1	PLACE: Dobbs Building, Raleigh, North Carolina
2	DATE: Wednesday, June 20, 2018
3	TIME: 9:30 a.m 12:42 p.m. JUN 2 8 2018
4	DOCKET NO: W-1075, Sub 12 Clerk's Office N.C. Utilities Commission
5	BEFORE: Commissioner Charlotte A. Mitchell, Presiding
6	Chairman Edward S. Finley, Jr.
7	Commissioner James G. Patterson
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10	
11	IN THE MATTER OF:
12	KRJ, Inc., d/b/a KRJ Utilities Company,
13	Post Office Box 2369
14	Swansboro, North Carolina 28584
15	Application for Authority to Increase Rates
16	for Water and Sewer Utility Service in its
17	Southern Trace and Rockbridge Subdivisions in
18	Wake County, North Carolina.
19	
20	VOLUME: 2
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APPEARANCES:
 1
    FOR KRJ, INC., d/b/a KRJ UTILITIES COMPANY:
 2
 3
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 6
 7
 8
    FOR THE USING AND CONSUMING PUBLIC:
 9
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10
    Gina Holt, Esq.
    Public Staff - North Carolina Utilities Commission
11
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    Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-4300
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PROCEEDINGS

2.0

COMMISSIONER MITCHELL: Good evening. Let us come to order and go on the record. My name is Charlotte Mitchell, the presiding Commissioner for this hearing. Also with me on the panel for this proceeding are Chairman Edward S. Finley, Jr., and Commissioner James G. Patterson.

I now call for hearing at this time Docket
Number W-1075, Sub 12, In the Matter of Application by
KRJ, Inc., d/b/a KRJ Utilities Company, PO Box 2369,
Swansboro, North Carolina 28584, for Authority to
Increase Rates for Water and Sewer Utility Service in
Its Southern Trace and Rockbridge Subdivisions located
in Wake County, North Carolina.

On January 10, 2018, KRJ, Inc., d/b/a KRJ
Utilities Company, hereafter I will refer to as KRJ or
the Company, filed an Application with this Commission
seeking authority to increase its rates for water
utility service in Southern Trace and for water and
sewer utility services in Rockbridge.

On January 26, 2018, the Public Staff notified KRJ of deficiencies in its Application. And thereafter, on January 30, 2018, the Company filed a response supplying the requested information.

On February 6, 2018, the Commission issued its Order Establishing a General Rate Case, Suspending Rates, Scheduling Hearing and Requiring Customer Notice.

2.0

On May 4, 2018, KRJ filed the direct testimony and exhibits of James R. Butler, a Professional Engineer, in support of the Company's Application.

On May 15, 2018, the Commission held a hearing in Raleigh for the purpose of receiving testimony from customers and non-expert witnesses.

On May 30, 2018, KRJ filed a report responding to issues raised and customer and non-expert witness testimony from the May 15th hearing.

On June 7th, the Public Staff filed the affidavit of John R. Hinton and the testimony and exhibits of witnesses Gina Casselberry and Iris Morgan. The Public Staff later filed corrected testimony and exhibits of Witness Morgan on June 8th.

Also on June 7th, the parties filed a Stipulation of Settlement for the Commission's consideration. A correction to the Stipulation was filed on June 8th.

There have been no interventions in this docket.

This brings us up to the hearing before us today. The purpose of which is, first, to hear from any non-expert witness or customer that was unable to attend the May 15th hearing and, second, to hear from the expert witnesses of the parties.

Pursuant to the State Ethics Act, I remind members of the panel of our duty to avoid conflicts of interest, and inquire at this time as to whether any Commissioner has any known conflict of interest with respect to this docket?

(No response)

Please let the record reflect that no conflicts were identified.

I will now call on counsel for the parties to announce their appearances for the record, beginning with the Applicant.

MR. BENNINK: Good morning, Members of the Commission. My name is Robert Bennink. I'm a lawyer here in Raleigh and Cary, North Carolina d/b/a Bennink Law Office. I'm here today to represent KRJ Utilities.

COMMISSIONER MITCHELL: Thank you,

Mr. Bennink.

MS. HOLT: Good morning. I'm Gina Holt with the Public Staff here on behalf of the Using and Consuming Public, and appearing with me is Public Staff lawyer William Grantmyre.

COMMISSIONER MITCHELL: Thank you, Ms. Holt. So that brings us to the public hearing portion of the hearing this morning. Has the Public Staff identified any witness that was unable to present testimony at the May 15th hearing that is here today wishing to testify?

MR. GRANTMYRE: Madam Chairperson, there are two witnesses signed up that I believe testified but there have been events subsequent to the May 15, service events that they want to testify as to, so we would ask that they be allowed to testify to the events that occurred subsequent to the May 15th.

Also, there's been about six persons that have arrived since the hearing started and some of those may want to testify, I'm not sure, but they haven't signed up yet because they came in after we finished the list.

COMMISSIONER MITCHELL: Okay. Very well, we will allow those two customers who were at the

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May 15th public hearing to provide testimony on events
1
    that have happened subsequent to that time. Please
2
    call your witnesses.
3
              MR. GRANTMYRE: The Public Staff calls
 4
 5
    Shelley Iverson.
               COMMISSIONER MITCHELL: Ms. Iverson, please
 6
    come to the stand.
 7
 8
               THE WITNESS: May I give a -- is there some
    way to present a video? I don't know how to -- push
 9
10
    play.
      (Mr. Grantmyre takes the phone from the witness and
11
                     shows the Commission)
12
               THE WITNESS: If you push play, it's a
13
    video. Yeah, it's a video. If you could push play
14
    it's about 30 seconds.
15
               MR. GRANTMYRE: We probably don't need the
16
17
    video, just the still picture is enough.
18
               THE WITNESS:
                             Okay.
               COMMISSIONER MITCHELL: Okay. Ms. Iverson,
19
20
    let's get you sworn in.
                       SHELLEY IVERSON;
21
                    having been duly sworn,
22
                     testified as follows:
23
    DIRECT EXAMINATION BY MR. GRANTMYRE:
24
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Please state your name and address for the Q record. 2 Shelley Iverson, 1016 Red Brick Road, Garner, 3 North Carolina. 4 And you're a customer at Southern Trace? 5 Yes, sir. 6 Α And you testified earlier at the May 15 hearing? 7 Yes, sir. 8 Okay. And now you want to testify as to events 9 subsequent to May 15th? 10 11 Α Correct. Please limit your testimony to subsequent to May 12 15th. 13 Subsequent to May 15th, brown water, no water, 14 and I can't remember the dates, I had them, but 15 what I'm showing you there, the week following 16 we had numerous -- that was about half of the 17 neighborhood had those issues -- the week 18 following we had no water in about 10 homes. 19 How long did you have no water? 20 Over 24 hours. 21 22 Continuous, no water? No water. Now, they were responsive. 23 They did everything they could. 24 come out.

		· -
1		eventually got it fixed. But what I would like
2		to say today more than the events of what
3		happened are we have senior citizens on social
4		security, fixed income, handicap people in our
5		neighborhood that cannot tolerate a 43 percent
6		increase in their water.
7	Q	Yeah that but as to events subsequent to May
8		15th, you say eventually they restored service
9	A	Yes, sir.
10	Q	It was more than 24 hours?
11	A	Correct.
12	Q	Do you know how many people in the subdivision
13		were out
14.	A	It was Crystal Page. It was Graham Brown.
15	Q	Are these the name of the streets?
16	A	These are the residents.
17	Q	Oh, okay.
18	A	And those are the people that were contacting me
19		as a communication point.
20	Q	Thank you. Do you have any other comments?
21	A	No, sir.
22		MR. GRANTMYRE: We have no further comments.
23		COMMISSIONER MITCHELL: Thank you.
24	Ques	tions for the witness?

54 prown wa	sludge water and no water.
ца ou г	om bressure then there was the
ur əsoua zz	t of the neighborhood there was
т от тре р	, especially as I said before,
so have low	in the neighborhood. Several
i jaomía A el	γ after the hearing we began to
enpsedus 81	· 4381
IV Õ bJease p	th your testimony as to events
sivibdu2 31	
re Gsrner'	olina 27529, Southern Trace
14 A Jacqueli	, L209 Magnolia Hill Road,
73 Č bjesee a	name and address.
TS DIKECT EXAMIN	WE. GEANTMYRE:
ττ	ied as follows:
от	peen duly sworn,
6	DEFINE MYFKEK;
8 Ms. Walker.	
моэ СОМ	MITCHELL: Good morning,
6 Walker.	
S MR.	E: We'll call Jacqueline
₽	ness is excused.)
з Трапк уоц.	
COM	MITCHELL: Commissioners?
. MR.	No duestions.

NORTH CAROLINA UTILITIES COMMISSION

There were numerous homeowners that did not have 1 water or they had the black sludge coming out of 2 their faucets as the video showed, several, 3 numerous homeowners that had that problem. 4 5 stated last time that I never have any problems, I had problems, and I sent pictures into the 6 email we had to Gina where my water is running 7 8 out of my tap dark brown, and that took place for -- that was I believe a Thursday afterwards 9 for the evening so we had to open up all of the 10 lines and so on and so forth. But when I noticed 11 12 that the water was coming out brown I'm thinking 13 what in the world is going on, I never have a 14 So I personally go out into the problem. 15 neighborhood to see if someone is working on the 16 wells because we've been told repeatedly if 17 there's a problem with the water perhaps someone is working, they're doing something, so on and so 18 19 forth, and I know we had the hearing so I assumed that people were on site to take care of some 20 things so I went to check and I did not find 21 22 anyone working on the wells. What I did find was 23 the gentleman who comes out to test the water and 24 make sure things are okay, James, I believe is

his name. He was not aware of what was going on and so he told me that Stafford, which is the owner of KRJ, Jr., called his boss to have him come out to see why they were receiving complaints about the water discoloration and the water quality. So at that point he didn't know what was going on so he was checking to see if there was a leak or if something else going on, and he never found anything taking place.

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In addition to that, the day prior to that, there was the no water issue so apparently one of the wells, two of the wells, wells 1 and 2, even though we're not supposed to number them, there was a storm that took place in. Garner, Southern Trace did not have a storm, there was no storm, but we were told by Rod that the storm on I believe Tuesday night caused some type of disruption with the wells so then that's why we had the problem on Wednesday. There was no storm. We never got a follow up as to what was happening. James on site says that there was some type of electrical thing that happened. I'm going to assume for some reason something went out, therefore, the water wasn't flowing and

pumping properly hence no water, the dark water, the sludge water, so on and so forth. haven't gotten clarity on that. Rod did let us know -- I spoke with him personally kinda just to follow up, what in the world is going on, and he did say that someone was going to be on site the next day. He didn't say why. So I assumed you're just keeping people on the ground since there's a big ruckus right now to make sure things are stabilized. When I contacted him concerning my water I did not get a call back I contacted -- they mentioned the from him. gentleman from the emergency number, which I had never called so my first time speaking with him, and he could not give me any insight either. there I am personally having brown water after never having a problem and I can get no answers. That's a problem. James, who was called on site, doesn't know anything about this. Later on in that afternoon the line was being flushed. On my street is where it ends. I'm one, two, three, four houses from the end. So apparently the We're not told of that lines are being flushed. and so consequently we're -- the people who never

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have a problem are now having problems, and we only know that because one of the neighbors happens to come out and see the gentleman flushing the lines, and that's something to behold because it was really, really nasty, and apparently not been flushed for nine or 10 years. I don't think that's the way that it should be but that's what it was.

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So, with that, James, the guy that's called out from the owner to see what's going on doesn't know that there's a flushing. I have spoken to Rod and Danny, I think is his name, no one said that anyone was going to be flushing because really if we knew we would have expected that. We would have turned off our icemakers so that the water doesn't go in there and cause a huge mess. We would not made all of the phone calls because we know what to expect if you're flushing the lines. And we didn't have that so I'm not really sure what that was all about; we never got a call. Even after that, the first -- Shelley lives at the front -- they have no water, we have brown water, I live in the middle, the people behind me at the end they

1 still have problems with pressure and they have 2 problems with the discoloration. After all of this is cleared up, and we're the second run 3 through of problems, after that's cleared up the 4 5 following week the people at the front, they get 6 problems again, and we're told there was water in the -- air in the lines and there was residual --7 8 When you say --Q 9 -- from the first incident. 10 When you say they had problems again, air in the lines, did they experience discolored water 11 12 again? 13 Yes, discolored water and there was air. 14 was the psh, psh, that sort of thing taking 1.5 place. 16 Q Okav. Please proceed with your statement. 17 Α So that's -- we're like three weeks in or so, 18 something like that, two or three weeks in, and when the -- when we're told that there was air in 19 2.0 the lines residual from the first incident that's 21 a little questionable because we had problems and 22 the problems were rectified and now all of a 23 sudden we're having these problems again and 24 you're saying it's subsequent of that first

event. So that's a little nebulous and so we're not really sure what's going on, and I think that's one of the problems that we expressed before, the communication factor, and what's authentic and what is not, what's cover up and what is not. When we can't get an answer from the emergency call that, hey they're on site flushing. We can't get that from the tech who's testing the water, hey they're on site flushing. No one knows what's going on. But afterwards that's the answer that we get and we continue to have problems. So that's -- that has happened since we were here last.

In addition to that, Rod and I spoke and he did talk about the communication gap being closed up because that's a huge problem and not being able to contact them, and I will say that they have been able to be contacted except for that incidence with me and they have been responsive which is much, much better; however, we're still having some problems. And unfortunately I feel at this juncture that once the hearing is all over and the decisions are made what assurance or accountability do we have

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that, one, things will continue to flow in a progressive manner whether that is communication, whether that is being able to contact them to ensure that if water is down, or there's sludge, or there's no water, we can contact someone and someone will be on site to rectify that; what assurance do we have that any upgrades are going to be made to our system that's going to give us correct, adequate water pressure, water color, water taste, water smell, and not sludge; and that we're going to have that on a consistent basis; what assurance do we have? Who's going to give an account for that or hold them accountable? Because we've had promises before and they're still not -- we still don't have it taken care of so I think that's one of the big things.

Again, I say water is essential to life. If you consider Camp Lejeune, if you consider Flint, if you consider the places here in North Carolina, water is essential to life. So then what mechanisms will be in place for accountability that these upgrades will happen so that we won't continue to come to this place.

1	Q	A few follow-up questions. The storm was on
2		Tuesday night. When did did you experience
3		the brown water or black water first or the
4		did you experience an outage?
5	A	Me personally?
6	Q	Yes.
7	A	I did not experience an outage.
8	Q	But you had the brown water?
9	A	And this was not this was the next week. My
10		water was the next week.
11	Q	Okay. So
12	A	Or day.
13	Q	after the storm you didn't experience
14	A	It was the next day, yeah, I apologize.
15	Q	Okay. After the storm did you experience brown
16		water the next day or the two days afterwards?
17	A	I did but there was no storm.
18	Q	Okay. Okay.
19	A	There was no evident visible storm in the
20		neighborhood.
21	Q	At Southern Trace, okay.
22		MR. GRANTMYRE: I have no further questions.
23		MR. BENNINK: No questions.
24		COMMISSIONER MITCHELL: Questions?

1 (No response) Thank you, Ms. Walker, you may step down. 2 THE WITNESS: Thank you. 3 (The witness is excused.) 4 5 MR. GRANTMYRE: Veronica Long signed up and was a maybe. Do you want to testify, Ms. Long. 6 7 MS. LONG: Sure. VERONICA LONG; 8 9 having been duly sworn, testified as follows: 10 DIRECT EXAMINATION BY MR. GRANTMYRE: 11 12 Please state your name and address for the 13 record. 14 Veronica Long, 1404 Stone Wealth Drive, Knightdale, North Carolina, Rockbridge community. 15 And you did not testify at the last case, or did 16 17 you? 18 Α No. 19 Please proceed with your testimony. 20 Well, my testimony is about the rate increase. The amount that's been requested. We live in a 21 22 community with families of hard working people, 23 with retirees who have moved to Rockbridge to 24 retire and that are on fixed incomes

(Gentleman in audience raised his hand)

-- and we don't disagree with a rate increase but we do disagree with the amount that's been requested.

UNKNOWN SPEAKER: Amen.

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2.1

A Over -- a rate increase of over 100, almost

140 percent is outrageous. Our incomes have not
increased by 140 percent. And all we're asking
is that you be fair and reasonable in asking for
this rate increase.

Our water quality is not the best water quality. It is cloudy and fizzy like you put an Alka-Seltzer tablet in the water. We can't drink it. We can't cook with it. We buy water. We're not being reimbursed for the cost of buying water. We have to buy bottled water to use to cook and drink with. So --

And the other thing is the billing. On the bill, when you receive your bill, it says Due Upon Receipt, and it is late after the 5th of the month. Well, you can send your bill in -- your payment in and then if they don't receive it, or however they process it, by the 6th of the month you have a threat to turn

your water off. 1 2 When you say threat, is that a written threat 3 or --4 Yes. A postcard. 5 A postcard. A postcard comes in the mail. So with all of 6 7 this said, we don't disagree with the increase as requested. We understand that the cost of 8 business goes up. We just disagree with this 9 1.0 amount. It is outrageous. It is outrageous. And gradual increases probably would be 11 acceptable, but we need to see that our water 12 quality is improving, that we need to be 13 guaranteed that we can drink it, and we can cook 14 with it, and that we don't have to go to the 15 extra expense of purchasing water. 16 Do you realize that although the Company applied 17 for a waste -- sewer increase, the Public Staff 18 19 recommended a decrease in sewer rates, and the Company has agreed to a decrease in the sewer 20 rates? 21 22 So how does that --There will be an --23 24 -- account --

l	ļ	
1	Q	increase in the water but a decrease in the
2		sewer, and the overall increase will be
3		approximately \$10.00 a month per customer in
4		comparison to what the Company requested. But
5		there will be a decrease in your sewer rates.
6	A	Okay. \$10.00 a month.
7	Q	Approximately. It may be a little different from
8		that. I'm going by memory and I'm an old guy so.
9		The how long have you lived in Rockbridge?
10	A	Three years.
11	ġ	And have you experienced the fizzy water the
12		entire three years?
13	A	Yes. It's cloudy.
14	Q	Cloudy, fizzy?
15	A	Yes.
16	Q	Where do you know as you enter Rockbridge you
17		enter from the road where the tank is, you know,
18		the main road that goes by there
19		UNKNOWN SPEAKER: Poole Road.
20	Q	where do you live in relationship to the tank?
21		You're up on the hill?
22	A	I live the second house from the corner which is
23		at the bottom of the hill of
24	Q	Oh, you're at the bottom of the

25

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-- Stone Wealth Drive and Stonewood Pines Drive.
 1
    Α
 2
          Are you near the elevated tank?
 3
    Α
          No.
 4
     0
          Okay.
                 So you're to the west?
 5
          I'm to the west of it.
          Okay, thank you. And have you discussed this
 6
 7
          fizzy water with the Company or the Company's
 8
          representatives?
. 9
          No, I haven't discussed that with them.
10
          happened was when -- a couple of years ago when
11
          we had the big problem with the uranium being in
          the water our builder supplied us with a home
12
          filtration system, but that hasn't stopped the
13
14
          cloudy, fizzy water.
          Is it a cartridge-type filter that you stick
15
16
          cartridges in periodically?
17
    Α
          No.
          It's a regular filter then?
18
                                 It's from Kinetico.
19
               UNKNOWN SPEAKER:
20
     Kinetico.
                It's a water softener --
                          (WHEREUPON, the Court Reporter
21
22
                         interrupted the audience member.)
23
          It's a water softener system.
24
     Q
          Okay.
                 Thank you.
```

UNKNOWN SPEAKER: I apologize. 1 MR. GRANTMYRE: I have no further questions. 2 COMMISSIONER MITCHELL: Mr. Bennink, 3 questions for this witness? 4 MR. BENNINK: Yes, just a few. 5 6 CROSS EXAMINATION BY MR. BENNINK: Ms. Long, can you tell the Commission why you say 7 8 you cannot drink or cook with the water? 9 are your reasons for that? Well, when you open the tap and you pour maybe a 10 glass of water, the water is so cloudy and it's 11 12 fizzy. It almost looks like you put an Alka-Seltzer tablet in it. And before getting 13 the water softener system there were particles in 14 15 the water. So when you look at it, it makes you fearful. You don't want to drink that. It's not 16 17 clear. Is that the sole reason? I mean, is that it? 18 19 Yes. Why would you drink something like that? MR. BENNINK: Thank you very much. 20 COMMISSIONER MITCHELL: Questions? 21 22 (No response) 23 Thank you. You may step down. (The witness is excused.) 24

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1
               MR. GRANTMYRE: We have another, one other
     person that's signed up, Gregory Cols. Would you
 2
     please confer -- do you want to -- oh, you said no you
 3
 4
     do not wish --
                          I'm happy to if you'd like.
 5
               MR. COLS:
 6
               MR. GRANTMYRE:
                                It's up to you.
 7
               MR. COLS: Do I have to go first to the
     stand?
 8
 9
                               It's up to you if you want
               MR. GRANTMYRE:
10
     to.
11
               MR. COLS:
                          Thank you. Good morning.
               COMMISSIONER MITCHELL: Good morning.
12
13
                          GREGORY COLS;
14
                     having been duly sworn,
·15
                      testified as follows:
     DIRECT EXAMINATION BY MR. GRANTMYRE:
16
17
          Please state your name and address.
     Q
18
          My name is Gregory Cols. Address is 1116
19
          Southern Trace Trail, Garner 27529. And I'm with
20
          the Southern Trace community.
21
          Could you please spell your last name for the
     Q
22
          court reporter.
23
     Α
          C-O-L-S.
24
          Please proceed with your statement.
```

Thank you very much for allowing us to present. I wanted to be very short and echo the statements of my neighbors, Ms. Walker and Ms. Iverson. understand that as time progresses things cost more and increases in utilities are a natural part of life; however, we believe that even a 43 percent increase at one time would be very excessive, especially given the fact that our history of water quality, and water quantity, and pressure issues has really not gone away over I've been with the subdivision for about five and a half years and this has been a recurring thing that every summer there's issues with water, there's low pressure, I get home from work, I turn on the tap and there's just a dribble.

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What we would like to see, or I would like to see is if there is going to be increases in the utilities, if there is a guarantee for an improvement in both the pressure, the quality of water, and the communication between the utility company and the residents within our subdivision, as Ms. Walker was saying earlier there has been a very

inconsistent communication line and a lot of the problems that we've experienced in the past month may have been either avoided or at least reduced if there was better communication. If there is a way that we can either spread out the increases over some amount of time or have some kind of quarantee from the utility company that these increases will go hand in hand with improvements in water pressure. We've been told by the utility company that, oh, this system was not designed to handle irrigation, for example. then we have our HOA also recorded with Wake County that we have to maintain our yards and maintain the grass in an acceptable manner. homeowners are presented with the challenge of do we either listen to the utility company that says don't water your grass or listen to the HOA that says maintain your yard, and that puts me as a homeowner in a tight spot where I'm trying to figure out ways that I can be a good customer with the water and not endanger my neighbors by not watering my grass, but also not risk getting in trouble with the HOA and the legal consequences that that can take.

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One thing I did want to mention, I don't have a picture of it, but within the week after, Ms. Iverson spoke about the sludge in the line, I had just recently replaced the whole house, cancer-style filter that's in my crawl space and within a week the entire thing was black and it was about, maybe six-inches full of dark sediment, almost looked -- I didn't -- it almost looked like chunks of dirt or rust or something like that. Very unsettling to see that happen within just a week. And we were not even using water during the worst of the time because we were out of town for a day so our water was But the residual contaminants in the water during the flushing and all that stuff that they were doing, which again, we didn't find out until after the fact, still made its way into the house, and some of it was caught in the filter and I don't know how much of it went through and is now in our appliances and we may have been consuming.

So I think there is a -- there's been a pattern of not enough communication and a, kind of a Band-Aid mentality of, oh, there's a

problem, well let's go fix it, but let's not address the bigger problem that there's, you know, we have approximately 180 houses in the neighborhood and there's been a lot of concern about the adequacy of our water system to supply a reasonable quantity of water to every resident. It's not fair that some residents who may be lower in elevation get water pressure but those who live up higher on the hill may experience shortages or no pressure, as some of my neighbors have experienced over the past month.

