and Energy Efficiency Portfolio Standard (REPS) cost recovery cases for the utilities currently organized as Duke Energy Carolinas, LLC, Duke Energy Progress, LLC, and Virginia Electric and Power Company d/b/a Dominion Energy North Carolina.

While away from the Public Staff, I was employed by Clifton Gunderson, LLP. My duties included the performance of cost report audits of nursing homes, hospitals, federally qualified health centers, intermediate care facilities for the mentally handicapped, residential treatment centers and health centers.

\section*{QUALIFICATIONS AND EXPERIENCE}

\author{
KRISHNA K. RAJEEV
}

I received a Bachelor of Arts degree in Business from the University of Iowa in 2011. I joined the Public Staff in October 2011 as a consumer complaint analyst and was promoted to the Transportation Rates Division in November 2013 as a rate specialist. Since August 2017, I have served as the Director of the Transportation Rates Division.

The Transportation Rates Division oversees household goods movers, regular route motor carriers of passengers, ferry-boat operators, and accordingly maintains the rates and service schedules for the Bald Head Island ferry. I have investigated and addressed consumer complaints regarding the Bald Head Island Transportation (BHIT) utility. I have testified in front of the Commission in various Transportation industry matters, including the amendment of BHIT's service schedules in Docket No. A-41, Sub 18, and BHIT's modification of baggage policies in Docket No. A-41, Sub 20.

\title{
QUALIFICATIONS AND EXPERIENCE
}

JOHN R. HINTON

I received a Bachelor of Science degree in Economics from the University of North Carolina at Wilmington in 1980 and a Master of Economics degree from North Carolina State University in 1983. I joined the Public Staff in May of 1985. I filed testimony on the long-range electrical forecast in Docket No. E-100, Sub 50. In 1986, 1989, and 1992, I developed the long-range forecasts of peak demand for electricity in North Carolina. I filed testimony on electricity weather normalization in Docket Nos. E-7, Sub 620, E-2, Sub 833, and E-7, Sub 989. I filed testimony the level of funding for nuclear decommissioning costs in Docket Nos. E-2, Sub 1023; E-7, Sub 1026, and E-7, Sub 1146. I have filed testimony on the Integrated Resource Plans (IRPs) filed in Docket No. E-100, Subs 114 and 125, and I have reviewed numerous peak demand and energy sales forecasts and the resource expansion plans filed in electric utilities' annual IRPs and IRP updates.

I have been the lead analyst for the Public Staff in numerous avoided cost proceedings, filing testimony in Docket No. E-100, Subs 106, 136, 140,

148, and 158. I filed a Statement of Position in the arbitration case involving EPCOR and Progress Energy Carolinas in Docket No. E-2, Sub 966. I have filed testimony regarding avoided costs related to the cost recovery of energy efficiency programs and demand side management programs in Dockets Nos. E-7, Sub 1032, E-7, Sub 1130, E-2, Sub 1145, and E-2, Sub 1174.

I have filed testimony on the issuance of certificates of public convenience and necessity (CPCN) in Docket Nos. E-2, Sub 669, SP-132, Sub 0, E-7, Sub 790, E-7, Sub 791, and E-7, Sub 1134.

I filed testimony on the merger of Dominion Energy, Inc. and SCANA Corp. in Docket Nos. E-22, Sub 551, and G-5, Sub 585.

I have filed testimony on the issue of fair rate of return in Docket Nos. E-22, Subs 333, 412, and 532; P-26, Sub 93; P-12, Sub 89; G-21, Sub 293; P-31, Sub 125; P-100, Sub 133b; P-100, Sub 133d (1997 and 2002); G-21, Sub 442; G-5, Subs 327, 386; and 632; G-9, Subs 351, 382, 722 and Sub 781, G-39, Sub 47, W-778, Sub 31; W-218, Subs 319, 497, 526 and 573; W354 , Subs \(360 ; 364\), 384 , and 400 and in several smaller water utility rate cases. I have filed testimony on credit metrics and the risk of a downgrade in Docket No. E-7, Sub 1146.

I have filed testimony on the hedging of natural gas prices in Docket No. E-2, Subs 1001, 1018, and 1292. I have filed testimony on the expansion of natural gas in Docket No. G-5, Subs 337 and 372. I performed the financial analysis in the two audit reports on Mid-South Water Systems, Inc., Docket No. W-100, Sub 21. I testified in the application to transfer the CPCN from North Topsail Water and Sewer, Inc. to Utilities, Inc., in Docket No. W-1000, Sub 5. I have filed testimony on rainfall normalization with respect of water sales in Docket No. W-274, Sub 160.

I was a member of the Small Systems Working Group that reported to the National Drinking Water Advisory Council with the EPA and I have published an article in the National Regulatory Research Institute's Quarterly Bulletin entitled Evaluating Water Utility Financial Capacity.
Q. Thank you, thank you. And Mr. Hinton, you were going to read a summary, but we're not going to do that today but we will -- we'll move to put that in the record; is that correct?
A. (John R. Hinton) Yes.

MR. CREECH: Okay, and that's been distributed to everyone. Okay, the panel's available for cross examination and for questions from the Commission.

COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY: And that's -- and the summary will be received into the evidence at this time as well.
(Whereupon, the Prefiled Summary of the Amended and Supplemental Testimony of Michelle Boswell, Krishna Rajeev, and John R. Hinton was copied into the record as if given orally from the stand.)

\title{
PUBLIC STAFF - NORTH CAROLINA UTILITIES COMMISSION DOCKET NO. A-41, SUB 22 \\ SUMMARY OF THE AMENDED AND SUPPLEMENTAL TESTIMONY OF MICHELLE BOSWELL, KRISHNA RAJEEV, AND JOHN HINTON MARCH 7, 2023
}

The purpose of our testimony is to present the results of our analysis and recommendations as to the transfer application filed by Bald Head Island Transportation, Inc. (referred to as BHIT) and Bald Head Island Ferry Transportation, LLC (referred to as BHIFT), a wholly owned subsidiary of Pelican Legacy Holdings, LLC (referred to as Holdings), and managed by SharpVue Capital, LLC (referred to as SharpVue), as well as the Amended Application filed by BHIT, BHIFT, and Bald Head Island Limited LLC (referred to as BHIL) (and collectively, with BHIT and BHIFT, the Applicants) for approval: (1) to transfer BHIT's Common Carrier Certificate to BHIFT to operate the passenger ferry transportation services to and from Bald Head Island, the tram services on the island, and, in addition, the parking, barge, and tug operations (the Transfer); and (2) to pledge assets and borrow or issue debt pursuant to N.C. Gen.Stat. §§ 62-160 and 62161 secured by the transportation assets as may be necessary to finance the Transfer (the Pledging of Assets, and collectively with the Transfer, the Proposed Transaction).

On December 14, 2002, we filed Joint Testimony and an Exhibit, and on February 20, 2023, we filed our Amended and Supplemental Joint Testimony and an Exhibit, which amends and supplements our prefiled Joint Testimony and Regulatory Conditions.

In our testimony, we describe the scope of the Public Staff's investigation of the Proposed Transaction, discuss the balancing of costs and benefits of the Proposed

Transaction, and present the Public Staff's recommendation to the Commission regarding approval of the Proposed Transaction.

Attached to our initial Joint Testimony was Exhibit 1, which provided Regulatory Conditions recommended by the Public Staff. The Public Staff updated its proposed Regulatory Conditions in Exhibit 1, which is attached to our Amended and Supplemental Joint Testimony. We describe in our testimony the basis for, and major provisions of, these updated Regulatory Conditions (the Updated Regulatory Conditions) recommended by the Public Staff.

In this case, the Public Staff recommends that the Transfer be approved subject to the Updated Regulatory Conditions. These Public Staff conditions, together with the plans of Holdings and BHIFT with respect to employees, parking, operations, and services, should guard against adverse impacts on rates and services, assure that the benefits of the Transfer outweigh its costs, and protect customers from risks and costs as much as possible, consistent with the requirements of the three-part test, which we outline in our testimony.

As discussed in further detail in the Public Staff's Response to the Village's abeyance motion filed in this Docket on February 8, 2023, and consistent with the Commission's Order in Sub 21 that existing rates should remain in effect pending a future rate case, the Public Staff does not believe it is necessary to establish rate base in this proceeding and has not investigated what an appropriate amount of rate base should be. Rather, the establishment of rate base, to include the addition of parking, barge, and tug assets, should take place in the next general rate case. Further, in the event the Sub 21
decision regarding the utility status of parking, barge, and tug operations is overturned on appeal, a number of issues would need to be revisited, for which parties should be provided the opportunity to file comments and possibly supplemental testimony and regulatory conditions.

Another issue that needs to be resolved by the parties to the Transfer (one that also impacts the issue of rate base) is whether the regulated utility (BHIFT) will own or control the real property upon which the regulated parking, barge, or tug operations are located; presently, it appears that the land will be owned by Pelican Real Property, LLC, an unregulated entity. Upon consummation of the Transfer, BHIFT should be assured access to and ownership or control of the parking, barge, and tug facilities.

This concludes our summary.

MR. CREECH: Thank you. Thank you.
MR. STYERS: I think the order of cross
has BHIT starting first.
CROSS EXAMINATION BY MR. STYERS:
Q. Good afternoon. The Public Staff's role here is on behalf of the using and consuming public; is that correct?
A. (John R. Hinton) Yes.
Q. Okay. And in this instance, the using and consuming public includes all classes of customers and ratepayers of these utilities, correct?
A. Yes.
Q. So that includes employees who may be working on the Island; is that correct? Among those of the using and consuming public, that would include employees?
A. Yes, yes.
Q. Among those using and consuming public using these utilities would be contractors going to and from the Island; is that correct?
A. Yes.
Q. And residents on the Island as well?
A. Of course.
Q. And then visitors and vacationers who are
visiting the Island?
A. Certainly.
Q. So all of those groups of passengers are within the using and consuming public?
A. Yes.
Q. Okay. I'd like to have -- ask two questions regarding \(Q\) and \(A\) in your Supplemental and Amended Testimony on pa- -- starting at the bottom of page 15. And the question was, "What are the benefits of the Transfer?"
A. Yes.
Q. Okay. So your first sentence -- I'm on page 15 -- is, "The existing owners indicated through their representatives that they are no longer interested in owning or further investing in the Bald Head Island ferry operations;" is that correct?
A. Yes.
Q. And they -- is it your understanding that all statement would also be true as it pertains to the parking and barge operations as well?
A. I would assume that to be correct.
Q. Okay. So based upon that sentence starting the list of benefits of the transfer, is it fair to say the Public Staff considers that having an owner, on one
hand, who is no longer interested in investing in the Island, it would be beneficial to the public for there to be an owner who is, in fact, on the other hand, interested and willing to invest in the utilities for the benefit to the using and consuming public?
A. Yes. My job and my research over the years has been a balancing act between representing the interests of the owners, of the stockholders, and the customers. So from that perspective, I've been a little bit more open to for looking out for the owners. I think the old North Topsail case, when I go back to my caverns of my testimony over the years, was a case when there was an owner that was not around. As you remember, Mr. Bostic was found guilty of some nefarious affairs, and he was no longer able to own and operate the water system.

At that in point in time, Jimmy Little, Jack Floyd, and Elise Cox were some of the principals in law for the Public Staff to actually help manage that system. It was mainly through their creative tap free -- tap fee charges that provided capital to the company, which wa- -- is traditionally the role of the owner. And that was an important step, and for me, personally, it kind of opened my eyes to the role of
ownership. Now, that's not saying -- I don't want go beyond that, but that was a perspective that \(I\) gained from that. So the fact that the Mitchell family is not open to investing any more than probably the minimum amount of capital to sustain operations is a concern.
Q. And just for the record, you're not comparing Mr. Mitchell and Mr. Bostic, are you?
A. No, of course not. The Mitchells have, as the record reflects, have been admirable in their development of the Island and their -- the whole facility. It reflects well on their family.
Q. Trying for a little levity in the late afternoon. Thank you very much for that.

