SP-5267 Sub 0

FILED

NOV 13 RECT FEDERAL ENERGY REGULATORY COMMISSION WASHINGTON, DC

OMB Control # 1902-0075 Expiration 11/30/2022

Form. 556

Certification of Qualifying Facility (QF) Status for a Small Power Production or Cogeneration Facility

General

Questions about completing this form should be sent to Form556@ferc.gov. Information about the Commission's QF program, answers to frequently asked questions about QF requirements or completing this form, and contact information for QF program staff are available at the Commission's QF website, www.ferc.gov/QF. The Commission's QF website also provides links to the Commission's QF regulations (18 C.F.R. § 131.80 and Part 292), as well as other statutes and orders pertaining to the Commission's QF program.

Title 18, U.S.C. 1001 makes it a crime for any person knowingly and willingly to make to any Agency or Department of the United States any false, fictitious or fraudulent statements as to any matter within its jurisdiction.

Who Must File

Certification:

Any applicant seeking QF status for a generating facility that has a net power production capacity (as determined in lines 7a through 7g below) greater than 1 MW must file a self-certification or an application for Commission certification of QF status, which includes a properly completed Form 556. Any applicant seeking QF status for a generating facility with a net power production capacity 1 MW or less is exempt from the certification requirement and is therefore not required to complete or file a Form 556. See 18 C.F.R. § 292.203. This includes any applicant seeking small power production QF status for a generating facility that, together with any affiliated small power production QFs that use the same energy resource and are within one mile of the filing facility, has a net power production capacity 1 MW or less.

Recertification:

A QF must file a recertification whenever the qualifying facility "fails to conform with any material facts or representations presented ... in its submittals to the Commission." 18 C.F.R. § 292.207(f).

Among other possible changes in material facts that would necessitate recertification, a small power production QF is required to recertify to update item 8a due to a change at an affiliated facility(ies) one mile or less from its electrical generating equipment. A small power production QF is *not* required to recertify due to a change at an affiliated facility(ies) listed in item 8a that is more than one mile but less than 10 miles away from its electrical generating equipment, unless that change also impacts any other entries on the Form 556.

How to Complete the Form 556

This form is intended to be completed by responding to the items in the order they are presented, according to the instructions given. If you need to back-track, you may need to clear certain responses before you will be allowed to change other responses made previously in the form. If you experience problems, click on the nearest help button () for assistance, or contact Commission staff at Form556@ferc.gov.

Certain lines in this form will be automatically calculated based on responses to previous lines, with the relevant formulas shown. You must respond to all of the previous lines within a section before the results of an automatically calculated field will be displayed. If you disagree with the results of any automatic calculation on this form, contact Commission staff at Form556@ferc.gov to discuss the discrepancy before filing.

You must complete all lines in this form unless instructed otherwise. Do not alter this form or save this form in a different format. Incomplete or altered forms, or forms saved in formats other than PDF, will be rejected.

FERC Form 556 Page 2 - Instructions

How to File a Completed Form 556

Applicants are required to file their Form 556 electronically through the Commission's eFiling website (see instructions on page 3). By filing electronically, you will reduce your filing burden, save paper resources, save postage or courier charges, help keep Commission expenses to a minimum, and receive a much faster confirmation (via an email containing the docket number assigned to your facility) that the Commission has received your filing.

If you are simultaneously filing both a waiver request and a Form 556 as part of an application for Commission certification, see the "Waiver Requests" section on page 4 for more information on how to file.

Paperwork Reduction Act Notice

This form is approved by the Office of Management and Budget. Compliance with the information requirements established by the FERC Form 556 is required to obtain or maintain status as a QF. See 18 C.F.R. § 131.80 and Part 292. An agency may not penalize a person for not complying with a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

The estimated total burden for completing the FERC Form 556, including gathering and reporting information, is as follows: 1.5 hours for self-certifications of facilities of 1 MW or less; 1.5 hours for self-certifications of a cogeneration facility over 1 MW; 50 hours for applications for Commission certification of a cogeneration facility; 3.5 hours for self-certifications of small power producers over 1 MW and less than a mile or more than 10 miles from affiliated small power production QFs that use the same energy resource; 56 hours for an application for Commission certification of a small power production facility over 1 MW and less than a mile or more than 10 miles from affiliated small power production QFs that use the same energy resource; 9.5 hours for self-certifications of small power producers over 1 MW with affiliated small power production QFs more than one but less than 10 miles that use the same energy resource; 62 hours for an application for Commission certification of a small power production facility over 1 MW with affiliated small power production QFs more than one but less than 10 miles that use the same energy resource.

Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to the following: Information Clearance Officer, Office of the Executive Director (ED-32), Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, 888 First Street N.E., Washington, DC 20426 (DataClearance@ferc.gov); and Desk Officer for FERC, Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Office of Management and Budget, Washington, DC 20503 through www.reginfo.gov/public/do/PRAMain. Include FERC-556 and the Control No. 1902-0075 in any correspondence.

Filing Fee

No filing fee is required if you are submitting a self-certification or self-recertification of your facility as a QF pursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 292.207(a).

A filing fee is required if you are filing either of the following:

- (1) an application for Commission certification or recertification of your facility as a QF pursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 292.207(b), or
- (2) a petition for declaratory order granting waiver pursuant to 18 C.F.R. §§ 292.204(a)(3) and/or 292.205(c).

The current fees for applications for Commission certifications and petitions for declaratory order can be found by visiting the Commission's QF website at www.ferc.gov/QF and clicking the Filing Fees link.

You will be prompted to submit your filing fee, if applicable, during the electronic filing process described on page 3.

Electronic Filing (eFiling)

To electronically file your Form 556, visit the Commission's QF website at www.ferc.gov/QF and click the eFiling link.

If you are eFiling your first document, you will need to register with your name, email address, mailing address, and phone number. If you are registering on behalf of an employer, then you will also need to provide the employer name, alternate contact name, alternate contact phone number and alternate contact email.

Once you are registered, log in to eFiling with your registered email address and the password that you created at registration. Follow the instructions. When prompted, select one of the following QF-related filing types, as appropriate, from the Electric or General filing category.

Filing category	Filing Type as listed in eFiling	Description
Electric	(Fee) Application for Commission Cert. as Cogeneration QF	Use to submit an application for Commission certification or Commission recertification of a cogeneration facility as a QF.
	(Fee) Application for Commission Cert. as Small Power QF	Use to submit an application for Commission certification or Commission recertification of a small power production facility as a QF.
	Self-Certification Notice (QF, EG, FC)	Use to submit a notice of self- certification of your facility (cogeneration or small power production) as a QF.
	Self-Recertification of Qualifying Facility (QF)	Use to submit a notice of self- recertification of your facility (cogeneration or small power production) as a QF.
	Self-Recertification of Qualifying Facility (QF) (Supplement or Correction)	Use to correct or supplement a Form 556 that was submitted with errors or omissions, or for which Commission staff has requested additional information. Do not use this filing type to report new changes to a facility or its ownership; rather, use a self-recertification or Commission recertification to report such changes.
General	(Fee) Petition for Declaratory Order (not under FPA Part 1)	Use to submit a petition for declaratory order granting a waiver of Commission QF regulations pursuant to 18 C.F.R. §§ 292.204(a) (3) and/or 292.205(c). A Form 556 is not required for a petition for declaratory order unless Commission recertification is being requested as part of the petition.

You will be prompted to submit your filing fee, if applicable, during the electronic submission process. Filing fees can be paid by check or money order via ACH Credit transfer, wire payment, courier, or mail.

During the eFiling process, you will be prompted to select your file(s) for upload from your computer.

FERC Form 556 Page 4 - Instructions

Required Notice to Utilities and State Regulatory Authorities

Pursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 292.207(a)(ii), you must provide a copy of your self-certification or request for Commission certification to the utilities with which the facility will interconnect and/or transact, as well as to the State regulatory authorities of the states in which your facility and those utilities reside. Links to information about the regulatory authorities in various states can be found by visiting the Commission's QF website at www.ferc.gov/QF and clicking the Notice Requirements link.

What to Expect From the Commission After You File

An applicant filing a Form 556 electronically will receive an email message acknowledging receipt of the filing and showing the docket number assigned to the filing. Such email is typically sent within one business day, but may be delayed pending confirmation by the Secretary of the Commission of the contents of the filing.