2.0

reiterate that as a subdivision with a variety of families - we have retired people, we have younger families, some just out of college. They moved to the area because of its affordability and they're finding themselves in a place where they're not sure if they can honestly sell their house with questions of the quality and the reliability of the water system. And as a homeowner I'm very concerned if I was to sell my house and that be the day that something bad happens and I've got a potential customer coming to look at my house and the water doesn't work.

These are concerns that go through my mind all 1 the time and I know they -- I assume they would 2 go through the minds of my neighbors. So I would 3 ask that the Commission would be -- would 4 5 consider that any kind of increase be, or would go hand-in-hand with a guarantee of improvements 6 7 to the system, improvements to the water quality, the water pressure, and the reliability, and also 8 9 with the communication between the utility company and the residents of the neighborhood. 10 That's all. Thank you. Any questions? 11 Where do you live in the subdivision? As I 12 13 understand it, upfront as you come from I guess Highway 50 --14 15 Yes, sir. Α -- is the high point in the subdivision --. 16 17 Yes. -- and as you go towards the back of the 18 subdivision it goes down in elevation; is that 19 20 correct? Yes, sir, that's correct. My house is, it's 21 about a quarter mile in from Highway 50. 22 had to guess as to an elevation drop from the 23 24 highest point, I would guess probably about

35 feet from the highest point. So, if I had to stand on my roof - I have a one story house - I would probably look at the lowest level of the highest house on the street, and that's just a guess but --

Q The Company has said there's about a total 100 foot drop so you're somewhere in the middle?

- A I'm in the middle, probably towards the upper half; yes.
- Q And you experience low pressure how often in the summer months?
- A I have experienced low pressure. I will say I've never experienced a complete outage but then again I work, my wife works, and it's just the two of us so we're not there all the time. What I've noticed the pattern is is that the earlier in the day that we get home, the lower the pressure, not all the time but on certain days. And sometimes -- if I had to put it in quantitative terms, if it takes 10 seconds to fill up a glass of water it might take 20. And usually lower pressure is accompanied by cloudy and fizzy water. And, again, I don't know if that's minerals or air in the line or what but

typically there's just kind of an odd coloration. 1 2 0 I assume the cloudy water eventually clears up if 3 it's in a glass eventually. Will it or will it not clear if it sits? 4 5 I'm trying to think if I've ever let it sit. б has cleared before, yes. There has been -- I 7 mean, if I had to guess how long, I mean, 10 8 minutes maybe, but again that's a guess. 9 Typically if it's cloudy and I'm saying I am 10 thirsty I'm going to drink the water. 11 0 Now, you've been there about five and a half 12 years; is that correct? 13 Yes, sir. 14 You realize that the owner of the water company 15 are the same group of people that whoever owns 16 the water company also were affiliated with the 17 developer of this subdivision? 18 Yes, sir. 19 Q And the developer of the -- and they installed 20 the water system, and are you aware that the same 21 developer is the one who drafted and recorded the 22 restrictive covenants requiring that you maintain your yards? 23 24 Α Yes, sir.

1 Thank you. We have no MR. GRANTMYRE: 2 further questions. 3 COMMISSIONER MITCHELL: Questions for the 4 witness? 5 MR. BENNINK: No questions. 6 EXAMINATION BY CHAIRMAN FINLEY: 7 So there are restrictive covenants that say 8 you've got to maintain your yard? 9 Α Yes, sir. 10 And the HOA enforces that? 11 Yes, sir. 12 What do they do if you don't water your grass? 13 I have not been in the situation where my grass 14 has gotten to the point where it begins to fail 15 and erode. I have heard of stories, if I'm 16 allowed to offer this, that neighbors have 17 allowed their grass to die out and it begins to 18 erode the soil and they have been contacted, 19 notified by the HOA. As it -- as regards -- or 20 in regards to potential fines I'm not familiar 21 with any details. 22 So that would be a situation where the heat of 23 the summer might have killed the grass and it 24 wasn't replanted and you had erosion of the soil

and something like that? 1 2 Yes, sir, that sounds correct. Α 3 But are you aware of a situation of where the officers of the homeowners association actually 4 came and required somebody to water their grass? 5 I am not familiar with any situation where they Α 6 7 have been specifically told to water the grass. 8 They said -- from the -- again, this is me being told what happened to another homeowner that they 9 10 were required to fix the erosion which -- and 11 that's the extent of it. Are the residents of the community 12 Okay. satisfied with the restrictive covenants and so 13 You wouldn't want to take a look at those 14 and see if some might not be adjusted? 15 I don't want to speak on behalf of the 16 neighborhood at this time. If I may leave that 17 as my answer. 18 19 Does the Company offer the opportunity for the residents to install an irrigation meter? 20 you know what I mean by that --2.1 22 You're saying does the utility company? 23 Yes. 24 Not that I'm aware.

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1
               CHAIRMAN FINLEY: Okay. That's all I have.
 2
    Thank you.
               COMMISSIONER MITCHELL: Questions on --
 3
 4
               MR. BENNINK: No questions.
 5
               COMMISSIONER MITCHELL: Mr. Cols, you may
 6
    step down. Thank you.
 7
               THE WITNESS: Thank you.
 8
                    (The witness is excused.)
 9
               MR. GRANTMYRE: Are there any other
10
    customers that would like to testify?
                      (Gentleman stands up)
11
12
               Yes, sir, please come forward.
13
    testify earlier -- you didn't testify at May 15, did
14
    you?
15
             UNKNOWN SPEAKER: No.
16
               MR. GRANTMYRE: You can come up and testify.
17
                         GABRIEL HOXIE;
18
                    having been duly sworn,
19
                     testified as follows:
20
    DIRECT EXAMINATION BY MR. GRANTMYRE:
    BY MR. GRANTMYRE:
21
22
         Please state your name and address.
23
         My name is Gabriel Hoxie. I live at 1036 Spanish
24
         Moss Lane, Garner, NC.
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(WHEREUPON, the Court Reporter 1 requested clarification of 2 address.) 3 THE WITNESS: Spanish Moss Lane, Garner, NC 4 27529. 5 6 BY MR. GRANTMYRE: 7 Is that Southern Trace or Rockbridge? 8 Southern Trace. Can you please spell your last name for the court 9 10 reporter. Α H-O-X-I-E. 11 12 Please proceed with your statement. I've lived in Southern Trace with my parents for 13 14 17 years, beginning September 11, 2001. 15 house sits right on top of the hill. The well is. on a side yard behind us in the woods, well one. 16 17 In the summertime there is, when you turn on the water, if I'm going to work in the afternoon, I 18 19 turn the water on to take a shower and there's no pressure, there's no nothing. I try to flush a 20 toilet, there's no -- on the second story there's 21 no pressure. I can't flush or I can't take a 22 23 shower. So being on the top and have no pressure in water is, it's a little nerve-racking because 24

in our society we take showers every day to wash off the sweat and so it's just not, you know, it's just not good not to have water especially when you're paying for it.

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And then this past -- over this hearing time having the segments in the water from the black water, the brown water, just when you turn on the shower or the toilet it's just BAM! You just hear like, it's like a bomb going off, like you're in a war zone, and I know in America we are not in a war zone. So it's just unsettling when you have all this dirty water coming in, almost like rusty pipes coming in and having a shortage of water. And this -- it's just very unsettling to have all of this sediment in the water and no pressure; no nothing.

And I know we have three wells in the neighborhood, and I know that we have 180 houses in our neighborhood, and I know the developer developed this thing and then at some point he sold the rest in the back of our neighborhood -- sold the back of our neighborhood to another developer who built bigger houses than our houses. Our houses are the old houses in the

neighborhood. And the new houses are bigger by square feet back, I think it's at 3100 square feet to ours of twenty-three, and they get perfect water pressure and no problems with the water pressure, and it's just unsettling, it's a little unnerving because they have great water pressure and never have to worry about water pressure. And me at the top who's been there for a long time that can't water the grass because you have no pressure and can't take a shower, can't flush your toilets, especially in the summertime, it's just -- it's really hard to -- it's just really hard. That's it.

- Now, when you hear this loud boom or whatever from the shower, is that after you've had an outage or no water, and all of a sudden it sputters and comes back on. Is that what you're experiencing?
- I mean there's been water -- I mean there's water in the house, right. So after that then there was like, I think there is -- I think -- there was a storm that one night and they had -- the system went offline and rather the auto reserve tanks went offline and then all of the sediment

1 on the bottom came in and once they did turn on 2 the water or there wasn't any water then all of 3 it came into the house, and so then you had to worry about all your clothing and all of your --4 5 I think you're right. I think it was off water or all of the tanks was down to zero. 6 7 How close do you live to well number one? 8 said it's in the woods, is -- behind the house. 9 Is that your house right next to the well? Α 10 Yes. So that -- and the tanks are right behind 11 Okay. 12 your house, too, then, aren't they? 13 I'm at the corner. So I'm at the corner and the 14 well is over here and there's a house right here behind it so I'm like catercorner to the well. 15 16 Q You're close to the tanks --17 Α Very close. 18 And even though you're that close to the tanks Q 19 you didn't have any water? 20 Α I mean, there's -- I mean, you take 21 showers and it's just -- I mean, there's -- okay, 22 there's water but it's just like a drip. 23 like -- it's not even a drip, it's just one drip 24 like -- you know, drips like bzzut, bzzut, bzzut,