So at the same question, your answer goes through page 16 and over to page 17, and you conclude your answer about benefits by stating that, additionally, BHIFT has agreed to continue to provide for adequate and reasonably-priced parking; is that how your answer concludes?
A. Yes.
Q. Okay.
A. I believe that the fact that the parking rates can escalate only at rate of inflation is a reasonable level.
Q. Okay. So is it the Public Staff's position that the current parking rates are just and reasonable at their current rates? To your knowledge?
A. There has not been an audit because they've been nonregulated today, so I'm hesitant to say that.
Q. But you were here yesterday when Mr. Gardner said that he felt the rates were reasonable?
A. Yeah. And the conversation I've heard from Mr. Paul have indicated that the rates are reasonable from their perspective.
Q. Okay. And to your knowledge, the rates are also -- barge would be considered just and reasonable?
A. With those same caveats included.
Q. Okay. Have you reviewed the data request response which had John Taylor's analysis of the rate impacts of the rate base valuations at different levels? And that's a question for Ms. Boswell.
A. (Michelle Boswell) My staff took a very brief cursory view of it.
Q. But you di- -- you have received it?
A. We did.
Q. And your staff has reviewed it?
A. Briefly, yes.

MR. STYERS: I'm no- -- Mr. Taylor is
going to testify tomorrow, so I'm not going to spend a lot of time with this, but \(I\) would have a question or two or three of Ms. Boswell. If I may ask her those questions?

COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY: You may.
MR. STYERS: And to do that, I will need to distribute those calculations. These pages are not well-marked, but \(I\) will make sure to identify them clearly for the record. There's two. They look similar, but they're actually two different one -- pages. The -- I've distributed two sets of calculations.

COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY: Are we going to identify these?

MR. STYERS: They are identified as -the one that in the upper left-hand corner, line 1, reads, "Parking facilities Net Operating Income Under Comparison of Rate Base." So comparison of rate base parking facilities net operating income with the first line, parking. I would be -- ask that that be labeled Public Sta- -- BHIT Public Staff Cross Examination Exhibit 1.

COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY: BHIT Public Staff Cross Exhibit 1?

MR. STYERS: Correct, and the sheet that's --

COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY: So identified. (BHIT Public Staff Cross Examination Exhibit 1 was marked for identification.)

MR. STYERS: Thank you. And I'd like to a- -- the other sheet, other set of calculations, upper left-hand corner, "Comparison of Rate Base Barge Net Operating Income," be labeled as BHIT Public Staff Cross Exhibit 2.

COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY: That will be so marked.
(BHIT Public Staff Cross Examination
Exhibit 2 was marked for identification.)
Q. Ms. Boswell, I've handed to you the Cross Examination Exhibit 1 and Cross Examination Exhibit 2; is that correct?
A. (Michelle Boswell) Yes.
Q. And you said the- -- are these the calculations that your staff has reviewed since receiving them in data request responses?
A. They appear to be.
Q. Okay. And again, Mr. Taylor will be here tomorrow to walk through these, so I'm not going to do that with you, but you have had a chance to -- your staff has reviewed these and the math utilized in the calculations?
A. Through lines 14, yes.
Q. Okay, through lines 14. Through lines 14, do you believe that these calculations are correct?
A. Based on the cursory review, they didn't find any errors in the calculations.

MR. CREECH: Mr. Styers, could you
identify which data requests these relate to? Do you know?

MS. HEDRICK: The Villages' Joint Data Requests.

MR. STYERS: The Village --
MR. TRATHEN: The DR1 response to the
Village?
MS. HEDRICK: The joint one.
Mr. CREECH: All right, very good.
Sorry.
MR. STYERS: That's okay.
Q. So let me a- -- let me break up this, make it a little clearer. Your staff reviewed the math through
line 14 of BHIT Public Staff Cross Examination 1?
A. (Michelle Boswell) Correct.
Q. And found no math errors --
A. Correct.
Q. -- in this calculation? And then your staff also reviews BHIT Public Staff Cross Examination 2 through line 14?
A. Correct.
Q. And that's the barge -- that's the comparison of rate base for barge?
A. Correct.
Q. And found no math errors in that exhibit of Mr. Taylor?
A. Correct.

MR. STYERS: Okay. Since Mr. Taylor
will be available tomorrow for there to be a more extensive ana- -- discussion of this, I have no further questions for Ms. Boswell on this -- these two exhibits.

COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY: Okay.
Q. On page 22 of your testimony, line 10 and 11, the Public Staff -- the sta- -- the par- -- the testimony reads, page 10 and 11, "The Public Staff does not believe it is necessary to establish rate base in
this proceeding."
A. (Michelle Boswell) That's correct.
Q. That's your curr- -- that's your position?
A. Yes.
Q. Okay. You would agree that if the Commission did not set a rate base or methodology for rate base, that would create considerable uncertainty for the perspe- -- from the perspective of the purchaser as to the value of it being purchased; would it not?
A. (John R. Hinton) It's possible.
Q. Okay. Mr. Roberts met with each -- was in a meeting each of you in which he expressed his concern about that uncertainty; did he not?
A. I recall he was concerned about that issue, yeah.
Q. And your understanding is that leaving this issue open is likely to prevent the sale from occurring?
A. I can't say that \(I\) know that for a fact. There was a little conversation, I believe, of some prefiled testimony, but, you know, this is a deal that's somewhat fluid, and I can't say for sure. I think it's logical to expect that the investors that Mr. Roberts contacted as far as the equity and possibly
the debt may have known that this issue was out there and would be decided ultimately by the Commission.
Q. Okay. But certainly, in this situation that if the sale to SharpVue didn't close, then the ferry, tram, barge, and parking operations would stay in the hands of the estate until some future proceeding, correct?
A. Correct.

MR. STYERS: Okay. No further questions.

COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY: Mr. Ferrell?
MR. FERRELL: Thank you.
CROSS EXAMINATION BY MR. FERRELL:
Q. Good afternoon. Just to follow up a couple points. It's correct, isn't it, that we've had some conversations and meetings about some of the regulatory conditions and trying to work through those that would be involved in this transfer; is that correct?
A. (John R. Hinton) Yes. We've had several meetings. I would say that.
Q. Right, and it's also correct that we've just ran out of time before this hearing to try to continue to wordsmith and find a set of conditions that capture both sides' intent -- or the Public Staff and the

Applicant's intent; is that correct?
A. Correct.
Q. And --
A. We are on at least round two and looking at round three before the time ran out.
Q. Right. So the Public Staff is willing to continue to discuss those with us as we try to work towards some sort of agreement on the wordsmithing and the language; is that correct?
A. If the Commission is agreeable to it.
Q. Okay, thank you.
A. (Michelle Boswell) Well, my legal team is saying yes.
Q. Great.
A. So they would be the ultimate decision makers on that one.
Q. Thank you. All right. And so just again, your conclusion is that all three of you recommended approval subject to the revision of the regulatory conditions subject to your -- attached to your testimony; is that correct?
A. (John R. Hinton) Yes. At this time, that's our testimony.
Q. Is that correct for all three of you?
A. (Michelle Boswell) Yes.
A. (Krishna Rajeev) Yes.
Q. Okay, thank you. And finally, just a to participate in a conference call with XXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX for the --

MR. STYERS: Um --
MR. FERRELL: I'm sorry. Let's --
MR. STYERS: I'm sorry.
MR. FERRELL: My mistake. We need to go into confidential on that. Let's strike that from the record.

COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY: Okay, are you ready to go into -- are you ready?

MR. FERRELL: I've only got one question left, and it's that one. So we can ether do it now or do it later.

COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY: Okay. Anybody else have questions? Nonconfidential questions?

MR. SCHAUER: I do, yes.
COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY: Okay, and do you have confidential questions as well?

MR. SCHAUER: I do as well, yeah.
COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY: Okay. So why
don't we go ahead and do all the nonconfidential questions --

MR. SCHAUER: Okay.
COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY: -- and then we'll go to confidential.

So you have no more nonconfidential
questions; is that accurate?
MR. FERRELL: That is correct.
COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY: Okay. So -- and I think \(I\) saw -- who's up next? Have y'all decided?

MR. TRATHEN: I believe it's the Village.

COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY: Okay. CROSS EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHAUER:
Q. Good afternoon. My name is Craig Schauer. I'm here on behalf of the Village. I'm going to address some questions to the panel, and I'll suspect you'll know the best person to answer, so I apologize if \(I\) don't know who to name.

So as part of the Public Staff's review of the proposed transfer, did you review the current operations of BAI -- BHIL?
A. (Krishna Rajeev) What do you mean by
operations?
Q. Well, I mean, did you investigate whether or not there are any complaints, any deficiencies that were of concern?
A. We did conduct a site visit at the location, and we've also reviewed the complaints that we received over time regarding the -- both the regulated services as well as the services that we managed previously by Limited.
Q. Based on the Public Staff's review, did it identify any deficiencies in the management of the transportation system that might negatively impact the quality of service to ratepayers?
A. We did not.
Q. All right. Did the Public Staff identify any deficiencies in the operations of the transportation system that might negatively impact the quality of service to ratepayers?
A. We identified opportunities for improvements, but I'm not if sure there is deficiencies, how you would categorize that.
Q. What were those opportunities for improvement?
A. Obviously on-time performance.
Q. Where there any others?
A. I believe that was the main point.
Q. Okay. Based on the Public Staff's review, did it identify any financial deficiencies that might negatively impact the quality of service to ratepayers?
A. (John R. Hinton) The transportation system has been losing money for years, but there seemed to be there wasn't any deficiencies due to capital or lack of capital that we can determine.
Q. So Mr. Hinton, when you say the transportation systems, you mean all three components?
A. The ferry system. No, just the ferry system.
Q. Okay. But the combined system has been very profitable, has it not?
A. Correct. It has.
Q. Okay. And did you hear Mr. Paul's testimony that BHIL was not threatening to discontinue utility operations at any time, correct?
A. Yes.
Q. All right. Did you review the rebuttal testimony of Mr. John Taylor?
A. I did read it briefly, yes.
Q. Do you have a copy of it with you?
A. I do.
Q. Okay. Can you turn to page 3, please.
A. Okay. I'm there on page 3.
Q. I'm going to talk to lines 18 through 20, that last bullet point. Do you see that, Mr. Hinton?
A. Yes.
Q. Mr. Taylor testified in his prefiled testimony that, you know, given the status quo in which the Mitchell estate continues to own the transportation system, he believes that it's, quote, "unsustainable and fraught with regulatory risk," end of quote. Do you see that?
A. Yes, I do.
Q. So he -- Mr. Taylor seems to take the position that the transfer is necessary to sustain the operations of the transportation system. Do you understand why he would be taking that position?
A. I understand what he's saying, and I can see the counter-perspective. Unsustainable in the very long term could be a problem if the Mitchell family does not want to invest in new vessels, and they decrease the number of vessels from four to three, and if there was any other troubles that require -- like a hurricane, of course -- that would require a large capital infusion. The Mitchell family may be reluctant
to do just that. That's a real risk. Again, that may not happen, fortunately, you know, but it's a possibility.
Q. Now, the transportation system is very profitable, correct?
A. The total package, yes, is profitable.
Q. So --
A. As Ms. Perry indicated, the numbers were 26 percent return of rate.
Q. Does the transportation system generate enough funds that it could fund its own capital expenditures going forward?
A. That is the position of Mr. Roberts, and it seems reasonable to myself, especially in view of their alternatives to lease a new vessel if a new vessel is needed.
Q. So if the transportation system is financially self-sustaining, the Mitchells' desire to not invest more shouldn't matter, correct?
A. Not necessarily. You can look at the appraisals, and the appraisals will show that vessel number three -- or \(I\) forget the names of them -- may -has a short life. And some -- at least one vessels is near its life expectancy. So they're always -- you see
them pushing out a couple years for a new vessel to be implemented which would, of course, require a large amount capital. So it's uncertain. As I said before, the day may come when a new large capital fusion will be needed, and it's questionable whether the Mitchells will be in a position to do just that.