An applicant submitting a self-certification of QF status should expect to receive no documents from the Commission, other than the electronic acknowledgement of receipt described above. Consistent with its name, a self-certification is a certification by the applicant itself that the facility meets the relevant requirements for QF status, and does not involve a determination by the Commission as to the status of the facility. An acknowledgement of receipt of a self-certification, in particular, does not represent a determination by the Commission with regard to the QF status of the facility. An applicant self-certifying may, however, receive a rejection, revocation or deficiency letter if its application is found, during periodic compliance reviews, not to comply with the relevant requirements.

An applicant submitting a request for Commission certification will receive an order either granting or denying certification of QF status, or a letter requesting additional information or rejecting the application. Pursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 292.207(b)(3), the Commission must act on an application for Commission certification within 90 days of the later of the filing date of the application or the filing date of a supplement, amendment or other change to the application.

Protests to the Filing

Pursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 292.207, an interested party has 30 days from the date of the filing of a self-certification or self-recertification to intervene or file a protest. Protests may be made to an initial certification (both self-certification and application for Commission certification) filed on or after December 31, 2020, but only to a recertification (both self-recertification and application for Commission recertification) that makes substantive changes to the existing certification and that is filed on or after December 31, 2020, as described in Order No. 872 (accessible from the Commission's QF website at www.ferc.gov/QF). Substantive changes that may be subject to a protest may include, for example, a change in electrical generating equipment that increases power production capacity by the greater of 1 MW or 5% of the previously certified capacity of the QF, or a change in ownership in which an owner increases its equity interest by at least 10% from the equity interest previously reported. The protestor must concurrently serve a copy of such filing pursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 385.2011. Any response to a protest must be filed on or before 30 days from the date of filing of that protest.

Waiver Requests

18 C.F.R. § 292.204(a)(3) allows an applicant to request a waiver to modify the method of calculation pursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 292.204(a)(2) to determine if two facilities are considered to be located at the same site, for good cause. 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(c) allows an applicant to request waiver of the requirements of 18 C.F.R. §§ 292.205(a) and (b) for operating and efficiency upon a showing that the facility will produce significant energy savings. A request for waiver of these requirements must be submitted as a petition for declaratory order, with the appropriate filing fee for a petition for declaratory order. Applicants requesting Commission recertification as part of a request for waiver of one of these requirements should electronically submit their completed Form 556 along with their petition for declaratory order, rather than filing their Form 556 as a separate request for Commission recertification. Only the filing fee for the petition for declaratory order must be paid to cover both the waiver request and the request for recertification if such requests are made simultaneously.

18 C.F.R. § 292.203(d)(2) allows an applicant to request a waiver of the Form 556 filing requirements, for good cause. Applicants filing a petition for declaratory order requesting a waiver under 18 C.F.R. § 292.203(d)(2) do not need to complete or submit a Form 556 with their petition.

Geographic Coordinates

Items 3c and 8a of the Form 556 require you to report your facility's (and certain neighboring facilities') geographic coordinates (latitude and longitude). Geographic coordinates may be obtained from several different sources. You can find links to online services that show latitude and longitude coordinates on online maps by visiting the Commission's QF webpage at www.ferc.gov/QF. You may also be able to obtain your geographic coordinates from a GPS device, Google Earth (available free at http://earth.google.com), a property survey, various engineering or construction drawings, a property deed, or a municipal or county map showing property lines.

Filing Privileged Data or Critical Energy Infrastructure Information in a Form 556

The Commission's regulations provide procedures for applicants to either (1) request that any information submitted with a Form 556 be given privileged treatment because the information is exempt from the mandatory public disclosure requirements of the Freedom of Information Act, 5 U.S.C. § 552, and should be withheld from public disclosure; or (2) identify any documents containing critical energy infrastructure information (CEII) as defined in 18 C.F.R. § 388.113 that should not be made public.

If you are seeking privileged treatment or CEII status for any data in your Form 556, then you must follow the procedures in 18 C.F.R. § 388.112. See www.ferc.gov/help/filing-guide/file-ceii.asp for more information.

Among other things (see 18 C.F.R. § 388.112 for other requirements), applicants seeking privileged treatment or CEII status for data submitted in a Form 556 must prepare and file both (1) a complete version of the Form 556 (containing the privileged and/or CEII data), and (2) a public version of the Form 556 (with the privileged and/or CEII data redacted). Applicants preparing and filing these different versions of their Form 556 must indicate below the security designation of this version of their document. If you are *not* seeking privileged treatment or CEII status for any of your Form 556 data, then you should not respond to any of the items on this page.

The eFiling process described on page 3 will allow you to identify which versions of the electronic documents you submit are public, privileged and/or CEII. The filenames for such documents should begin with "Public", "Priv", or "CEII", as applicable, to clearly indicate the security designation of the file. Both versions of the Form 556 should be unaltered PDF copies of the Form 556, as available for download from www.ferc.gov/QF. To redact data from the public copy of the submittal, simply omit the relevant data from the Form. For numerical fields, leave the redacted fields blank. For text fields, complete as much of the field as possible, and replace the redacted portions of the field with the word "REDACTED" in brackets. Be sure to identify above all fields which contain data for which you are seeking non-public status.

The Commission is not responsible for detecting or correcting filer errors, including those errors related to security designation. If your documents contain sensitive information, make sure they are filed using the proper security designation.

FEDERAL ENERGY REGULATORY COMMISSION WASHINGTON, DC

OMB Control # 1902-0075 Expiration 11/30/2022

Form 556 Certification of Qualifying Facility (QF) Status for a Small Power Production or Cogeneration Facility

1b Applicant street addre 130 Roberts St	SS		
1c City		1d State/provi	nce
Asheville		NC	I
1e Postal code 28801	1f Country (if not United States)		1g Telephone number 855-969-3380
1h Has the instant facility	ever previously been certified as a Q	F? Yes ⊠ N	lo
1i If yes, provide the dock	et number of the last known QF filing	g pertaining to th	nis facility: QF 16 - 1037 - 004
1j Under which certificati	on process is the applicant making th	is filing?	
Notice of self-certific (see note below)	ation \Box_{fe}^{A}	pplication for Co e; see "Filing Fee	mmission certification (requires filing e" section on page 2)
QF status. A notice of	self-certification does not establish a tion to verify compliance. See the "W	proceeding, and	
1k What type(s) of QF sta	tus is the applicant seeking for its fac	ility? (check all th	nat apply)
Qualifying small por	wer production facility status 🔲 Q	ualifying cogene	eration facility status
	d expected effective date(s) of this fil	_	
_	n; facility expected to be installed by		nd to begin operation on
	iously certified facility to be effective		language saction starting on page 24\
	hange(s) below, and describe changod d/or other administrative change(s)	e(s) in the Miscer	ianeous section starting on page 24)
Change in owner			
		production cana	acity and/or cogeneration thermal outpu
			and or cogeneration thermal outpu
	ection to a previous filing submitted ement or correction in the Miscellane		ing on page 24)
1m If any of the following to the extent possible The instant facility previously granted orders in the Misco	three statements is true, check the k , explaining any special circumstance	pox(es) that desc is in the Miscella requirements by ed)	ribe your situation and complete the for neous section starting on page 24. virtue of a waiver of certain regulations (specify any other relevant waiver