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like there's a drip, whurl (blowing air sound),
1
         drip (pause), drip (pause) when you turn on the
 2
         water. And there's water there but it's just
 3
         like a drip, drip, drip - very, very, very slow.
 4
 5
         Now, in the -- does happen every summer?
         Every summer.
 6
    Α
         And let's say there's 120 days in the summer,
 7
         let's just say, how many of those 120 days would
 8
 9
         you experience this type of water drip
10
         approximately?
         I'll probably say 80 of those days.
11
12
               MR. GRANTMYRE: Thank you. We have no
13
     further questions.
                                        Questions for the
14
               COMMISSIONER MITCHELL:
15
    witness?
               MR. BENNINK: Yes, just a few, please.
16
    CROSS EXAMINATION BY MR. BENNINK:
17
         Mr. Hoxie, you referred to a storm recently.
18
          that the storm that we referred to as having
19
          occurred sometime in late May when you had the
20
21
         outage?
22
    Α
          Yes.
          Did you experience a storm at your house?
23
24
    A
          Yes, I did.
```

1	Q	And when you say during that summer you have
2		you can't flush the toilet or take a shower, I
3		mean, are you saying that's all day long or is
4		that only at certain times of the day and, if so,
5		when is that?
6	A	I would say that would happen in the afternoon
7		like around two o'clock. When I had this other
8		job I would have to go to work at three, I mean,
9		two o'clock, and right before I leave I turn on
10		the shower or try to flush the toilets and just
11		not nothing. Especially the shower, I
12	•	couldn't get any pressure whatsoever.
13	Q	But the rest of the day would you have adequate
14		pressure?
15	A	Yes.
16		MR. BENNINK: Thank you very much.
17		THE WITNESS: Thank you.
18		COMMISSIONER MITCHELL: Questions from the
19	Comm	ission?
20		(No response)
21		Thank you, Mr. Hoxie, you may step down.
22		THE WITNESS: Thank you very much.
23		(The witness is excused.)
24		MR. GRANTMYRE: Are there any other

customers that would like to testify? There are none.

commissioner mitchell: Okay. Seeing no other customers or non-expert witnesses wishing to have testify, we will now close the portion of the proceeding dedicated to the taking of customer and non-expert witness testimony and we will go into the expert witness portion of this proceeding.

Before we begin, are there any preliminary matters to address from counsel?

MS. HOLT: Yes. We'd like to request that or move that Robert Hinton's affidavit be copied into the record as if given orally from the stand, and that he be excused from testifying.

MR. BENNINK: No objection.

COMMISSIONER MITCHELL: Without any objection, the affidavit of John R. Hinton will be copied into the record as if delivered orally from the stand, and he will be excused from testifying.

MS. HOLT: Thank you.

(WHEREUPON, the prefiled affidavit of JOHN R. HINTON is copied into the record as if given orally from the stand.)

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA UTILITIES COMMISSION RALEIGH

DOCKET NO. W-1075, SUB 12

BEFORE THE NORTH CAROLINA UTILITIES COMMISSION

In the Matter of		
Application by KRJ, Inc., d/b/a KRJ Utilities Company, Post Office Box 2369, Swansboro, North Carolina 28584, for for Authority to Increase Rates for Water and Sewer Utility Service in its Southern Trace and Rockbridge Subdivisions in Wake County, North Carolina)	AFFIDAVIT OF JOHN R. HINTON

State of North Carolina

County of Wake

I, John R. Hinton, being first duly sworn do depose and say:

I am a Public Utilities Financial Analyst and the Director of the Economic Research Division of the Public Staff of the North Carolina Utilities Commission representing the using and consuming public.

I received a Bachelor of Science degree in Economics from the University of North Carolina at Wilmington in 1980, a Master of Economics from North Carolina State University in 1983. Since joining the Public Staff in May 1985, I have been involved with various electrical utility issues related to costs and planning, natural gas expansion projects, and I have testified in numerous general rate case proceedings for electric, natural gas, and water utilities,

including affidavits assessing financial viability and the fair rate of return with small water and sewer utility rate cases.

The purpose of this affidavit is to recommend to the Commission a fair rate of return to be employed as a basis for determining the appropriate revenue requirement for KRJ, Inc., (KRJ) to provide water utility service in its Southern Trace and the water and sewer utility service in its Rockbridge Subdivisions in Wake County, North Carolina.

For the water utility service and the sewer utility service, I recommend that KRJ be granted a 7.75% margin on operating revenue deductions or a 7.75% overall return on rate base. After investigation, the Public Staff has determined that Company's reasonable level of operating expenses is greater than its rate base for Southern Trace water utility service. For the Rockbridge subdivision, its utility rate base is greater than the reasonable level of operating expenses for both water and sewer utility service. As allows under G.S. 62-133.1 I have used the operating ratio method to evaluate KRJ's proposed rate increase for utility service in the Southern Trace subdivision, and as allowed under G. S. 62-133, I have used the rate base method to evaluate KRJ's proposed rate increase for utility service in the Rockbridge subdivision.

As outlined in Docket No. W-173, Sub 14, Montclair Water Company, several factors should be considered when judging the adequacy of a return. These are interest coverage, adequacy of the income level after interest expense, the level of inflation, and the quality of service.

In considering these factors in conjunction with this proceeding, I have not incorporated any consideration with respect to quality of service. Interest coverage has been provided at an adequate level. The level of inflation has been factored into the U.S. Treasury bond rate by investor expectations of the future levels of inflation. In my opinion, the recommended margin on expenses and overall return on rate base provide an adequate level of income after interest expense.

For these reasons, I recommend to the Commission that KRJ be granted a 7.75% margin on operating revenue deductions and a 7.75% return on rate base. This concludes my affidavit.

John R. Hinton

Sworn to and subscribed before me this the ______ day of June, 2018.

Notary Public

Joanne M. Berube
- NOTARY PUBLIC
WAKE COUNTY, N.C.
My Commission Expires 12-17-2022.

My Commission expires: 12/17/2023

1 COMMISSIONER MITCHELL: Okay. Mr. Bennink, 2 please call your first witness. 3 MR. BENNINK: Okay. We -- KRJ Utilities calls James R. Butler to the witness stand, please. 4 5 COMMISSIONER MITCHELL: Good morning, Mr. Butler. 6 7 Good morning. MR. BUTLER: JAMES R. BUTLER; 8 9 having been duly sworn, testified as follows: 10 DIRECT EXAMINATION BY MR. BENNINK: 11 12 Mr. Butler, would you state your name and 13 business address for the record, please? 14 James R. Butler, PO Box 2369, Swansboro, NC. 15 Did you prefile testimony consisting of 18 pages 16 along with two exhibits designated as Butler 17 Exhibits 1 and 2 with the Commission on May 4, 2018? 18 19 Ά Yes, sir, I did. 20 Do you have any changes or corrections or 21 additions to make to that testimony? 22 No, sir, I do not. 23 MR. BENNINK: Commissioner, we would request 24 that Mr. Butler's prefiled testimony be copied into

the record as if given orally from the stand and that his exhibits be identified and marked as Butler Exhibits 1 and 2, please? COMMISSIONER MITCHELL: Without objection, the testimony of Mr. Butler consisting of 18 pages will be copied into the record as if delivered orally from the stand, and the exhibits to that testimony shall be marked as prefiled. (WHEREUPON, Butler Exhibits 1 and 2 are marked for identification as prefiled.) (WHEREUPON, the prefiled direct testimony of JAMES R. BUTLER is copied into the record as if given orally from the stand.)

BEFORE THE NORTH CAROLINA UTILITIES COMMISSION DOCKET NO. W-1075, SUB 12

In the Matter of
Application by KRJ, Inc., d/b/a KRJ Utilities
for Authority to Increase Rates for
Water and Sewer Utility Service in Its Southern Trace and
Rockbridge Subdivisions in
Wake County, North Carolina

Pre-Filed Direct Testimony of JAMES R. BUTLER, PE Management Group of NC, Inc.

On Behalf Of KRJ, INC., D/B/A KRJ UTILITIES

May 4, 2018

- 1 Q. Please state your name, occupation and business address for
- 2 the record.
- 3 A. My name is James Roderick Butler. I am the Vice President of
- 4 Management Group of NC, Inc. ("MGNC") and am also a licensed
- 5 Professional Engineer. My business address is Post Office Box 2369,
- 6 Swansboro, North Carolina 28584-2369. I am also the Managing
- 7 Member of JRB Engineering Associates, PLLC, a firm which provides
- 8 detailed engineering design and consultation to public water and sewer
- 9 utility entities.
- 10 Q. Please summarize your professional background.
- 11 A. I am a graduate of North Carolina State University, having received a
- 12 B.S. degree in Civil Engineering. By profession, I have extensive
- experience as a professional engineer, utility system manager, and
- 14 consultant. During my almost fifty-year professional career, I have
- provided detailed management, operation and design of water and
- sewer utility infrastructure; managed municipal and multiple regulated
- public utility entities; and provided a broad range of client and project
- support and coordination. A copy of my résumé is attached to this
- 19 testimony as Exhibit 1.
- 20 Q. Please explain the services you provide to KRJ, Inc., d/b/a KRJ
- Utilities (also referenced herein as "KRJ" or "Company") on behalf of
- 22 Management Group of NC, Inc.

- 1 A. MGNC is a corporate entity which provides the following operating
- 2 services to regulated water and sewer utility companies, such as KRJ:
- Provide accounting and customer billing services to utility companies
 consistent with North Carolina Utilities Commission ("Commission" or
 "NCUC") and NARUC requirements
- Managing utility system customer support
- Provide services of regulatory liaison for utility companies with the
 NCUC and the North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality
 ("NCDEQ") Division of Water Resources
- Operational advisement and consultation to water and sewer utility
 companies and municipalities
- Preparation of rate studies and cases for municipal and private
 regulated public utilities
- Because KRJ itself has no employees, the Company has retained

 MGNC (specifically, my services) as an independent contractor to

 provide primary operating support and general supervision to the
- 17 Company. I handle all of KRJ's customer billing; provide accounting
- services to KRJ regarding such billing and customer payments; provide
- 19 operating and capital expense accounting and records retention;
- 20 respond to customer complaints and billing questions; maintain
- 21 Company records consistent with NCUC and NARUC requirements;
- prepare all reports on behalf of KRJ which are required by the NCUC,
- such as the Company's Annual Report, Regulatory Fee Reports, etc.;
- 24 file environmental quality reports; serve as KRJ's regulatory liaison to
- respond to questions from and supply information to the NCUC and

1	state environmental agencies; respond to questions from and consul
2	with M&M Water and Wastewater Services ("M&M"), the contracto
3	which serves as the certified water and wastewater treatment plan
4	operator for the Southern Trace water and Rockbridge water and
5	sewer systems; as well as other duties as needed.
6	In addition, I was solely responsible for the preparation of KRJ's
7	pending 2018 Rate Case Application and have performed extensive
8	work as a professional engineer on the Rockbridge water and
9	wastewater systems since 2004. I have also provided managemen
10	consulting services pertaining to the Southern Trace water system
11	since 1996, and the Rockbridge utility systems since early-2007.
12	Q. Please describe KRJ Utilities.
12 13	Q. Please describe KRJ Utilities.A. KRJ Utilities is an investor-owned public utility pursuant to
13	A. KRJ Utilities is an investor-owned public utility pursuant to
13 14	A. KRJ Utilities is an investor-owned public utility pursuant to North Carolina General Statute ("G.S.") 62-3, does business as a
13 14 15	A. KRJ Utilities is an investor-owned public utility pursuant to North Carolina General Statute ("G.S.") 62-3, does business as a regulated water and sewer utility in North Carolina, and is subject to
13 14 15 16	A. KRJ Utilities is an investor-owned public utility pursuant to North Carolina General Statute ("G.S.") 62-3, does business as a regulated water and sewer utility in North Carolina, and is subject to the regulatory oversight of the Commission.
13 14 15 16 17	A. KRJ Utilities is an investor-owned public utility pursuant to North Carolina General Statute ("G.S.") 62-3, does business as a regulated water and sewer utility in North Carolina, and is subject to the regulatory oversight of the Commission. KRJ provides water utility service to customers in the Southern Trace.
13 14 15 16 17 18	A. KRJ Utilities is an investor-owned public utility pursuant to North Carolina General Statute ("G.S.") 62-3, does business as a regulated water and sewer utility in North Carolina, and is subject to the regulatory oversight of the Commission. KRJ provides water utility service to customers in the Southern Trace Subdivision in Wake County pursuant to a Certificate of Public
13 14 15 16 17 18 19	A. KRJ Utilities is an investor-owned public utility pursuant to North Carolina General Statute ("G.S.") 62-3, does business as a regulated water and sewer utility in North Carolina, and is subject to the regulatory oversight of the Commission. KRJ provides water utility service to customers in the Southern Trace Subdivision in Wake County pursuant to a Certificate of Public Convenience and Necessity ("CPCN") which was granted by the

1,	in Docket No. W-1075, Sub 5 on November 30, 2006.
2	Robert R. Stafford is the President of KRJ. Mr. Stafford owns 50% of
3	KRJ's stock, with his wife, Katherine A. Stafford, owning the remaining
4	50% of the Company's stock. Robert R. Stafford is also the President
5	of Stafford Land Company ("Stafford Land"), a land development
6	company, which is owned by members of his family, including his wife,
7	Katherine A. Stafford. Stafford Land and KRJ have common
8	ownership and, therefore, are affiliated entities.
9	In his testimony before the Commission in Docket No. W-1075, Sub 5,
10	Mr. Stafford testified that he is not personally involved in the day-to-day
11	operations of KRJ and that KRJ contracted with MGNC to:
12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	handle our maintenance, meter reading, billing, emergency response, process and distribution system operations, and related tasks. MGNC, through its principal Rod Butler, has served us well for many years. Rod has years of experience in the water and wastewater utility areas, as indicated by his resume attached to my testimony as Appendix A. We rely upon him heavily, and, again, he does a good job for us. (NCUC Transcript at page 8)
21	Mr. Stafford is still not personally involved in the day-to-day operations
22	of the KRJ utility systems, basically delegating that responsibility to me
23	and M&M, the certified water and wastewater treatment plant operator.
24	Q. Please describe the Southern Trace Water System.
25	A. The Southern Trace Subdivision is a single-family neighborhood
26	located on NC 50 just north of the Wake/Johnston County line. It is

1	fully-developed with 193 lots and the water system currently serves
2	190 customers. At the end of the test period for this case (June 30,
3	2016), KRJ provided water utility service to 188 Southern Trace
4	customers. The lots in the Subdivision are 1± acre and are served by
5	the KRJ Southern Trace water system. Initially, the water system
6	consisted of a single 5,400-gallon hydropneumatic tank and well. As
7	the Subdivision grew, two additional wells and a second 5,400-gallon
8	hydropneumatic tank were installed. The three wells consist of a
9	37 gallon-per-minute ("gpm") well with a 5 horsepower ("hp")
10	submersible well pump; a 72 gpm well with a 15 hp submersible pump;
11	and a 20 gpm well with a 3 hp submersible well pump. The water
12	distribution system consists of 4-inch and 6-inch PVC water mains and
13	appurtenances.
14	Q. Please describe the Rockbridge water and sewer utility
15	systems.
16	A. The Rockbridge Subdivision is a single-family development located
17	in eastern Wake County, between Poole and Grasshopper Roads,
18	which is continuing to be developed as it proceeds into its last phases.
19	Rockbridge is approved for a total of 407 lots. At the end of the test

20

21

22

period for this case (June 30, 2016), KRJ served 240 total customers

at Rockbridge, consisting of 236 water and sewer customers and four

water-only customers. Lot sizes at Rockbridge are smaller than at

1 .	Southern Trace; thus, a wastewater treatment system (rather than a
2	septic system for each house) was necessary for this Subdivision. In
3	June 2004, KRJ entered into an agreement with my engineering firm to
4	design the Rockbridge water treatment, elevated water storage tank,
5	wastewater reclamation (treatment) system, and reclaimed water reuse
6	system.
7	The Rockbridge water system, which currently serves approximately
8	324 water and sewer customers, consists of three wells: a 185 gpm
9	well with a 25 hp submersible well pump; an 82 gpm well with a 10 hp
10	submersible well pump; and a 35 gpm well with a 7.5 hp submersible
11	well pump. The system also includes a treatment building with
12	chlorination system, caustic soda and lime slurry chemical feed, and a
13	uranium removal system. A 150,000-gallon elevated storage tank is
14	located at the high point of the Subdivision, some distance from the
15	wells and treatment building. The water distribution system consists of
16	4-inch, 6-inch, 8-inch and 12-inch PVC and ductile iron water mains
17	and appurtenances.
18	The Rockbridge sewer treatment system consists of an influent pump
19	station; a 125,000 gallon per day (gpd) water reclamation plant
20	(currently permitted for 116,000 gpd) consisting of: influent flow
21	equalization; dual process trains consisting of anoxic process cells,
22	aerobic process cells, and gravity clarification; gravity filtration system;

1	liquid chlorine storage and disinfection; UV disinfection; a 5-day upset
2	pond; a 12,750,000 gallon long-term reclaimed water storage pond
3	reclaimed water pump station; and approximately 42 acres of spray
4	irrigation fields. The sewer collection system consists 8-inch, 10-inch
_. 5	and 12-inch gravity sewer mains.
6	As a supplement to my direct testimony, I also attach, as Exhibit 2, a
7	copy of a letter that I filed on April 12, 2006, behalf of KRJ in the Sub 5
8	docket which provides additional information regarding the Rockbridge
9	wastewater treatment system.
10	Q. Please describe the Company's General Rate Case
11	Application.
12	A. On January 10, 2018, KRJ, Utilities filed an Application ("2018 Rate
13	Case Application") in this docket seeking authority to increase its rates
14	for (a) water utility service in the Southern Trace Subdivision and
15	(b) water and wastewater utility service in the Rockbridge Subdivision.
16	The test period for purposes of this general rate case is the twelve-
17	month period of time ended June 30, 2016. At the end of the test
18	period, KRJ served approximately 428 metered water customers and
19	236 flat rate sewer customers.
20	KRJ filed its 2018 Rate Case Application based on the operating ratio
21	ratemaking methodology set forth in G.S. 62-133.1 and is requesting
22	approval by the Commission of a 7.5% margin on the Company's

1	operating expenses. Should the Public Staff's investigation in this
2	matter indicate that it would be more beneficial to the Company for its
3	new rates to be set based on the rate base, rate of return methodology
4	set forth in G.S. 62-133, KRJ requests that the Commission approve
5	new rates utilizing the G.S. 62-133 ratemaking methodology.
6	The present rates have been in effect since they were approved by the
7	Commission for the Southern Trace Subdivision in a general rate case
8	Order dated January 14, 2005, in Docket No. W-1075, Sub 4, and for
9	the Rockbridge Subdivision in the Order Granting Certificate of Public
10	Convenience and Necessity and Approving Rates dated November 30,
11	2006, in Docket No. W-1075, Sub 5. The approved rates for both
12	Southern Trace and Rockbridge Subdivisions were subsequently
13 ·	reduced for the repeal of the gross receipts tax and State corporate
14	income tax rate reductions.1
15	KRJ presently serves approximately 190 water customers in the
16	Southern Trace Subdivision and approximately 331 customers at
17	Rockbridge, consisting of 328 water and sewer customers and three
18	water-only customers. KRJ, as a regulated public utility, has a
19	continuing responsibility to upgrade the Company's utility infrastructure
20	and make necessary improvements to ensure its ability to continue to

¹ See Docket No. W-1075, Sub 10 and Docket No. M-100, Sub 138.

- 1 consistently provide adequate, efficient, and reasonable service to its
- 2 customers as required by G.S. 62-131(b).
- 3 The Company also has an obligation to comply with changing
- 4 environmental, health, and safety regulations and to fulfill its overall
- 5 obligation to provide quality, dependable service pursuant to its
- 6 certificates of public convenience and necessity: In addition, the
- 7 Company continues to fund required operations and expense ("O&M")
- 8 increases to ensure quality and compliant service.

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Q. What is the purpose of your direct testimony?

- 10 A. The purpose of my direct testimony is to explain why KRJ Utilities has
- requested Commission approval to increase its water and sewer rates.
- 12 In its 2018 Rate Case Application, the Company requested that its new
- proposed rates become effective, unless suspended by the
- 14 Commission, for utility service rendered on and after Friday, February
- 9, 2018.2 I discuss some of the factors that have contributed to the
- need for this proposed rate increase and their impact on KRJ's
- 17 customers. I also discuss the terms regarding the operating ratio
- 18 (return on O&M expenses) which the Company is requesting in this
- 19 case. In addition, I will sponsor the Company's financial exhibits,
- 20 including pro forma income statements and balance sheets.

² The NCUC suspended the Company's proposed new rates for up to 270 days pursuant to G.S. 62-134 by Order entered in this docket on February 6, 2018.

- 1 KRJ is both obligated and committed to facilitate and maintain the
- 2 continued achievement of its goals and high standards regarding
- 3 safety, operational performance, and customer service. Therefore, the
- 4 Company's capital investments in utility plant in service and O&M
- 5 expense---which provide necessary benefits to customers and which
- are dedicated to public use---must be recovered in rates.

7 Q. What is the test year for this rate case?

- 8 A. The test year for this general rate case is the twelve-month period of
- 9 time ended June 30, 2016. Pursuant to G.S. 62-133(c), KRJ reserves
- its statutory right to update its expenses, for such things as rate case
- 11 costs, based upon circumstances and events occurring up through the
- 12 close of the hearing in this case.
- 13 Q. Did KRJ Utilities cause a notice of proposed rate increase
- 14 regarding the Company's 2018 Rate Case Application to be mailed to
- 15 its customers?
- 16 A. Yes. KRJ mailed the prescribed Notice to Customers, as approved
- and required by the Commission, to all of its affected customers in a
- timely manner.
- 19 Q. Please describe the rates which KRJ's customers are currently
- 20 being charged for water and sewer utility service.
- 21 A. KRJ's present water rates for customers in the Southern Trace
- 22 Subdivision are as follows:

Monthly Metered Water Rates:
Base charge, zero usage (minimum) \$19.12
Usage charge, per 1,000 gailons \$ 2.66
KRJ's present water and sewer rates for customers in the Rockbridge
Subdivision are as follows:
Monthly Metered Water Rates:
Base charge, zero usage (minimum) \$14.40
Usage charge, per 1,000 gallons \$ 1.49
Monthly Flat Sewer Rates (Per REU): \$68.33
Q. What new rates does KRJ propose in this case?
A. KRJ's new proposed water rates for customers in the Southern Trace
Subdivision are as follows:
Monthly Metered Water Rates:
Base charge, zero usage (minimum) \$34.82
Usage charge, per 1,000 gallons \$ 4.84
KRJ's new proposed water and sewer rates for customers in the
Rockbridge Subdivision are as follows:
/Monthly Metered Water Rates:
Base charge, zero usage (minimum) \$ 34.55
Usage charge, per 1,000 gallons \$ 3.57
Monthly Flat Sewer Rates (Per REU): \$105.37
KRJ is seeking additional gross revenue of approximately \$61,339
from the Company's Southern Trace water operations. KRJ's

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- 1 proposed new rates would increase the average residential monthly
- water bill for Southern Trace customers from \$32.81 to \$59.72, an
- 3 82.02% increase, based on an average monthly usage of 5,145
- 4 gallons.
- 5 KRJ is seeking additional gross revenue of approximately \$84,865
- from the Company's Rockbridge water operations and \$107,497 from
- 7 Rockbridge sewer operations. KRJ's proposed new rates would
- 8 increase the average residential monthly water bill for Rockbridge
- 9 customers from \$22.07 to \$52.92, a 139.78% increase, based on an
- average monthly usage of 5,145 gallons and the monthly flat sewer
- 11 rate from \$68.33 to \$105.37, a 54.21% increase.
- in total, by its 2018 Rate Case Application, KRJ seeks approval to
- increase current revenues by approximately \$253,701 in this case.
- 14 Q. Were the financial schedules filed in conjunction with KRJ's
- 15 2018 Rate Case Application prepared by you and/or under your
- 16 direction?
- 17 A. Yes, the schedules submitted in conjunction with the 2018 Rate Case
- 18 Application were prepared by me.
- 19 Q. Are those financial schedules incorporated as part of your
- 20 testimony?
- 21 A. Yes. They are incorporated herein by reference.
- 22 Q. Please describe those schedules.

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- 1 A. The 2018 Rate Case Application includes the financial statements for
- 2 KRJ. The referenced schedules include a Balance Sheet, income
- 3 Statement, Test Year / Present Revenues, and Proposed Revenues.
- 4 Q. Please explain how test year expenses were adjusted.
- 5 A. As previously stated, the Company's test year is the twelve-month
- 6 period ended June 30, 2016. Pro forma adjustments were made to the
- 7 test year expenses based on known and measurable changes to
- 8 actual expenses.
- 9 Q. Were known and measurable pro forma adjustments also
- 10 made to the Company's income statement and its rate base
- 11 statement?
- 12 A. Yes, as detailed therein.
- 13 Q. Why is KRJ requesting rate relief at this time?
- 14 A. KRJ's current balance sheet and income statement were submitted in
- 15 conjunction the Company's 2018 Rate Case Application. Without
- satisfactory rate relief, KRJ's ability to continue to provide safe, reliable
- and efficient water and sewer utility services to its customers and to
- 18 meet its financial obligations will be impaired and made more difficult.
- 19 Q. What margin on the Company's operating expenses is KRJ
- 20 requesting in the case?
- 21 A. KRJ filed its 2018 Rate Case Application based on the operating ratio
- ratemaking methodology set forth in G.S. 62-133.1 and is requesting

- approval by the Commission of a 7.5% margin on the Company's operating expenses. Should the Public Staff's investigation in this matter indicate that it would be more beneficial to the Company for its new rates to be set based on the rate base, rate of return methodology set forth in G.S. 62-133, KRJ requests that the Commission approve new rates utilizing the G.S. 62-133 ratemaking methodology.
- 7 Q. Please describe the primary reasons which underlie the
- 8 Company's need for rate relief.

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- 9 A. The primary reasons for KRJ's requested rate increase involve
 10 increases in expenses incurred since the Company's rates were (a)
 11 last increased for the Southern Trace water system effective January
 12 14, 2005 (more than 13 years ago) and (b) initially set for the
 13 Rockbridge Subdivision on November 30, 2006 (more than 11 years
 14 ago).
 - The new rates applied for by KRJ are necessary because the Company has been unable to operate profitably and, in fact, incurred large operating deficits during the test year, as well as prior years. The failure to achieve an adequate level of earnings was caused by increased operating costs to upgrade the level of service and increased operating costs and capital investments required to comply with service obligations (including the regulatory lag encountered in the Company's inability to timely recover such costs through rates) since

- 1 rates were either last increased for Southern Trace or initially set for
- 2 Rockbridge (in both instances, more than a decade ago).
- 3 Q. If KRJ has been operating at a loss, why did the Company not
- 4 file an application for a general rate increase before the it filed the
- 5 2018 Rate Case Application?
- 6 A. Certain critical issues affected the Company's decision not to file a
- 7 general rate case prior to 2018. First, the Company determined that it
- 8 was impractical to file individual rate cases for each of the two systems
- 9 because the financial data supporting a request for rate relief is
- 10 generally maintained as a single data set. Second, and more
- importantly, a primary factor in the delay was the uncertainty of rate of
- growth of Rockbridge. This factor is discussed in detail below.
- The first subdivision plat, creating lots, for Rockbridge was recorded on
- October 27, 2006, by Stafford Land, the developer of Rockbridge.
- 15 Initially, Rockbridge began developing houses at a moderate rate. In
- March 2007, K.Hov, the original builder at Rockbridge, broke ground
- on its first houses. A total of 42 houses were begun almost
- 18 simultaneously. K.Hov built and sold a total of 69 houses at
- 19 Rockbridge. Unfortunately, K.Hov, like so many other builders, was
- 20 impacted by the housing slump and the 'too big to fail' ripple effect that
- 21 ran through the financial industry during the 2007-2008 period. K.Hov,
- a New Jersey based corporation, was heavily invested in the Florida,

· 1	Arizona, Nevada, and California markets which were far more
2	impacted by the financial crisis than other areas of the country. Sales
3	of houses built by K.Hov began to decline in mid-2008, and no new
4	structures were begun. Ultimately, in early-2009, K.Hov sold most of
5	its remaining inventory at Rockbridge and exited the subdivision.
6	Some time elapsed before a replacement builder could be obtained,
7	again due to the depressed housing market. For 18± months, the
8	Rockbridge Subdivision, with its 69 houses, was effectively "dead" as
9	there were no new building starts; the only traffic consisted of re-sales
10	of the existing structures, including the remaining K.Hov inventory.
11	Stafford Land was ultimately successful in negotiating an agreement
12	with Savvy Homes, LLC ("Savvy"), which began construction of three
13	houses in Rockbridge in January 2010. As is always the case when a
14	new builder enters a dormant or new development, it took some time
15	for Savvy to develop any market momentum. Two more months
16	elapsed before construction of any additional houses began. Savvy's
17	last house "start" occurred in September 2011. Savvy had been active
18	in Rockbridge for only 20 months. In total, Savvy constructed 48
19	houses.
20	Savvy provided advance notice of its intent to exit Rockbridge, which
21	allowed Stafford Land the opportunity to again pursue a replacement

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I	builder. However, this time the subdivision didn't lay fallow as it had
2	following the exit of K.Hov.
3	In August of 2010, Eastwood Homes of Raleigh ("Eastwood") began
4	construction of houses. Eastwood remains active in Rockbridge to this
5	day, having built a total of approximately 125 houses. In
6	December 2013, a second builder, Royal Oaks Building Group
7	("Royal Oaks"), began construction of its first house in Rockbridge.
8	Royal Oaks also remains active in Rockbridge, having built
9	approximately 75 houses.
10	With this detailed history of the protracted development of the
11	Rockbridge Subdivision in mind, the concern was that a rate increase,
12	if sought and imposed prematurely, might itself thwart future
13	subdivision and customer growth, thereby further stressing the
14 .	development of the Subdivision. KRJ concedes that the Company
15	could have filed a general rate case before 2018. However, because
16	of the ongoing problems encountered with securing and retaining
17	builders during the extended period of development of Rockbridge,
18	KRJ decided to hold off on any rate case efforts until it was apparent
19	that development of Rockbridge Subdivision was more established and
20	robust.
21	Preparation of the actual 2018 Rate Case Application was also a very
22	time-consuming and complicated effort which, once begun, took far

- 1 more time than anticipated to conclude and finalize for filing with the
- 2 Commission.
- In truth, KRJ's customers were beneficiaries of the Company's
- 4 extended delay in filing for rate relief as they continued to pay rates for
- 5 water and sewer utility service which did not cover KRJ's true costs of
- 6 providing that service, including a reasonable profit margin.
- 7 Q. Did the Company initially include costs for anticipated post-
- 8 test year plant additions as part of its 2018 Rate Case Application?
- 9 A. No. The Company does, however, reserve the right, pursuant to
- 10 G.S. 62-133(c), to request consideration of actual changes in costs,
- 11 revenues, and plant based upon circumstances and events occurring up
- to the time the hearing is closed, including updates to the Company's rate
- case costs. KRJ has subsequently provided information to the Public Staff
- in response to discovery requests regarding post-test year plant additions
- and requests consideration thereof in setting new rates in this proceeding.
- 16 Q. Is this testimony true and accurate to the best of your
- 17 knowledge, information, and belief?
- 18 A. Yes, it is.
- 19 Q. Does this conclude your testimony?
- 20 A. Yes.

BY MR. BENNINK:

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- Q Mr. Butler, would you please just give a brief discussion of your professional qualifications, please?
 - I'm a Professional Engineer since 1976, registered in North and South Carolina and Virginia. I hold about all of the certified operator tickets that are issued by the Division of Environmental Quality for the operation of water and wastewater plants. For approximately 10 years I was the Assistant Utilities Director, Acting Utilities Director and Director of Utilities for the City of Raleigh. I have been in private engineering practice since 1984. 1990, I founded a firm that began providing contract management services to small water and sewer utility companies. That company was renamed at a point along but it's still intact and that's where we are today.
- Q And can you tell the Commission the services that you perform for KRJ Utilities?
- A Management Group of NC, which is my firm, is a contract management service that provides meter reading, billing, accounting, collections,

1 banking, reporting, and regulatory liaison in 2 behalf of our contract customer clients. 3 Basically, we provide all of the front office 4 services. At a point in the past we did actual 5 physical operation of the systems but we ceased that in 2010. 6 7 Did you prepare the general rate case application 8 which was filed with the Utilities Commission in 9 January of this year? 10 Α Yes, sir, I did. 11 MR. BENNINK: Commissioner, I have no 12 further questions for Mr. Butler at this point. 13 available for cross. At some point I would like to 14 ask him questions concerning the customer testimony that was given today. I can do that now or I can wait 15 to see if there are questions from the Public Staff or 16 17 the Commission. 18 We would prefer he do it now MR. GRANTMYRE: 19, so that when we cross the witness on the customer 2.0 testimony today he would have had the opportunity to answer the questions before we get into it. 21 22 COMMISSIONER MITCHELL: Mr. Bennink, please 23 proceed.

That's fine.

We'll proceed.

BENNINK:

BY MR. BENNINK:

- Q Mr. Butler, let me ask you this, you did prepare and verify the report on customer comments that was filed with the Commission on May 30th of this year with reference to the public hearing that was held on May 15th, correct?
- A That is correct. There were also some exhibits attached. One of which includes an incident report of the brown water issue that's been spoken to by several of the complainants a few minutes ago.

(WHEREUPON, the Court Reporter requested the witness to speak into the microphone.)

THE WITNESS: I'm sorry, I'm short.

BY MR. BENNINK:

- Q Let's go through the customer testimony if we could and we'll go through witness by witness and you can make your comments. Do you have comments you want to make about the testimony offered by Witness Iverson today?
- A Several, sir. First, the discussion of

 Ms. Iverson regarding the brown water and the

 like is part of that -- is addressed by the

incident report that was filed as Exhibit A to my 1 2 report issued to the Commission subsequent to the May 15th hearing. The circumstance - and I'll 3 avoid reading - the circumstance that occurred 4 was the two of the three wells were offline due 5 to an electrical malfunction. 6 The most recent witness Mr. Hoxie verifies what I've been told by 7 8 and another customer that there had been a lightning storm on the preceding Tuesday evening, 9 10 if you will. All of the brown water and sludge, fun stuff came to our attention at -- based on a 11 12 phone call that we received early in the morning 13 about 6:50 on the 24th of May. When we got 14 personnel to the site which was an hour and a half, two hours later, what we found was is that 15 16 both of the tanks had been totally exhausted. 17 The sequence of events obviously requires a bit 18 of speculation but it appears that the two wells 19 did go off as a result of the storm that was 2.0 reported in the incident report, the third well was incapable of keeping up with the demand but 21 22 it did kind of delay the ultimate problem to the 23 system. What occurred on the morning of the 24th

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of May is that the tanks were totally depleted

and there was a significant amount of the air 1 2 pack - these are hydropneumatic tanks - escaped the tanks and into the distribution system. 3 4 we got people there we found mains very full of 5 air, sequestered iron that had been in the 6 system, settled in the mains, had been 7 re-suspended, and we went into basically an 8 emergency mode of trying to flush the system and 9 address the issues. There was no opportunity to 10 provide any prior notification because we didn't 11 know we were going to have a mess on our hands until we had a mess on our hands. 12 The flushing 13 of the system continued throughout that Thursday. 14 We ceased at approximately 1600 hours to allow 15 the system to at least recover some level of 16 pressure before the evening, onslaught of people 17 coming to the subdivision, reestablished the flushing operations the ensuing morning and did 18 19 so that entire Friday. Generally, we got the 20 vast majority of the re-suspended, sequestered 21 iron out of the distribution system, but it did take a while. And the reason that it took as 22 23 long as it did is that in part that the storage, 24 and you've only got about 250.0 gallons of

available storage in the two 5,000 gallon tanks. That's just a mathematic issue. The other thing is the mains in the subdivision required by the county, zoning ordinance, to be four and six inch, which are well in excess of what would necessarily be installed if you were designing the system, not with the provisions of the Wake County zoning ordinance or subdivision ordinance. So it takes more water than is available to flush the entire system, the system has to be flushed incrementally, and given the fact that we do have one well which was spoken to in my report overall that has a reduced yield that further exacerbated the ability of our personnel to address the brown water issues. I need to make note though that the system does comply with the primary standards of the Safe Drinking Water Act; secondary standards, that being aesthetic, obviously not during this incident.

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The question of the communications, I'm not real sure how to address. We have done a lot of things internally, as I said in the report filed subsequent to the May 15th hearing, to assure that we communicate with

each other. The difficulty in communicating with the customers is just exactly that. We don't have a list of all the phone numbers, we don't have a list of all the email addresses, and we really don't have a way of communicating other than I do send information when prudent to the homeowners association which, in fact, I did after this May 24th incident, I think it's actually on the 24th. I was up on the ground during the period of flushing and, in fact, it was pretty ugly. The system had not been flushed for apparently for a pretty good length of time. I do know it has not been flushed in the last four or five years due to the reduced flow from that one well. Prior to that I really can't say, it was a different contract operator operating the system. Suffice it to say, they are no longer with us for cause and I'll just stop it I don't know whether they flushed the system or not quite frankly. They were supposed to have.

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The communication -- the communications between Stafford, Jr., who is not the owner - he's the son of the owner - Dale

Matthews who is the contract operator, and his employee, James Carter, I cannot speak to because obviously I was not there.

In the case of Ms. Long on

Stonewell Drive -- I'm switching subdivisions

from Southern Trace to Rockbridge -- the cloudy

water. That's an interesting topic. The water

in the subdivision coming from the wells

is rather acetic. We add caustic soda and

hydrated lime slurry to raise the pH. The reason

for the lime is there is absolutely no --

- Q Excuse me, you're talking about Rockbridge now?
- 13 A I shifted to Rockbridge.
- 14 Q Please proceed.

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There is no mineralogy in the water coming from the wells. The only mineralogy that was there was the uranium. When that issue was addressed in June of 2016, then that removed the one and only metal that was in the water. The water is extremely soft and with the acetic condition when you add just caustic to raise the pH, not only will you not achieve an acceptable pH or something in excess of seven, but it evolves carbon dioxide. That's the bubbles. That's the

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fizz. The addition of the lime which is hardness - make no bone about it, lime is hardness; it's calcium bicarbonate - buffers the caustic and allows it to bring the pH up to where it needs to be and ceases the evolution of a carbon dioxide. If a person has a softener, the remove that hardness, which puts the water back where it was before the lime feed and the softener in and of itself causes the water to evolve the carbon dioxide again. I have not spoken to Ms. Long. I have spoken to a couple of It is true the builder in their other customers. term gave the purchasers softeners during period of concern about uranium principally to give the prospective purchaser a comfort level such that they would complete their purchase agreement. Simply put, there were purchasers who had signed presales that were threatening to walk on them unless they builder did something so he gave them softeners. The problem is that the softener works directly contrary to the treatment process that we use to address the pH and, thereby, the carbon dioxide.

Again, the system does comply with

the Safe Drinking Water Act. I understand the emotion of seeing water with carbon dioxide in it that's why we treat the water the way we do. try to feed the line at a minimal level to achieve what we need to for pH and not drive the hardness up in the water to a point that that But the softener. becomes an aesthetic issue. I -- as I said I have spoken to a couple of other customers who had softeners. They were complaining about cloudy water, fizzy water. told them to bypass their softener. After a bit of discussion I said bypass your softener and if it doesn't cure it call me back in a couple of weeks and I have not heard from them. So -- and it's just straight physio-chemistry, there's nothing -- no black heart to it. We're adding hardness in order to adjust the pH and address the carbon dioxide evolution, the softener undoes what we do.

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I'm going to shift back now. I'm sorry. I probably should have put these in order by subdivision. Next to are Southern Trace, Mr. Cols, he spoke to the increased level and Mr. Grantmyre addressed that. Pressure, there

are irrigation systems in the subdivision that were not approved by KRJ. The builder in the back end of the subdivision, the lower end of the subdivision, the one who built the larger houses that were spoken to by Mr. Hoxie offered as an option to the purchase an in-ground irrigation system. The world's worst thing to do on a small water system that does not have elevated storage. You don't have the available storage. As I've mentioned, we've got approximately 2500 gallons of effective storage at Southern Trace within the 10,000 gallons worth That is opposed to Rockbridge, it has of tank. 150,000 gallon elevated tank that has 150,000 gallons of effective storage so you've got a multiple of storage there of what, probably 40 times because of the difference between one nature of storage and another. If I had my liking I would ban irrigation in both subdivisions except for hand hose but I can't do The point of the matter is that in Southern Trace it is far more deleterious to the system if you have an irrigation system than it is in Rockbridge due to the availability of

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2 The whole house filter that Mr. Cols spoke of as being filled up with 3 sediment, I don't doubt it. What I saw of the 4 5 water being flushed out of the system was pretty 6 nasty, but it was flushed out of the system. 7 have not had any color calls, odor calls, or 8 pressure calls during the month of June. 9 going to have phrase it that way. I can't say 10 exactly when they ceased in May. instance - and I'm going to skip back for a 11 second - it was brought up by Ms. Iverson that 12 13 two of the customers, Page and Brown, had no water.. That was the Monday following the issue 14 15 addressed in the incident report and the system being flushed on Thursday and Friday. What they 16 17 had -- and they are absolutely the apex of the 1.8 system, I mean, there is no question. 19 main full of air, pure and simple. 20 cooperation of both of those customers to whom we 21 issued a credit for the excess flow to their 22 meter, a pocket of air in the main right at their 23 houses was exhausted through their plumbing 24 system out of an outdoor faucet, and it took

several hours to do and it's because again some 1 2 of the air that exited the pressure tanks during the preceding week's episode, finding its way at 3 the very top of the system. 4 Those two customers 5 were very cooperative. They have not complained. 6 They have really become very valued customers to the extent that we have an ongoing dialogue with 7 But that was a big air bubble that would 8 9 have affected those two residents and as best I'm 10 aware only those two residents. In the case of Mr. Hoxie's comments regarding the air, that was 11 12 during that period when the water had been 13 exhausted through the storage tanks due to the wells not functioning, and I am sure he got air 14 15 because he is literally on top of the tanks. When it left the tanks he got it and for some odd 16 17 reason, which I've never been quite able to rationalize, the air actually got down in some of 18 19 the lower regions of the subdivision, too. don't know whether it was pulled down in the 20 21 process of flushing the system or not, but it did 22 get down further than I would have anticipated. 23 One thing that I have a concern 24 about, and this pertains to Mr. Hoxie, the houses

up at the upper end of the subdivision may have been installed or had installed with them when they were constructed pressure release valves or reducing valves, they are unnecessary. pressure that we reached at the point of the wells are ceased to function or turned off is That's the point of which the pressure reducing valve would be required by the plumbing If they're there they either need to be reset to pass more pressure or removed. They're just simply unnecessary up in that upper end of the subdivision. The issue with the pressure reducing valve is primarily the plumbers. would rather install a \$100 device than spend half a day trying to convince an inspector they don't need it. Pure economics.

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Now, in my response to the 5/15 hearing, I proposed a number of improvements primarily control for both of the systems to give us not only a far more acute measurement in pressure and control of the operation of the wells but also the ability of both to observe it at distance, over the internet basically, and modify those pump settings if need be and also

issue alarms if the pressure in the systems get out of acceptable levels. That is proposed in that report and I stand by those proposals. I think I'm done.

- Q Let me ask you a few other questions for clarification, and let's go back through each witness. Ms. Iverson do you have anything further that you want to say regarding her testimony?
- A I do not. I believe I hit all the points.
- 11 Q Witness Walker now, I believe Witness Walker is
 12 president of the homeowners association at
 13 Southern Trace; is that correct?
- 14 A That is my understanding.

- Q And what is -- has been your experience in the past in terms of your working relationship with the homeowners association?
 - A This is the first opportunity I've had to have any contact with Ms. Walker. She apparently is relatively new to the board. I did have an ongoing relationship with some of the preceding board members. I was providing information and will continue to provide information to an email address that they had provided me for issues that

I am anticipating or observing in the system such 1 as known low pressure, are people irrigating, 2 I've put in text that they have retransmitted to 3 what people they do have email addresses to 4 suggesting irrigation methods, suggesting they 5 contact Aq Extension regarding the particular 6 7 type of grass they have, and what levels of 8 irrigation may or may not be desirable and 9 particularly on the soils that are characteristic 10 in Southern Trace. And before, when my firm was operating the system, we would not only issue 11 flushing notices by mail but also through that 12 same email portal so that we got as many of the 13 customers aware that we were going to do 14 preventative or proactive flushing as we could. 15 I would like to think that we have that avenue 16 available but I do not believe that that contacts 17 or the homeowners association has the vehicle to 18 19 contact all of the customers, and I know that we 2.0 do not other than through the mail. 21 Would it be your intention to use Ms. Walker as a Q primary contact person for customers? 22 23 Well, they have -- the board has given me three

email addresses which I have committed to my

email address book and one is Ms. Iverson, one is Ms. Walker, and one is a generic to the board members. And any time that I have anything to convey to them, yes, I will do definitely do that. I have also instituted an email address on my end that is dedicated to data coming back to me from customers, homeowners associations, whomever, that is a side stream from my normal business email so I can see if, rather than it getting buried in the 50 or 60 other emails I get every day. And that was provided in the report of the May 15 hearing. It's also now published on the customer invoice section of the monthly water bill along with the phone numbers.

- Q So that's a new means of whereby the customers can contact you directly?
- A Correct.

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- Q And that has just recently been put on customer bills for their use?
- A It went out about two weeks ago on the Southern
 Trace bills and it went out on the bills that I
 mailed yesterday to Rockbridge.
- Q In terms of your Exhibit A to the customer report, the incident report, this incident

1 started Thursday morning you say approximately 2 seven o'clock in the morning when you were first notified --3 4 Α That's correct. 5 -- notified about that? This was immediately 6 prior to the Memorial Day weekend? 7 Yes, it -- I believe that's correct; yes. 8 This was a Thursday. May 24th was a Thursday and Q this was the following Monday? 9 10 Α It may well have been. 11 That was part of the reason, for instance, in terms of the flushing you did you were careful --12 13 you flushed on Thursday and Friday, you stopped 14 flushing at that point to let the system recover 15 and so people would have water available --Exactly. A cardinal rule of the water business 16 17 is don't go flushing anything on the weekend 18 because that's when you've the vast of the people 19 at home and thereby you're going to have the negative impact of the vast majority of people or 20 the greater number of people. So we flushed for 21 two days we had available and then ceased at a 2.2 23 point where it appeared that the system was in

reasonably good shape and did not continue into

the weekend.

- Q And it was following week, and maybe as a result of this flushing, that the air appeared in the lines, at least for the two customers; is that correct?
- A That air actually occurred at the time that the upset occurred on -- in May on the 24th. Why it took three or four days to go a block and a half, I don't know. But those two customers, Mr. Brown and Ms. Page, are where the line -- air would logically end up because they are really on the top of the mountain.
- Q Do you have anything else to say about Witness
 Walker's testimony?
- 15 A No, sir.
 - Q You spoke to the testimony of Ms. Long. You addressed the cloudiness and fuzziness in the water -- fizziness in the water. Do you have anything else to say that you want to say?
 - A Well, I did skip by the past due notice that she made comment of. Consistent with the Order of the Commission, our bills are due upon billing date which I've always taken to be the date that we mail it. They are past due 15 days

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thereafter. Consistent with part of the Commission's Rules, we issue a past due notice on the first working day after or on the past due date if payment is not received in full. notice is specifically worded to advise the customer they have seven days and, in fact, the 7th day is called out in the text of that past due notice. If it goes past due, in the case of Rockbridge it will be on the 5th because I hold that constant, then the past due notice will say that if a payment is not received by the 12th that termination may ensue. No questions. is consistent with the Commission's Rules of a seven day window opportunity for people to remedy a past due bill. And it's very seldom there's turn off on that day but allow some additional latitude because of the delays that are potential in the mail.

- Q Now, at the public hearing Witness Pat Foran raised a complaint about the billing practices.
- A Uh-huh (yes).
- Q And you addressed that specifically consistent with what you just said in the customer report and the Commission can find that explanation

there?

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- A Yes, sir. In fact, the report on the hearing of the 15th includes a redacted customers bill stub indicating just exactly that, but a past due date and a due date that the bill is actually mailed on and it actually calls out the date that it is mailed on.
- Q Do you have any general observations you want to make about the complaints that we've heard at both hearings by customers that say they won't drink the water?
- I believe that it is because of both emotion and potential misinformation. In the case of Rockbridge, we did have the uranium issue that would have caused a good bit of stress to the customers and I know it did. And independent of what is said at this point, they may still be maintaining some concern, but the uranium in the water, a uranium removal system was installed and made operational at the end of June, June 28th if I'm not mistaken, of 2016. There have been no detects whatsoever of uranium since. The gross alpha level which is inherent to uranium is well within regulatory standards. The system has --

as soon as that system went into place removing the uranium, went back into full compliance with the Safe Drinking Water Act. And there are no technical or legal reasons why somebody should not be consuming the water. They may have a preference to taste, I know I do. I don't drink the tap water at my house. I run it through a filter myself, but that is purely a matter of personal preference.

- Q What kind of -- are you on a municipal system?
- 11 A I'm on a municipal sized, not-for-profit, member owned.
- 13 | Q Well water?

- A Oh, yes. Oh, yes. All series of wells. They've got, I'm going to say, maybe 4000 customers, and a number of wells in the Croatan Forest.
 - And if you would give a short explanation of how both of these systems operate in terms of -- I guess coming into this case I assumed that if you had an elevated storage tank or hydropneumatic tanks that the water first came from those tanks.

 Now, I think I've been schooled on that and that's not the way the systems operate.
- A No. Both systems -- well, with the exception of

one well at Southern Trace. The wells pump into the distribution system, the distribution system distributes the water to the customers with the tanks being the shock -- tanks at Southern Trace being the shock absorber between pumping rate and consumption rate. The pumping rate exceeds consumption, it increases the volume of water in the tank until the tank pressure achieves the point and the wells exceeds rank. If the consumption exceeds the pumping rate, the water level on the tank declines as well as the pressure as the air in the tank expands to again satiate the demand that exceeds the pumping rate.

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The case of Rockbridge is an entirely different proposition. There is an elevated tank at Rockbridge. It is approximately three-quarters of a mile from the water plant. The water plant again pumps into the distribution, the distribution system takes the water to the houses and to the tank and any differential, whether the pumping rate exceeds the demand, the water level on the tank rises or if the demand exceeds the pumping rate the water level in the tank lowers. The biggest difference

between the two systems is the available water to satiate that excess demand. In the case of Southern Trace it's about 2500 gallons. case of Rockbridge it's 150,000 gallons. ability of Rockbridge to accept excessive demands over the pumping rate for an extended period is far greater than at Southern Trace simply because of the absence of elevated tank. The reason for the elevated tank at Rockbridge and not Southern Trace is that the Public Water Supply Section's portion of the administrative code only demands an elevated tank for 300 or more connections. Southern Trace does not make that number, Rockbridge exceeds that number; therefore, Rockbridge must have had an elevated tank. very unlikely -- and I'm not going to try to presume the Commission -- but it is very unlikely that if a small system were to put in an elevated tank that it would be found to be rate eligible, that would be for the Public Staff. So the incident that you had in late May at Southern Trace when the two wells went offline, and we're assuming it was because of an electrical --

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1	A	Correct.
2	Q	power outage or a strike, the situation was
3	•	masked at least a while because there was some
4		water in the hydropneumatic tanks that made up
5		the difference at least for awhile?
6	A	And one tank one pump was running.
7	Q	One pump was running.
8	A	Yes.
9	Q	One well was running.
10	A	Yep.
11	Q	You had the water in the hydropneumatic tanks but
12		then when they went dry that's
13	A	That's when it got ugly.
14	Q	All right. Mr. Cols - he complains of low
15		pressure. I think is he at a higher
16		elevation?
17	A	He is the subdivision has approximately
18		100 feet of a vertical drop from front to back.
19		Mr. Cols, from his description I can't place
20		his house number specifically, but from his
21		description he's apparently a third of the way
22		down. With that 100 feet of elevation, pure laws
23		of physics, he's going to cause the people in the
24		lower end to have a pressure available to them of

roughly 43 pounds greater than those at the front, which does queue into a degree to why the people at the back simply don't perceive of a pressure problem. First, they would have those pressure release -- reducing valves such that their in-house pressure would be constant unless the pressure on the system dropped decidedly lower than it would normally be. So even though their pressure may vary from 120 pounds to 60 pounds, let's say, they're not going to see a whole lot of difference inside the house. The people on the front end, if the pressure varies from 80 to 40, now they're going to see every bit of it.

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- Now, when you say the front end do you mean the higher elevation?
- A The higher elevation. I'm sorry. Yes. So the question of pressure in the system is a matter of more of a perceived pressure. It's not the actual pressure. It's not to say that the pressure does not drop on the higher elevation, yes it will. When demands in the tank -- system exceeds the pumping rate and the water in the tanks is gradually expended, the available

pressure in the system is likewise diminished. 1 2 When is water pumped to the tanks? Any time the pressure in the tanks drop below 70 3 4 pši. 5 So it's not just a certain time of day --6 Α No. 7 -- or at night? 8 It's all driven on the pressure at the tank. 9 Let's talk about the inability to -- are the 10 problems caused by the lawn watering, the in-ground systems in particular? Tell the 11 12 Commission if you had, for instance, three or four -- three or four of those systems, what that 13 does to the capacity, pumping capacity of the 14 system? 15 Right now we're sitting with a pumping capacity 16 of, if memory serves me, around 91 gallons per 17 minute. An irrigation head on an in-ground 18 19 system will run approximately five gallons a If you've got four systems with five 20 minute. heads running simultaneously then you've got 20 21 heads at five gallons a minute and that exceeds 22 23 what we can pump through the system period. 24 expends the storage very quickly. If I could I

would demand that they be disconnected, any in-ground system be disconnected. From a legal standpoint that would be a taking without compensation I can't do that. But I have done everything I can to try to educate people in the subdivision that the in-ground systems may make their yard green but it also can very easily adversely affect their neighbors. A lot of people have heard me and do not use them or use them only sparingly. There are still some customers that basically ignore anything that I've said to them regarding avoiding using in-ground irrigation. How do I know? not driving around in the subdivision. looking at the water usage. And when you've got one customer that uses 6000 gallons a month and the customer next door uses 36,000 it's pretty obvious what's going on. Do you know how many in-ground systems there are in Southern Trace? The best I'm aware, somewhere around 14, but there are only about three or four of them that

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usage that I'm observing.

are being used to any extent based on the water

Q Do you have anything else to say about Witness Cols complaint about low pressure?

- Want to take a look and see if he has a pressure release -- reducing valve. Pressure reducing valves have a insertion loss of approximately 10-psi. That's even if the thing is set at its highest output pressure it's still going to have a 10 pound loss across it. So if he's got 60 pounds coming to his house and like 50 coming in the house, same situation, if a system, pressure has been drawn down 40 pounds, if he's got normally 60 coming in and we're down by 40-psi then he's going to have far less than the 50 coming into his house.
- Q What is the minimum required pressure by the state?
- A Two numbers, the Utilities Commission wants

 30-psi. The Public Water Supply wants 30-psi but
 only requires a boil advisory should the pressure
 drop below 20-psi. During the period of our May
 upset, the pressure was never observed to be
 lower than 20-psi; however, it may have been air
 pressure more so than water pressure. The reason

1		for that number with the Public Water Supply is a
2		concern of backflow.
3	Q	And how do you measure that pressure?
4	A	We have pressure gauges within the wellhouse at
5		the tank, actually within all wellhouses but the
6		one that actually predicates is the one at the
7		tank because they were at the highest elevation
8		of the system.
9	Q	And that reminds me, I think you did attach to
10		the customer report as Exhibit B some sample
11		pressure reports; is that correct?
12	A	Chlorine reports.
13	Q	That's chlorine, okay.
14	A	Yeah, that was to speak to the comments that were
15		made by some of the
16	Q	You're right.
17	A	in some of the testimony at the first hearing.
18	Q	But do you have any reason to believe or know
19		that customers, at least to the best of your
20		knowledge, are receiving a minimum pressure of
21		30?
22	A	To the best of my knowledge they are getting at
23		least 30-psi. In the case of Southern Trace the
24		pressure variations are going to be greater, as I

mentioned before, compared to Rockbridge due to the nature of -- or the difference in the nature of the two storages.

Q And again, give a little more detail again.

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In Southern Trace you're dealing with ground storage tanks, the pressure tanks, half water half air, approximately 25 percent of it is actually available water that's why I said effective storage of 2500 gallons at -- out to 10,000 gallons. As it is expended in the air it increases -- expands, the pressure there decreases and it is a direct or a specifically inverse relationship to pressure and volume. this case of Rockbridge with the elevated tank, the bottom of the vessel of the elevated tank is 114 feet off the ground which gives an absolute minimum pressure at the base of the tank at approximately 40-p -- five psi were the tank to be entirely empty and it would take 150,000 gallons of water having exceeded pumping rate for that to occur. So basically the Rockbridge system by virtue of the elevated storage has a lot more elasticity than the Southern Trace system to accept excess demand.

1	Q	And finally Witness Hoxie - how do you account
2		for his testimony that during the summertime 80
3		out of 120 days approximately at say two o'clock
4		in the afternoon he doesn't have sufficient
5		pressure to have flush a toilet or take a shower?
6	A	Pure speculation, I would imagine the house has
7		pressure relief at our reducing valve. It is
8		normal for the system in the summer given some
9		degree of casual water usage to drop down to
10	•	somewhere around 50-psi at the tanks which is the
11,		high end of the system. There has to be
12		something constraining that pressure, eliminating
13		that pressure by virtue of potentially a pressure
14		reducing valve such that the water pressure
15		within the house is observed to be so low because
16		50-psi is pretty good water pressure.
17	Q	But I believe you said normally that the pressure
18		relief valve could reduce it by 10 pounds.
19	A	Just pure insertion loss is 10 pounds.
20	Q	Okay.
21	A	If it's set lower the pre typically the come
22		out of the box at 50-psi, but they can vary
23		anywhere from 80-psi as an output to 20-psi. If
24		it's set too low then obviously pressure in the

house is going to be low just at the onset. The insertion loss -- again, if we drop to say even 40-psi at the tanks, if there is a pressure relief -- a reducing valve it would make the in-house pressure, regardless of the valve setting, be 30-psi. That's kind of marginal pressure. Again, pure speculation, but there apparently is some feature within the plumbing of that house that is constraining the water.

- Q At 30-psi could you -- would you normally be expected that you could flush the toilet or take a shower?
- A Sure. Sure. Now, the water meter itself introduces a certain amount of pressure loss because its mechanical device is driven by the water going through it, but at 30-psi which is again the Commission and Water Supply's minimum, that is considered to be acceptable pressure.

 Now, if you had a two-story house, that gets kind of thin because you lose five pounds every time you go up on a flight of stairs so 30 pounds on a three-story house is going to give you 20 pounds on the third story and that would unacceptable in most cases.

- Q Do you have any other comments you want to make at this time?
 - A No, sir.

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- Q Let me ask you before we turn it over for cross examination, tell us about your ability and willingness to communicate with customers?
- Up until this hearing I thought I had an excellent relationship with the customers. I'd say half of them would call me by name when I answered the phone. We have congenial conversations. I can only think of maybe two or three conversations in the last eight or 10 years that have been non-congenial and that wasn't instituted on my behalf. I have had an individual that would get overheated every once in a while regardless. I have always been available to the people. I pride myself on returning any voice mail that is left, which is occurring today because I'm sitting here and not answering the phone but tomorrow I'll be or this afternoon when I get back I'll be returning every voice mail that's there. I attempt to resolve any issue that the customer brings up at our first contact. If I can't I try to get back to