And then there's also the issue about the people that use the ferry would like to see electronic ticketing. That does not appear even though it's been on the -- Mr. Paul indicated it's been something that's been looked at for quite some time. I believe that's one thing that Mr. Roberts and SharpVue have promised, which is not something that the Mitchell family has delivered thus far, and I don't expect that they'll do so in the near future. And the reason is because -- it should be obvious -- that this company is -- excuse me, the estate wants to sell the assets. They're not in a position to invest into this -- invest resources into this project.
Q. So Mr. Hinton, I want to go back to two things you said. The first is capital expenditures that might require the Mitchell estate to make an investment. Have you determined whether or not the acquisition of a new ferry would require investment by
the Mitchell estate?
A. It could be acquiring the vessel, it could be just required with getting -- just overhauling the motors. No. To be honest with you, I don't know if that is going to happen.
Q. But in other words, it's very possible that any new investment required for the system could be funded by the system's own profitability?
A. Through certain lease arrangements, it could be done so. That is, again, the position of Mr. Roberts as he filed.
Q. So Mr. Roberts, who's buying the system, has said the system can pay for its own capital expenditures going forward?
A. Mr. Roberts has said that the source of funding for a new capital expenditure could be done by a host of ways. One is internal generation of funds, or retaining earnings, as he said. The other, of course, is a short-term capital loan, third-party and such. And another one would be an infusion of equity by, you know, either his affiliates or himself or other entities.
Q. So I just want to clarify. In terms of funding a capital expenditure through the operation's
own funds, that's applicable both to SharpVue, a potential future owner, and BHIL, the current owner, correct?
A. I would think so, yes.
Q. All right, same thing with -- I'm sorry. I didn't mean to interrupt you.
A. No, that's it. And I also want to add that the one thing that's been missing, I believe, that's worthy of conversation, again, under the auspices, it could happen. Nothing Mr. Roberts has noted is -- he makes a point to make sure the aggregate parking rates will not grow faster than the CPI. And I think that's largely because he sees a way to grow ridership. And he has said that several times. But if you look at the usage of this ferry system, it's dying for people over pricing. It's dying for some rate design elements that will fill in the low usage of the ferry, which occurs during the off-season months and during the off-season days of the week. I mean, the ridership is extremely high during the weekends and during the summer months, but there's a lot of time during the year and a lot of time during the week that is very low usage. They have pay for these ferries to haul across with a utilization factor that's very low, and they have an opportunity to
increase revenues while only marginally increasing expenses. And I believe that's one of the thoughts behind Mr. Roberts, as he says he wants to seek ways to increaser ridership, increase profitability.
Q. In terms of rate design, though, that's something that BHIL can do itself, now?
A. Without a doubt, but I've never -- I don't believe BHIL has tried that, and possibly, that's reason because they're owned by the Mitchell family, and their attitude towards maximizing revenues may not be the same as Mr. Roberts.
Q. Going back to the capital expenditures, you mentioned they could be funded the profitability operations. The second thing you -- I believe you mentioned was a short-term loan?
A. A loan.
Q. Okay.
A. I'm not going to go as far as to say short-term versus long-term, but yes, and talking with -- Mr. Roberts has testified this -- and I remember when I dealt with the lender that I was impressed with the conversation to the point where I believe very confidently he would be a likely source of additional capital. Bankers, as you may well know,
will not commit to anything unless the paper is right in front of them and everything is ready to go at that point in time. They're very judicial in their conversations. But \(I\) was very overwhelmingly impressed with the conversation that we incurred that day when we spoke with them.
Q. So -- but the availability of a loan, that is equally available to BHIL currently and SharpVue in the future, right?
A. Under different terms, I'm sure, but yeah. They're -- they all have enough capital resources to borrow money, yes.
Q. In terms of selling -- in terms of future capital expenditures, both the current owner and the future owner have equal access to the funds of the system and general equal access loans to finance those capital expenditures?
A. I would say they both have access. The word equal bothers me. I don't think -- no one has equal access.
Q. Okay.
A. You know, because we all have different credit-worthiness records to stand behind.
Q. Certainly, and actually, given that

SharpVue's taking out debt to finance the transaction --
A. Yes.
Q. -- it's going to have interest payments associated with that debt, correct?
A. Yes. And as you've heard in the testimony of yesterday and today, XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXX --

MR. SCHAUER: Oh, this -- sorry.
MR. CREECH: Is part of this going to be confidential?

THE WITNESS: That's confidential.
MR. SCHAUER: Yeah, we don't need to go there.

THE WITNESS: Okay, forget it.
Q. So however, without getting into the details, Mr. Hinton, based on your understanding, would SharpVue, once it acquires this transportation system, have greater debt obligations than BHIL currently has?
A. (John R. Hinton) I would think that's a logical conclusion, but \(I\) haven't been able -- I haven't done comparative analysis, but I would think that's reasonable.
Q. All right. So based on that reasonable conclusion, that would mean that in terms of using funds to generate capital expenditures, the current owner has a better opportunity to use those funds to generate capital expenditures than SharpVue does in the future because SharpVue is going to have debt obligations that BHIL doesn't have?
A. That's possible, but \(I\) can't say that with clarity simply because, remember, there's two sides to every dollar equation. There's the debt side, which we're addressing now in the conversation, but there's also the equity side. SharpVue has access to equity capital. That's one thing the Mitchell camp -Mitchell estate has to envision from the parent company. But Limited does not have equity resources.
Q. Well, let's revisit that one a little later. Okay. You mentioned that the Mitchells have not been willing to invest in an e-ticketing system; is that correct?
A. That's what I said. That's my understanding. Now again, to be honest with you, we did not did not make a data request to get that confirmed from the -through the company -- through BHIL. But that was what I understood from other conversations from other
people.
Q. So did you review the rebuttal testimony of Mr. Roberts and Mr. Paul in this proceeding?
A. Yes, I have.
Q. Do you have a copy of it with you?
A. I believe I do, yes.
Q. Could you please turn to page 7?
A. I'm there.
Q. If you want to take a second to read the page. But my understanding, based on the testimony -of this rebuttal testimony, is that an e-ticketing system has already been purchased and is starting to be implemented; am I correct?
A. You are correct.
Q. Okay. So assuming -- well, either that e-ticket system was funded by the profitability of the transportation system or possibly the Mitchell estate made an investment to make that possible; is that right?
A. You would think so by what he's saying. Again, I do not know the actual precise state -- place of where the current system is done. It does say we've been working for this private system for the past 24 months.
Q. So if the Mitchells ha- -- the Mitchell estate had to make an investment for the e-ticketing system, that would actually suggest that they're still willing to make some type of investments to improve the system?
A. I'll accept that.
Q. Have you spoken to anybody from the Mitchell estate to confirm that they no longer are willing to make investments in the system?
A. No.
Q. Okay. So you're relying on the representations of Mr . Paul?
A. Largely, yes.
Q. Okay. So I want to better understand your testimony that current owners' unwillingness to make investments can warrant a transfer. So my understanding of Section § 62-111, the transfer statute, is that no franchise can be sold unless it's justified by the public convenience and necessity; is that correct?
A. Yes, I believe so.
Q. Okay. So how does a utility owner's decision that they simply don't want to own a utility anymore factor into the public convenience and necessity?
A. Because one of the roles of the Utilities Commission is to ensure stable utility service and continuance. So if there's a utility owner that doesn't want to be in the system anymore, then there needs to be someone to take its place. Am I misreading your question?
Q. No, I think that's accurate. So does that mean that a utility owner can simply say, "I don't want to own this anymore. I have a right to sell?"
A. Utilities are bought and sold constantly. They have to petition the Commission all the time. I mean, \(I\) hate to get into a little bit of history here, but I've been involved with numerous transfers, and, you know, it's common. Even though it's not common in the electric industry and the gas industry, it is common in the water industry and also smaller gas companies. I mean, if you look at HydroStar bought Utilities, Inc. back in 2006. HydroStar Fund was a limited fund. They were actually a subsidiary of AIG, the insurance company. They were sold to Corix Utilities, and then now were bought out by a British Canadian closed-in mutual fund, and now they're being -- Corix Utilities is proposed to be sold to Southwest Water. That's all in the past, you know, 15
years. On the gas side, the Frontier case that Ms. Perry testified to, as she's noted, it was bought by Energy West, GNI, First Reserve, BlackRock, and now it's Umicore. So these transfers are not uncommon, and through all the transfers, the one thing I'd like to echo, the role of the Public Staff, and I believe the Commission as well, is to ensure that our conditions in those transfers allow for a continuation of utility service at reasonable rates.
Q. Right, but I'm trying to understand, and you --- my -- it seems to be your position that because the Mitchell estate no longer makes investments, that warrants a transfer. That justifies a transfer under the public convenience and necessity?
A. They proposed to sell the utility, and SharpVue is a willing buyer of the utility.
Q. Right. But that exists in any transfer, so that's universal. That wouldn't be justification in the transfer occurring or in the Commission approving the transfer, correct?
A. I mean, when you say justification, that's not the sole issue at hand. But first, they have to apply the sale of the utility, and someone has to want to buy the utility. That's the nature of a transfer.
Q. Right, but your position is that because the Mitchell estate has made a decision that it no longer wants to invest in the utility that the Commission should approve the transfer?
A. Not that they should approve the transfer simply because the Mitchells have proposed it, but it's all a part of the process.
Q. Okay. But that's a factor in favor of it?
A. Yes.
Q. Okay. Doesn't that create an incentive for utility owners to stop investing in systems in order to get -- prompt a sale that's going to be approved by the Utility Commission?
A. I would think that's a reasonable conclusion. Just like people that buy and sell their house. Sometimes they don't want to invest any more additional monies and fix up the house. They just want to sell it and be done with it, while some other owners want to fix it up so they get the highest price. It -- so it's a murky issue to raise depending on the perspective of the previous owner.
Q. So by murky issue, you mean there is the danger that allowing a utility owner to sell its assets or to approve the transfer simply because an utility
owner no longer wants to own it and no longer wants to invest in it could create an incentive for other utility owners to stop investing in systems and in their utility operations?
A. I hate to say ask me again, but are you -MR. CREECH: I think it's the same question you asked before; is it not?