FERC Form 556 Page 7 - All Facilities

	Ben Catt			2b Telephone number 855–969–3380			
	2c Which of the following describes	the contact person's rela	tionship to the app	licant? (check one)	-		
_				zed to represent the applicant			
on	Employee of a company affiliat	ed with the applicant au	thorized to represe	ent the applicant on this matter			
lati	Lawyer, consultant, or other re						
rr	2d Company or organization name	(if applicant is an individ	ual, check here and	d skip to line 2e)	-		
Contact Information	Pine Gate Renewables, LLC						
t	2e Street address (if same as Applicant, check here and skip to line 3a) ⊠						
ıta							
ြို							
	2f City		2g State/provi	nce	1		
	2h Postal code	2i Country (if not Unite	d States)		1		
_	3a Facility name						
Location	Whiskey Solar, LLC						
cat	3b Street address (if a street address	does not exist for the fa	cility, check here a	nd skip to line 3c)			
2	105 S Whiskey Road						
Facility Identification and	3c Geographic coordinates: Specify	the latitude and longitud	de coordinates of t	he facility in degrees (to three decimal	1		
la (degrees + (minutes/60) + (seconds/3	convert to decimal degr 600). See the "Geograph	ees from degrees, hic Coordinates" se	minutes and seconds: decimal degrees =	=		
į.		J ,		. 5			
cat	25 272 1	N .1 ()					
tifi	Latitude35.273_degr	rees North (+)	Longitude	79.736 degrees West (-)			
len							
2	3d City (if unincorporated, check he	re and enter nearest city)	3e State/pr	ovince	1		
<u></u>	Candor	•	_	Carolina			
aci	3f County (or check here for indeper	ndent city)	g Country (if not	United States)	63		
<u> </u>	Montgomery						
	Identify the electric utilities that are c	ontemplated to transact	with the facility.		1		
es	4a Identify utility interconnecting w	ith the facility			1		
達	Duke Energy Progress						
Ç	4b Identify utilities providing wheeli	ing service or check here	if none		-		
اق	, , ,						
Ė	4c Identify utilities purchasing the u	seful electric power outp	ut or check here if	none	40		
sac	Duke Energy Progress				U		
Transacting Utilities	4d Identify utilities providing supple	mentary power, backup	power, maintenan	ce power, and/or interruptible power			
<u>~</u>	service or check here if none	,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	parter, and or interruptible power			
	Duke Energy Progress						

two direct owners with the largest equity interest in the facility.	holding %	f Yes, equity
Full legal names of direct owners		iterest
1) Whiskey Solar, LLC		100
2)	Vas 🗆 Na 🗖	
3)		
4)		
5)	·	
6)		
7)		
8)		
9)	Yes No L	
10)	Yes No	
5b Upstream (i.e., indirect) ownership as of effective date or operation dat of the facility that both (1) hold at least 10 percent equity interest in th defined in section 3(22) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 796(22)), or 1262(8) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16 equity interest in the facility held by such owners. (Note that, because another total percent equity interest reported may exceed 100 percent	e facility, and (2) are electric utilities, as holding companies, as defined in sect 451(8)). Also provide the percentage o upstream owners may be subsidiaries	s ion of
of the facility that both (1) hold at least 10 percent equity interest in the defined in section 3(22) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 796(22)), or 1262(8) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16	e facility, and (2) are electric utilities, as holding companies, as defined in secti 451(8)). Also provide the percentage oupstream owners may be subsidiaries t.)	s cion of of on
of the facility that both (1) hold at least 10 percent equity interest in the defined in section 3(22) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 796(22)), or 1262(8) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16 equity interest in the facility held by such owners. (Note that, because another, total percent equity interest reported may exceed 100 percent	e facility, and (2) are electric utilities, as holding companies, as defined in secti 451(8)). Also provide the percentage of upstream owners may be subsidiaries t.)	sion of of on equit
of the facility that both (1) hold at least 10 percent equity interest in the defined in section 3(22) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 796(22)), or 1262(8) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16 equity interest in the facility held by such owners. (Note that, because another, total percent equity interest reported may exceed 100 percent Check here if no such upstream owners exist.	e facility, and (2) are electric utilities, as holding companies, as defined in secti 451(8)). Also provide the percentage of upstream owners may be subsidiaries t.)	s ion of
of the facility that both (1) hold at least 10 percent equity interest in the defined in section 3(22) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 796(22)), or 1262(8) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16 equity interest in the facility held by such owners. (Note that, because another, total percent equity interest reported may exceed 100 percent Check here if no such upstream owners exist. Full legal names of electric utility or holding company of the facility of the facility interest in the definition of the facility of the facility interest in the definition of the facility interest in the facility interest	e facility, and (2) are electric utilities, as holding companies, as defined in section 451(8)). Also provide the percentage of upstream owners may be subsidiaries t.) **Mathematical Companies** **Postream owners** **Ipstream owners** *	sion of of on equit
of the facility that both (1) hold at least 10 percent equity interest in the defined in section 3(22) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 796(22)), or 1262(8) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16 equity interest in the facility held by such owners. (Note that, because another, total percent equity interest reported may exceed 100 percent Check here if no such upstream owners exist. Full legal names of electric utility or holding company of the property of the percent and percent equity interest reported may exceed 100 percent check here if no such upstream owners exist.	e facility, and (2) are electric utilities, as holding companies, as defined in section 451(8)). Also provide the percentage of upstream owners may be subsidiaries t.) """ """ """ """ """ """ """ """ """	sion of of on equit
of the facility that both (1) hold at least 10 percent equity interest in the defined in section 3(22) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 796(22)), or 1262(8) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16 equity interest in the facility held by such owners. (Note that, because another, total percent equity interest reported may exceed 100 percent Check here if no such upstream owners exist. Full legal names of electric utility or holding company of PGRP Holdings, LLC PGR Partners, LLC (100% owner of PGRP Holdings,	e facility, and (2) are electric utilities, as holding companies, as defined in section 451(8)). Also provide the percentage of upstream owners may be subsidiaries t.) spstream owners in including the percentage of the percenta	equit
of the facility that both (1) hold at least 10 percent equity interest in the defined in section 3(22) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 796(22)), or 1262(8) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16 equity interest in the facility held by such owners. (Note that, because another, total percent equity interest reported may exceed 100 percent Check here if no such upstream owners exist. Full legal names of electric utility or holding company of PGRP Holdings, LLC PGR Partners, LLC (100% owner of PGRP Holdings, 3) Delaney Kate Holdings, LLC (10% owner of PGR Partners)	e facility, and (2) are electric utilities, as holding companies, as defined in section 451(8)). Also provide the percentage of upstream owners may be subsidiaries t.) spstream owners infactoric definition of the percentage of	equit
of the facility that both (1) hold at least 10 percent equity interest in the defined in section 3(22) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 796(22)), or 1262(8) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16 equity interest in the facility held by such owners. (Note that, because another, total percent equity interest reported may exceed 100 percent Check here if no such upstream owners exist. Full legal names of electric utility or holding company (1) PGRP Holdings, LLC PGR Partners, LLC (100% owner of PGRP Holdings, 3) Delaney Kate Holdings, LLC (10% owner of PGR Partners, LC (10% owner of PGR Partners) Bedrock Energy Holdings, LLC (30% owner of PGR	e facility, and (2) are electric utilities, as holding companies, as defined in section 451(8)). Also provide the percentage of upstream owners may be subsidiaries t.) supstream owners LLC) cners, LLC) artners, LLC)	equitateress 10 10 1 3
of the facility that both (1) hold at least 10 percent equity interest in the defined in section 3(22) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 796(22)), or 1262(8) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16 equity interest in the facility held by such owners. (Note that, because another, total percent equity interest reported may exceed 100 percent Check here if no such upstream owners exist. Full legal names of electric utility or holding company of PGRP Holdings, LLC PGR Partners, LLC (100% owner of PGRP Holdings, Delaney Kate Holdings, LLC (10% owner of PGR Partners, LLC (10% owner of PGR Partners, LLC (30% o	e facility, and (2) are electric utilities, as holding companies, as defined in section 451(8)). Also provide the percentage of upstream owners may be subsidiaries t.) supstream owners LLC) cners, LLC) artners, LLC)	equitateress 10 10 1 3
of the facility that both (1) hold at least 10 percent equity interest in the defined in section 3(22) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 796(22)), or 1262(8) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16 equity interest in the facility held by such owners. (Note that, because another, total percent equity interest reported may exceed 100 percent Check here if no such upstream owners exist. Full legal names of electric utility or holding company of PGRP Holdings, LLC PGR Partners, LLC (100% owner of PGRP Holdings, Delaney Kate Holdings, LLC (10% owner of PGR Partners, LLC (30% owner of PGR Partners)	e facility, and (2) are electric utilities, as holding companies, as defined in section 451(8)). Also provide the percentage of upstream owners may be subsidiaries t.) supstream owners supstream owners integration of the percentage of the perc	equititerest
of the facility that both (1) hold at least 10 percent equity interest in the defined in section 3(22) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 796(22)), or 1262(8) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16 equity interest in the facility held by such owners. (Note that, because another, total percent equity interest reported may exceed 100 percent Check here if no such upstream owners exist. Full legal names of electric utility or holding company of PGRP Holdings, LLC PGR Partners, LLC (100% owner of PGRP Holdings, 3) Delaney Kate Holdings, LLC (10% owner of PGR Partners, LLC (30% owner of PGR Partners)	e facility, and (2) are electric utilities, as holding companies, as defined in section 451(8)). Also provide the percentage of upstream owners may be subsidiaries t.) supstream owners insurance of the percentage of the percen	equitateress 10 10 1 3
of the facility that both (1) hold at least 10 percent equity interest in the defined in section 3(22) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 796(22)), or 1262(8) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16 equity interest in the facility held by such owners. (Note that, because another, total percent equity interest reported may exceed 100 percent Check here if no such upstream owners exist. Full legal names of electric utility or holding company of PGRP Holdings, LLC PGR Partners, LLC (100% owner of PGRP Holdings, 3) Delaney Kate Holdings, LLC (10% owner of PGR Partners, LC (30% owner of PGR Partners) LC (30% owner of PGR Partners)	e facility, and (2) are electric utilities, as holding companies, as defined in section 451(8)). Also provide the percentage of upstream owners may be subsidiaries t.) supstream owners insurance of the percentage of the percen	equiter