them as soon as I get a handle on the resolution. I was quite taken aback by the comments at the May 15 hearing because I was hearing a lot of things that I had never heard before. heard that well I called three times about the leak in the street, probably. I did not consider that necessarily to be an urgent issue because a service line leak is not an urgent issue, it's a as-soon-as-you-can-get-to-it issue as long as it's not doing property damage. A main leak is an entirely different issue. That's a red light But prior to this process, I was siren event. unaware of the vast majority of the complaints that were expressed other than the singular character, I had cloudy water or I have low pressure, but of the number, again I have had I think one person contact me regarding water quality this month and it was an issue that appears to be focusing on a softener issue and I just don't hear the level of fuzzy water. complaints that have been expressed at this hearing. I'm the only one that answers the phone since my wife died. And let me just ask you, I know during the course

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1 of this case I've called you many times on the 2 line and there have been many times when I've 3 gotten voice mail and so there are times when you 4 are not -- you're at the dentist, you're on the 5 phone, you have to take a voice mail, you call 6 back. 7 Or I'm on another call. But you do endeavor to respond to voice mails as 8 9 soon as --10 Absolutely. 11 -- possible? 12 In fact, I had one customer at Rockbridge, name omitted, that was here for the hearing on the 13 14 15th and she called me to talk about -- had a 15 small bill question, and she said, I was at the hearing and these people are saying that you 16 17 don't call them back or you're hard to get to, 18 I've never experienced that. Now that's hearsay, 19 I understand, but that's what I was told. 20 Now, let's do address the fact that some calls go to what I'll call the operator. 21 There are two phone numbers published on 22 23 the bill. One says account inquiries, that's me. 24 The other says service emergencies, that call is

routed to the contract operator or whatever of 1 2 his personnel are on call that particular period. 3 Basically I have a separate number that I 4 transfer to the cell phone of whoever is on call. 5 If a call goes to him he is or they as it may be, 6 are supposed to advise me of the calls the 7 following business day. I have stressed the 8 necessity for that to occur subsequent to the 9 information from the 15th hearing. 10 Do you think there was -- has there been a failure to communicate in some degree there in 11 12 the past? 13 Α I don't know for certain but there's clearly the 14 opportunity. 15 Because some customers were obviously calling them on the emergency number, correct? 16 17 I think that's -- well a lot of the issue with 18 these service line leaks makes -- that come in, 19 is a lot of times when people see water coming 20 out of the ground they call it a water main If it's a service line that is not an 21 break. 22 urgent issue. That is an issue that's either 23 triage, you determine if it's doing any physical 24 damage, is it doing any property damage, is it in

1 a position that it could do property damage and 2 that determines whether it is a right now 3 circumstances, a next working day circumstance, a 4 this is Friday how about next Monday 5 circumstance. Water main breaks is an entirely 6 different issue. Most people when they call in a 7 main leak they call it a main break when, in fact, we have not had a very limited number of 8 9 main breaks at -- in fact, we had no main breaks 10 at either of the two systems. Say the one where 11 one a contractor installing fiber optic drilled an 8-inch main that had been marked and he didn't 12 pay attention to the marking, but if somebody 13 14 calls the contract operator he is suppose to relay that information now to me and to the 15 16 maintenance, construction new manager who is 17 supposed to advise me of when it's going to be 18 repaired. That was not in place before. This is 19 a communications gap that we are trying to fill 20 in. And that was going to be my next question. 21 22 you can tell the Commission the things you've done to try to bridge this gap here to provide 23

better service?

1 Α Well, the most singular thing is we're all talking to each other. Nobody is taking a call 2 3 and just sitting on it or calling one person. 4 The three parties that need to be aware is the 5 physical operator, the maintenance and repair supervisor, and me because I get 90 percent of 6 7 the phone calls. But likewise, if the 8 maintenance and repair supervisor advises the 9 operator and me that the repair will be done 10 tomorrow, and somebody calls on the emergency 11 number, the operator should be able to say that 12 it's going to be repaired tomorrow or I have been 13 advised that it will be repaired tomorrow. 14 did not occur in the past. We definitely had a failing of internal communications that we've 15 16 attempted to address. 17 And for clarification, before this case I always 18 used the term "service line" to be the line on 19 the customer's property between the meter and the 20 customer's house which was -- is the customer's responsibility? 21 22 Okay. Let's go back. The service line is from 23 the main to the meter and that is the

responsibility of the utility. The house service

is the line from the meter to the house that is 1 2 installed by the builder and his plumber and that 3 is the responsibility of the property owner. 4 0 So there are two contexts for the service line 5 then, and you're saying when customers think 6 there are main breaks, with the exception I think of the one instance where a contractor may 8 have -- was there an instance where the 9 contractor damaged the main? Oh, the contractor absolutely drilled an 8-inch 10 11 main. 12 But the other leaks that were testified to were 13 service line breaks between the main and the 14 meter? 15 Correct. Α And in those instances what determines how 16 17 quickly, I mean --18 Well, what determines our response is and should 19 have always been but we've tightened this up, the 20 question is is it causing imminent damage or a 21 hazard, and if the answer is no generally a 22 service line leak becomes a next working day 23 If it is causing damage like as in proposition. 24 water running down into somebody's garage or

trying to pick up the driveway or such that's a right now proposition. A water main would be a right now proposition in any instance because that can adversely affect the entire system. have had discussions with contractors doing the repair, that was where a lot of the delays were coming the maintenance and repair manager was passing the information to the contractor, the contractor was saying well I'm out laying pipe in XYZ subdivision making good money. I'll get to it when I get to it. And there was an extended delay between the time the service line leaks were called in and they were actually repaired. And what has been your experience during 2018 to date with service line breaks? I cannot recall of a single service line break Α during this calendar year. The testimony at the May 15th hearing primarily seemed to relate to the 2015, '16, '17; is that the correct recollection?

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COMMISSIONER MITCHELL: Mr. Bennink, please limit your questions to testimony heard today.

A The majority of the service line leaks have been concentrated in a very limited area in the first

1 section of Rockbridge. We have not had any 2 service line leaks to my short-term recollection. 3 In Southern Trace we did though have three issues 4 where service lines were hit by a contractor 5 again installing fiber optics a couple of years 6 ago in Southern Trace. 7 BY MR. BENNINK: 8 Do you have anything else you want to say at this 9 point? 1.0 COMMISSIONER MITCHELL: No, sir. 11 MR. BENNINK: The witness is available for 12 cross examination. 13 COMMISSIONER MITCHELL: Mr. Grantmyre. 14 MR. GRANTMYRE: This could take awhile. 15 Would it be appropriate to have the morning break 16 because our questions plus the Commission's questions 17 could take at least another hour. 18 COMMISSIONER MITCHELL: Okay. We'll take a 19 break and we'll come back at 11:30. 20 (Recess at 11:15 a.m., until 11:30 a.m.) 21 COMMISSIONER MITCHELL: Okay. Let's go back on the record, please. Mr. Grantmyre, the witness is 22 23 yours for cross examination. 24

CROSS EXAMINATION BY MR. GRANTMYRE:

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- I'm going to ask a number of questions starting from the back of your previous testimony. On a service line, the service line is less of a priority than a main break, and the reason for that is because the service line is very small, a three-quarter inch or five-eighths inch line and can only give out a limited amount of water; is that correct?
- A That and the fact that it only -- does not affect the potential damage to the entire system. Our service lines are three-quarter inch, you are correct. Most service leaks are not really even a full break of the service line, they are a puncture of one sort or another. The leaks that we have had in Rockbridge have been more like knife cuts due to the way that the rock in that particular area breaks, it breaks on an extremely sharp angle and if it ends up in the back of the material over time it will the cut into the service line. Those that I have actually seen, the actual cut in the service line wasn't about a quarter of an inch long.

1 about low or no pressure in his house a lot of 2 days in the summer. You said in your testimony 3 you think there may be a feature within the house 4 that constrains the water? 5 Α And I'm being non-specific. Obviously, anything 6 I say on that would be speculation other than 7 there is a potential of a pressure reducing valve 8 being there. 9 Now, if there's a pressure reducing valve, you 10 said the inverter is about a 10 percent -- 10-psi 11 Can pressure reducing valves get clogged also? 12 13 Oh, yes. They have a screen. Oh, yes. . 14 relatively large screen. The holes in the screen 15 are about the size of lead in a wooden pencil. 16 But at the same time, yes, over time if they get 17 any larger for that matter they can develop a 18 level of corrosion and foul that screen. 19 why I was saying that were there houses in that 20 upper areas, the higher areas of Southern Trace 21 with pressure reducing valves, they should either 22 be reset to the highest permitted -- pressure

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that they will actually allow to pass or

physically removed for that matter.

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1 later being a plumbing issue rather than a 2 homeowner issue. 3 What your testimony is if they're at the higher 4 end of the system that is the higher elevation 5 that has lower pressure, the pressure reducing 6 valve is unnecessary and may be restricting the 7 flows or reducing the pressure --8 Absolutely. 9 -- and the customer would be much better off 10 eliminating the pressure reducing valve? 11 Α Correct. 12 Now, the pressure reducing valve is usually 13 installed either after the meter, out by the 14 street, or underneath the house; is that correct? 15 I don't know of any that were installed in 16 Southern Trace behind the meter. They're in the 17 house one way or another. 18 Okay. 19 I have actually seen them in the crawl space, if 20 that's where the main cut off valve is; at the water heater, if that's where the main cut off 21 22 valve is; I've also seen them embedded in the 23 wall of either an entry coat closet or a pantry 24 closet and immediately adjacent to the main shut

off valve. 1 But in any event it's after the water meter and 2 the company's responsibility ends at the water 3 4 meter? Oh, yes, it's something that is entirely the 5 Α property owners which was installed by the 6 builder's plumber at the time of construction. 7 Now, you said there are approximately three or 8 0 9 four of these in-ground irrigation systems that use extensive amounts of water? 10 11 Yes, sir. Α Do you know what time of day these three or four 12 persons utilize their in-ground system? 13 14 Α I do not. Has -- once upon a time I used to work for a 15 16 company that had a SCADA system on an area that 17 had extensive in-ground water systems, and we noticed that beginning about one o'clock in the 18 morning til about six or seven in the morning 19 20 there was extensive irrigation going on. Has the 21 Company ever considered placing a restriction on 22 these in-ground systems that they must set their 23 settings say at two to four in the morning or 24 something like that?

Α I have not. First, I appreciate Two reasons: your comment on the SCADA. That's clearly part of my recommendation in the report from the previous hearing, and it is a full-blown SCADA system that will allow both remote monitoring as well as constant recording of pressures. the impression, and I may bear correction right quick, but I am of the impression that to impose any sort of usage restriction including any time would require the sanctioning by the Commission. Now, if that is not correct please straighten me out.

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Q Well, we're not quite sure of that but it would certainly be at the Public Staff's recommendation that you impose a similar type restriction because these are set up automatically and they can set it any time they want. But if, in fact, they have it during the morning rush hour or from 5:00 to 7:00 or from 5:00 to 6:30, that materially affects the other customers in the subdivision and they could just as easily set the system from 1:00 to 3:00 or 1:00 to 2:30. So that would be something that the Public Staff would encourage. And, if not, the Public

Staff -- if it does require Commission approval, 1 2 which I don't think it does, but if it does the Public Staff would support you on that. 3 4 Okay. 5 Now, you had testified that uranium at Rockbridge which affects the customers, and you installed 6 7 the filter to remove it, the uranium, and your 8 report says it's been very successful. Can you 9 explain the preponderance of uranium and 10 radiological problems naturally occurring in the 11 bedrock in eastern Wake County and going all the 12 way down to the Fayetteville area? 13 Α Now, I'm unfamiliar with the Fayetteville 14 area. 15 COMMISSIONER MITCHELL: Mr. Butler, please 16 move forward towards the mic. 17 Α I'm unfamiliar with the Fayetteville area. Okay. 18 However, there is a band of granite that is east 19 of the Neuse River. I have seen it as far to the 20 east as Wendell. It starts approximately even 21 with Clayton and runs well up into Franklin 22 County that bears a significant probability of

Franklin County is renown for it.

The

yielding water containing radium, uranium or

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both.

eastern section of the Wake County is fairly familiar with the problem, but it is almost random. We have three wells. The three wells are within 1000 feet of one another. Two of them show uranium and one never has. Why the difference being that close I could not explain.

- Q Now, with regard to the flushing, when you flush the mains, there are two entrances to the Southern Trace Subdivision; is that correct?
- A Yes, there is.

Α

- Q Has the Company ever considered posting signs at the entrance to advise customers of flushing or planned flushing?
 - Planned flushing, I always do direct mail. I always have practiced that. That is -- the one area that I do not have knowledge of was a period of approximately four years when there was a different contract operator on site. But when we were operating the system with my personnel and now if there is planned flushing then mailing notices will be sent out to all the customers indicating the days and the times and strongly suggesting that they not do laundry during the period the flushing is being done, or if they

notice any sort of discoloration in the water.

We could and there is no reason we shouldn't

purchase some signs and store them in one of the

wellhouses that we could stick out to say we're

flushing the mains, if we're doing something

impromptu. The only concern I would have about

that and it's not really a concern, but the

limitation is somebody who is in the subdivision

doesn't leave and go by the sign would not likely

see it.

Well, the Public Staff only recommends this as a supplement to direct mail or another communication, not in place of it. Now, would it be possible for the Company to discuss with the HOA to get the email list of customers that the Company doesn't have and/or the customer telephone numbers, assuming that the various customer authorizes the HOA to provide your company that information so that you may have better contact information?

A I would -- generally I have phone numbers but in instances like this I would prefer the email because I can do a bulk email if need be, or if the HOA would do a bulk email once I would send

the information to them. The concern I do have 1 is whether or not the HOA actually has updated 2 3 email addresses. 4 But you would be willing to discuss that with the 5 HOA --6 Oh sure. Α 7 -- to see if you can improve the communication? 8 Α Yes. 9 We happen to have the president in the room 10 listening and taking notes I see. Now, would you 11 please explain to the Commission exactly what a 12 SCADA system is? You've recommended in your 13 report that you intend to see if you can get 14 installed, assuming you get the financing, at both Rockbridge and at Southern Trace. Can you 15 16 explain exactly what this system is in simple 17 layman's terms that I can understand? 18 Α Well first, SCADA stands for supervisory control 19 and something. I can't remember. A SCADA system 20 is an interactive communication and control 21 system between a computer server and remote 22 terminal units. The remote terminal units are 23 located at the elevated tank or well, or wells as 24 What it does is it receives the case may be.

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data from say a pressure sensor to an electronic signal that is transmitted to the server. server has set points within it that are used to determine whether the pumps should run or should not run or if the pressure is sufficiently low that it should issue an alarm. Then the SCADA system sends signals back out to the remote sites causing the pumps to run, to not run, or if there is an alarm situation it sends a text email, voice mail, whatever, to a list of personnel that are in a position to respond to abnormal The particular one I am looking at is based on the data channels of the major cellular companies and it verifies the validity of the communications pipe every five seconds. It's not a piece of equipment that's sitting out there waiting for somebody to send a signal for a If everybody is talking to everybody all the time so that if there is a break down in the communication that also gets alarmed and notified to people so that they can get on to the various sites that might be affected and manually operate the system if need be during the period the communication failure would occur.

1 Same story for the equipment. a remote terminal unit dies, there's going to be 3 an alarm that occurs that indicates that 4 particular device is down. All of the equipment 5 does have battery back up to assure that even 6 when there is a power failure the equipment stays 7 out there talking so that you know everybody is 8 alive. 9 Q The system you're looking at -- your office is in 10 Swansboro? 11 Α Uh-huh (yes). 12 Now you would have access through your computer 13 then or through the SCADA system to see exactly 14 what is going on - each well, whether they are 15 running, the pressures at the tank; if, in fact, 16 a well has kicked out, you can see that; you 17 would also have been the ability to at least try 18 to turn the well back on and see if it's possible 19 - so you would have a much better control and a 20 visual that's basically as if you're sitting 21 there in the room watching everything operate 22 right in front of you? 23 Even more so that it would allow me to do the 24 same thing from a smart phone.

1	Q	Now, what is the approximate cost that it would
2		cost you to install it at say Rockbridge and
3		Southern Trace? I know there'd be different
4	·	costs but just ballpark?
5	A	Probably fifteen thousand to seventeen thousand
6		at Southern Trace, and somewhere twenty-five or
7		so at Rockbridge.
8	Q	Have you had any progress with getting approval
9		for that, for the spending?
10	A	We have discussed it and the position of the
11		ownership is that as soon as they can find the
12		money it will be done. I believe what they're
13		doing is looking for the increased income from
14		the rate increase to provide the funding.
15	Q	You had testified earlier about Ms. Brown and Ms.
16		Page, that they got the air pocket because
17		they're at the top of the system. The question
18		is did they get a bill adjustment because they
19		had to flush off their water?
20	A	Yes.
21	Q	And they're happy with their bill adjustment?
22	A	I presume so. I haven't heard anything on the
23		contrary. What I did was based on the length of
24		time that the air was being expelled and an

1		approximate flow rate, which I used the 8 gallons
2		a minute of water equivalent, I just simply
3,		calculated what the metered water not used was
4		worth and rounded it up to the next nice dollar.
5	Q	Now, you had mentioned it earlier, it confuses
6		people, you tell them you have 10,000 gallons of
7		hydro tank storage and only 2500 gallons of,
8		which is one-quarter of the amount, of really
9		usable water in there. Can you just give a brief
10		simple explanation of what causes that?
11	A	The tanks first at rest - when the pumps are not
12		running or not being called - and the pressure is
13		70, 75 pounds, whatever the set point is, the
14		tanks are half full of water and half full of
15		air. So right there we're already down to having
16		out of the 10,000 gallons a tank, not the
17		5,000 gallons of wet. In order for the air to
18		expand and expel that water, as the air expands
19		and the water is pushed out the pressure in the
20		tank drops. And the extent to which that can
21	•	occur before you say we've expelled all the water
22		that is there and, therefore, that is the
23		affected water is that 30-psi point.
24	Q	So on a system like Southern Trace, and you

1		testified to it a number of times, because you
2		have only 2500 gallons versus the one hundred
3		fifty at Rockbridge, you are much less able to
4		handle the huge demand from in-ground sprinklers
5		than say Rockbridge would be?
6	A	Precisely. The system at Rockbridge is more akin
7		to a municipal system simply by virtue of the
8		storage.
9	Q	Now, there'd be some customers that'd say why
10		don't you put an elevated storage tank at
11		Southern Trace. If you would have put let's say
12		a 100,000 gallon-a-day elevated storage tank,
13		what would be the approximate cost?
14	A	Somewhere between \$350,000 and \$450,000.
15	Q	And, of course, that would all go in rates?
16	A	Absolutely, if the Commission would approve it
17		obviously. And that I'm going to take a
18		parenthetical right now if the Commission
19		would be willing no, I can't say that. I'm
20	•	talking about somebody else's money.
21	Q	Well, that would result in a significant impact
22	1	on the customers' rates.
23	A	Absolutely. It would effectively double or
24		triple the rate base.

1	Q	More than that. Well, anyway now, with
2		respect to the management of the Company,
3		essentially KRJ is controlled by Mr. Stafford; is
4		that correct?
5	A	That is correct.
6	Q	And he may only own and his family owns the
7		interest and he owns the interest; is that
8		correct? Or are you not sure?
9	A	To the best of my knowledge, it's Stafford and
·10	-	his wife.
11	Q	But he does not get involved in the day-to-day
12		management, does he.
13	A	Only the financial side.
14	Q	And you mentioned Robert Stafford, Jr., his son,
15		and he does not get involved in the day-to-day
16		management, does he?
17	A	He gets more involved into the construction and
18		maintenance of the system.
19	Q	And he has done some of the grass cutting on the
20		effluent spray fields at Rockbridge; is that
21		correct?
22	A	He actually does under a different company.
23	Q	Okay. And then you have a contract operator and
24		what's the name of that contract operator?

Α 1 M&M Water and Wastewater Services. 2 And you said -- is Dale Matthews the --3 That's one of the M's. 4 Okay. One of the M's? 5 Α Uh-huh (yes). 6 And James, what is his last name? 7 Α Carter. He's not the other M? 8 9 Α No, he's actually one of the part-time employee 10 who is employed full-time by one of the local 11 municipalities. 12 Now, how many systems does M&M operate to your 13 knowledge? 14 Α I do not know. Now, you testified at one time that you were 15 16 actively managing the operations at Southern 17 Trace; is that correct? 18 Α Both systems. 19 Both of the systems, but you are now doing the .20 front office work and you listed everything but 21 it's not the active management, but based on this 22 rate case and the customer testimony it seems 23 like you have been dragged into the active 24 management; is that correct?

A Well, I do the front office and by sheer necessity of my technical expertise have been -CHAIRMAN FINLEY: Mr. Grantmyre, I'm going

to ask you a question. Are these questions that you're asking this witness necessary for us to resolve the disputes in this case. Haven't y'all settled the case?

MR. GRANTMYRE: Well, I think the question of the active management and how it's being managed is --

CHAIRMAN FINLEY: What do you want -- what would you want us to do with the information you're trying to get?

MR. GRANTMYRE: Well, we've settled the case and the Commission can do whatever they want. That's up to the Commission. But there seems to be a break down between the management and how it's managed and I'm just trying to explore that.

CHAIRMAN FINLEY: Well, why don't -- if you have a -- it seems like that that would be something you could have resolved in your settlement discussions and if there's something you want us to do why don't you ask us to do that and we'll take a look at it.

But usually when we have settled cases we don't have

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did at one point attempt to send something out	장
recognized that there is a nécessity for it. I	23
A I have not. Up until this point I have not	22
Q Have you tried to get those?	ΣŢ
A I do not have any of them.	20
Q What about email addresses?	61
conversation.	81
unless I just happen to have a casúal	LΤ
but, if they change it, there's no updating of it	91
numbers when they sign up for service initially	ST
telephone numbers. I try to get the telephone	₽Ţ
A telephone well, I may or may not have the	εŢ
Q Telephone numbers?	21
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names of the customers in the Rockbridge	6
Q Mr. Butler, do you have problems in locating the	8
EXAMINATION BY CHAIRMAN FINLEY:	۷
$_{\rm Finley}.$	9
Mr. Grantmyre. Questions by the Commission? Chairman	9
COMMISSIONER MITCHELL: Thank You,	₽
Тhat completes my questions.	ε
MR. GRANTMYRE: Well, I'll move on then.	2
this much investigation after the fact?	τ

through the managing company for the Rockbridge HOA and found out that they did not have a complete email address list either.

- What will you -- Ms. Walker is sitting back
 there -- did y'all have any discussion at the
 break to see what the difficulty would be in your
 getting email and telephone numbers?
- A I will ask Ms. Walker and also the management company at Rockbridge if they will provide that or if their owners will allow it to be provided.

CHAIRMAN FINLEY: Mr. Bennink, I would ask that -- Mr. Bennink.

MR. BENNINK: Yes

CHAIRMAN FINLEY: I would ask that you all engage in that conversation and see the best you can do to come up with email addresses and telephone numbers so that the Company can notify customers when they're going to be doing system improvements and that type of thing.

MR. BENNINK: Yes, sir.

BY CHAIRMAN FINLEY:

- Q And is there a single entrance or how many entrances are there to the Southern Trace?
- A At Southern Trace there are two entrances.

1 They're approximately 200 yards apart. 2 At some of the systems I'm aware of the water 3 company that's going to be doing whatever, system maintenance or flushing, it will put a sign --4 5 the day before it will put a sign at the entrance 6 and it will let people know what they are going 7 to be doing in case there's difficult reaching 8 those customers. Have you considered that? 9 Α That will be done on both systems. And if it is 10 planned flushing or such I will also do the mail notification. 11 Well, I think the problem is the mail is a little 12 13 bit delayed. And my 14 Well, the mail is erratic, no question. 15 prior practice was to mail those out 10 days prior to the anticipated date. 16 17 CHAIRMAN FINLEY: I would suggest you think about putting notifications at the entrances so people 18 19 can see them. That's all I have. Thank you. COMMISSIONER MITCHELL: Commissioner 20 21 Patterson. 22 COMMISSIONER PATTERSON: I've just got two 23 or three questions.

EXAMINATION BY COMMISSIONER PATTERSON: 1 2 You operate as an independent business consulting 3 kind of a operation? 4 Α Yes. Yes, sir. 5 How many other clients do you have other than --6 Α I've got two other. 7 Two other clients? Q 8 Α Yes, utility systems. 9 During a week how much time do you spend on this 10 particular client? Probably upwards of 25 to 30 hours. 11 Α 12 So you spend more time on this client than you 13 would --14 Α I do. 15 -- than you do your others? I do. 16 Α And you are the only employee of your company. 17 18 Since my wife's passing, yes. 19 Q Okay. 20 Well -- I'm sorry. I do have a part-time field technician in Wake County who I use to triage 21

regulatory purposes in the case of the other two

water leaks, to do some sampling for my own

purposes in the case of Rockbridge and for

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systems, and she also does the meter reading. 1 2 0 And this next question is speculation. 3 speculate that you will get the funding to make 4 the improvements that you have suggested in your 5 report? Α 6 I have strongly enough recommended them and the 7 owner has historically responded to 8 my recommendations. The availability of the 9 funds is really a matter of the timing. 10 And if you get the SCADA system who monitors it? 11 Α Primarily me, but the vast majority of the issue 12 that it resolves is assuring that we get timely 1.3 information on abnormal conditions in pressure, 14 equipment operation, equipment failure and the 15 like. 16 So would M&M need that information? Q 17 They would be also able to get to the system to 18 view that information but not to adjust the set 19 points of where pumps start and stop. There are 20 multiple levels of access authority from look 21 don't touch to you can touch to acknowledge an 22 alarm which, of course, it records who 23 acknowledged it, when and what alarm, to setting

up the actual set points for pressure control and

1 so forth. 2 Do you have to approve any activity that M&M 3 needs to do, to fix a pipe or whatever? No, they are at will to proceed with any sort of 4 5 repairs that are characteristic to the plant 6 operation. They do not do pipeline repairs. 7 That is a different contract for licensing 8 But if a chemical pump fails, they fix reasons. 9 The bill comes through to me on the way to 10 the ownership for payment. But at the same time they are authorized under their contract to 11 12 proceed with any repair that they deem necessary 13 up to I think \$1,500 per item without regard. 14 They are asked to let me know when they have done 1.5 something so that I can be aware of it. 16 COMMISSIONER PATTERSON: Thank you. 17 nothing else. Mr. Butler, several 18 COMMISSIONER MITCHELL: 19 questions for you. 20 THE WITNESS: Yes, ma'am. EXAMINATION BY COMMISSIONER MITCHELL: 21 22 Regarding the monthly water and sewer 23 availability fees for Rockbridge, who or what 24 entity is currently paying those fees?

- Α Currently no one. They should be being paid by 1 2 Stafford Land, the developer. Stafford has 3 underwritten the cash shortfalls of the Rockbridge system since day one as were they 4 5 paying the availability fees. The observation of the owner was if it needs money I'll give it 6 7 money and that's basically the way he approached 8 the availability fees. I understand full well 9 that is not consistent with the original order, 1.0 but Stafford has been underwriting the operating 11 shortfalls of the Rockbridge system since day 12 one.
 - Q Okay. Thank you. I interpret your testimony regarding well number two at Southern Trace to be that it's not certain the point in time at which that well will be restored to its full capacity.

 Do you have an update at this point in time on the status of the return of that well to full capacity?

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A I'm not trying to be coy, okay, I got a quote that was unresponsive. I went to a second firm, they said it's just more than I want to undertake. I went to a third firm, they gave me a quote that was very unspecific. I asked them

for specificity as to what they intended to do several times. No response. I have approached a fourth firm who actually holds the patent for the process that was proposed for the -- by the first They asked for a number of pieces of firm. documentation - well logs, driller's logs, chemical analysis and so forth. I provided that to them right at two weeks ago. acknowledged receipt, and frankly rather surprised that I was able to provide them that much information that quickly. I've gotten no I've sent an email back asking if they response. were still alive.

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The renovation of the well, and candidly this is new to me as an engineer, I've done some reading on it but never have been hands on. It's clearly a process that is far above a well driller. This particular process, they do a mechanical cleaning to the well and then they actually inject liquid carbon dioxide to the bottom of the well that basically boils out the well. Carbon dioxide not being toxic in any shape, form or fashion, but it is said to dislodge any sort of material that may be fowling

the rock fissures. And I'm also said -- told that there are some other contractors that use essentially the same process but use liquid nitrogen instead of liquid carbon dioxide. it's a cut above a well driller and there are only a few number of firms in the country that either do it, or in the case of North Carolina are licensed to do it in the state. honestly don't know. I'm pursuing it and I'm actively pursuing but it's a matter of me being able to arrive at a contractor who will be responsive and who has competency in the field. Would the restoration of that well, well number two, to its full capacity alleviate the water pressure issues that the customers of Southern Trace have been experiencing? It would definitely mitigate them. Anytime that you've gotten a greater demand to re- -- a greater supply to address a greater demand you're improving the pressure stability of the system. That's not to say that you couldn't have an extreme demand if people do try to go back into the irrigation mode and erase any gain that's been made. But assuming that all other things

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1 stay equal, yes, restoring that well to its 2 normal or to its original yield will definitely improve the pressure issues in the system. 3 4 During the May 24th incident, I believe it's your 5 testimony, that two of the wells were taken 6 offline due to storm activity; is that correct? 7 Well, they apparently went off as a result of storm activity, not on Thursday when the 8 9 incidents that I reported occurred, but more 10 aptly the Tuesday night preceding. That's when the storm was. And what we found was the circuit 11 12 breakers were tripped. 13 And was either of those wells well number two? 14 Α One was two, one was three. Based on the reduced 15 yield of two, the two smaller of the three wells. 16 So post incident is well number two back to 25 Q 17 gallons per minute? It was back to 25 gallons a minute within a 18 Α 19 matter of 30 or 40 minutes of people getting on 20 the ground on the 24th. 21 Q Regarding pressure variations in the Rockbridge 22 Subdivision, what efforts have you made other than individual conversations with customers 23 24 about their various activities and impact on

pressure?

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- Well frankly, I'm not aware of any particular pressure issue. One individual testified on the 15th that he thought he didn't have adequate pressure to run his irrigation system. pressure is as it is because he is on high We try to maintain the tank no less than half full although the tank must be cycled between full and somewhere less simply to turn the water over to assure that there's a consistent chlorine concentration in it. not try to expend the tank but even if the tank were expended the vessel, not the riser, but if the vessel was fully expended there would still be 46-psi at the ground at the base of the tank which is be high point of the subdivision which is well in excess of the 30-psi regulatory minimum.
- One more question about Southern Trace, you testified about the flushing activity that occurred subsequent to the May 24th issue, can you describe very briefly the flushing program, assuming there is one, for Southern Trace?

 A Well, there is a written protocol for Southern

Trace; however, when the system was as stirred up 1 2 as it was in May, May 24 - 25, a routine flushing protocol is not going to be effective. You're in . 4 something of crisis management, you start flushing from the tanks and just basically work your way through the system. A prescribed flushing protocol involves closing some specific 7 valves to cause the flow to the system to be unidirectional and then you work in that direction progressively bringing water behind you 10 and stirring up water in front of you until you 11 get through the system. Now that protocol 12 13 exists, it's written; it's what we were using 14 when my personnel was doing the physical operation, but the occurrence in May was more of a crisis response than a programmed procedure. Once you've restored well number two to its full capacity, assuming that happens, will the flushing program change? The flushing could then go back to a more routine Α flushing procedure. When we were operating it 22 the flushing was done three times a year. frankly think that may be a little excessive but it definitely needs to be done in the spring and

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- fall so that you're not interfering with the higher demand periods of the summer.
 - Q Okay. One last question. You testified regarding the impact of softeners in the Rockbridge Subdivision?
 - A Yes, ma'am.

- Q Has there -- other than just individual conversations with individual customers, have you engaged in education of the customers regarding the impact of softeners?
- A I have not because a number of customers that were affected by that offer of the builder were relatively small. I'm told like maybe a dozen of the 324 customers that exist right now. And that was done by that particular builder to keep presale contracts active as opposed to having prospective builders walk away from them. So it was done for a very limited period. As best I amaware that offer was in place for no more than maybe two or three months.
- Q Final question. We've heard from the board of the homeowners association for Southern Trace, does Rockbridge have a similarly active homeowners association and are you in contact

1 with the officers of that HOA? 2 I am not in contact with the officers. contact with the management company that the 3 officers have employed. A bit of difference, 4 5 Rockbridge first of size, they do not self-manage. Rockbridge has, like I said, 324 6 7 customers -- will have over 400 to start with. Most of the people are somewhat younger and more 8 9 devoted to other activities than managing a homeowners association. Southern Trace is a more 10 mature population and self-management apparently 17 works better for them than contract management. 12 13 Q So can the management company that works within the Rockbridge Subdivision provide you with email 14 15 lists or other ways of contacting the members of 16 that community? 17 No, they're incomplete. I attempted to do that 18 at one time not too terribly long ago and found out that the homeowners' association didn't have 19 current address -- phone numbers or email 20 addresses for more than about a third of the 21 individual owners. 22 23 COMMISSIONER MITCHELL: Questions on the

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Commission's questions?

1 MR. GRANTMYRE: We've got none. 2 COMMISSIONER MITCHELL: Follow-up from Chairman Finley. 3 4 EXAMINATION BY CHAIRMAN FINIEY: 5 Mr. Butler, I mean it couldn't be that hard 6 between the homeowners' association and you to 7 get email addresses and telephone numbers --8 What I've been doing while I'm running my mouth 9 is running through my mind is I'm just going to simply do a direct mail to all of the customers 10 11 asking them to share their phone numbers and email addresses with me. 12 13 Why don't you put a bill insert in your bill and 14 say look we want you to -- that would be one way 1.5 and then whatever else you can think of to try to get the numbers? 16 17 I would like to but the nature of our bill, it 18 cannot support an intelligent insertion. 19 one of these affairs that folds, folds, seals, 2.0 and that sort of routine and there's just not a 21 way to insert anything, but a direct mail I can 22 do and I think that's going to be the most 23 productive. 24 You couldn't put a little extra piece of paper in

the envelop and say please send me your email 1 2 address and your telephone number? 3 There is no envelop. It makes the envelop as the 4 thing goes through the folder. I wish I could. 5 (Laughter) 6 Q How about a separate mailing? . 7 (Laughter) 8 A separate mailing is what it's going to have to 9 be. 10 Think about it. I think, I mean, I think if you 11 tried between you and the two homeowners' 12 associations you can get the email addresses and 13 telephone numbers. 14 I'm definitely going to. What I am thinking 15 right now in my pointy little head is to send a 16 post card out to everybody asking them to send an 17 email to this dedicated email address I've got 18 including their phone numbers and their email 19 addresses so that we can get in contact with 20 them. 21 CHAIRMAN FINLEY: All right. 22 COMMISSIONER MITCHELL: Questions on the Commission's questions? 23 24 MR. GRANTMYRE: No.

1 MR. BENNINK: No questions. 2 COMMISSIONER MITCHELL: Mr. Butler, you 3 are -- you may step down. 4 THE WITNESS: Thank you. 5 (The witness is excused.) 6 MR. BENNINK: Commissioner Mitchell, if I 7 could at this point move our evidence into the record. 8 COMMISSIONER MITCHELL: Yes, please do. 9 MR. BENNINK: We would like to have the rate 10 case application which was filed on January 10th of 11 this year admitted into evidence. We would like to 12 have the response whereby the Company provided 13 information, additional information regarding its 14 application that was filed on January 30, 2018, admitted into evidence. We would ask that the direct 15 16 testimony and exhibits of Mr. Butler be moved into 17 evidence. We also ask that the Report on Customer 18 Comments from the Public Hearing on May 15th that was 19 filed in this docket on May 30th be moved into 2.0 evidence as well as the exhibits to that report. 21 then we ask that the Stipulation filed by KRJ Utilities and the Public Staff on June 7th of this 22 23 year consisting of 12 pages plus a corrected 24 stipulation page filed on June 14, 2018, be moved into

evidence. 1 Thank you, 2 COMMISSIONER MITCHELL: Mr. Bennink. Without objection, the rate case 3 application, the supplement to that application filed 4 on January 30th, the testimony and exhibits of Company 5 Witness Butler, the report on customer comments and 6 7 the exhibits thereto, and the Stipulation will be 8 accepted into evidence. 9 MR. BENNINK: Thank you. (WHEREUPON, Application of KRJ 10 Utilities; Report on Customer 11 Comments From Public Hearing, 12 13 including Exhibits A, B and C; Application Response Providing 14 15 Additional Information; Stipulation of KRJ Utilities and 16 Public Staff; and Butler Exhibits 17 1 and 2 are admitted into 18 19 evidence.) 20 COMMISSIONER MITCHELL: Mr. Grantmyre, 21 please calls your first witness. The Public Staff calls Iris 22 MS. HOLT: 23 Morgan. 24 IRIS MORGAN;

1	having been duly sworn,		
2	testified as follows:		
3	DIRECT EXAMINATION BY MS. HOLT:		
4	Q	Please state your name and business address for	
5		the record.	
6	A	Iris Morgan, business address is 430 North	
7		Salisbury Street, Raleigh, North Carolina.	
8	Q	And what is your position with the Public Staff?	
9	A	I am an accountant with the water section of the	
10		Public Staff, Water Division.	
11	Q	Ms. Morgan, did you prefile in this docket on or	
12		about June 7, 2018, testimony in question and	
13		answer form consisting of 19 pages and two	
14	-	exhibits and schedules?	
15	A	Yes, I did.	
16	Q	And on June 8, 2018, did you file corrections to	
17		your testimony?	
18	A	Yes, I did.	
19	Q	Do you have any additional corrections	
20		or additions to your testimony?	
21	A	No.	
22	Q	If I were to ask you those same questions today,	
23		would your answers be the same?	
24	A	Yes, they would.	

1 MS. HOLT: I would ask that the corrected 2 testimony of Ms. Morgan be copied into the record as if given orally from the stand, and that her exhibits 3 4 be identified as premarked. 5 COMMISSIONER MITCHELL: Very well, the testimony of Public Staff witness Iris Morgan shall be 6 7 copied into the record as if given orally from the stand as corrected and the exhibits marked as 8 9 prefiled. 10 (WHEREUPON, Morgan Exhibits I and 11 II are marked for identification 12 as prefiled.) 13 (WHEREUPON, the prefiled corrected 14 direct testimony of IRIS MORGAN is 15 copied into the record as if given 16 orally from the stand.) 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24

KRJ, INC., d/b/a KRJ UTILITIES DOCKET NO. W-1075, SUB 12

ORRECTED TESTIMONY OF IRIS MORGAN ON BEHALF OF THE PUBLIC STAFF NORTH CAROLINA UTILITIES COMMISSION

JUNE 8, 2018

		•
1	Q.	MS. MORGAN, PLEASE STATE FOR THE RECORD YOUR
2		NAME, ADDRESS, AND PRESENT POSITION.
3	A.	My name is Iris Morgan and my business address is 430 North
4		Salisbury Street, Raleigh, North Carolina. I am a Staff Accountant in
5		the Water Section of the Public Staff - Accounting Division and
6		represent the using and consuming public in this proceeding.
7	Q.	HOW LONG HAVE YOU BEEN EMPLOYED BY THE PUBLIC
8		STAFF?
9	A.	I have been employed by the Public Staff since September 2, 2002
10		I joined the Public Staff Accounting Division on December 1, 2008.
11	Q.	WILL YOU STATE BRIEFLY YOUR EDUCATION AND
12		EXPERIENCE?
13	A.	I am a graduate of North Carolina Wesleyan College with a Bachelon
14		of Science degree in Accounting and Business Administration, a
15		Masters of Accounting and Financial Management, Masters in
16		Business Administration and a Masters in Public Administration
17	•	Prior to joining the Public Staff Accounting Division, I was employed
18		with the Public Staff Consumer Services Division.

1 Q. WHAT ARE YOUR RESPONSIBILITIES IN YOUR POSITION?

2 A. I am responsible for analyzing testimony, exhibits, and other data 3 presented by parties before the Commission. I have the further 4 responsibility of performing the examinations of books and records 5 of the utilities involved in rate proceedings and summarizing the 6 results into testimony and exhibits for presentation before the 7 Commission.

8 Q. WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY IN THIS

9 **PROCEEDING?**

10 A. The purpose of my testimony is to present the results of my
11 investigation of the levels of revenues, expenses, and investments
12 filed by KRJ, Inc., d/b/a KRJ Utilities (KRJ or Company), in support
13 of its application to increase total operating revenues as follows:

14		Present	Proposed
15		Revenues	<u>Revenues</u>
16	Southern Trace - Water	\$ 74,797	\$ 136,009
17	Rockbridge – Water	\$ 85,093	\$ 201,068
18	Rockbridge - Sewer	\$ 274,950	\$ 418,962

19 Q. MS. MORGAN, PLEASE DESCRIBE THE SCOPE OF YOUR 20 INVESTIGATION INTO THE COMPANY'S FILING.

21 A. The Company filed its application for a rate increase on 22 January 10, 2018, based on the test year ended June 30, 2016. 23 My investigation included a review of the application filed by the 24 Company, a review of documentation provided by the Company in

- response to written data requests, and a review of the Company's
- 2 financial records.

3 Q. WOULD YOU BRIEFLY DESCRIBE THE PRESENTATION OF

4 YOUR TESTIMONY AND EXHIBITS?

Yes. For each issue, I will present a discussion of how and why 5 A. 6 I differ from the Company. I will also present schedules 7 the calculation of my adjustments to Additionally, my schedules will expenses, and rate base. 8 also reflect adjustments recommended by other Public Staff 9 witnesses. Schedule 1 of my exhibit presents the margin on 10 operating revenue deductions requiring a return. Schedules 1(a) 11 and 1(b) of my exhibit present the return on original cost rate base 12 under present rates, Company proposed rates and Public Staff 13 14 recommended rates. Schedules 2, 2(a) and 2(b) along with their supporting schedules, present the original cost rate base. 15 Schedule 3, 3(a) and 3(b) along with their supporting schedules, 16 present the net operating income for a return. Schedule 4 represents 17 the Public Staff's calculation of operating ratios. 18

19 Q. WHAT MODIFICATION OF THE TEST YEAR HAVE YOU MADE IN

20 THIS PROCEEDING?

A. KRJ filed its application for a rate increase on January 10, 2018, based on a test year ending June 30, 2016. At the time the application was filed, the test year rate base, revenues, and

expenses were 18 months old and did not reflect any known and measurable changes to KRJ's cost of service after the end of the test year. Therefore, the Public Staff witnesses have made adjustments in this proceeding to update the Company's test year to recognize certain events affecting rate base, revenues and expenses as a result of certain known and measurable changes that occurred through March 31, 2018.

Α.

As part of the overall update adjustment, I have made adjustments to recognize changes to plant in service, accumulated depreciation, contributions in aid of construction (CIAC), accumulated amortization of CIAC and depreciation and amortization expense that occurred through March 31, 2018.

Q. WHAT CONCLUSIONS HAVE YOU REACHED AS TO THE COMPANY'S RATE REQUEST FOR SOUTHERN TRACE WATER OPERATIONS?

Based on my investigation, the Company's original cost rate base at June 30, 2016, updated to March 31, 2018, is \$83,398. The level of operating revenue deductions requiring a return (total operating expenses excluding regulatory fee and income taxes) is \$97,194. I have calculated an increase in the gross revenue requirement using the overall operating margin rate of 7.75%, the rate provided by Public Staff witness John R. Hinton. Use of this operating margin on operating revenue deductions produces an increase of \$32,377

1	in the gross water revenue requirement. The resulting total revenue
2	requirement is \$107,174, of which \$106,983 is water service
3	revenue. Therefore, the Public Staff recommends that water rates
4	be set to reflect a \$32,377 increase, resulting in an annual level
5	of service revenues of \$106,983.

6 Q. WHAT CONCLUSIONS HAVE YOU REACHED AS TO THE

COMPANY'S RATE REQUEST FOR ROCKBRIDGE WATER

OPERATIONS?

Α.

Based on my investigation, the Company's original cost rate base at June 30, 2016, updated to March 31, 2018, is \$448,926. The level of operating revenue deductions requiring a return (total operating expenses excluding regulatory fee and income taxes) is \$120,515. I have calculated an increase in the gross revenue requirement using the overall rate of return of 7.75%, the rate provided by Public Staff witness Hinton. Use of this return on rate base produces an increase of \$76,944 in the gross water revenue requirement. The resulting total revenue requirement is \$162,037, of which \$159,888 is water service revenue. Therefore, the Public Staff recommends that water rates be set to reflect a \$76,944 increase, resulting in an annual level of service revenues of \$159,888.

Q. WHAT CONCLUSIONS HAVE YOU REACHED AS TO THE COMPANY'S RATE REQUEST FOR ROCKBRIDGE SEWER

OPERATIONS?

1	A.	Based on my investigation, the Company's original cost rate base at
2		June 30, 2016, updated to March 31, 2018 is \$336,054. The level of
3		operating revenue deductions requiring a return (total operating
4		expenses excluding regulatory fee and income taxes) \$204,492.
5		I have calculated a decrease in the gross revenue requirement using
6		the overall rate of return of 7.75%, the rate provided by Public Staff
7		witness Hinton. Use of this return on rate base produces a decrease
8		of \$39,216 in the gross sewer revenue requirement. The resulting
9		total revenue requirement is \$235,734 of which \$226,451 is sewer
10		service revenue. Therefore, the Public Staff recommends that sewer
11		rates be set to reflect a \$39,216 decrease, resulting in an annual
12		level of service revenues of \$226,451.

- Q. WHAT ADJUSTMENTS RECOMMENDED BY OTHER PUBLIC

 STAFF WITNESSES HAVE YOU INCORPORATED IN YOUR

 EXHIBIT?
- A. My exhibit reflects the following adjustments recommended by other
 Public Staff witnesses:

The recommendation of Public Staff Financial Analyst
 Hinton regarding the margin on operating revenue deductions requiring a return and the return on original cost rate base;

1		2. The recommendations made by Public Staff Engineer
2		Casselberry with regard to the following items pertaining
3		to:
4		a. Service revenues at present rates;
5		b. Service revenues at proposed rates;
6		c. Contract services – operations;
7		d. Contract maintenance and repair;
8		e. Purchased power;
9		f. Chemicals;
10		g. Testing;
11		h. Sludge removal; and
12		i. Depreciation rates.
13	Q.	IN WHAT AREAS HAVE YOU ADJUSTED THE COMPANY'S
14		CALCULATION OF ITS RATE BASE, REVENUES, AND
15		EXPENSES?
16	A.	The accounting and ratemaking adjustments which I am proposing
17	-	and will discuss relate to the following items:
18		1. Plant in service;
19		2. Accumulated depreciation and depreciation expense;
20		3. Contributions in Aid of Construction (CIAC), accumulated
21		amortization and amortization expense;
22.		4. Cash working capital and average tax accruals;
23		5. Miscellaneous revenues;

1		6.	Uncollectible accounts;
2		7.	Insurance expense;
3		8.	Other expense;
4		9.	Contract management;
5		10.	Legal fees;
6		11.	Bad debt expense;
7		12.	Rate case expense;
8		13.	Regulatory fee; and
9		14.	State and federal income taxes.
10 ·	-	٠,	PLANT IN SERVICE
11	Q.	PLEA	ASE EXPLAIN HOW YOU CALCULATED PLANT IN SERVICE
12		FOR	SOUTHERN TRACE WATER OPERATIONS.
13	·A.	l beg	gan my calculation of plant in service with the amount of
L4		\$265	,819 that was approved in the last general rate case proceeding,
L5		Dock	et No. W-1075, Sub 4. To this amount, I added \$79,079 of plant
L6		additi	ons based on my review of the Company's financial records.
L7		Next,	based on the recommendation of Public Staff Engineer
L8		Cass	elberry, I included \$44,603 of additional plant items. These
.9		adjus	tments resulted in a total amount of \$389,501, for plant in
20		servio	ce, as shown on Schedule 2-1 of my exhibit.
1	Q.	PLEA	ASE EXPLAIN HOW YOU CALCULATED PLANT IN SERVICE
		FOR	

Public Staff Engineer Casselberry and I examined the Company's
financial records and data request responses to determine the level
of plant in service for this rate case proceeding. Based on our review
of KRJ's financial records and data request responses, we calculated
total plant in service for water operations of \$1,463,500 for the test
year. To this amount, I added \$9,174 of additional plant items, based
on the recommendation of Public Staff Engineer Casselberry. As a
result of these plant additions, the total amount of plant in service for
Rockbridge water operations is \$1,472,674, as shown on Schedule
2-1(a) of my exhibit.

A.

Based on review of the Company's financial records, I calculated total plant in service of \$5,289,689 for Rockbridge sewer operations as of June 30, 2016. To this amount, I included \$15,988 of additional plant items based on the recommendation of Public Staff Engineer Casselberry. As a result of these adjustments, total amount of plant in service for sewer operations is \$5,305,677, as shown on Schedule 2-1(b) of my exhibit.

ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION AND DEPRECIATION EXPENSE

20 Q. PLEASE EXPLAIN HOW YOU HAVE CALCULATED
21 ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION AND DEPRECIATION
22 EXPENSE FOR SOUTHERN TRACE WATER OPERATIONS.

- 1 A. I have calculated amounts for accumulated depreciation and 2 depreciation expense to reflect depreciation related to the adjusted 3 plant assets shown on Schedule 2-1. Accumulated depreciation and depreciation expense reflect the service lives approved in the Sub 4 4 rate case proceeding and the service lives recommended by Public 5 Staff Engineer Casselberry. Additionally, I calculated accumulated 6 7 depreciation based on the year each plant asset was placed in service using the half-year convention through March 31, 2018, as 8 9 shown on Schedule 2-1 of my exhibit.
- CALCULATED **PLEASE EXPLAIN** HOW YOU **HAVE** "Q. ' 10 ACCUMULATED **DEPRECIATION** AND **DEPRECIATION** 11 **ROCKBRIDGE** WATER AND **SEWER EXPENSE FOR** 12 OPERATIONS. · 13

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I have calculated amounts for accumulated depreciation and depreciation expense to reflect depreciation related to the adjusted plant assets shown on Schedules 2-1(a) and 2-1(b). Accumulated depreciation and depreciation expense reflect the service lives recommended by Public Staff Engineer Casselberry. Additionally, I calculated accumulated depreciation based on the year each plant asset was placed in service using the half-year convention through March 31, 2018, as shown on Schedules 2-1(a) and 2-1(b) of my exhibit.

CONTRIBUTIONS IN AID OF CONSTRUCTION (CIAC)

1

2	Q.	PLEASE EXPLAIN YOUR ADJUSTMENTS TO CONTRIBUTIONS
3		IN AID OF CONSTRUCTION FOR SOUTHERN TRACE WATER
1		OPERATIONS

- My calculation of CIAC begins with the \$218,448 amount approved
 by the Commission and used to calculate rates in the Company's last
 rate case proceeding, Sub 4. To this amount, I added \$35,500 of
 tap-on fees collected since the Sub 4 rate case proceeding. My
 adjustment resulted in total CIAC of \$253,948 for Southern Trace
 water operations, as shown on Schedule 2-2 of my exhibit.
- 11 Q. WHAT ADJUSTMENTS HAVE YOU MADE TO CONTRIBUTIONS
 12 IN AID OF CONSTRUCTION FOR ROCKBRIDGE WATER
 13 OPERATIONS?
- 14 A. I examined the Company's financial records and data request
 15 responses to determine the level of tap-on fees and contributed plant
 16 for this rate case proceeding. Based on my review of the Company's
 17 financial records, I calculated \$713,910 of tap-on fees and
 18 contributed plant collected from 2007 through March 31, 2018, as
 19 shown on Schedule 2-2(a) of my exhibit.
- 20 Q. WHAT ADJUSTMENTS HAVE YOU MADE TO CONTRIBUTIONS
 21 IN AID OF CONSTRUCTION FOR ROCKBRIDGE SEWER
 22 OPERATIONS?

First, I calculated \$3,297,851 of tap-on fees and contributed plant collected from 2007 to March 31, 2018. Then, as ordered in the previous proceeding, Docket No. W-1075, Sub 5, Order Granting Certificate of Public Convenience and Necessity and Approving Rates, dated November 30, 2006, the Commission established in ordering paragraph No. 6, that in all future rate proceedings, the sewer plant costs to be recovered from future customers through the collection of tap fees will be considered to be excess capacity, and shall not be included in rate base. Therefore, I calculated imputed tap-on fees to reflect future tap-on fees collected as excess capacity, resulting in a total amount of \$664,000 of imputed tap-on fees for a total amount of \$3,961,851 of CIAC for sewer operations, as shown on Schedule 2-2(b) of my exhibit.

ACCUMULATED AMORTIZATION AND AMORTIZATION

EXPENSE

A.

A.

16 Q. PLEASE EXPLAIN HOW YOU HAVE CALCULATED
17 ACCUMULATED AMORTIZATION AND AMORTIZATION
18 EXPENSE FOR SOUTHERN TRACE WATER OPERATIONS.

I have calculated amounts for accumulated amortization and amortization expense to reflect amortization related to the adjusted tap-on fees and contributed plant collected shown on Schedule 2-2. Accumulated amortization and amortization expense reflect the 25-year amortization period approved in the Sub 4 rate case proceeding.

- Additionally, I calculated accumulated amortization based on the length of time each contribution was collected using the half-year convention through March 31, 2018, as shown on Schedules 2-2 of my exhibit.
- **PLEASE EXPLAIN** HOW YOU HAVE **CALCULATED** 5 Q. ACCUMULATED **AMORTIZATION** AND **AMORTIZATION** 6 **EXPENSE FOR** ROCKBRIDGE WATER AND **SEWER** 7 OPERATIONS. 8

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I have calculated amounts for accumulated amortization and amortization expense to reflect amortization related to the adjusted tap-on fees and contributed plant shown on Schedules 2-2(a) and 2-2(b). Accumulated amortization and amortization expense for Rockbridge water reflect the 25-year amortization period recommended by the Public Staff. The accumulated amortization and amortization expense for Rockbridge sewer reflect a 50-year amortization period recommended by the Public Staff. Additionally, I calculated accumulated amortization based on the length of time each contribution was collected using the half-year convention through March 31, 2018, as shown on Schedules 2-2(a) and 2-2(b) of my exhibit.

1 CASH WORKING CAPITAL AND AVERAGE TAX ACCRUALS

- 2 Q. PLEASE EXPLAIN YOUR ADJUSTMENT FOR CASH WORKING
- 3 CAPITAL NET OF AVERAGE TAX ACCRUALS.

average tax accruals as 1/2 property tax.

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A. The Company did not provide an amount for this item on its application. In my calculation, I have included 1/8 of total operating expenses as a measure of cash working capital. I have calculated

MISCELLANEOUS REVENUES

9 Q. WHAT ADJUSTMENTS HAVE YOU MADE TO MISCELLANEOUS

10 REVENUES FOR ROCKBRIDGE WATER OPERATIONS?

11 A. On its revised application, the Company included \$321 for
12 miscellaneous revenues water operations. To this amount, I made
13 an adjustment to add \$2,187 of availability revenues. This
14 adjustment results in a total amount of \$2,508 of miscellaneous
15 revenues for water operations, as shown on Schedule 3(a) of my
16 exhibit.

17 Q. WHAT ADJUSTMENTS HAVE YOU MADE TO MISCELLANEOUS 18 REVENUES FOR ROCKBRIDGE SEWER OPERATIONS?

On its revised application, the Company did not include an amount for miscellaneous revenues sewer operations. Therefore, I made an adjustment to include \$10,207 of availability revenues. This adjustment resulted in a total amount of \$10,207 for miscellaneous

1		revenues for sewer operations, as shown on Schedule 3(b) of my
2		exhibit.
3		UNCOLLECTIBLE ACCOUNTS
4	Q.	WHAT ADJUSTMENTS HAVE YOU MADE TO UNCOLLECTIBLE
5	•	ACCOUNTS FOR SOUTHERN TRACE WATER OPERATIONS?
6	A.	I made an adjustment to reclassify \$281 of bad debt expense to
7		uncollectible accounts, as shown on Schedule 3 of my exhibit.
.8	Q.	WHAT ADJUSTMENTS HAVE YOU MADE TO UNCOLLECTIBLE
9		ACCOUNTS FOR ROCKBRIDGE WATER AND SEWER
10		OPERATIONS?
11	A.	I made an adjustment to reclassify \$359 and \$924 of bad debt
12		expense to uncollectible accounts for water and sewer operations,
13		respectively, as shown on Schedules 3(a) and 3(b) of my exhibit.
14		INSURANCE EXPENSE
15	Q.	WHAT ADJUSTMENT HAVE YOU MADE TO INSURANCE
16		EXPENSE FOR SOUTHERN TRACE WATER OPERATIONS?
17	A.	On its revised application, the Company included \$1,805 for
18		insurance expense. Based on review of the Company's data request
19		responses, I made an adjustment to remove \$302 for a missing
20		invoice. This adjustment result in a total amount of \$1,503 for
21		insurance expense, as shown on Schedule 3-1 of my exhibit.

1	Q.	WHAT ADJUSTMENTS HAVE YOU MADE TO INSURANCE
2		EXPENSE FOR ROCKBRIDGE SEWER OPERATIONS?
3	A.	The Company included \$2,350, for insurance expense on its revised
4		application. Based on review of the Company's data request
5		responses, I made an adjustment to remove \$302 for a missing
6		invoice. This adjustment result in a total amount of \$2,048 for
7		insurance expense, as shown on Schedule 3-3 of my exhibit.
8		OTHER EXPENSE
9	Q.	WHAT ADJUSTMENTD HAVE YOU MADE TO OTHER EXPENSE
LO		FOR ROCKBRIDGE SEWER OPERATIONS?
.1	A.	The Company included \$870 for other expense on its revised
.2		application. Based on review of the Company's financial records, I
L3		made an adjustment to include an additional \$300 for trash pick-up.
.4		This adjustment resulted in a total amount of \$1,170 of other
15		expenses, as shown on Schedule 3-4 of my exhibit.
.6		CONTRACT MANAGEMENT
.7	Q.	WHAT ADJUSTMENTS HAVE YOU MADE TO CONTRACT
.8		MANAGEMENT FOR ROCKBRIDGE WATER AND SEWER
.9		OPERATIONS?
20	A.	The Company included \$14,084 for water operations and \$12,058
1		for sewer operations on its revised application for contract
22		management. Based on review of the Company's financial records.

1	I made an adjustment to add \$4,687 of contract management
2	expenses. Next, I made an adjustment to add \$3,409 to reflect
3	customer growth. These adjustments resulted in a total amount of
4	\$17,198 for water operations and \$17,040 for sewer operations for
5	contract management, as shown on Schedule 3-1 of my exhibit.

LEGAL FEES

. 18

A.

Q. WHAT ADJUSTMENTS HAVE YOU MADE TO LEGAL FEES For SOUTHERN TRACE WATER OPERATIONS?

- A. The Company included \$208 on its revised application for legal fees.
 I have made an adjustment to remove \$109 for a missing invoice.
 This adjustment result in a total amount of \$99 for legal fees, as
- 13 Q. WHAT ADJUSTMENTS HAVE YOU MADE TO LEGAL FEES FOR
 14 ROCKBRIDGE WATER AND SEWER OPERATIONS??

shown on Schedule 3-2 of my exhibit.

The Company included \$3,050 for water operations and \$3,050 for sewer operations on its revised application for legal fees. Based on review of the Company's financial records, I made an adjustment to remove \$2,842 of missing invoices for water operations and remove \$1,050 of missing invoices for sewer operations. These adjustments resulted in a total amount of \$208 of legal fees for water operations and \$2,000 of legal fees for sewer operations, as shown on Schedule 3-2 of my exhibit.

1		BAD DEBT EXPENSE				
2	Q.	WHAT ADJUSTMENT HAVE YOU MADE TO BAD DEBTS				
3		EXPENSE FOR SOUTHERN TRACE WATER OPERATIONS?				
4	A.	The Company included \$281 on its revised application for bad deb				
5		expense. I made an adjustment and reclassified \$281 to uncollectible				
6		accounts, as shown on Schedule 3 of my exhibit.				
7	Q.	WHAT ADJUSTMENTS HAVE YOU MADE TO BAD DEBTS				
8		EXPENSE FOR ROCKBRIDGE WATER AND SEWER				
9		OPERATIONS?				
10	A.	The Company included \$359 and \$924 on its revised application of				
11		bad debt expense for water and sewer operations, respectively.				
12		reclassified the \$359 and \$924 of bad debt amounts, to uncollectible				
13		accounts, as shown on Schedules 3(a) and 3(b).				
14		RATE CASE				
15	Q.	WHAT ADJUSTMENTS DID YOU MAKE TO RATE CASE				
16		EXPENSE?				
17	A.	On its application, the Company did not include an amount for rate				
18		case expense. Therefore, I have calculated rate case expense to				

case expense. Therefore, I have calculated rate case expense to include the cost of the filing fee of \$250, legal fees of \$26,793, administrative fees of \$37,988 and office supplies and overhead of \$1,728, for a total amount of \$66,759; for rate case expense. Then, I amortized the total cost over three years. These costs resulted in a

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1		total amount of 5,027, for rate case expense for Southern Trace				
2		water operations and \$8,652 for Rockbridge water operations and				
3		\$8,573 for Rockbridge sewer operations, as shown on Schedules 3-				
4		3 and 3-5 of my exhibits.				
5		REGULATORY FEE				
6	Q.	HOW HAVE YOU ADJUSTED THE REGULATORY FEE?				
7	A.	I have calculated the regulatory fee using the statutory rate of 0.14%.				
8		STATE AND FEDERAL INCOME TAXES				
9	Q.	PLEASE EXPLAIN YOUR ADJUSTMENT TO STATE AND				
ľ0		FEDERAL INCOME TAXES.				
l 1	A.	State and federal income taxes are based on the statutory corporate				
L2		rates for the level of income presented after all Public Staff				
L3		adjustments.				
<u>.</u> 4	Q.	DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR TESTIMONY?				

Yes, it does.

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1
     BY MS. HOLT:
 2
          Ms. Morgan, do you have a summary of your
 3
          testimony?
          Yes, I do.
 4
     Α
 5
          Could you please read it?
 6
     Α
          Yes.
 7
                           (WHEREUPON, the summary of IRIS
                          MORGAN is copied into the record.)
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KRJ UTILITIES DOCKET NO. W-1075, SUB 12 SUMMARY OF FILED TESTIMONY OF IRIS MORGAN

KRJ Utilities (KRJ) filed its application for a rate increase on January 10, 2018, based on the test year ending June 30, 2016, updated to March 31, 2018. I performed an accounting audit of the financial data filed in the application.

I made several adjustments to the levels of rate base and operating expenses filed by KRJ in support of its application. In addition, I have incorporated in my exhibits several adjustments recommended by Public Staff Engineer Casselberry. Based on the results of the Public Staff's investigation, KRJ's original cost rate base is \$83,398 for Southern Trace water operations, \$448,926 for Rockbridge water operations, and \$336,054 for Rockbridge sewer operations, producing a total revenue requirement of \$504,945 of which, \$107,174 is Southern Trace water service revenues, and \$397,771 is Rockbridge water and sewer service revenues.

On June 8, 2018, KRJ and the Public Staff filed a Stipulation resolving all issues between the parties. Morgan Exhibits I and II reflect the amounts agreed to by the Stipulating Parties for rate base, total operating revenues and total operating expenses.

This concludes the summary of my testimony.