MR. SCHAUER: Well, he said murky, and so I was trying to clarify --

MR. CREECH: Okay. All right.
THE WITNESS: The murkiness, sir, is --
when I said that, that's when you don't know the incentive of the owner, whether they'll improve the system or not improve the system prior to the sale.
Q. So my understanding is that SharpVue believes that the system is currently well run; is that your recollection of their position?
A. (John R. Hinton) Reasonably well I think is a fair characterization.
Q. Okay. SharpVue, itself, has no experience in operating the transportation service, correct?
A. That's been said in the record ad nauseam.
Q. And you heard Mr. Gardner testify earlier about some improvements that could be made to the ferry
system concerning shelter on the Island and repairs to ferry seats?
A. I did hear that.
Q. SharpVue has not made any commitment to address those issues, has it?
A. No. Those have not be addressed by SharpVue.
A. (Michelle Boswell) But I'm not sure that those issues were brought before SharpVue as being put in the previous testimony, so it's unclear to us whether or not those would have been addressed had they been brought to their attention.
Q. What changes have SharpVue committed to making?
A. (Krishna Rajeev) Just to touch back on the terminal issue, I believe one of the meetings with Mr. Roberts, he did commit to making those improvements. He made the fact that those are -- those be relatively minor improvements, and that can be evaluated upon the consummation of the transfer and built fairly quickly.
A. (John R. Hinton) And the other commitment on that is that he's -- they're willing to keep the parking rates and grow them up with inflation for, I think they said, the first four years. The

Public Staff, our condition is it does not have a time limit on it. Okay, um --
Q. But --
A. -- okay, oh, great. I'll stop.
Q. I'm sorry. So aside from Mr. Roberts' remarks in a meeting that it wouldn't difficult to add shelter, have there been any other commitments to making improvements?
A. (Krishna Rajeev) I believe they've committed to the 90 percent on-time performance metric.
Q. Did they make any suggestions on how they would accomplish that commitment?
A. You've referenced the electronic ticketing. I believe when we instituted the baggage change last year in March or April, the goal with that was discussions with transportation out of a complaint that we'd received. They'd shared how that would be linked with the electronic system, the baggaging [sic] issue. Once that was resolved, that was a big factor in implementing that.
Q. Right, but the baggaging improvements, the policy changes that were approved, and the e-ticketing system were both things that BHIL implemented. Those are not changes that SharpVue would make, correct?
A. Correct. They said they did one time to evaluate the system, but all those issues there, I believe, it has to be evaluated by SharpVue. And then what they've committed to is making the changes once they've had an opportunity to review the system.
Q. So am I correct that in their data responses to requests by the Public Staff, they said they would not make any immediate changes?
A. They said they would want to evaluate the system.
Q. Right, so they were not going to make any immediate changes. They were going to evaluate the system?
A. Correct.
Q. And then do they make any commitments beyond taking a look around?
A. I don't have any other commitments from them at this time.
Q. Okay, so in other words, they're going to buy it, they're going to take a look, and there's no commitment to do anything beyond that?
A. I believe that's based on their evaluation of the commitments, whether it's capital expenses or operational procedures that they want to modify.
Q. Okay. So but to be clear, the only commitment they've made is that they'll -- once they own it, they'll decide if they're going to make any changes in the future?
A. Could you repeat that? I'm sorry.
Q. But to be clear, the only commitment they've made is that once they own it, they'll then decide if they're going to make any changes?
A. I believe they said they want to evaluate the system and then make the changes appropriately. I believe that's a fair request.
Q. Okay. Yesterday, Mr. Roberts testified that he told the Public Staff that they had a plan -SharpVue had a plan to buy two ferries in 10 years. Do you recall that testimony?
A. (John R. Hinton) I believe that's a possible scenario.
Q. Okay. But do you recall him testifying to that?
A. Vaguely, to be honest with you, but yeah, I think so, yes.
Q. Do you recall a conversation with SharpVue about a plan to buy two ferries in 10 years?
A. I've seen some of their management plans, and
they have some future capital requirements and that's one of them. Now if you know anything more?
A. (Krishna K. Rajeev) They've probably discussed it based on -- again, going back to the evaluations -- looking at the appraisals. My understanding was that none of the ferries were in immediate need for -- they didn't -- there was no immediate need for a new purchase, but I believe down the line, they would evaluate it as needed and make the necessary commitments at that time, whether it was leasing a vessel or purchase.
Q. Okay. So in other words, there wasn't a commitment or there wasn't a plan. It's consistent that they would own the assets then decide whether or not they would do anything in the future, correct?
A. In regards to the vessels?
Q. Yes.
A. I believe they said the vessels were not needed to be repaired at this time, so they did not make a commitment to.
Q. Okay. So there's no plan to buy new ferries in the future?
A. I was talking about right now. They didn't make a commitment to buy a ferry right now because it's
not needed.
Q. Okay. I'd like to talk about the acquisition premium. The Public Staff proposed regulatory conditions; didn't it?
A. (Michelle Boswell) Yes.
Q. And regulatory condition number 3, is that quote, "SharpVue, SharpVue affiliates and Holdings, and BHIFT shall neither pursue nor recover an acquisition adjustment in any future rate case;" is that correct?
A. Subject to check, yes.
Q. All right.
A. I don't have them in front of me, but.
Q. An acquisitio- -- now, by acquisition adjustment, the Public Staff means the difference between the cost of acquiring the utility asset and the remaining net book value of the utility assets at the time of acquisition?
A. I believe we provided this response to what the acquisition adjustment definition was.
Q. I have a copy of that if you don't to refresh your recollection.
A. Let's see.

MR. STYERS: As do I.
THE WITNESS: I believe we said the term
"acquisition adjustment."
Q. Yes.
A. (Michelle Boswell) "As used in the Public Staff's proposed amended regulatory condition number 3, is defined as the difference between the cost of acquiring the utility assets and the remaining net book value of the utility assets at the time of acquisition; however, the Public Staff has not evaluated how an acquisition adjustment should be evaluated regarding assets that have not been previously deemed utility assets."
Q. All right. And the purpose of regulatory condition number 3 is to prevent the utility from recovering any acquisition premium, correct?
A. That's deemed unnecessary, yes.
Q. Would you mind -- I'm sorry, but according to the data response you gave me, there was no qualification about it being unnecessary.
A. Well, there is because we said that we have not evaluated how an acquisition adjustment should be evaluated regarding assets that have not be previously deemed utility assets. So we did qualify it.
Q. So then what is the intent of regulatory condition number 3 ?
A. Well, there are utility assets at play.
Q. Uh-huh.
A. And those would be covered by the acquisition adjustment. And we have further stated because we have not evaluated whether or not those -- what did we -terms we use? Whether or not the assets that have not be previously deemed utility assets as of yet.
Q. All right. So in other words, for the ferries assets, you would agree there's no tra- -there's no acquisition premium, but for the barge and parking assets, there's an open question?
A. We haven't evaluated that as if yet.
Q. Those assets have been declared utility property at this time, though, haven't they?
A. I believe per Commission order on December 30th, yes.
Q. Okay.
A. But once again, we haven't evaluated that. As we -- I do believe our legal staff informed all parties in February? He's shaking his head yes, so I believe it's February.
Q. And I'm sorry, hadn't determined what? I didn't follow your testimony.
A. That we haven't determined how the previously
nonregulated assets should be treated.
Q. Right. So you haven't done a rate base calculation as part of this proceeding?
A. Correct.
Q. Okay. And that's because of the schedules that you didn't have time to conduct one?
A. No. We haven't reviewed. It also wasn't asked for within the purpose of the filing.
Q. In your testimony, you identify the Piedmont merger -- and I'm looking at page 22 -- "The Piedmont merger is an example of when the Commission didn't establish rate base." Do you recall that in your testimony?
A. Subject to check, sure.
Q. All right and -- but now, that merger was between two long-standing utilities who both had well-established rate bases, right?
A. That would be correct.
Q. All right. So there wasn't a potential dispute over the treatment of rate base in that merger?
A. I wouldn't say that from the utility, but with the Public Staff, no, there wasn't.
Q. Here there is a disagreement about the calculation and treatment of rate base, correct?
A. I believe that you all have stated your plan and policy, and the company has stated their plan and policy, and the Public Staff has said we haven't looked at it and have not stated a position.
Q. Do you recall the testimony of John Taylor in which he stated that SharpVue was requesting a rate base determination as part of its transfer request?
A. I know the company has stated that they're requesting that in the rebuttal. I don't recall who said it, but subject to check.
Q. Right. So it might not have appeared in the application, but according to one of the rebuttal testimonies, it's now something they would like?
A. Rebuttal that was filed in the middle of February, yes.
Q. And Mr. Taylor asserts that the rate base should be \(\$ 56,000,000\), which is what SharpVue is paying for the barge and parking assets?
A. Subject to check, yes.
Q. And if the rate base of those assets was the purchase price, then there would be no acquisition premium, correct?
A. That would be correct.
Q. Do you agree with Mr. Taylor that the rate
base for the assets should be SharpVue's purchase price?
A. As Public Staff has stated, we haven't determined an acquisition adjustment. Oh, evidently he said confidential information.
Q. No.
A. \(\quad O h\).
Q. It's the position on rate base. It's publically filed. Yes, that's their position of what --

MR. STYERS: I think it's the number. I
think the concern may be if we can re- -- keep it referring to the publi- -- to the purchase price rather than to a specific number, \(I\) think that we avoid the confidentiality issues. So trying to refer to it kind of generically rather than by a monetary amount.

MR. SCHAUER: I'm sorry. Was the
Rebuttal Testimony of Mr. Taylor filed under seal?
MR. STYERS: It was not.
MR. SCHAUER: Okay. So that number
comes from his testimony.
MR. STYERS: That's all right.
Q. So Mr. Taylor gave certain reasons for why he
believed the purchase price should be used for rate base, correct?
A. (Michelle Boswell) I'm sure he did.
Q. All right, can \(I\) have you turn to his testimony, page 19?
A. Okay.
Q. I'm looking at lines 21 and 2- -- 21 through 23 at the bottom?

COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY: Mr. Schauer, what page? Where?

MR. SCHAUER: I'm sorry. This is
page 19 of Mr. Taylor's Rebuttal Testimony.
COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY: Taylor's. Okay,
thank you.
Q. All right. So one of the reasons Mr. Taylor contends the purchase price should be used for rate base is because quote, "Prior to acquisition by SharpVue, or at least prior to the Sub 21 order, the parking and barge assets have not been owned by a utility and have not been regulated assets." All right. Now to be clear, SharpVue has not yet acquired the parking and barge assets, right?
A. (Michelle Boswell) They can't until the Commission approves it.
Q. Right, and they're currently owned by BHIL, correct?
A. That would be correct.
Q. All right, and based on the Sub 21 order, you already agreed that the Commission declared that those assets are a utility property?
A. Yes.
Q. Okay, so at the time SharpVue acquires the assets, SharpVue will be actually acquiring previously regulated utility assets?
A. (John R. Hinton) I would argue that the regulatory bargain is largely surrounds the utility owner invests capital and then he gets a return on that capital and if has any operating expenses associated with buying the utility service, he'll -- he can expect to get a return and a coverage of his operating costs. And that's one of the things we will be studying as we try to make an investigation.
Q. But so is it your position that BHIL has not been has not been depreciating those assets or recovering the cost of those assets?
A. I am not making that determination.
Q. Okay. So just because the Commission has yet to set rates for parking and barge, that does not mean
that BHIL has never recovered the cost of those assets, correct?
A. We are not in a position to say that, but I can't say they haven't recovered it.
Q. But would you agree simply because rates hadn't been established, that doesn't mean that BHIL hadn't recovered its costs?
A. I believe it's fair to say that they have not been recovered under the traditional bargain between utility owners and customers.
Q. Okay.
A. That investment would be -- if it was deemed prudent, it would be appropriately returned to them in rates. And since rates were not filed for the parking and barge, then it makes it difficult to assume they had fully covered or they haven't fully recovered that. We just don't know at this point in time.
A. (Michelle Boswell) And again, that's -- to reiterate, the Public Staff believes that this is going to be -- determining an acquisition adjustment and rate base is best handled within the confines of a general rate case, which we are not in at this point in time. And the fact that a company requested two weeks, plus or minus a day, to have this considered doesn't mean
that an emergency is then required that everybody must suddenly determine a rate base and acquisition adjustment. That is why the Public Staff has stated numerous times that the acquisition adjustment is typically purch- -- is net book value, minus the with the purchase price, and that's disallowed.