FERC Form 556

	6a Describe the primary energy input: (check one main category and, if applicable, one subcategory)														
		Bioma	ss (specify)	⊠ R	lene	wable resources (specify)	Geot	hermal							
			Landfill gas			Hydro power - river	Fossi	I fuel (spe	cify)						
			Manure digester gas			Hydro power - tidal		Coal (not	: waste)						
			Municipal solid waste			Hydro power - wave		Fuel oil/o	liesel						
			Sewage digester gas		\boxtimes	Solar - photovoltaic		Natural g	as (not waste)						
			Wood			Solar - thermal		Other for	ssil fuel						
			Other biomass (describe on	page 24)		Wind		(describe	e on page 24)						
			(specify type below in line 6			Other renewable resource (describe on page 24)			e on page 24)						
	6b If you specified "waste" as the primary energy input in line 6a, indicate the type of waste fuel used: (check one)														
	Waste fuel listed in 18 C.F.R. § 292.202(b) (specify one of the following)														
			Anthracite culm produced	prior to Jul	y 23	, 1985									
			Anthracite refuse that has ash content of 45 percent	an average or more	hea	t content of 6,000 Btu or le	ss per pound	d and has a	in average						
			Bituminous coal refuse that average ash content of 25				u per pound	or less and	l has an						
nput			Top or bottom subbitumir determined to be waste by (BLM) or that is located on the applicant shows that t	y the United non-Federa	l Sta al or	tes Department of the Inte non-Indian lands outside	erior's Bureau of BLM's juris	of Land <i>M</i> diction, pr	lanagement ovided that						
Energy Input			Coal refuse produced on F BLM or that is located on r applicant shows that the la	on- Federal	l or r	non-Indian lands outside o	f BLM's jurisc	liction, pro	vaste by the ovided that						
ய			Lignite produced in associ as a result of such a mining	ation with t g operation	he p	roduction of montan wax	and lignite tl	nat becom	es exposed						
			Gaseous fuels (except natu	ıral gas and	syn	thetic gas from coal) (desc	ribe on page	24)							
									Waste natural gas from ga C.F.R. § 2.400 for waste na compliance with 18 C.F.R.	tural gas; in	s (de clud	scribe on page 24 how the e with your filing any mate	e gas meets t erials necessa	he require ry to dem	ments of 18 onstrate
			Materials that a governme	nt agency h	as c	ertified for disposal by cor	nbustion (de	scribe on p	page 24)						
			Heat from exothermic read	tions (desc	ribe	on page 24)	Residual hea	t (describ	e on page 24)						
			Used rubber tires] Plastic ma	ateri	als 🔲 Refinery o	ff-gas	☐ Petr	oleum coke						
		facili	r waste energy input that ha ty industry (describe in the i of commercial value and ex	Miscellaneo	us s	ection starting on page 24	; include a di	scussion o	ualifying f the fuel's						
	6с	energy inp	e average energy input, calc outs, and provide the related	d percentag	e of	the total average annual e	nergy input	ne followin to the facil	g fossil fuel ity (18 C.F.R. §						
		292.202(j))). For any oil or natural gas f				92.202(m)).								
			Fuel			average energy or specified fuel	Percentage annual ener								
			Natural gas	1114	JULI	O Btu/h	armual erler								
			Oil-based fuels			0 Btu/h		0 %							
			Coal					0 %	r						
						0 Btu/h		0 %							

Technical Facility Information

Indicate the maximum gross and maximum net electric power production capacity of the facility at the point(s) of delivery by completing the worksheet below. Respond to all items. If any of the parasitic loads and/or losses identified in lines 7b through 7e are negligible, enter zero for those lines.

7a The maximum gross power production capacity at the terminals of the individual generator(s) under the most favorable anticipated design conditions	6 , 960 kW
7b Parasitic station power used at the facility to run equipment which is necessary and integral to the power production process (boiler feed pumps, fans/blowers, office or maintenance buildings directly related to the operation of the power generating facility, etc.). If this facility includes non-power production processes (for instance, power consumed by a cogeneration facility's thermal host), do not include any power consumed by the non-power production activities in your	
reported parasitic station power.	0 kW
7c Electrical losses in interconnection transformers	o kW
7d Electrical losses in AC/DC conversion equipment, if any	1,970 kW
7e Other interconnection losses in power lines or facilities (other than transformers and AC/DC conversion equipment) between the terminals of the generator(s) and the point of interconnection with the utility	0 kW
7f Total deductions from gross power production capacity = $7b + 7c + 7d + 7e$	1,970.0 kW
7g Maximum net power production capacity = 7a - 7f	4,990.0 kW

Phescription of facility and primary components: Describe the facility and its operation. Identify all boilers, heat recovery steam generators, prime movers (any mechanical equipment driving an electric generator), electrical generators, photovoltaic solar equipment, fuel cell equipment and/or other primary power generation equipment used in the facility. Descriptions of components should include (as applicable) specifications of the nominal capacities for mechanical output, electrical output, or steam generation of the identified equipment. For each piece of equipment identified, clearly indicate how many pieces of that type of equipment are included in the plant, and which components are normally operating or normally in standby mode. Provide a description of how the components operate as a system. Applicants for cogeneration facilities do not need to describe operations of systems that are clearly depicted on and easily understandable from a cogeneration facility's attached mass and heat balance diagram; however, such applicants should provide any necessary description needed to understand the sequential operation of the facility depicted in their mass and heat balance diagram. If additional space is needed, continue in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 24.

This is a 4,990 kW AC facility located in Montgomery County, North Carolina. The facility will utilize PV modules. The PV modules will be connected to inverters. The Inverters will be connected to a transformer. This project will sell all generated power and solar renewable credits to Duke Energy Progress.

0

Information Required for Small Power Production Facility

If you indicated in line 1k that you are seeking qualifying small power production facility status for your facility, then you must respond to the items on this page. Otherwise, skip pages 11 through 15.

Pursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 292.204(a), the power production capacity of any small power production facility, together with the power production capacity of any other small power production facilities that use the same energy resource, are owned by the same person(s) or its affiliates, and are located at the same site, may not exceed 80 megawatts. To demonstrate compliance with this size limitation, or to demonstrate that your facility is exempt from this size limitation under the Solar, Wind, Waste, and Geothermal Power Production Incentives Act of 1990 (Pub. L. 101-575, 104 Stat. 2834 (1990) as amended by Pub. L. 102-46, 105 Stat. 249 (1991)), respond to lines 8a through 8f below (as applicable).

Electric Generating Equipment

Electrical generating equipment will refer to all boilers, heat recovery steam generators, prime movers (any mechanical equipment driving an electric generator), electrical generators, photovoltaic solar panels, inverters, fuel cell equipment and/or other primary power generation equipment used in the facility, excluding equipment for gathering energy to be used in the facility. Each wind turbine on a wind farm and each solar panel in a solar facility is considered electrical generating equipment because each wind turbine and each solar panel is independently capable of producing electric energy.

Distance

The distance between two facilities is to be measured from the edge of the closest electrical generating equipment for which qualification or recertification is sought to the edge of the nearest electrical generating equipment of the other affiliated small power production qualifying facility using the same energy resource. An affiliated small power production QF located one mile or less from the instant facility is irrebuttably presumed to be at the same site. An affiliated small power production QF located more than one mile and less than 10 miles from the instant facility is rebuttably presumed to be at a separate site. An affiliated small power production QF located 10 miles or more from the instant facility is irrebuttably presumed to be located at a separate site.