```
1
               MS. HOLT:
                          Thank you. Ms. Morgan is
 2
     available for cross examination.
               COMMISSIONER MITCHELL:
                                        Thank you.
 3
 4
               MR. BENNINK: I have just one or two
     questions for clarification.
 5
     CROSS EXAMINATION BY MR. BENNINK:
 6
          Ms. Morgan, Commissioner Mitchell asked
 7
          Mr. Butler some questions about availability fees
 8
 9
          and whether they are being paid or not. I just
          want to look at your schedule, Exhibit 2,
10
          Schedule 3(a), page 1 of 2.
11
          Is that for Rockbridge, sir?
12
          Yes. I think there are no availability fees for
13
          Southern Trace. It's only Rockbridge.
14
15
    Α
         You said Schedule --
          Schedule, let's see, Exhibit 2, Schedule 3(a),
16
17
         page 1 of 2.
18
    Α
          Okay.
19
         Now, this is the schedule for Rockbridge water,
20
          correct?
21
    Α
          Correct.
         And line 2 called miscellaneous revenues are the
22
          availability fees, correct?
23
24
    Α
          That's correct.
```

1	Q	And so when you came up with your revenue					
2		requirement, the total revenue requirement you					
3		came up with for operating revenues in the					
4		settlement was \$162,037, correct?					
5	A	Yes.					
6	Q	And of that \$2,508 represents miscellaneous					
7		revenues to be recovered through availability					
8		fees?					
9	A	That is correct.					
10	Q	And those were imputed fees. They will not be					
11		paid by customers. They will be paid they					
12		would be attributable to the developer?					
13	A	Yes.					
14	Q	And then let's look at the same schedule for					
15		Rockbridge sewer, Schedule 3(b), page 1 of 2.					
16	A	Yes.					
17	Q ·	That indicates that of the total revenue					
18		requirement miscellaneous revenues or					
19		availability fees will be \$10,207, correct?					
20	A	Correct.					
21	Q	And that will not be paid by customers as part of					
22		the revenue requirement?					
23	A Correct.						
24		MR. BENNINK: That's all I have.					