However, we have a unique circumstance, in this case, where the Commission has ordered that something become a utility. And I think everybody has to wrap their heads around what that means now. There were things that happened in the last rate case in 2010 that were agreed to, per stipulation, that, otherwise, would they have agreed to or not, no one in this room can speak to. They were agreed to for those purposes. And to bind anybody in this room today to what was agreed to as part of a settlement goes against all legal representations that my legal team has said that can be made.
Q. Right. But I understand questions from the Commissioners to be very interesting in the debate on how to treat rate base. And so I'm not asking for a calculation. I'm trying to understand how the Public Staff would think through the issues that everyone's trying to wrestle with?
A. And we would think through those when we perform an audit, which we've stated that we're not doing at this point in time because of the time restraints associated with all of it.
Q. So to the extent SharpVue is requiring a determination of rate base in order to proceed with the transfer, they're not going to get one from -- they're not going to get a position from the Public Staff on that at this time?
A. No. Unless the Commission orders us to do so.
Q. So is the Public Staff able to -- are you willing to answer questions about some of the issues that are being debated, in terms of how to properly treat the cost of those assets?
A. The Public Staff doesn't have a stance on that as of yet. As we've said numerous times, we have not yet evaluated what the implications of transferring a previously nonregulated asset into a regulated utility is. So if your questions are related to that, then likely not.
Q. One second. This reduces a number of my questions.
A. Okay.
(Pause.)
Q. In the Sub 21 Order that we've discussed, the Commission determined that parking and barge operations were subject to its jurisdiction and regulatory authority, correct?
A. Subject to check, yes. I believe so.
Q. And we all know that the applicants are challenging that decision?
A. I do believe so, yes.
Q. In your testimony on page 21, the Public Staff takes the position that, in the event the Sub 21 Order is overturned, quote, a number of issues would need to be revisited.

What issues would need to be revisited?
A. (John R. Hinton) What line again, please, on page 21?
Q. I'm looking at lines 16 and 17. So should the Sub 21 Order be returned on appeal, quote, a number of issues would need to be revisited. And I'm asking for what issues would need to be revisited.
A. (Michelle Boswell) Well, I think all parties who have now presented before the Commission a proposed regulatory asset and rate based treatment, if the decision is overturned, that would need to be re-looked
at, because now you're dealing with things that aren't what they were upon the initial filing of the rebuttal testimony.
Q. And so that contemplates revisiting the regulatory conditions after a transfer had occurred?
A. It could possibly.
Q. Okay. So my understanding -- and I'm newer to this than a lot of people in the room -- my understanding is that regulatory conditions are terms to which a buyer agrees in exchange for the Commission's approval of a requested of transfer, right?
A. Not necessarily. They are conditions that are typically ordered by the Commission in order for the Commission to approve said transfer. Whether or not the company actually agrees to them, they're ordered by the Commission.
Q. Right. But they come in time -- at the time of the transfer, and the Company makes the decision whether or not to accept the conditions and take the transfer or to say, "We don't agree with the conditions we're not going to by the utility"?
A. They could. But regulatory conditions are updated. I don't want to say all the time, but they're
updated, based off of whatever has changed within the confines of the business or the docket.
Q. And what authority -- how do they get updated?
A. Normally, it's with filings. So it's the Public Staff. Go ahead.
A. (John R. Hinton) Well, updated is not necessarily -- there's not set standards, but we do tend to use similar conditions for all transfers. We've gone through several of them, and they evolve, and they come from a similar point of perspective that it's always to ensure that the utility service will be reasonably priced and the service qualities will be as expected.
Q. Right. But whenever they're updated, is it -- does the utility owner consent to those changes, or are they posed upon the utility owner against their well?
A. Ms. Boswell said that -- I mean, ultimately, it's the Commission's Order that instructs --
Q. As part of a tran- --
A. (Michelle Boswell) And I'm not sure that anything is against the Company's will, since they have a monopoly to operate. They have to operate within the
confines of the jurisdiction of the Commission. So to say it's against their will would be saying, well, it's against your will to have a monopoly utility.
Q. Well, let me put it this way. Let's say the Commission approves the transfer and the Sub 21 Order is overturned.

How would you enforce SharpVue to accept regulatory conditions for the parking and barge assets if those assets are no longer subject to the Commission's regulation?
A. (John R. Hinton) One of the conditions they've agreed to -- I mean they will not get any -I'm sure the conditions could be structured that, even in viewpoint an overturn of a parking barge, they would still conform to the commitments that they have made in this Order. They made commitments of the pricing. The Commission said, even if it's overturned, you must accept that you will continue to operate the parking and barge under these guidelines.
Q. Right. But my understanding is those are conditions that would be created at the -- prior to the transfer. That would not be creating new conditions after the transfer had occurred?
A. (Michelle Boswell) There might not
necessarily be a need to create new conditions, should anything change. You asked if it was a possibility. Anything is a possibility.
Q. Well, how is it possible to impose regulatory conditions on SharpVue related to the parking and the barge if, at the time, the Commission did not have jurisdiction over the parking and the barge?
A. (John R. Hinton) If they wanted to get approval to transfer the ferry system, that could be a concession we'd be willing to make. That is not unusual in the regulatory process. We've done similar conditions that have gone beyond the pure regulatory system, because we thought those conditions were warranted. So they can -- if they agree to it in the merger of the ferry, that would carried on even if they're deemed unregulated for the parking and the barge services.
Q. So what I understand you to be saying is that, it's the conditions that are agreed to as part of the merger that would determine the Commission's ability to regulate the assets in the future?
A. I'm saying that if -- if SharpVue would commitment to a reasonably priced condition, which they've already agreed to, then this can enforced
through the merger of the ferry system, in my opinion, speaking as a nonlawyer, of course.
A. (Michelle Boswell) And I do believe, in our Sub 21 comments, that we did state that the courts have found ancillary services, such as telephone pages, to be unregulated, and nonetheless is deemed some level of oversight, short of regulation by the Commission, to be appropriate, and the Public Staff still found the same approach as appropriate in this case as well.
Q. Right. But SharpVue's challenging the ancillary services doctrine that's been applied to the parking and barge, correct? That might be a question for your counsel.
A. I would question my counsel. It is the Public Staff's response.
Q. Mr. Hinton, I think I have a series of questions that touch on economics, so I'm going to address these to you, because I believe it's about incentives.

If SharpVue's plan were to quickly sell the assets, then I wouldn't feel the need to make investments in the system because quality issues would be the next owner's property -- would be the next owner's problem, correct?
A. (John R. Hinton) Again, you're asking me something that could happen down the road. And, you know, that is not in my purview to know what they might or might not do. That is their plan. Because they've already said that their number one plan is the long-term, and their alternative -- or what we still call management case -- has been to sell. So I don't -- I can't speculate what --
Q. And, again, I'm not asking about specific plans. I'm talking about incentives, which I think is well within your area of expertise. So let me understand this.

So if SharpVue was going to quickly sell the assets -- we don't know if they are -- but if a were, it wouldn't want to make investments in the system because those investments would lower its return when it were to sell the assets shortly later, correct?
A. That's a possibility, but, again, I'm going dodge that. And I hate to be evasive, but you're asking me, again, to suggest something. And it's like Mr. Roberts said, if someone came in with an amazing offer of three times the value, he might be inclined to tell sell it.
Q. Right, and if he knew that he --
A. But he also noted it's highly unlikely and it's just for conversation sake.
A. (Michelle Boswell) And as Mr. Hinton has previously stated, any possible buyer of an item, it's up to them whether or not they would improve it to increase the sales price or leave it be and just sell it as it is to get out of it. And so I don't think we can speak to what Mr. Roberts' or SharpView's mindset would be, as far as should they spend the extra money. That would be a question for him.
Q. I'm a little problem -- I'm a little troubled by Mr. Hinton admitting that he's trying to evade the answer to my question, so I'm going to ask it again.

So earlier you testified that a homeowner who is going to sell their house might not make repairs to it, because they know they're going to sell it. Wouldn't that principle apply to SharpVue's ownership of the transportation system if \(I\) had intended to sell it in the short-term?
A. (John R. Hinton) That's a distinct possibility, but just in the same token, the owner can take opposite view. As most of us have probably done, we've fixed up our houses to sell and get a better profit. And that, you know, in other words, the owner
of SharpVue can make the improvements, put in the extra shelter, do the electronic ticketing, make sure that's actually a good service sound and operating and do other improvements to make the asset and also to try to improve the revenue stream. They can do all of those things that would improve quality of service and then sell it for a higher price. Obviously, that could be the thinking of Mr. Roberts and Mr. Vaughn in the SharpVue entity, LLC.
A. (Michelle Boswell) But they would be the best ones to ask what their thinking is on that matter.

MR. SCHAUER: No further questions. COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY: Mr. Higgins? MR. HIGGINS: Thank you, ma'am. CROSS EXAMINATION BY MR. HIGGINS:
Q. Good afternoon -- excuse me. Dan Higgins for the BHI Club. Turn if you would, please, to your page 10 of your amended testimony -- supplemental testimony, I'm sorry. There's a diagram there. Tell me when you have it?
A. (John R. Hinton) Yes.
Q. And that shows an entity, which will remain nameless, as holding the -- owning real estate. It says "Real estate and other supplemental assets." Do
you see that?
A. Yes, I do.
Q. The entity on the far left. Are you with me?
A. Yes, I am.
Q. And do you understand, would that be the real estate where the terminals and the parking operations are located, including the parking lots on the

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A. Yes.
Q. -- at Deep Point?
A. That are currently leased.
Q. If the utility entity, which is not that entity, if BHI -- Bald Head Island Ferry Transportation doesn't own the parking lots, doesn't own the land, then that's not going not be in utility rate base, is it?
A. I'll let Ms. Boswell.
A. (Michelle Boswell) There's a control and ownership issue. And until a regulated utility has control and ownership, they can't put that into rates.
Q. They can?
A. Cannot.
Q. They cannot.
A. (John R. Hinton) Similar to a water utility.

I mean, one thing --
COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY: Mr. Hinton, please talk into your microphone. Can you start over for the court reporter, please?

THE WITNESS: Similar to a water utility, where the well lots need to be under the control or ownership, it could be a lease or other arrangements, but it has to be under the control, is the key word, of the water utility owner.
Q. Yes. My question is, can those assets be included in rate base if they're not owned by the utility?
A. (Michelle Boswell) Not without a lease or some kind of an agreement that gave them control or ownership of the asset.
Q. Well, a lease wouldn't give them ownership, but it would give them a right to use?
A. It would give them control, yes.
Q. It would give them control. Or if they owned it in fee, then it would be a utility asset?
A. Correct.
Q. But the absent one of those two situations, doesn't go into rate base, does it?
A. That would be correct. Which is part of the
reason why the Public Staff has stated that rate base and acquisition adjustment cannot be determined is that you don't have control or ownership. You don't have a set allocation of the purchase price. We have an estimate. I know estimates are great for the person to my left, but estimates in accounting world don't sit so well. So until you have those things set, it's really hard to determine what the purchase price is, and what, if any, acquisition adjustment should be.
Q. Thank you. Mr. Hinton, you've made the point that SharpVue has made some commitments regarding continuing to make parking available at reasonable rates. Does the Public Staff contemplate that the parking would continue to be provided at the Deep Point ferry terminal?
A. (John R. Hinton) Yes. We have made some conditions that -- on the number of lots -- I mean parking space, excuse me -- that would be available, and they've committed to that.
Q. Yes, sir. I understand they've committed to the number of lots, but their proposed regulatory conditions would allow them to provide the service -provide the parking elsewhere and shuttle people over. I'm asking if the Public Staff contemplates that the
regulatory condition would require that the parking remain at the Deep Point terminal.
A. One moment.

MR. CREECH: May I approach?
COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY: You may.
(Pause.)
MR. CREECH: To clarify, Mr. Higgins, you're asking about the applicant's proposed regulatory conditions; is that correct?