8a Identify affiliated small power production QFs located less than 10 miles from the electrical generating equipment of the instant facility that use the same energy resource and are held (with at least a 5 percent equity interest) by any of the entities identified in lines 5a or 5b or their affiliates. Specify the latitude and longitude coordinates for both the applicant and the affiliate small power production QF based on the nearest electrical generating equipment for each facility. Report coordinates in degrees (to three decimal places) as a positive number for east and north or a negative number for west and south. Use the following formula to convert to decimal degrees from degrees, minutes and seconds: decimal degrees = degrees + (minutes/60) + (seconds/3600). See the "Geographic Coordinates" section on page 5 for help obtaining coordinates. The distances for each facility listed below will be automatically calculated from the reported coordinates. See www.ferc.gov/QF for more information on how this form calculates distance.

Check here if no such facilities exist.

Facility loca (city or county		Root docket # (if any)	Maximum net power production capacity	Common owner(s)
Biscoe, North	Carolina	Q F <u>21</u> - 822	80,000 kW	PGR Partners, LLC
Coordinates (in degr	ees) and Dista	nce (miles):		
Closest electrical ger	erating equip	ment for applicant	's facility:	
Latitude 35.275	North (+)	Longitude 79	9.739 West (-)	
Closest electrical ger	erating equip	ment for affiliate's	facility:	Distance





	8a (Continued			
		Facility location (city or county, state)	Root docket # (if any)	Maximum net power production capacity	Common owner(s)
		Biscoe, North Carolina	QF ₁₈ - 1745	70,200 kW	PGR Partners, LLC
		Coordinates (in degrees) and Dista	nce (miles):		-
	2)	Closest electrical generating equip	ment for applicant's	facility:	
		Latitude 35.275 North (+)	Longitude 79.	735 West (-)	
		Closest electrical generating equip	ment for affiliate's fa	ocilitye	D' 1
g					Distance miles
JUE		Latitude 35.324 North (+)	Longitude 79.	724 WEST (*)	3.44 miles
Compliance with Size Limitations (continued)		Facility location	Root docket #		
)		(city or county, state)	QF -	production capacity kW	Common owner(s)
suc				· KVV	-
atic		Coordinates (in degrees) and Dista	nce (miles):		
<u>iti</u>	3)	Closest electrical generating equip			
=		Latitude Choose +/	- Longitude	Choose +/-	
Ze		Closest electrical generating equip	ment for affiliate's fa	acility:	Distance
7		Latitude Choose +/	- Longitude	Choose +/-	6 miles
۸it					
Ce /		Facility location	Root docket #	Maximum net power	Common owner(s)
ian		(city or county, state)	(if any) QF -	production capacity kW	Common owner(s)
Id		Condinator (in decrees) and Dista			
DO.	4)	Coordinates (in degrees) and Dista		6 M.	
of (14)	Closest electrical generating equip		Choose +/-	:
		Latitude Choose +/	Longitude	CHOOSE +/-	
3110		Closest electrical generating equip	oment for affiliate's fa	acility:	Distance
		Latitude Choose +/	/- Longitude	Choose +/-	0 miles
Certification					
ز		Facility location (city or county, state)	Root docket # (if any)	Maximum net power production capacity	Common owner(s)
		(cry cr cours,)	QF	kW	
		Coordinates (in degrees) and Dista	ance (miles):		
	5)	Closest electrical generating equip		: facility:	
		Latitude Choose +		Choose +/-	<u> </u>
				11.	
		Closest electrical generating equip			Distance
		Latitude Choose +,	/- Longitude	Choose +/-	0 miles

	8a	Lontinued			
		Facility location (city or county, state)	Root docket # (if any)	Maximum net power production capacity	Common owner(s)
		-	QF	kW	
		Coordinates (in degrees) and Dista			
	6)	Closest electrical generating equip			
~		Latitude Choose +/	/- Longitude	Choose +/-	
		Closest electrical generating equip	oment for affiliate's fa	acility:	Distance
Juec		LatitudeChoose +/	′- Longitude	Choose +/-	0 miles
of Compliance with Size Limitations (continued		Facility location (city or county, state)	Root docket #	•	<i>-</i>
s (c		(City of County, state)	(if any) QF -	production capacity kW	Common owner(s)
OU		Coordinates (in degrees) and Dista	· — —	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
tati	7)	_		facility.	
Ē	'	Closest electrical generating equip		Choose +/-	
e Li					·
Siz		Closest electrical generating equip			Distance
vith		Latitude Choose +/	Longitude	Choose +/-	0 miles
ce v		Facility location	Root docket #	Maximum net power	
lian		(city or county, state)	(if any) QF -	production capacity kW	Common owner(s)
mp		Coordinates (in degrees) and Dista			
Ω	8)	Closest electrical generating equip	ment for applicant's	facility:	
יס ר		Latitude Choose +/	- Longitude	Choose +/-	
atio		Closest electrical generating equip	ment for affiliate's fa	acility:	Distance
Certificatio		Latitude Choose +/	- Longitude	Choose +/-	0 miles
Cer		Facility location (city or county, state)	Root docket # (if any)	Maximum net power production capacity	Common owner(s)
		1	QF	kW	
		Coordinates (in degrees) and Dista	nce (miles):		
	9)	Closest electrical generating equip	ment for applicant's	facility:	
		Latitude Choose +/	- Longitude	Choose +/-	
		Closest electrical generating equip	ment for affiliate's fa	acility:	Distance
		Latitude Choose +/	- Longitude	Choose +/-	0 miles

8a	Continued			
	Facility location (city or county, state)	Root docket # (if any) QF -	Maximum net power production capacity	Common owner(s)
	Coordinates (in degrees) and Distar			
10)			facility:	
	Latitude Choose +/-			
<u>~</u>	Closest electrical generating equip	ment for affiliate's fa	acility:	Distance
inued	Latitude Choose +/-		Choose +/-	Distance miles
ize Limita	Check here and continue in the Misthe calculator below below to calculator Specify the latitud wer production QF based on the near grees (to three decimal places) as a post the following formula to convert to grees + (minutes/60) + (seconds/3600 ordinates. The distances for each facility ordinates. See www.ferc.gov/QF for Closest electrical generating equipm	e and longitude codest electrical general sitive number for educimal degrees from the code of the code	d on facility coordinates. ordinates for both the appleating equipment for each feast and north or a negative or degrees, minutes and sobic Coordinates" section of the automatically calculates on how this form calculates	icant and the affiliate small acility. Report coordinates in e number for west and south. econds: decimal degrees = on page 5 for help obtaining ed from the reported
lwc	Closest electrical generating equipm			Distance
of C	Latitude Choose +/-	Longitude	Choose +/-	0 miles
Certificat	You have the option below to assert wer production QFs using the same exact diditional space is needed, continue in the same to 18 C.F.R. § 292.204(a)(2)(i)(C) le but less than 10 miles apart there is low are examples of the factors that the dilities that are owned by the same performed facilities, access and easements, erconnection to the distribution or the distribution or the distribution of the dist	nergy resource moin the Miscellaneous n the Miscellaneous), if affiliated small persu he Commission may rson(s) or its affiliate characteristics as: in interconnection ag ansmission system, angements, connecties easing, and shared istics as whether the operated and maint	re than one mile but less the section starting on page 2 cower producer qualifying mption that they are at serve y consider in deciding where sare located "at the same infrastructure, property own reements, interconnection collector systems or facilititions to the electrical grid, a step-up transformers; and a facilities in question are: a ined by the same or affilia	facilities are more than one parate sites. The factors listed ther small power production site": (1) physical pership, property leases, facilities up to the point of es, points of interconnection, evidence of shared control (2) ownership/other owned or controlled by the ted entity(ies), selling to the

managing a power sales agreement executed within 12 months of a similar and affiliated small power production

qualifying facility (continued next page)...

8b Continued

... (continued from previous page) in the same location, placed into service within 12 months of an affiliated small power production QF project's commercial operation date as specified in the power sales agreement, or sharing engineering or procurement contracts.

QF21-822 and QF18-1745 are not located at the same site as the applicant's facility. The facilities are located on separate real estate parcels owned by different landowners and leased at different times under different agreements. In addition, they do not share any access or easements.

QF21-822 and QF18-1745 and applicant's facility have separate IX Agreements with Duke Energy Progress, and they are connecting to different infrastructure. They will not share a point of interconnection, control facilities, transformers, or any collector systems. The applicant and QF21-822 and QF18-1745 have separate offtake agreements.