```
1
              COMMISSIONER MITCHELL: Any redirect?
              MS. HOLT:
 2
               COMMISSIONER MITCHELL: Questions from the
 3
 4
    Commission? Chairman Finley? Commissioner Patterson?
 5
               COMMISSIONER PATTERSON: Just one.
    EXAMINATION BY COMMISSIONER PATTERSON:
 6
         In your summary you say the Stipulation resolved
 7
         all issues. We've heard a number of service
 8
 9
         issues and all of that is involved in the
         Stipulation or is it just the financial aspect of
10
         it?
11
        My understanding is financial.
12
         Just the financial?
13
14
    Α
         Yes, sir.
               COMMISSIONER PATTERSON: Thank you.
15
16
               COMMISSIONER MITCHELL: Ms. Morgan, I have a
17
    few questions for you.
    EXAMINATION BY COMMISSIONER MITCHELL:
18
19
         You have your testimony in front of you, correct?
20
         Yes, I do.
         Exhibit 1, Schedule 3, page 1 of 2. Let me know
21
22
         when you're there.
23
         Okay. I'm there.
24
    Q
         Okay. Line 5 includes an amount of $13,888
```

NORTH CAROLINA UTILITIES COMMISSION

MS. HOLT: Okay.	5₹
amount related to Rockbridge water.	23
related to Southern Trace water, and we see a similar	ZZ.
amortized. And, Ms. Holt, that my question was	TZ
know whether that loss represents an amount being	20
recurring every year. Alternatively, we also need to	6 T
and whether this is a loss that's going to be	81
was disposed of, what caused the loss on the disposal,	ΔT
interested in what this expense item relates to, what	9 T
COMMISSIONER MITCHELL: We're specifically	SI
MS. HOLT: Yes.	₹T
a late-filed exhibit?	ετ
Public Staff be willing to provide that information as	21
COMMISSIONER MITCHELL: Okay. Would the	ΙŢ
information to you.	οτ
my head but I'll be more than glad to get that	6
a water tank. I really don't know off the top of	8
of a sewage tank I think or not to I'm sorry,	L
A A selieve it had to do with the loss or disposal	9
ros	S
Q Would you explain what this expense item relates	₹
A Yes, sir ma'am. Excuse me.	ε
You see that?	7
	۲

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1
               COMMISSIONER MITCHELL: So would you please
 2
     include in your late-filed exhibit the same
 3
     information for the Rockbridge water expense?
 4
               MS. HOLT: Yes, we will do that.
 5
     BY COMMISSIONER MITCHELL:
 6
    Q
          Okay, Ms. Morgan, regarding the allocation factor
 7
          used for rate case expense referenced in your
          Exhibit 1, Schedule 3-3, if you'll look down in
 8
 9
          footnote 3 on that exhibit?
10
          Exhibit 3-3 for rate case expense.
11
          Schedule 3-3, do you see it?
12
          Yes.
13
          Okay. Is this based on a customer ratio between
14
          Southern Trace, Rockbridge water and Rockbridge
15
          sewer?
16
          Yes. Yes, it is.
    Α
17
          Okay. Thank you. Also same exhibit same page,
          line 3, column A.
18
19
    Α
          Okay.
20
          There is a negotiated settlement estimate of
21
          thirty-seven thousand dollars nine -- $37,988.
22
          Correct.
    Α
23
          For administrative fees.
24
    Α
         Yes.
```