MR. HIGGINS: Yes, that's correct.
MR. CREECH: And, do you have a number on that? It's number 45; is that correct?

MR. HIGGINS: Well, first it's the exhibit that was last marked. Give me a second.

COMMISSIONER CLODFELTER: BHIT Wright Cross Examination Exhibit 1.

MR. STYERS: Number 4 of the Applicant's proposed conditions on my copy.

MR. HIGGINS: Number 4? Thank you.
It's number 4, in BHIT --
MR. STYERS: And I have some additional copies, if that would help.

THE WITNESS: (John r. Hinton) My understanding is that they've have asked to shuttle
customers around, being relatively close. We -our position, as \(I\) understand -- as I recall, was always we didn't allow that. We just said we want the parking and the number of parking spaces available. And we weren't in favor of having the shuttle. And one time we were agreeable with that, but I think our final version does not have that in there.
Q. All right, sir. Thank you for that clarification.

In part of your testimony, page 8, line 12, you make reference to the existing litigation filed by Limited regarding the validity of the Village's -- the right of first refusal that the Village asserts that it has; do you recall that?
A. Yes.
Q. If that litigation is resolved in the Village's favor, then -- but, if this transaction had been allowed -- had been approved and -- under conditions that SharpVue accepted and chose to proceed, how would the transaction be unwound if it turned out that the Village did, in fact, have a right of first refusal?
A. That's certainly a legal question. That
sounds like a very messy event that would happen. I would hope the right of first refusal would be settled before any approval processes are being done.
Q. Before this transaction closed?
A. Yes. Because, as I understand, in our conversation with a lender, that there was an issue. MR. FERRELL: That is public. That's public. That's in the complaint. MR. STYERS: That's fine. That's fine. (Pause.) MR. HIGGINS: I don't have any further questions.

COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY: Redirect?
MR. CREECH: Thank you-all.
REDIRECT EXAMINATION BY MR. CREECH:
Q. You received various questions on regulatory conditions.

Just to be clear, if someone has -- if any party has suggestions on how to make the regulatory conditions better, the Public Staff is open to those proposed revisions, are they not?
A. (Michelle Boswell) Yes.
A. (John R. Hinton) Yes, we are.
Q. All right. And the Public Staff regulatory
conditions were written -- were not written in the alternative. Instead -- you know, on the one hand, if the appeal goes through with the way the applicants wants it to go through, we didn't set up two sets of regulatory conditions. It was just the broad statement in your testimony that you were asked about that, in the event that that does, then we'll have to revisit a
number of issues; isn't that correct, Ms. Boswell?
A. (Michelle Boswell) Yes.
Q. As for rate base, Ms. Boswell, you were talking about it.

Now, it is your understanding that applicants didn't request a rate case -- a rate base in their application; is that correct?
A. Correct.
Q. And it wasn't until after it was brought up in the February 20th filings by the interveners that the Applicants on February 27 th in their rebuttal said, "Hey, we've got to have an acquisition adjustment," or they took out the pledge no to seek an acquisition adjustment; is that correct?
A. Yes.
Q. All right. And so -- and you've also stated -- just to confirm that there's two main reasons
why the Public Staff cannot determine rate base beyond timing and the press of mass of other business, is that there are just two, kind of, impossibilities here. Number one, we've not known the allocation. And there is -- as Mr. Roberts indicated, there is no true allocation yet; that's not yet been filed yet, correct?
A. I haven't seen the final version. I believe it's still estimated and won't be finalized until the close of the deal.
Q. That's right. And then the second is, we don't know -- there's no ownership and/or control of the dirt underlining the parking, and so there's no way to have a capital lease or -- we just don't know how that's going to be memorialized, correct?
A. I believe the Company has indicated in testimony this week that want to do a capital lease, but I don't think one has been executed and it's not one that we have seen, so as if right now, we don't have a control or ownership to determine rate base off of.
Q. Now, Mr. Hinton, in terms of capital, you know, it's not that the Mitchells don't have the capital, right? They're just -- they're in a position to invest, presumably, if they wanted to but, but what
you're saying is that -- is that there's an applicant here that's willing to invest to acquire the system. The seller wants to sell, the buyer wants to by, correct?
A. (John R. Hinton) Correct.

BY MR. FERRELL: Okay. And then -- well, I think that's it for now. Thank you.

COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY: Okay. Commission questions on the public record?

THE WITNESS: (Michelle Boswell) And not that I want additional questions, but I believe that there was a confidential question that someone --

COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY: We're going to get through the public record first, and then we'll go to.

THE WITNESS: I'm sorry. I get lost. My apologies.

COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY: No worries. I've been lost several times this week.

Commission questions?
EXAMINATION BY CHAIR MITCHELL:
Q. Good afternoon. Quickly. Do you-all have

Taylor's testimony in front of you? Rebuttal testimony.
A. (Ms. Boswell) Yes.
A. (John R. Hinton) Yes.
Q. Flip to page 25, line 2.
A. Yes.
Q. You see the reference for \(\$ 1.9\) million for 2021, the net operating income for parking facilities?
A. (Michelle Boswell) Yes.
A. (John R. Hinton) Yes.
Q. Do you-all -- have you reviewed net operating income for -- attributable for the parking facilities for any other years?
A. (Michelle Boswell) I have not, no.
Q. Okay. Do you know whether -- does any of you know whether that information is anywhere in this record? Income attributable for parking for years other than 2021?
A. (John R. Hinton) No. Those are the only two years that \(I\) know of.
Q. That are in the record?
A. Correct.
Q. Okay. I assume ya'll have reviewed the testimony of BHIT witness Taylor. Have ya'll had a
chance to review it?
A. (Michelle Boswell) Yes.
A. (John R. Hinton) Yes.
Q. Okay. In the Q\&A on page 24 and 25, the question is:
"If parking and barge were rate regulated and based on a rate base valuation, what would be the rate impact on consumers if the rate base was the current market value?"

Do you see that question?
A. Yes.
Q. Okay. Can you -- can you paraphrase what the answer to that question is, as provided in this testimony?
A. The first thing he says -- and I'll be honest with you, I did not, and I doubt Mr. Boswell had time to really to go through these analyses. But he says, "He believes that, even if you put that in a rate base, it would not have an impact on the actual rates that'll be charged." So if the parking lot was put in at market value, that it would not substantially raise the rates. And \(I\) know he did a return analysis based on the market price that was, I guess, allocated, but --
Q. Does that -- so am I hearing you correctly
that that doesn't seem right to you, or do you question that conclusion?
A. I question lots of things.
A. (Michelle Boswell) Quite honestly, we haven't had the opportunity to go through his calculation in any kind of detail, given the lateness that it was provided, as to whether or not it would have a material impact or not. I did have my staff briefly view, just for mathematical correctness, and it appeared it calculated mathematically, but we haven't gone in and looked at any of the assumptions or any of the dollars that he has asserted within those.
Q. Okay. Okay. Ya'll were in the room when we discussed Jim Hoard's testimony from the Sub 7 rate case; isn't that correct?
A. Yes.
Q. And his testimony is, at least as I understand it -- which could be wrong, which is why I'm going to ask ya'll this question -- I read his testimony to be in contradiction to this testimony, just on the issue of including parking facilities and rate base.
Do you recall the testimony I'm talking
A. I do. And I would agree. He does dis- -Mr. Hoard, in that testimony, states that it doesn't -it would negatively impact ratepayers to put those parking facilities into rate base and calculate rates accordingly, which is why he agreed to do the imputation of parking revenues.
Q. Okay. So can you -- recognizing that you-all have had limited time -- limited to no time to review this information -- and I'm sorry for putting you on the spot as a result -- but can you help me understand that discrepancy between Mr. Hoard's analysis and the analysis that Mr. Taylor has done? How do they land in different places? And if you can't answer the question, I understand. I'm just hoping you can give me your gut reaction here?
A. (John R. Hinton) While she's giving you a good answer, I'll give you a gut reaction.
Q. Okay.
A. The sales increased by a large factor. So the revenue that the ferry is making is making -- in other words, the generation of ferry services are much greater they used to back when Mr. Hoard did back in 2009 or 2010.
Q. Is that because the increased number of
trips?
A. And increased people on the island. Yes, the trips.
Q. Increased sales of tickets?
A. Yes.
Q. I didn't mean to say increased number of trips. I meant to say increased ticket sales. Okay. Ms. Boswell, anything? Does Mr. Hinton's answer make sense?
A. (Michelle Boswell) It does. And just briefly looking at it, it does look like there are differences in the overall revenues between what was in 2010 and what they are listing here as 2021.
Q. Okay. Okay. How much -- I mean, do you-all know -- and I recognize that you have said that you haven't reviewed the data related to the parking, but ticket sales, I mean, how much have a increased over the past -- since the rate case in 2010? If you don't have the information, that's okay.
A. (John R. Hinton) We don't have it handy, but it been on growth rate. I don't know if it's 5 percent, 4 percent, 3 percent, but it is a steady growth rate in annual sales. I've seen graphs in presentations that bear that out.

CHAIR MITCHELL: Okay. All right. I have nothing further. Thank you.

COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY: Commissioner Clodfelter?

EXAMINATION BY COMMISSIONER CLODFELTER:
Q. I'm going to make another effort at this. Hypothetical question. Purely hypothetical question. I've listened to you. I've heard you. I don't need you to repeat anything you've already said. So I understand why you say you can't, today, tell us what you think a proper determination of rate base would be, assuming all of these are regulated assets, because there's some things you don't know today. But there's a separate issue that the parties have been arguing about, and that's the proper methodology for determining when, and what circumstances, warrant any acquisition of premium. And what would it take, and how long would it take it, for me to get a position from the Public Staff on those questions? Not the question of how much should an acquisition premium be, or adjustment be, but when should one be considered? Under what circumstances should they be considered? And which of those circumstances would you be evaluating on the facts of this case? That's a
different question than how much.
A. (Michelle Boswell) It is. Historically, it's been acquisition adjustment has been determined on whether or not it's a troubled system.
Q. Are you going to give me the answer right now? I'll take it right now if you're ready?
A. It does not appear to us, based off of our cursory review, that this is a troubled system. My legal team -- and I'm not a lawyer for a reason -- my legal team has informed me that there is concern over a statute regarding public use. That we would have to dive into and determine, on a legal perspective, what that means to the previously nonregulated -- the barge and parking assets that are in question here.
Q. Again, as a hypothetical -- the Commission may decide it doesn't really care. The Commission can say it doesn't need to know, it doesn't need to know. But suppose the Commission decides it wants to know or needs to know your position on that. You've got to process that question through. Not saying you've got -- you're not the decider of what the law is. We're not the decider of what the law is. The North Carolina Supreme Court is.

But, if we wanted to know what your position
was, how long would it take for you to be in a position to tell us?
A. Not numbers.
Q. Not numbers. I said not the amount of an adjustment to be made in this case. I'm talking about the amount.
A. I would -- and I'm looking at my legal team, because this is a legal question that we don't -- we know that we don't have a troubled system, and so the legal question is that public use --
Q. Again, it's a hypothetical question. We might get among ourselves and decide we don't really care, but suppose we care. I just want to know what would it take and when -- how long would it take?

Mr. CREECH: Would it be appropriate for us to discuss it and get back -- make sure that we got the question that you're asking?

COMMISSIONER CLODFELTER: Absolutely
appropriate. Absolutely appropriate. I do not mean to ask a question that you don't want to answer or are not prepared to answer today. I just want to have the question out there.

MR. CREECH: We can work with the staff
to make sure we've got the question, and then we
can file the answer.
COMMISSIONER CLODFELTER: Fine with me, if it's fine with Presiding Chair.

COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY: It is.
MR. CREECH: We'll work with staff on that, if that's appropriate.

COMMISSIONER CLODFELTER: That's the only question I have.

COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY: Okay.
Commissioner Brown-Bland?
Commissioner McKissick?
EXAMINATION BY COMMISSIONER McKISSICK:
Q. And, I guess, you know, I'll start by, kind of, following up with what Commissioner Clodfelter has asked for. We have a barge, and, likewise, parking that's never been regulated before. So, I mean, if we're not look at some kind of acquisition premium, under what circumstances do you look at the fair market value that should be apportioned to it, to use it, you know, in rate base? Is there some timing that you could state? I mean, other than just -- you know, in terms of a methodology that you use for making that assessment.
A. (Michelle Boswell) As far as the
allocation -- as far as the purchase price allocation that would be used to determine what the ultimate purchase price of each asset would be, it is my understanding that the Company has stated that that won't happen until close. And so you would need that in order to calculate any kind of acquisition adjustments first.
Q. Okay.
A. (John R. Hinton) And I will say that acquisition adjustments has been addressed by the Commission for many years, and the response from the Commission \(I\) don't know has always been so crystal clear and consistent. So we're going to be at a little bit of a loss to come up with a good answer, but we'll work to do just that. But there's been different perspectives from the different utilities.

If you look back at the Carolina Water cases and the Heater cases, there sometimes -- you know, largely, they point to the benefits of the transfer outweighing the -- you know, the cost. And so everything's usually then the benefits have to exceed the cost. And I believe that's always been the intent of the Commission, but, you know, we will work to provide you with a clear position the best we can.
Q. Okay. And to the extent that you can provide an explanation, I mean, between your original direct testimony and your supplemental testimony dealing with regulatory conditions, there were deletions and additions as well. Can you get into and explain what the bases were for those changes?
A. I hate to ask you, but the conditions from --
Q. The initial regulatory conditions.
A. Well -- okay. Let me turn to that, please.
Q. I mean, the original regulatory conditions theoretically, they went paragraph 22 , and the changed ones went up to I think about paragraph 27 or so, but they were also some changes internally in language along the way.
A. Obviously, some changes were due to the regulations of the parking and the barge.
Q. Right. And in terms of the of imputation from income from parking?
A. That was one too as well, because that was no longer necessary, because the parking was going to be regulated under the amended scenario.
Q. Okay. And in terms of the additional ones that were made -- and when \(I\) say the additional ones, more specifically, it looks as if ones from, like, 21
all the way up to 25 were added.
MR. CREECH: May I approach with the comparison?

COMMISSIONER McKISSICK: Sure.
Mr. CREECH: Thank you.
THE WITNESS: (John R. Hinton) On number 21, you know, the issue of the long-term lease and having control became very clear to us that it's something we needed to insert.
Q. And the others?
A. The supplemental assets, it also became more apparent that, to protect the customers' interests, we needed to make sure we had all those assets. And again, if the leases were sold, we would need to know about it and we'd have to approve such a sale. And merger conditions exist because there's some changes.
Q. And likewise, there was two others there, 24 and 25?
A. 24, I believe -- if you can speak to that?
A. (Krishna K. Rajeev) That was based on the Village's proposed conditions. We adopted that into our amended testimony.
Q. Okay. And 25?
A. I believe that was an extension of the
supplemental asset's condition, number 22.
Q. Okay. And let me ask you, this under number 10, it was discussing what \(I\) call loans between
interested parties, intercompany loans? 10, it was discussing what \(I\) call loans
interested parties, intercompany loans?
A. (John R. Hinton) Yes.
Q. To what extent did you go back to find out what the source of those loans were?
A. I did not go back much further than the financial reports that identified that there was a loan from BHIL. And we did not -- we saw that and very similar to the Old North State Water Company that I testified in. And I saw that personally as more equity investment, not an official loan. And there were even less details in this loan than there was with the Old North State loan. One of the contentions I raised, and Mr. Creech agreed with me, that we should make that conditions, so that loan was not going to be on the backs of the ratepayers under SharpVue ownership.
Q. Right. That I understand. I guess the question is, do you know if those loans were used on an ongoing basis, say, subsidized the operations of facilities by the Mitchell group, as \(I\) will put it? I don't know the adequacy of their working capital. I don't know what they needed. I don't know what the
source and the use of those proceeds might have been. I'm wondering if the Public Staff ever went back to make any determination or assessment?
A. I'm afraid I did not go back and research the loan and the basis for why the loan existed. I just saw that as something that \(I\) do not want to see in a future rate case proceeding, where the Company comes to us and says, "We have this existing loan from 1947."
Q. Right. I would agree. I understand that position.

And while we have not gotten into it, I mean, there's been considerable testimony about the \$2.1 million that's going to be part of the transaction that will come to SharpVue, and this \(\$ 2\) million line of credit.

To what extent did you evaluate the sufficiency of those funds to pay the operations, expenses, everything related to the holdings that SharpVue will now have?
A. I'm afraid that I did not perform any serious quantitative analysis. I looked at those numbers. They seemed reasonable, the level of them. But to say I went through my own internal financial model, I did not.
Q. You did not.
A. But again, I think they're reasonable. I was a little nervous about the roughly \(\$ 4\) million available for working capital if need be, but \(I\) was advised early on there would be additional capital necessary. And I think the additional capital that now we know is \$5.4 million, or possibly injection from the SharpVue affiliate funds, made that even more an issue that -that should not become a problem.
Q. Okay. And to what extent do you examine what was used historically, in terms of working capital and what was available under the Mitchell group?
A. I'm afraid, again, I did not do enough legwork to be able to ascertain whether that level of working capital was adequate. It just seemed like a reasonable amount relative to their revenues and expenses.

COMMISSIONER McKISSICK: Okay. Thank you.

Kaylene, do you need just one minute or are you good to go?

COURT REPORTER: I'm good.
COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY: Okay.
Commissioner Kemerait?

EXAMINATION BY COMMISSIONER KEMERAIT:
Q. Thanks. I'm going to move pretty quickly. I think I know that, Ms. Boswell, you've said that you're not prepared to talk about methodology, but I want to talk about what might or might not be analogous ways of determining rate base, to just give us some background information that we can all consider.

So we heard from Ms. Perry about the -- and I think this will be for you, Ms. Boswell -- and I know, Mr. Hinton, I have a question for you on the electric side -- and the water wastewater situations in which a developer constructs and installs water or wastewater system and then sells it to a public utility. And Ms. Perry said that the -- that the amount that would go into the rate base would be the original cost.

Do you -- are you in agreement with her assessment about the amount that would go into the rate base for that situation?
A. (Michelle Boswell) Historically, it would be whatever the transfer value is, which is net of the charitable contribution -- not charitable contributions. This is what I get for doing electric cases on top of this. CIAC contributions and aid construction. It normally nets out to be zero and/or a
de minimis amount.
Q. Thank you. And then, Mr. Hinton, I think this would probably be directed more to you. Two questions about how to determine assets for an electric public utility. And in regard -- and this is if you know -- but in regard to the competitive procurement of renewable energy, when Duke Energy acquires a -- what becomes a utility-owned facility from a third-party, in that situation, what costs go in the rate base? Or how is the rate base determined from the CPRE situation from purchasing from a third-party? Do you -- do you have any information about that?
A. Under CPRE it can be determined -- and it has be to be determined up front -- so it can either be a market base or cost recovery.
Q. Okay. And I think, similarly, the answer would be the same. I looked at Rule R-870 for cost recovery for costs incurred by an electric public utility to acquire interests in electric generating facilities purchased from joint municipal power agencies. And I believe that rule also talks about that there could be a rider to recover the cost -- to recover the cost, and that the cost can be the amount paid above the book value. So it could be market value
in that situation, or how is -- what would the rate base potentially be in that situation?
A. (John R. Hinton) We're talking about the JAAR rider, correct?
Q. Right.
A. We think it's at a purchase price.
Q. That was my understanding from the rule as well, but \(I\) was looking for clarification if that is how it's -- how the -- how it's handled for purchase price.

Well, that's very helpful, and I appreciate at least some context of ways that rate base can be determined in other situations.

COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY: Chair Mitchell, do you have one more?

EXAMINATION BY COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY:
Q. Okay. If I can turn your attention to page 4 and 5 of your initial testimony. It's the testimony with respect to the legal standard for the transfer of ferry systems. And you speak on page 4, you talk about public convenience and necessity. And then on page, 5, you discuss the three-part test that was outlined in the Duke Piedmont merger Order. And then you state the Public Staff believes the Commission's three-part test
for determining whether a proposed merger is justified, and is also appropriate in determining this -basically this transfer.

And, Mr. Hinton, you just testified about different transfers and you mention electric, and gas, and water, companies, but my question to you -- to you all is did you look at prior ferry transfer cases and the standards that was set forth in those prior ferry cases?
A. (John R. Hinton) No. We did not.
Q. Okay. And is there any reason for that?
A. I don't know of any to be honest with you.
A. (Krishna K. Rajeev) I don't believe we've had a ferry transfer case, to my knowledge.
Q. Okay. Can you look into this and then provide feedback? There seems to be a ferry case that talks about -- its a ferry transfer case, and it talks about the standard, but it doesn't mention a three-part test. It talks about, will not adversely effect service to the public, will not adversely effect service to the public by other public utilities, and that the transferee is fit, willing, and able to perform such service. And let me tell you what -- it's A-52, Sub 7 and A-74, Sub 0 .

And there seems to be other transfer cases, and I just -- I just want to get the right standard. So I just wanted to understand, were you aware of these case, and what is your interpretation of these cases versus a merger standard for an electric case?
A. (Michelle Boswell) Absolutely. We'd be happy to provide that as late-filed exhibit.
Q. Okay. Thank you for that.

COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY: And if all
parties want to participant and provide their views on the legal standard, the Commission will accept those in the post-filing briefs.

Right. And Commissioner Clodfelter would like the transfer of common carrier certificates as well, if you could review those transfers.

MR. TRATHEN: Chair Duffley, could I
just add -- I just want to make crystal clear, you're not asking for a briefing from the parties on this particular question now; it will be a post-hearing in the regular post-hearing brief?

COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY: Right. So -and, Public Staff, you can do it -- not as a late-filed exhibit, you can do it in your
post-hearing briefs.
Okay. So we're at 5:30. We have to get through this case tomorrow. So we can do Commission questions. Question on Commission's questions, if there limited. End today with that. We'll start off with the confidential portion of this -- the confidential questions and do the confidential Commission questions and then move onto the next witness.

What questions do we have on Commission questions for today?

MR. STYERS: I have a few. I mean, less than four or five minutes, but \(I\) do have a few.

COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY: Okay. Is that where everyone else is?

One question? Okay. Go ahead Mr. Gray. Or Styers.

MR. STYERS: That's fine. Whatever you call me, that's fine.

EXAMINATION BY MR. STYERS:
Q. It's just a follow-up on Commissioner Mitchell's questions regarding Taylor's testimony, page 24. So you may want to turn to Taylor's testimony -- rebuttal testimony, page 24 , as well as
have handy the Cross Examination Exhibit 1 and the Cross Examination Exhibit 2, the BHIT.
A. (Michelle Boswell) Okay.
Q. So Mr. Taylor basically states -- and he's going to be here tomorrow, and don't let me forget administer the question about order of witnesses tomorrow -- that there would be no material impact, is his qualitative answer.

Is it your understanding that, what's been distributed and what you looked at as BHIT Public Staff Cross Examination Exhibit 1 and Cross Examination Exhibit -- regarding parking, and Cross Examination Exhibit 2, regarding barge, is Mr. Taylor's quantification of his answer to the question on page 24 of his testimony?
A. It appears to be, yes.
Q. Okay. And -- generally, again, you've checked the math, but let me just ask the method by which he calculates impact on revenue requirements. Are you -- which is adopted from KW-03.