The applicant and QF21-822 and QF18-1745 have separate EPC contracts. Furthermore, the applicant reached substantial completion on 10/20/2021 and QF21-822 and QF18-1745 have not reached substantial completion yet.

In light of the foregoing, the facilities in question are not, and should not be deemed to be located at a single site.

	The Solar, Wind, Waste, and Geothermal Power Production Incentives Act of 1990 (Incentives Act) provides
exe	emption from the size limitations in 18 C.F.R. § 292.204(a) for certain facilities that were certified prior to 1995.
Are	you seeking exemption from the size limitations in 18 C.F.R. § 292.204(a) by virtue of the Incentives Act?

Yes (continue at line 8d below) No (skip lines 8d through 8f)

8d Was the original notice of self-certification or application for Commission certification of the facility filed on or before December 31, 1994? Yes No

8e Did construction of the facility commence on or before December 31, 1999? Yes No

8f If you answered No in line 8e, indicate whether reasonable diligence was exercised toward the completion of the facility, taking into account all factors relevant to construction? Yes No

If you answered Yes, provide a brief narrative explanation in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 24 of the construction timeline (in particular, describe why construction started so long after the facility was certified) and the diligence exercised toward completion of the facility.

Pursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 292.204(b), qualifying small power production facilities may use fossil fuels, in minimal amounts, for only the following purposes: ignition; start-up; testing; flame stabilization; control use; alleviation or prevention of unanticipated equipment outages; and alleviation or prevention of emergencies, directly affecting the public health, safety, or welfare, which would result from electric power outages. The amount of fossil fuels used for these purposes may not exceed 25 percent of the total energy input of the facility during the 12-month period beginning with the date the facility first produces electric energy or any calendar year thereafter.

- 9a Certification of compliance with 18 C.F.R. § 292.204(b) with respect to uses of fossil fuel:
 - Applicant certifies that the facility will use fossil fuels *exclusively* for the purposes listed above.
- 9b Certification of compliance with 18 C.F.R. § 292.204(b) with respect to amount of fossil fuel used annually:
 - Applicant certifies that the amount of fossil fuel used at the facility will not, in aggregate, exceed 25 percent of the total energy input of the facility during the 12-month period beginning with the date the facility first produces electric energy or any calendar year thereafter.



Information Required for Cogeneration Facility

If you indicated in line 1k that you are seeking qualifying cogeneration facility status for your facility, then you must respond to the items on pages 16 through 18. Otherwise, skip pages 16 through 18.

		Pursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 292.202(c), a cogeneration facility produces electric energy and forms of useful thermal energy (such as heat or steam) used for industrial, commercial, heating, or cooling purposes, through the sequential use of energy. Pursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 292.202(s), "sequential use" of energy means the following: (1) for a topping-cycle cogeneration facility, the use of reject heat from a power production process in sufficient amounts in a thermal application or process to conform to the requirements of the operating standard contained in 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(a); or (2) for a bottoming-cycle cogeneration facility, the use of at least some reject heat from a thermal application or process for power production. 10a What type(s) of cogeneration technology does the facility represent? (check all that apply)			
			cogeneration Bottoming-cycle cogeneration		
		10b To help demonstrate the sequential operation of the cogeneration process, and to support compliance with other requirements such as the operating and efficiency standards, include with your filing a mass and heat balance diagram depicting average annual operating conditions. This diagram must include certain items and meet certain requirements, as described below. You must check next to the description of each requirement below to certify that you have complied with these requirements.			
		Check to certify compliance with indicated requirement	Requirement		
ration			Diagram must show orientation within system piping and/or ducts of all prime movers, heat recovery steam generators, boilers, electric generators, and condensers (as applicable), as well as any other primary equipment relevant to the cogeneration process.		
gene			Any average annual values required to be reported in lines 10b, 12a, 13a, 13b, 13d, 13f, 14a, 15b, 15d and/or 15f must be computed over the anticipated hours of operation.		
eral Cog			Diagram must specify all fuel inputs by fuel type and average annual rate in Btu/h. Fuel for supplementary firing should be specified separately and clearly labeled. All specifications of fuel inputs should use lower heating values.		
ene			Diagram must specify average gross electric output in kW or MW for each generator.		
Ū			Diagram must specify average mechanical output (that is, any mechanical energy taken off of the shaft of the prime movers for purposes not directly related to electric power generation) in horsepower, if any. Typically, a cogeneration facility has no mechanical output.		
			At each point for which working fluid flow conditions are required to be specified (see below), such flow condition data must include mass flow rate (in lb/h or kg/s), temperature (in °F, R, °C or K), absolute pressure (in psia or kPa) and enthalpy (in Btu/lb or kJ/kg). Exception: For systems where the working fluid is <i>liquid only</i> (no vapor at any point in the cycle) and where the type of liquid and specific heat of that liquid are clearly indicated on the diagram or in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 24, only mass flow rate and temperature (not pressure and enthalpy) need be specified. For reference, specific heat at standard conditions for pure liquid water is approximately 1.002 Btu/(lb*R) or 4.195 kJ/(kg*K).		
			Diagram must specify working fluid flow conditions at input to and output from each steam turbine or other expansion turbine or back-pressure turbine.		
			Diagram must specify working fluid flow conditions at delivery to and return from each thermal application.		
			Diagram must specify working fluid flow conditions at make-up water inputs.		

	EPAct 2005 cogeneration facilities: The Energy Policy Act of 2005 (EPAct 2005) established a new section 210(n) of the Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978 (PURPA), 16 USC 824a-3(n), with additional requirements for any qualifying cogeneration facility that (1) is seeking to sell electric energy pursuant to section 210 of PURPA and (2) was either not a cogeneration facility on August 8, 2005, or had not filed a self-certification or application for Commission certification of QF status on or before February 1, 2006. These requirements were implemented by the Commission in 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d). Complete the lines below, carefully following the instructions, to demonstrate whether these additional requirements apply to your cogeneration facility and, if so, whether your facility complies with such requirements.			
	11a Was your facility operating as a qualifying cogeneration facility on or before August 8, 2005? Yes No	0		
	11b Was the initial filing seeking certification of your facility (whether a notice of self-certification or an application for Commission certification) filed on or before February 1, 2006? Yes No			
s e	If the answer to either line 11a or 11b is Yes, then continue at line 11c below. Otherwise, if the answers to both lines 11a and 11b are No, skip to line 11e below.			
ental Use Facilities	11c With respect to the design and operation of the facility, have any changes been implemented on or after February 2, 2006 that affect general plant operation, affect use of thermal output, and/or increase net power production capacity from the plant's capacity on February 1, 2006?	0		
mel n E	Yes (continue at line 11d below)			
Act 2005 Requirements for Fundamental Use f Energy Output from Cogeneration Facilities	No. Your facility is not subject to the requirements of 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d) at this time. However, it may be subject to to these requirements in the future if changes are made to the facility. At such time, the applicant would need to recertify the facility to determine eligibility. Skip lines 11d through 11j.			
s for oger	11d Does the applicant contend that the changes identified in line 11c are not so significant as to make the facility a "new" cogeneration facility that would be subject to the 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d) cogeneration requirements?	0		
ement from C	Yes. Provide in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 24 a description of any relevant changes made to the facility (including the purpose of the changes) and a discussion of why the facility should not be considered a "new" cogeneration facility in light of these changes. Skip lines 11e through 11j.			
Requir Jutput	No. Applicant stipulates to the fact that it is a "new" cogeneration facility (for purposes of determining the applicability of the requirements of 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)) by virtue of modifications to the facility that were initiated on or after February 2, 2006. Continue below at line 11e.			
05 37 C	11e Will electric energy from the facility be sold pursuant to section 210 of PURPA?	0		
ct 20 nerg	Yes. The facility is an EPAct 2005 cogeneration facility. You must demonstrate compliance with 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2) by continuing at line 11f below.			
EPA of E	No. Applicant certifies that energy will <i>not</i> be sold pursuant to section 210 of PURPA. Applicant also certifies its understanding that it must recertify its facility in order to determine compliance with the requirements of 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d) <i>before</i> selling energy pursuant to section 210 of PURPA in the future. Skip lines 11f through 11j.			
	11f Is the net power production capacity of your cogeneration facility, as indicated in line 7g above, less than or equal to 5,000 kW?	0		
	Yes, the net power production capacity is less than or equal to 5,000 kW. 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(4) provides a rebuttable presumption that cogeneration facilities of 5,000 kW and smaller capacity comply with the requirements for fundamental use of the facility's energy output in 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2). Applicant certifies its understanding that, should the power production capacity of the facility increase above 5,000 kW, then the facility must be recertified to (among other things) demonstrate compliance with 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2). Skip lines 11g through 11j.			
	No, the net power production capacity is greater than 5,000 kW. Demonstrate compliance with the requirements for fundamental use of the facility's energy output in 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2) by continuing on the next page at line 11g.			