1	Q	Could you explain the nature of these costs?					
2	A	These are Mr. Butler's fees that contributed					
	**	A These are Mr. butter's rees that contributed					
3		to that he charged for putting together the					
4		rate case and providing all of the data request					
5		responses and collecting all that data and					
6		providing it to me, the time that he billed for,					
7		be his rate for charging the Company for					
8		compiling all that information together.					
9	Q	Okay. And those fees are only for Mr. Butler's					
10		time, for no other contractor's time?					
11	A	No. That is correct.					
12	Q	With regard to the amortization period for rate					
13		case expenses was a five-year period considered					
14		due to the company's history of not filing a rate					
15		case every three years?					
16	Α	No. That was typical and standard that we used					
17	three years. It was not brought up to be						
18	extended beyond that time.						
19	Q	Okay. Just a few more. On Exhibit 2, Schedule					
20	3(a), let me know what you get there, page 1 of						
21	2. Oh, this is the question I had earlier. It's						
22		the disposal amount so I think we've covered that					
23	with Ms. Holt?						
24	A	Okay.					

1	Q While you're on the stand do you happen to know					
2	what that amount pertains to?					
3	A Without looking at the documentation, I can't					
4	remember specifically, but we do have the					
5	documentation.					
6	COMMISSIONER MITCHELL: All right. Thank					
7	you. Ms. Holt will provide that to us.					
8	I have nothing further. Any questions on					
9	the Commission's questions?					
10	MR. GRANTMYRE: No.					
11	MR. BENNINK: No.					
12	COMMISSIONER MITCHELL: Thank you,					
13	Ms. Morgan, you're dismissed.					
14	(The witness is excused.)					
15	MS. HOLT: I'll move that Ms. Morgan's					
16	testimony and exhibits be admitted into evidence.					
17	COMMISSIONER MITCHELL: Without objection,					
18	that will be admitted into evidence.					
19	(WHEREUPON, Morgan Exhibits I and					
20	II are admitted into evidence.)					
21	MR. GRANTMYRE: We'll call Gina Casselberry.					
2 ີ້ 2	COMMISSIONER MITCHELL: Good morning,					
23	Ms. Casselberry, or good afternoon, Ms. Casselberry.					
24	GINA CASSELBERRY;					

1	having been duly sworn,					
2	testified as follows:					
3	DIRECT EXAMINATION BY MR. GRANTMYRE:					
4	Q Could you please state your name and position					
5	with the Public Staff?					
6	A My name is Gina Casselberry. I'm a Utilities					
7	Engineer with the Water Division.					
8	Q And did you cause to be prefiled on June 7, 2018,					
9	direct testimony consisting of 21 pages and					
10	exhibits numbered 1, 2 and 3?					
11	A I did.					
12	Q If we were to ask you those same questions today					
13	would your answers be the same?					
14	A Yes.					
15	Q Do you have any additions or corrections to your					
16	testimony?					
17	A Yes. I'd like to add one addition that we					
18	received four more customer position letters last					
19	night and I forwarded those to the Chief Clerk to					
20	be included in the official file.					
21.	MR. GRANTMYRE: We would ask that her					
22	testimony be copied into the record as if given orally					
23	and her exhibits be identified?					
24	COMMISSIONER MITCHELL: Ms. Casselberry's					

testimony shall be copied into the record as if given orally from the stand, and the exhibits shall be identified as prefiled. (WHEREUPON, Casselberry Exhibits 1, 2 and 3 are marked for identification as prefiled.) (WHEREUPON, the prefiled direct testimony of GINA CASSELBERRY is copied into the record as if given orally from the stand.)

KRJ, INC. D/B/A KRJ UTILITIES DOCKET NO. W-1075, SUB 12

TESTIMONY OF GINA Y. CASSELBERRY ON BEHALF OF THE PUBLIC STAFF NORTH CAROLINA UTILITIES COMMISSION

June 7, 2018

.1	Q.	PLEASE STATE FOR THE RECORD YOUR NAME, BUSINESS				
2		ADDRESS, AND PRESENT POSITION.				
3	A.	My name is Gina Y. Casselberry. My business address is 430 North				
4		Salisbury Street, Dobbs Building, Raleigh, North Carolina. I am a				
5		Utilities Engineer with the Public Staff's Water, Sewer and				
6		Communications Division.				
7	Q.	BRIEFLY STATE YOUR QUALIFICATIONS AND EXPERIENCE				
8		RELATING TO YOUR PRESENT POSITION WITH THE PUBLIC				
9		STAFF.				
10	A.	I graduated from Michigan Technology University receiving a Bachelor				
11		of Science Degree in Civil Engineering. Prior to joining the Public Staff,				
12		I worked for McKim and Creed Engineers, PA, as a Project Engineer				
13		designing water and sewer systems. I have been with the Public Staff's				
14		Water Division since February, 1992. I have presented				
15		recommendations in rate increase proceedings, new franchise and				
16		transfer applications and other matters before the Commission for the				
17		past twenty-six years.				

Q. WHAT ARE YOUR DUTIES IN YOUR PRESENT POSITION?

Α.

- A. My duties with the Public Staff are to monitor the operations of regulated water and sewer utilities with regard to service and rates.

 Included in these duties are field investigations to review, evaluate, and recommend changes, when needed, in the design, construction, and operations of regulated water and sewer utilities; presentation of expert testimony in formal hearings; and presentation of information, data, and recommendations to the Commission.
- 9 Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE THE SCOPE OF YOUR INVESTIGATION IN
 10 THIS CASE.
 - On January 10, 2018, KRJ, Inc. d/b/a KRJ Utilities (Company or KRJ) filed an application with the Commission to increase its rates for providing water utility service in Southern Trace Subdivision and water and sewer utility service in Rockbridge Subdivision in Wake County, North Carolina. My investigation included review of customer complaints, contact with the Division of Water Resources (DWR), Public Water Supply Section (PWSS) and Water Quality (WQ), review of company records, analysis of revenues at existing and proposed rates and site inspection of the three KRJ utility systems. I have also assisted Public Staff Accountant Iris Morgan in reviewing expenses and plant in service.

1	Q.	PLEASET	DESCRIBE KE	RJ'S SERVICE	ARFAS
1	ω,	1	<u> </u>		MILMO.

- A. Southern Trace Subdivision is located on NC 50, just north of the
 Wake County and Johnston County line. The water system consists
 of three wells, a 5,400-gallon and a 5,000-gallon hydropnuematic
 tank with an air compressor, 6-inch and 4-inch distribution lines, and
 other related appurtenances.
- Rockbridge Subdivision is located in eastern Wake County, south of
 Knightdale and US64/US264, between Poole Road and
 Grasshopper Road.

The water system consists of three wells, a treatment building with a chlorination system, a caustic soda and lime slurry chemical feed system, a 150,000-gallon elevated storage tank, water mains, valves, and other related appurtenances. Due to issues arising from elevated concentrations of uranium in wells nos. 1 and 2, a uranium removal system was installed in 2016, which includes four 42-inch by 72-inch composite fiberglass reinforced plastic vessels filled with anion exchange resin, a brine resin regeneration system, a resin backwash system, and other related appurtenances. The liquid waste generated from the regeneration system and backwash system is discharged and treated in the Rockbridge wastewater treatment plant (WWTP). Loaded and spent resin is hauled off site by Chase Environmental of Oak Ridge, a Tennessee licensed conveyor and disposal contractor for radioactive materials.

The WWTP consists of an influent station; a 116,000 gallon per day (gpd) reclaimed water generation system, consisting of a 49,400-gallon aerated flow equalization basin, a mechanically cleaned bar screen, two 92,700-gallon aeration basins, two 25,890-gallon clarifiers, 54,000-gallon and 20,000-gallon sludge holding basins, a chlorine contact basin, a dechlorination basin, dual ultraviolet disinfection system, pumps, aerators, blowers, mains, a generator, and other appurtenances. The reclaimed water is conveyed to a 12.8 million gallon synthetic lined storage pond with a 685,000-gallon synthetic lined upset pond. The treated effluent is then sprayed on 39.84 acres of spray irrigation area.