Does that approach appear to be an approach to take to evaluate that impact -- appropriate approach to take to evaluate that impact?
A. And keep in mind, I'm -- it looks like he
backed into a revenue requirement. And, mathematically, we didn't have issue with how he backed into it.
Q. And revenue requirement under a scenario one of the rate base coming in at purchase price, and at the bottom the rate base coming in at the original depreciated value?
A. It appears to be that's what he's representing, yes. I haven't verified the numbers, so.
Q. Again, he will be available tomorrow for more questions by the Commission otherwise, but there is now a quantified calculation of the answer to the question that Ms. -- that Chair Mitchell asked you about?
A. I believe that's what he intended to do with the exhibits that you've handed me today, yes.

MR. STYERS: No further questions. COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY: Chair Mitchell
actually has one more question.
EXAMINATION BY CHAIR MITCHELL:
Q. I remembered my question for y'all. Very, very quick.

Hardscrabble was not a troubled system; isn't that correct?
A. (John R. Hinton) I believe that's correct.
Q. In spite of its name.
A. But there was some longturning --
longstanding benefits for financial liability, I believe I remember reading in that Order. In other words, there were concerns about down the road. CHAIR MITCHELL: Okay. All right.

Thank you.
EXAMINATION BY MR. FERRELL:
Q. I have just one quick question or a series. I believe the Public Staff, when you were testifying, you were asked by, I believe it was Commissioner McKissick, about the newly added conditions after the Sub 21 hearing, and I can't remember which one of you testified that number 24 dealing with vessel replacements -- did \(I\) hear you correctly that that was a proposed condition proposed by the Village?
A. (Krishna K. Hinton) I believe so.
Q. Okay. Do you recall what other conditions in this list, either before or after the Sub 21 Order was proposed by the Village?
A. I know they proposed a series of conditions. This is the one that \(I\) can recall adopting.
Q. Did you adopt all of their conditions or some of them you did not?
A. I did not adopt some others that they have proposed regarding at least the operations side.
Q. Okay. But there were additional conditions, other than number 24 , that you did incorporate from the Village?
A. That's the only one that \(I\), myself, incorporated.
Q. Would there have been other members of the Public Staff that would have incorporated conditions, other than yourself?
A. (Michelle Boswell) There may have been. I don't -- Mr. Hinton and I don't have the comparative back and forth, so there may have been. I know that we, kind of, looked at what everybody's conditions were and ascertained whether or not we thought they were worthwhile to add.
Q. Okay, but you --
A. (John R. Hinton) I was more involved in SharpVue's concerns, and, personally, I was not involved with the conversations with the Village.
Q. Okay. And so the Public Staff does have a document where they did a comparison of the Village's proposed regulatory conditions as well as maybe your own and SharpVue's?
A. (Michelle Boswell) I don't know that we necessarily have a document, per se. I think we just met and had the documents there and were going through them.

MR. FERRELL: Okay. Thank you. No
further questions.
EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHAUER:
Q. I recall -- if I recall correctly,

Commissioner Kemerait was asking about the JAAR rider; do you recall that line of questioning?
A. (Michelle Boswell) Yes.
Q. That rider was created pursuant to a specific statute, which I believe it's §62-133.14; is that correct?
A. Subject to check, yes.
Q. Okay.
A. It was a specific statute.
Q. And that statute applies only to electric public utilities?
A. Yes.
Q. Okay. And it dealt with the specific situation, I believe, concerning NCEMA transferring assets to Duke?
A. It did.
Q. Okay. So that statute wouldn't apply in this situation?
A. Well, they're not electric, so no.
Q. Thank you.

MR. SCHAUER: All right. Thank you. No questions -- no further questions.

EXAMINATION BY MR. HIGGINS:
Q. A question for Ms. Boswell, based on your response to one of Commissioner Clodfelter's questions.

Does the Public Staff agree that the facilities at Deep Point, including the real estate, have been devoted to public use?
A. (Michelle Boswell) I believe that the Deep Point terminals were already included in the calculations of rates, so yes. It is a legal question as -- and I am not an attorney -- as to whether or not the rest of them were what is defined in public use.
Q. The Public Staff agree that the public is able to use the parking facilities at the Deep Point ferry landing?
A. It is the public that utilizes the parking.

MR. HIGGINS: Thank you. No further questions.

MR. CREECH: Questions, if I can, then?

EXAMINATION BY MR. CREECH:
Q. Just to follow up on some of the questions. Mr. Hinton, you know, the so-called loan piece that we put in there, that was an affiliate transaction that was never approved by the Commission, correct --
A. (John R. Hinton) Correct.
Q. -- to your knowledge? Okay. And so one reason that you wanted to button up in here and you just didn't want it to somehow pop up down the road and say, "Hey we've got this loan," correct?
A. Exactly.
Q. All right. And then second is -- and this is just to clarify on rate base -- Ms. Boswell, is it your understanding, again, that the applicants weren't suggesting that we have to deal with the acquisition adjustment in this? In fact, that in the Commission's Sub 21 Order, that applicants didn't think it was needed, it wasn't in the amended application that they filed in January 24 th, and it wasn't until the rebuttal on February 27th that said, "Hey, we got to figure this out"?
A. (Michelle Boswell) It is my recollection that
the first time that we heard that an acquisition adjustment rate base needed to be figured out was in the filing of the rebuttal testimony.

MR. CREECH: All right. Thank you.
COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY: Okay. It's 5:41. Mr. Styers, I think that --

You may step down for the day. We'll call you back up for the confidential session first thing tomorrow morning.

We're going to start at 9:30 tomorrow morning. Everyone bring their lunches, because we may take a very short lunch break, depending on how far we're able to get in the morning.

So before we end for the day, I think, Mr. Styers --

MR. STYERS: Would there be any objection if we started with a -- reverse the order of Bion Stewart and John Taylor? Again, not knowing how -- we're planning to finish tomorrow, certainly. But \(I\) want to make sure -- Mr. Taylor is from out of state. I want to make sure, is there any objection, and if not, may we switch Mr. Stewart and Mr. Taylor's testimony tomorrow?

COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY: Any objection?

MR. SCHAUER: No.
MR. STYERS: We'll talk to both of those witnesses and see how we want to do that. I appreciate that flexibility. Thank you.

COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY: Okay. Is there anything else for the good of the order?
(No response.)
COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY: Okay. We're in recess for today. We'll begin again at 9:30 a.m. (The hearing recessed at 5:42 p.m. and set to reconvene at 9:30 a.m. on Friday, March 10, 2023.)
                CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER
    STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA )
    COUNTY OF WAKE )
    I, Kaylene Clayton, court reporter, the officer
    before whom the foregoing hearing was conducted, do
    hereby certify that any witnesses whose testimony may
    appear in the foregoing hearing were duly sworn; that
    the foregoing proceedings were taken by me to the best
        of my ability and thereafter reduced to typewritten
        format under my direction; that I am neither counsel
        for, related to, nor employed by any of the parties to
        the action in which this hearing was taken, and further
        that I am not a relative or employee of any attorney or
        counsel employed by the parties thereto, nor
        financially or otherwise interested in the outcome of
        the action.

This the 20 th of MARCH, 2023.


Kaylene Clayton
Notary Public 202228500270```


[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ SharpVue's discovery responses to the Village's second through fifth requests are attached as Exhibits JAW-8 - JAW-11.

[^1]:    ${ }^{2}$ Amended Application, Jan. 24, 2023, pp. 1-2.
    ${ }^{3}$ See www.sharpvuecapital.com/\#down
    ${ }^{4}$ See Village Reply in Support of Fifth Motion to Compel, at 4-5 (Feb. 15, 2023).

[^2]:    ${ }^{6}$ See Direct Testimony of Scott T. Gardner, Docket No. A-41, Sub 22, at 4 (Dec. 14, 2022).

[^3]:    ${ }^{7}$ See, e.g., SharpVue Capital Project Pelican Investment Opportunity, June 2022, pp. 4, 16, and 17.
    ${ }^{8}$ See, e.g., SharpVue Capital Project Pelican Investment Opportunity, June 2022, pp. 24, 25.
    ${ }^{9}$ The Commission has usually not allowed recovery of an acquisition premium in regulated rates, but SharpVue is contesting this Commission's Order in Docket A-41, Sub 21. Should SharpVue

[^4]:    prevail, it would mean that the parking and barge operations" rates would be unregulated, and SharpVue could then raise these unregulated rates to recover any acquisition premium - unless SharpVue agrees to the Commission's jurisdiction over these parking and barge operations' rates.
    ${ }^{10}$ See BHIL and BHIT Responses to Village's Third Data Requests, at DR 3-2 ("BHIL has no plans to discontinue utility services and has never threatened to do so.") (Exhibit JAW-7).
    ${ }^{11}$ See Duke/Piedmont Merger Order; Order Approving Merger and Issuance of Securities, Docket No. E-7, Sub 596 (April 22, 1997).

[^5]:    ${ }^{12}$ Amended Application, at 2.

[^6]:    ${ }^{13}$ The Commission made multiple similar factual findings in the Sub 21 Order. See, e.g., Sub 21 Order, at Findings of Fact 13, 15 (the parking facilities provide "the only means of public parking access" to the ferry and the public's use of the parking is "derivative of" the publics use of the ferry "and vice versa.") and id., at Finding of Fact 29 and p. 24 (recognizing the barge is the "the "lifeblood"" to the island) and p. 25 ("[w]ithout these [barge] services, the Ferry Operations would either have to provide the same or most public travel to the Island would cease").

[^7]:    ${ }^{14}$ See Amended Application at $\mathbb{T}$ 38; Amended Direct Testimony of Lee Roberts, at 7-8 lines 21-1.

[^8]:    ${ }^{16}$ See forward looking rate assumptions in SharpVue Investment Opportunity, January, March, April, May and June, 2022.

[^9]:    ${ }^{17}$ SharpVue Responses to Public Staff Data Request 3-1 to SharpVue; SharpVue Responses to Public Staff Second Data Requests to BHIFT, at DR 2-5.
    ${ }^{18}$ SharpVue Responses to Public Staff Data Request 3-1 to SharpVue.
    ${ }^{19}$ SharpVue Supplemental Responses to Second Data Requests to BHIFT, at DR 2-2.
    ${ }^{20}$ Operating Agreement of Pelican Legacy Holding, at Exhibit D (SHARPVUE-0878).
    ${ }^{21}$ Operating Agreement of Pelican Legacy Holdings, LLC, at $\S 1.01$ (SHARPVUE-0838).
    ${ }^{22}$ Operating Agreement of Pelican Legacy Holdings, LLC, at § 5.02(a), (SHARPVUE-0853).
    ${ }^{23}$ See Amended Application, at TI 17.
    ${ }^{24}$ SharpVue Responses to Public Staff Second Data Requests to BHIFT, at DR 2-9.

[^10]:    ${ }^{32}$ Frontier Natural Gas, Order Joining Necessary Party and Requiring Additional Verified Information, Docket No. G-40, Sub 136, at 6-7 (July 11, 2017) (emphasis added).

[^11]:    ${ }^{33}$ Order in Docket No. E-7, Sub 795, March 24, 2006, at p. 7 II 14.
    ${ }^{34}$ Mayfield Direct Testimony, Docket No. A-41 Sub 21, Sept 8, 2022, pp. 2-4, lines 19-22:14.

[^12]:    ${ }^{35}$ James Leonard Direct Testimony, Docket No. A-41 Sub 21, Sept 8, 2022, at Exhibit B pp. 64-65.

[^13]:    ${ }^{36}$ Amended Application, II 19.