Lines 11g through 11k below guide the applicant through the process of demonstrating compliance with the requirements for "fundamental use" of the facility's energy output. 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2). Only respond to the lines on this page if the instructions on the previous page direct you to do so. Otherwise, skip this page.

18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2) requires that the electrical, thermal, chemical and mechanical output of an EPAct 2005 cogeneration facility is used fundamentally for industrial, commercial, residential or institutional purposes and is not intended fundamentally for sale to an electric utility, taking into account technological, efficiency, economic, and variable thermal energy requirements, as well as state laws applicable to sales of electric energy from a qualifying facility to its host facility. If you were directed on the previous page to respond to the items on this page, then your facility is an EPAct 2005 cogeneration facility that is subject to this "fundamental use" requirement.

The Commission's regulations provide a two-pronged approach to demonstrating compliance with the requirements for fundamental use of the facility's energy output. First, the Commission has established in 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(3) a "fundamental use test" that can be used to demonstrate compliance with 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2). Under the fundamental use test, a facility is considered to comply with 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2) if at least 50 percent of the facility's total annual energy output (including electrical, thermal, chemical and mechanical energy output) is used for industrial, commercial, residential or institutional purposes.

Second, an applicant for a facility that does not pass the fundamental use test may provide a narrative explanation of and support for its contention that the facility nonetheless meets the requirement that the electrical, thermal, chemical and mechanical output of an EPAct 2005 cogeneration facility is used fundamentally for industrial, commercial, residential or institutional purposes and is not intended fundamentally for sale to an electric utility, taking into account technological, efficiency, economic, and variable thermal energy requirements, as well as state laws applicable to sales of electric energy from a qualifying facility to its host facility.

Complete lines 11g through 11j below to determine compliance with the fundamental use test in 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(3). Complete lines 11g through 11j even if you do not intend to rely upon the fundamental use test to demonstrate compliance with 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2).

11g Amount of electrical, thermal, chemical and mechanical energy output (net of internal	
generation plant losses and parasitic loads) expected to be used annually for industrial,	
commercial, residential or institutional purposes and not sold to an electric utility	MWh
11h Total amount of electrical, thermal, chemical and mechanical energy expected to be	
sold to an electric utility	MWh
11i Percentage of total annual energy output expected to be used for industrial,	
commercial, residential or institutional purposes and not sold to a utility	
= 100 * 11g /(11g + 11h)	<u> </u>

11j Is the response in line 11i greater than or equal to 50 percent?

Yes. Your facility complies with 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2) by virtue of passing the fundamental use test provided in 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(3). Applicant certifies its understanding that, if it is to rely upon passing the fundamental use test as a basis for complying with 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2), then the facility must comply with the fundamental use test both in the 12-month period beginning with the date the facility first produces electric energy, and in all subsequent calendar years.

No. Your facility does not pass the fundamental use test. Instead, you must provide in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 24 a narrative explanation of and support for why your facility meets the requirement that the electrical, thermal, chemical and mechanical output of an EPAct 2005 cogeneration facility is used fundamentally for industrial, commercial, residential or institutional purposes and is not intended fundamentally for sale to an electric utility, taking into account technological, efficiency, economic, and variable thermal energy requirements, as well as state laws applicable to sales of electric energy from a QF to its host facility. Applicants providing a narrative explanation of why their facility should be found to comply with 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2) in spite of non-compliance with the fundamental use test may want to review paragraphs 47 through 61 of Order No. 671 (accessible from the Commission's QF website at www.ferc.gov/QF), which provide discussion of the facts and circumstances that may support their explanation. Applicant should also note that the percentage reported above will establish the standard that that facility must comply with, both for the 12-month period beginning with the date the facility first produces electric energy, and in all subsequent calendar years. See Order No. 671 at paragraph 51. As such, the applicant should make sure that it reports appropriate values on lines 11g and 11h above to serve as the relevant annual standard, taking into account expected variations in production conditions.

thermal output attributable to use (net of

Information Required for Topping-Cycle Cogeneration Facility

If you indicated in line 10a that your facility represents topping-cycle cogeneration technology, then you must respond to the items on pages 19 and 20. Otherwise, skip pages 19 and 20.

The thermal energy output of a topping-cycle cogeneration facility is the net energy made available to an industrial or commercial process or used in a heating or cooling application. Pursuant to sections 292.202(c), (d) and (h) of the Commission's regulations (18 C.F.R. §§ 292.202(c), (d) and (h)), the thermal energy output of a qualifying topping-cycle cogeneration facility must be useful. In connection with this requirement, describe the thermal output of the topping-cycle cogeneration facility by responding to lines 12a and 12b below.

12a Identify and describe each thermal host, and specify the annual average rate of thermal output made available to each host for each use. For hosts with multiple uses of thermal output, provide the data for each use in separate rows.

Average annual rate of

Thermal host's relationship to facility; Name of entity (thermal host) heat contained in process taking thermal output Thermal host's use of thermal output return or make-up water) Select thermal host's relationship to facility 1) Select thermal host's use of thermal output Btu/h Select thermal host's relationship to facility 2) Select thermal host's use of thermal output Btu/h Select thermal host's relationship to facility 3) Select thermal host's use of thermal output Btu/h Select thermal host's relationship to facility 4) Select thermal host's use of thermal output Btu/h Select thermal host's relationship to facility 5) Select thermal host's use of thermal output Btu/h Select thermal host's relationship to facility 6) Select thermal host's use of thermal output

Check here and continue in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 24 if additional space is needed

12b Demonstration of usefulness of thermal output: At a minimum, provide a brief description of each use of the thermal output identified above. In some cases, this brief description is sufficient to demonstrate usefulness. However, if your facility's use of thermal output is not common, and/or if the usefulness of such thermal output is not reasonably clear, then you must provide additional details as necessary to demonstrate usefulness. Your application may be rejected and/or additional information may be required if an insufficient showing of usefulness is made. (Exception: If you have previously received a Commission certification approving a specific use of thermal output related to the instant facility, then you need only provide a brief description of that use and a reference by date and docket number to the order certifying your facility with the indicated use. Such exemption may not be used if any change creates a material deviation from the previously authorized use.) If additional space is needed, continue in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 24.

Applicants for facilities representing topping-cycle technology must demonstrate compliance with the topping-cycle operating standard and, if applicable, efficiency standard. Section 292.205(a)(1) of the Commission's regulations (18 C.F.R. § 292.205(a)(1)) establishes the operating standard for topping-cycle cogeneration facilities:
regulations (To C.F.n. § 292.2005(a)(1)) establishes the operating standard for topping cycle cognitions.
the useful thermal energy output must be no less than 5 percent of the total energy output. Section 292.205(a)(2)
(18 C.F.R. § 292.205(a)(2)) establishes the efficiency standard for topping-cycle cogeneration facilities for which
installation commenced on or after March 13, 1980: the useful power output of the facility plus one-half the useful
thermal energy output must (A) be no less than 42.5 percent of the total energy input of natural gas and oil to the
facility; and (B) if the useful thermal energy output is less than 15 percent of the total energy output of the facility,
be no less than 45 percent of the total energy input of natural gas and oil to the facility. To demonstrate
compliance with the topping-cycle operating and/or efficiency standards, or to demonstrate that your facility is
exempt from the efficiency standard based on the date that installation commenced, respond to lines 13a through
13l below.
131 BCIOW.

If you indicated in line 10a that your facility represents *both* topping-cycle and bottoming-cycle cogeneration technology, then respond to lines 13a through 13l below considering only the energy inputs and outputs attributable to the topping-cycle portion of your facility. Your mass and heat balance diagram must make clear which mass and energy flow values and system components are for which portion (topping or bottoming) of the cogeneration system.

cogeneration system.			
13a Indicate the annual average rate of useful thermal energy output made available to the host(s), net of any heat contained in condensate return or make-up water	Btu/h		
13b Indicate the annual average rate of net electrical energy output	kW		
13c Multiply line 13b by 3,412 to convert from kW to Btu/h	∣∂ Btu/h		
13d Indicate the annual average rate of mechanical energy output taken directly off of the shaft of a prime mover for purposes not directly related to power production (this value is usually zero)	hp:		
13e Multiply line 13d by 2,544 to convert from hp to Btu/h	ß Btu/h		
13f Indicate the annual average rate of energy input from natural gas and oil	Btu/h		
13g Topping-cycle operating value = 100 * 13a / (13a + 13c + 13e)	o %		
13h Topping-cycle efficiency value = 100 * (0.5*13a + 13c + 13e) / 13f	ō %		
13i Compliance with operating standard: Is the operating value shown in line 13g great	ater than or equal to 5%?		
Yes (complies with operating standard) No (does not comply wit	h operating standard)		
13j Did installation of the facility in its current form commence on or after March 13, 1980?			
Yes. Your facility is subject to the efficiency requirements of 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(a)(2). Demonstrate compliance with the efficiency requirement by responding to line 13k or 13l, as applicable, below.			
No. Your facility is exempt from the efficiency standard. Skip lines 13k and 13l.			
13k Compliance with efficiency standard (for low operating value): If the operating value shown in line 13g is less than 15%, then indicate below whether the efficiency value shown in line 13h greater than or equal to 45%:			
Yes (complies with efficiency standard) No (does not comply wit	h efficiency standard)		
13l Compliance with efficiency standard (for high operating value): If the operating value shown in line 13g is greater than or equal to 15%, then indicate below whether the efficiency value shown in line 13h is greater than or equal to 42.5%:			
Yes (complies with efficiency standard) No (does not comply wit	h efficiency standard)		

v 13 2023

Information Required for Bottoming-Cycle Cogeneration Facility

If you indicated in line 10a that your facility represents bottoming-cycle cogeneration technology, then you must respond to the items on pages 21 and 22. Otherwise, skip pages 21 and 22.

to the it	ems	on pages 21 and 22. Otherwise, s	kip pages 21 and 22.		
	The thermal energy output of a bottoming-cycle cogeneration facility is the energy related to the process(es) from which at least some of the reject heat is then used for power production. Pursuant to sections 292.202(c) and (e) of the Commission's regulations (18 C.F.R. § 292.202(c) and (e)), the thermal energy output of a qualifying bottoming-cycle cogeneration facility must be useful. In connection with this requirement, describe the process(es) from which at least some of the reject heat is used for power production by responding to lines 14a and 14b below.				
Usefulness of Bottoming-Cycle Thermal Output	1) 2) 14b iden facil mus addi prev facil to th char	Commission's regulations (18 C.F. e cogeneration facility must be used to commission's regulations (18 C.F. e cogeneration facility must be used to commission of the reject heat is used lidentify and describe each therm host. For hosts with multiple boseparate rows. Name of entity (thermal host) performing the process from which at least some of the reject heat is used for power production Check here and continue in the difference of the reject heat is used for power production. Check here and continue in the difference of the reject heat is used for power production.	R. § 292.202(c) and (e)), the thermal energy outpuseful. In connection with this requirement, describ	tof a qualifying bottominger the process (es) from which and 14b below. Tocess engaged in by each e data for each process in Has the energy input to the thermal host been augmented for purposes of increasing power production capacity? (if Yes, describe on p. 24) Yes No Yes No Yes No Tesonably clear, then your reasonably clear, then you n may be rejected and/or (Exception: If you have beess related to the instant of date and docket number be used if any material	

No (does not comply with efficiency standard)

than or equal to 45%:

Yes (complies with efficiency standard)

rm 556 Page 22 - Bottomin	g-Cycle Cogeneration Facilities
Applicants for facilities representing bottoming-cycle technology and for which instal March 13, 1990 must demonstrate compliance with the bottoming-cycle efficiency state Commission's regulations (18 C.F.R. § 292.205(b)) establishes the efficiency standar cogeneration facilities: the useful power output of the facility must be no less than 45 of natural gas and oil for supplementary firing. To demonstrate compliance with the I standard (if applicable), or to demonstrate that your facility is exempt from this standard installation of the facility began, respond to lines 15a through 15h below.	andards. Section 292.205(b) of rd for bottoming-cycle percent of the energy input pottoming-cycle efficiency
If you indicated in line 10a that your facility represents <i>both</i> topping-cycle and botton technology, then respond to lines 15a through 15h below considering only the energ attributable to the bottoming-cycle portion of your facility. Your mass and heat balan which mass and energy flow values and system components are for which portion of (topping or bottoming).	y inputs and outputs ice diagram must make clear
15a Did installation of the facility in its current form commence on or after March 13, Yes. Your facility is subject to the efficiency requirement of 18 C.F.R. § 292.205 with the efficiency requirement by responding to lines 15b through 15h below No. Your facility is exempt from the efficiency standard. Skip the rest of page	5(b). Demonstrate compliance w.
15b Indicate the annual average rate of net electrical energy output	kW
15c Multiply line 15b by 3,412 to convert from kW to Btu/h	8 Btu/h
15d Indicate the annual average rate of mechanical energy output taken directly off of the shaft of a prime mover for purposes not directly related to power production (this value is usually zero)	hp
15e Multiply line 15d by 2,544 to convert from hp to Btu/h	Btu/h
15f Indicate the annual average rate of supplementary energy input from natural gas	
15g Bottoming-cycle efficiency value = 100 * (15c + 15e) / 15f	

15h Compliance with efficiency standard: Indicate below whether the efficiency value shown in line 15g is greater

Certificate of Completeness, Accuracy and Authority

Applicant must certify compliance with and understanding of filing requirements by checking next to each item below and signing at the bottom of this section. Forms with incomplete Certificates of Completeness, Accuracy and Authority will be rejected by the Secretary of the Commission.

Signer identified below certifies the following: (check all items and applicable subitems)

signer identified below certifies the folio	wing: (crieck all items and applicable subitems)			
He or she has read the filing, including any information contained in any attached documents, such as cogeneration mass and heat balance diagrams, and any information contained in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 24, and knows its contents.				
He or she has provided all of the required information for certification, and the provided information is true as stated, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief.				
He or she possess full power and authority to sign the filing; as required by Rule 2005(a)(3) of the Commission's Rules o Practice and Procedure (18 C.F.R. § 385.2005(a)(3)), he or she is one of the following: (check one)				
☐ The person on whose behalf	the filing is made			
$oxed{\boxtimes}$ An officer of the corporation	, trust, association, or other organized group on be	ehalf of which the filing is made		
An officer, agent, or employed filing is made	\Box An officer, agent, or employe of the governmental authority, agency, or instrumentality on behalf of which the filing is made			
A representative qualified to Practice and Procedure (18 C	practice before the Commission under Rule 2101 .F.R. § 385.2101) and who possesses authority to s	of the Commission's Rules of iign		
He or she has reviewed all automation Miscellaneous section starting on pa	calculations and agrees with their results, unless ge 24.	otherwise noted in the		
He or she has provided a copy of this Form 556 and all attachments to the utilities with which the facility will interconnect and transact (see lines 4a through 4d), as well as to the regulatory authorities of the states in which the facility and those utilities reside. See the Required Notice to Public Utilities and State Regulatory Authorities section on page 4 for more information. Provide your signature, address and signature date below. Rule 2005(c) of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (18 C.F.R. § 385.2005(c)) provides that persons filing their documents electronically may use typed characters epresenting his or her name to sign the filed documents. A person filing this document electronically should sign (by				
yping his or her name) in the space prov	ided below.			
Your Signature	Your address	Date		
/s/ Ben Catt	130 Roberts Street Asheville, NC 28801	11/2/2023		
Audit Notes				
Commission Staff Use Only:				

FERC Form 556 Page 24 - All Facilities

Miscellaneous

Use this space to provide any information for which there was not sufficient space in the previous sections of the form to provide. For each such item of information *clearly identify the line number that the information belongs to*. You may also use this space to provide any additional information you believe is relevant to the certification of your facility.

Your response below is not limited to one page. Additional page(s) will automatically be inserted into this form if the length of your response exceeds the space on this page. Use as many pages as you require.

Line 11: The QF certification filed in 2022 erroneously reported the incorrect information in Line 5b. This re-certification is being filed to reflect the corrected ownership information and not a present change in ownership.

Line 11: Line 8a has been revised to reflect the correct common upstream owner.

Nov 13 2023