12 Q. WHAT ARE KRJ'S PRESENT AND PROPOSED RATES?

13 A. KRJ's present and proposed rates for water and sewer utility service

14 are shown below:

1

2

3

4

5

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Southern Trace Subdivision 15 Present Proposed 16 Rates Rates 17 18 Monthly Metered Water Rates: \$ 34.82 19 Base charge, zero usage (minimum) \$19.12 4.84 \$ 2.66 20 Usage charge, per 1,000 gallons

The proposed rates would increase the average residential monthly water bill from \$32.81 to \$59.72, an 80.02% increase, based on a monthly usage of 5,145 gallons.

1		Rockbridge Subdivision		
2		Manufacture Mantage of NAC (on D. Co.)	Present <u>Rates</u>	Proposed <u>Rates</u>
4 5 6		Monthly Metered Water Rates: Base charge, zero usage Usage charge, per 1,000 gallons	\$14.40 \$ 1.49	\$ 34.55 \$ 3.57
7 8		Monthly Flat Sewer Rates: (Per REU)	\$68.33	\$105.37
9		The proposed rates would increase the	average resid	dential monthly
10		water bill from \$22.07 to \$52.92, a 139	9.78% increas	se, based on a
11		monthly usage of 5,145 gallons, and the monthly flat sewer rate from		
12		\$68.33 to \$105.37, a 54.21% increase.		
13	Q.	WHAT IS THE PUBLIC STAFF'S POS	SITION REGA	RDING KRJ'S
14		TEST YEAR?		
15	A.	It is the Public Staff's position that the	e test year er	nding June 30,
16		2016, which was filed by the Company, is out dated and does not		
17		reflect current operations and custom	mer growth	in Rockbridge
18		Subdivision. Therefore, the Public Staf	f updated the	end of the test
19		year to the 12-month period ending N	March 31, 20	18. Revenues
20		calculated at present and proposed rate	es reflect actua	al customers at
21		the end of the test-year period, March	31, 2018, an	d plant serving
22		them.		
22	_	HAVE YOU REVIEWED THE OPERA	TIONAL STA	THE OF THE
23	Q.	HAVE TOO REVIEWED THE OPERA	IIIONAL SIA	TOO OF THE

Yes. I contacted the Raleigh Regional Office. Regional office personnel expressed no concerns with water quality or the operation of the water systems or sewer system. On May 15, 2018, I inspected the three systems with Mr. Rod Butler and other members of the Public Staff. The water systems in Southern Trace and Rockbridge were in good condition and adequately maintained. uranium removal system in Rockbridge was installed and operational. All of the chemical feed pumps used for treatment were operating and the containers were approximately 85 percent full. The WWTP in Rockbridge was in good condition. I did not notice anything unusually about the operation of the plant nor did I detect any odor, other than next to the intake and bar screen which is normal. The ponds were well maintained and had plenty of free board. The spray fields located near the entrance to Rockbridge were adequately maintained. It is the Public Staff's opinion that the water and sewer systems in Southern Trace and Rockbridge are adequately maintained and operating properly.

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A.

18 Q. HAVE YOU RECEIVED ANY CUSTOMER COMPLAINTS AS A 19 RESULT OF CUSTOMER NOTICE IN THIS PROCEEDING?

A. Yes. The Public Staff received two written complaints. The hearing was held as scheduled and eleven customers testified. Three customers testified at the hearing from Southern Trace Subdivision.

The customers testifying were: Thomas D. Rains, Jacqueline Walker

6

and Shelley Iverson. Eight customers testified from Rockbridge Subdivision. The customers testifying were: Craig E. Buzak, Pat Foran, Robert C. Herbert, Jr., Taunia Teel, Brian Maxwell, Gerald Daniel, Kathleen Kendzierski and Ginger Rodgers. All of the customers objected to the magnitude of the increase. The two primary concerns in Southern Trace were water pressure and coloration of the water. Mr. Rains had concerns with the design of the system and operations. The primary complaints in Rockbridge Subdivision were; response time to water leaks, system outages, water pressure, chlorine levels and the safety of the water. KRJ was required to file a report addressing customer complaints and concerns.

On May 30, 2018, KRJ filed its Report on Customer Comments from Public Hearing in Raleigh, North Carolina as required. I have read the report and commend KRJ for its thorough response concerning customer complaints. The Public Staff is satisfied with the Company's response to customer concerns, the implementation of its new procedures and policies to improve response times to leaks and customer complaints, and its commitment to install supervisory control and data acquisition (SCADA) control systems in Southern Trace and Rockbridge Subdivisions. I have no further recommendations.

1	Q.	BRIEFLY	DESCRIBE Y	OUR	BILLING	ANALYSIS?
---	----	---------	-------------------	-----	---------	-----------

2	A.	As I previously testified, the end of the test year period was updated
3		to the 12-month period ending March 31, 2018. I reviewed the
4		number of customers and the consumption for each month for
5		Southern Trace and Rockbridge Subdivisions based on the updated
6		billing data provided by the Company. Based on my review, I
7		determined 190 end-of-period (EOP) metered water customers in
8		Southern Trace Subdivision, 327 EOP metered water customers and
9		324 flat-rate sewer customers in Rockbridge Subdivision.

10 Q. DO YOU RECOMMEND A CUSTOMER GROWTH FACTOR (CGF)

11 FOR SOUTHERN TRACE OR ROCKBRIDGE?

- 12 A. I do not recommend a CGF for Southern Trace, because the growth
 13 was less than one percent. I recommend a CGF of 1.1106 for water
 14 and sewer in Rockbridge Subdivision. My calculations are based on
 15 growth for residential water and sewer customers as shown below:
- 16 Southern Trace
- 17 Water: 190 EOP customers x 12 months/2273 bills = 1.00308
- 18 <u>Rockbridge</u>
- 19 Water 323 EOP res. customers x 12 months/3490 bills = 1.1106 20 Sewer 323 EOP res. customers x 12 months/3490 bills = 1.1106
- 21 I recommend applying the CGF of 1.1106 to chemical expenses and
- 22 purchased power for water operations; and to chemical expenses and

- purchased power associated with pumping and sludge removal for sewer operations.
- 3 Q. HAVE YOU RECOMMENDED ANY **ADJUSTMENTS** 4 EXPENSES RELATED TO WATER AND SEWER OPERATIONS? 5 A. Yes, I have provided Public Staff Accountant Morgan with 6 recommendations for adjustments to contract operating services. 7 chemical expenses, purchased power, testing expenses, maintenance

and repair expenses, and sludge removal.

8

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CONTRACT SERVICE OPERATIONS

KRJ has a contract with M&M Water Services (M&M) for the operation and maintenance of the water treatment, storage, and distribution systems serving Southern Trace and Rockbridge Subdivisions, and the wastewater, collection, treatment, and re-use irrigation system serving Rockbridge Subdivision. M&M is responsible for the day-to-day operations of the water and sewer facilities which includes: providing certified Operators in Responsible Charge (ORC), daily inspections, chemical treatment, maintaining chemical inventories, collecting samples and delivering them to a certified laboratory, regulatory reporting, investigating customer complaints in regard to water quality, weekly testing of the generator at the WWTP and providing 24-hour, seven-days-a-week emergency service when necessary. The contract amounts do not include maintenance and repair, which are billed separately. The contract amount is \$1,416 per

1	month for each water system, and \$5,027 per month for the
2	wastewater facility at Rockbridge.
3	Southern Trace
4	The Company made a pro-forma adjustment of \$8,400, an increase of
5	\$700 per month, for the addition of Well No. 3. The Public Staff does
6	not oppose the increased amount. I recommend \$25,392 (\$2,116 \times 12
7	months) for contract operating service.
8	Rockbridge - Water
9 .	The Company made a pro-forma adjustment of \$1,080 for additional
10 -	labor expenses. I reclassified the \$1,080 in labor expenses to
11	maintenance and repair expenses. I recommend \$16,992 (\$1,416 x
12	12 months) for contract operating service.
13	Rockbridge - Sewer
14	The Public Staff does not oppose the contract amount. I recommend
15	\$60,324 (\$5,027 x 12 months) for contract operating service.
16	CHEMICAL EXPENSES
17	Southern Trace
18	I updated chemical expenses to reflect the 12-month period ending
19	March 31, 2018. Based on my review of invoices provided, I
20	determined \$714 is appropriate.

<u>Rockbridge - '</u>	<u> Water</u>
-----------------------	---------------

I updated chemical expenses to reflect the 12-month period ending March 31, 2018. Based on my review of invoices provided, I determined \$4,451 is appropriate. I made an upward adjustment of \$216 by recalculating the cost for caustic soda, using Water Guard's new price of \$2.29 per gallon. This recalculation resulted in chemical expenses of \$4,667. I also adjusted chemical expenses for customer growth (\$4,667 x 1.1106). I recommend \$5,184 for chemical expenses.

Rockbridge - Sewer

I updated chemical expenses to reflect the 12-month period ending March 31, 2018. Based on my review of invoices provided, I determined \$10,492 is appropriate. I made an upward adjustment of \$965 by recalculating the cost for caustic soda, using Water Guard's new price of \$2.29 per gallon. This recalculation resulted in chemical expenses of \$11,457. I also adjusted chemical expenses for customer growth (\$11,457 x 1.1106). I recommend \$12,724 for chemical expenses.

PURCHASED POWER

Southern Trace:

I updated purchased power expenses to reflect the 12-month period ending March 31, 2018. Based on my review of invoices provided, I

1	determined \$6,874 is appropriate. I recommend \$6,874 for purchased
2	power expenses.
3	Rockbridge:
4	The three wells at Rockbridge are within the same fenced compound
5	as the WWTP, lift station, and reclaimed water storage ponds and has
6	one power source that provides power to the entire facility. As a result,
7	the Company allocated purchased power expenses for the wells in
8	Rockbridge based on the total amount of purchased power expenses
9	for the wells in Southern Trace.
	The Public Staff does not object to this methodology since the wells do
11	not have their own power source, both service areas have three wells,
12	and Duke Energy Progress provides power to Rockbridge and
13	Southern Trace. I recalculated the portion of purchased power
14	expense that should be allocated to water operations based on
15	invoices for the updated test year, ending March 31, 2018 as shown
16	below:
17 18 19 20 21	\$6,874 cost of power for Southern Trace 11,658,659 gallons sold in Southern Trace \$589.60 \$6,874/11.658659 16,039,461 gallons sold at Rockbridge \$9,457 \$589.60 x 16.039461
22	I also adjusted for customer growth purchased power expense for
23	water operations (\$9,457 x 1.1106). I recommend purchased power
Λ	evnence of \$10,503 for water operations

I determined \$37,919 for purchased power expense for the WWTP site based on my review of invoices for the updated test year. I deducted \$9,457, which was allocated to water operations, resulting in \$28,462 for power at the WWTP plant site. As I previously testified, the WWTP operates based on timers and not consumption. Therefore, I did not adjust for customer growth, purchased power expense for the WWTP. However, I did adjust purchased power for pumping and the spray fields. Based on my review of invoices for the updated test year, I determined \$708. My adjustment for customer growth is \$786 (\$708 x 1.1106). I recommend \$29,248 (\$28,462 + \$786) for purchased power expense for sewer operations.

TESTING EXPENSES

Southern Trace

My recommendation for testing expenses reflects current testing costs, represented over the required frequency (monthly, annually, and every three, six, or nine years) for each test under the Safe Drinking Water Act. I recommend testing expenses of \$2,310 for water operations. My calculations are shown in Casselberry Exhibit No. 1.

Rockbridge

My recommendation for testing expenses reflects current testing costs, represented over the required frequency (monthly, annually, and every three, six, or nine years) for each test under the Safe

Drinking Water Act and KRJ's wastewater permit. I recommend
testing expenses of \$1,396 for water operations and \$1,476 for
sewer operations. My calculations are shown in Casselberry Exhibit
No. 2.

MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR EXPENSES

Southern Trace

The Applicant expensed \$19,141 for maintenance and repair expenses. The invoices KRJ provided did not match the amount expensed on the application. Based on my review of invoices provided, I determined \$27,417 as the appropriate amount before adjustments. I made the following downward adjustments:

12	Removed, payments for capital project	\$10,000
13	Removed, boom truck used in capital project	\$ 4,213
14	Removed, repair outside of test year	\$ 344
15 .	Removed, repair outside of test year	\$ 904
16	Removed chemical expenses were updated	\$ 196
17	Reclassify, meter, Well No. 1 capital project	\$ 1,064
18	Total	\$16.721

I recommend \$10,696 for maintenance and repairs expenses.

Rockbridge: Water

The Applicant expensed \$55,297 for maintenance and repair expenses associated with water operations. The invoices KRJ provided did not match the amount expensed on the application. Based on my review of invoices provided, I determined \$63,895 as the appropriate amount before adjustments. I made the following downward adjustments:

		at	0192 >
1 2 3 4 5	Removed, repair outside of test year Removed, repair outside of test year Removed, repair outside of test year Reclassified, amortized uranium disposal Total	\$ 1,339 \$ 527 \$ 1,517 <u>\$49,830</u> \$53,213	OFFICIAL COPY
6	As I previously testified, I reclassified 1,080 from conti	racting services	
7	I agree with the additional expense of \$762 for Rose	mont filter bags	3 8
8	and \$7,500 for repairs on mains and service lines. I	added \$9,966	Jun 07 2018
9	which is the amount for uranium disposal (\$49,830) am	ortized over five) HII
10	years. I recommend \$29,990 for maintenance exper	nses associated	
11	with water operations (\$63,895 - \$53,213 + \$1,080 + \$	\$762 + \$7,500 +	-
12	\$9,966).		
13	Rockbridge: Sewer		
14	The Applicant expensed \$18,866 for maintenance	e and repairs	3
15	expenses associated with sewer operations. The in	voices provided	l
16	did not match the amount expensed on the application	n. Based on my	
17	review of invoices provided, I determined \$23,928 as	the appropriate	•
18	amount before adjustments. I made the follow	ving downward	Ī
19	adjustment:		
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	Removed, payment outside of test year Removed, repair outside of test year Removed, repair outside of test year Remove, payment on capital project Remove, outside of test year Remove, outside of test year Remove, payment on capital project Remove, double bill Remove, outside of test year Removed, unrelated to sewer Total	\$ 1,000 \$ 1,339 \$ 1,074 \$ 1,774 \$ 1,512 \$ 2,761 \$ 1,774 \$ 617 \$ 3,160 \$ 262 \$15,273	

1	-	I agree with the pro-forma adjustment of \$3,900 for cleaning 10 percent
2	•	of the gravity mains and \$16,400 for maintaining the spray fields. I
3		recommend \$28,955 (\$23,928 - \$15,273 + \$3,900 + \$16,400) for
4		maintenance and repair expenses associated with sewer operations.
5		SLUDGE REMOVAL
6		I updated expenses related to sludge removal to reflect current costs
7		for the 12-month period ending March 31, 2018. Based on my review
8		of invoices provided, I determined \$6,008 for sludge removal. I
9		adjusted the cost of sludge removal for customer growth in the amount
10		of \$6,672 (\$6,008 \times 1.1106). I also included Grandville Farm's annual
11		permit fee of (\$250) and Soil Plus, LLC's annual cost for bio-solids
12		samples (\$1,275). I recommend \$8,197 for sludge removal (\$6,672 +
13		\$250 + \$1,275).
14	Q.	HAVE YOU MADE ANY RECOMMENDATIONS TO PLANT IN
15		SERVICE?
16	A.	Yes.
17		Southern Trace:
18		I recommend \$44,603 for new plant in service. The amount listed for
19		Well No. 2 includes the \$10,000 payment and the \$4,213 boom truck
20		rental, which I removed from maintenance and repair expenses. My

additions are as follows:

21

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9		Item Pump replacement Well No. 1 Pump replacement Well No. 3 Replace pump/repair Well No. 2 Water meter, Well No. 1 Meters PRV replacement Total	Amount \$ 6,073 \$ 7,859 \$26,213 \$ 1,064 \$ 1,675 \$ 1,719 \$44,603	Date in Service 8/16/2016 6/2/2016 8/7//2015 5/5/2016 2016/2017 4/23/2018	Life <u>Ext.</u> 7 7 7 20 25 10
10		Rockbridge: Water			
11		I recommend \$9,174 for new plan	it in service.		
12 13 14		<u>Item</u> Meters	<u>Amount</u> \$ 9,174	Date <u>in Service</u> 2017/2018	Life <u>Ext.</u> 25
15	•	Rockbridge: Sewer			
16		I recommend \$15,988 for new pla	ant in service	e. The amount	includes
17		the two payments of \$1,774 each,	, which I rem	oved from mai	ntenance
18		and repair expenses. My addition	is as follows:	:	
19 20 21 22 23		<u>Item</u> Replace Blower Replace Blower Total	Amount \$ 7,098 \$ 8,890 \$15,988	Date <u>in Service</u> 4/29/2015 4/2018	Life <u>Ext.</u> 10 10
24	Q.	WHAT ARE THE ANNUAL	SERVICE	REVENUES	UNDER
25		PRESENT AND PROPOSED RA	ATES?		
26	A.	My calculations for service reven	nues at prese	ent and propos	sed rates
27		are shown below:			

1	Southern Trace Subdivision	
2	Water Utility Service	
3 .	Revenue at Present Rates:	
4 5	11,658,659 gailons x \$2.66/1,000 gallons =	\$ 43,594 \$ 31,012 \$ 74,606
6	Revenue at Proposed Rates:	
7 8 9	11,658,659 gallons x \$4.84/1,000 gallons =	\$ 79,390 <u>\$ 56,428</u> \$135,818
10	Rockbridge Subdivision	
11	Water Utility Service	
12	Consumption adjusted for customer growth:	
13 14 15		,114,280 <u>629,520</u> ,743,800
16	Revenue at Present Rates:	
17 18 19		\$ 56,506 \$ 26,438 \$ 82,944
20	Revenue at Proposed Rates:	
21 22 23	17,743,800 gallons x \$3.57/1,000 gallons =	\$135,574 <u>\$ 63,345</u> \$198,919
24	Sewer Utility Service	
25	Revenue at Present Rates:	
26	324 EOP customers x 68.33 x 12 months =	\$265,667
	Revenue at Proposed Rates:	
27	324 EOP customers x \$105.37 x 12 months =	\$409,679

1	Q.	WHAT IS YOUR RECOMME	NDATION	CONCERNING	KRJ'S
2		PROPOSED RATES?			
3	A.	The Public Staff's recommended service revenues are listed below:			
4		Service Revenues:	•		٠
5		<u>Wate</u>	<u>r S</u>	<u>Sewer</u>	
6		Southern Trace \$106,	,983 N	1/A	
7		Rockbridge \$159,	,888 \$	226,451	
8		The Public Staff recommends a	partial rat	e increase for wat	er utility
9		service in Southern Trace and Rockbridge Subdivisions and a rate			
10		decrease for sewer utility service	in Rockbr	idge Subdivision.	
11	Q.	PLEASE DESCRIBE YOUR RATE DESIGN AND RECOMMENDED			
12		RATES?			
13	A.	I have designed rates for water service such that approximately 60			
14		percent of the service revenues is applied to the consumption charge			
15		and 40 percent is applied to fixed costs. This approach promotes water			
16		conservation and still allows the Company a reasonable cash flow. My			
17		calculations are shown below.			
18 <u>SOUTHERN TRACE SUBDIVISION</u>					
19		Water Utility Service			
20 21 22		Service revenue \$106 40.7% \$ 43 Difference \$ 63	542		

1	Estimated base charge:			
2	\$43,542/190 EOP customers x 12 months = \$19.10			
3	Estimated usage charge:			
	\$63,441/11,658,659 gallons x 1,000 = \$5.44			
4	Revenue at Public Staff's Recommended Rates:			
5 6 7	190 EOP customers x \$19.12 x 12 months = \$ 43,594 11,658,659 gallons x \$5.44/1,000 gallons = \$ 63,423 \$107,017			
8	ROCKBRIDGE SUBDIVISION			
9	Water Utility Service			
10 11 12	Service revenue \$159,888 40% \$63,955 Difference \$95,933			
13	Estimated base charge:			
14	\$63,955/327 EOP customers x 12 months = \$16.30			
15	Estimated usage charge:			
	\$95,933/17,743,800 gallons x 1,000 = \$5.41			
16	Revenue at Public Staff's Recommended Rates:			
17 18 19	327 EOP customers x \$16.30 x 12 months = \$ 63,961 17,743,800 gallons x \$5.41/1,000 gallons = \$ 95,994 \$159,955			
20	Sewer Utility Service			
21	Estimated flat rate			
22	226,451/324 EOP customers x 12 months = \$58.25			
23	Revenue at Public Staff's Recommend Rate			
24	324 EOP customers x \$58.25 x 12 months = \$226,476			
25	KRJ's present and proposed rates and the Public Staff's			
26	recommended rates are shown on Casselberry Exhibit No. 3.			

1 Q. WHAT IS YOUR RECOMMENDATION CONCERNING OTHER

2 CHARGES?

A. The Public Staff's does not oppose increasing KRJ's reconnection charge from \$23.91 to \$25.00, if water service is cut off by utility for good cause, and from \$19.12 to \$20.00, if water service is disconnected at customer's request; or increasing the returned check, charge from \$23.96 to \$25.00 for Southern Trace Subdivision. The Public Staff does not oppose increasing KRJ's reconnection charge from \$14.40 to \$15.00 if water service is cut off by utility for good cause and if water service is disconnected at customer's request; or increasing the returned check charge from \$23.96 to \$25.00 for Rockbridge Subdivision. The Public Staff opposes adding a new disconnection charge and/or collection charge in addition to the reconnection charge.

15 DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR TESTIMONY?

16 A. Yes.

1	BY MR. GRANTMYRE:
2	Q Now, with respect to those three letters or four
3	letters we received last night, does that add or
4	modify your testimony in any way?
5	A No.
6	Q Do you have a summary of your testimony?
7	A I do.
8	Q Please go ahead and provide your summary?
9	(WHEREUPON, the summary of GINA
10	CASSELBERRY is copied into the
11	record.)
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KRJ, INC. d/b/a KRJ UTILITIES DOCKET NO. W-1075, SUB 12 SUMMARY OF TESTIMONY OF GINA Y. CASSELBERRY

On January 10, 2018, KRJ, Inc. d/b/a KRJ Utilities (Company or KRJ) filed an application with the Commission to increase its rates for providing water utility service in Southern Trace Subdivision and water and sewer utility service in Rockbridge Subdivision in Wake County, North Carolina.

My investigation included review of customer complaints, contact with the Division of Water Resources (DWR), Public Water Supply Section (PWSS) and Water Quality (WQ), review of company records, analysis of revenues at existing and proposed rates and site inspection of the three KRJ utility systems. I have also assisted Public Staff Accountant Iris Morgan in reviewing expenses and plant in service.

The Public Staff updated the test year to the 12-month period ending March 31, 2018, to reflect current operations and customer growth in Rockbridge Subdivision. Based on my review of billing data, I determined 190 end-of-period (EOP) metered water customers in Southern Trace Subdivision, 327 EOP metered water customers and 324 flat-rate sewer customers in Rockbridge Subdivision.

The Public Staff received two written complaints. The hearing was held as scheduled. Three customers testified at the hearing from Southern Trace Subdivision and eight customers testified from Rockbridge Subdivision.

On May 30, 2018, KRJ filed its Report on Customer Comments from Public Hearing in Raleigh, North Carolina as required. The Public Staff reviewed the report and was satisfied with the Company's response to customer concerns, the implementation of its new procedures and policies to improve response times to leaks and customer complaints, and its commitment to install supervisory control and data acquisition (SCADA) control systems in Southern Trace and Rockbridge Subdivisions. I have no further recommendations.

The Public Staff recommends a partial rate increase for water utility service in Southern Trace and Rockbridge Subdivisions and a rate decrease for sewer utility service in Rockbridge Subdivision.

Pursuant to the Stipulation Agreement filed in this docket on June 7, 2018, the Company has agreed to all of the recommendations made in my testimony, and adopted the exhibits to my pre-filed testimony.

This concludes my summary.

BY MR. GRANTMYRE: 2 Now, with respect to the paragraph where you talk 3 about the number of customers testifying that the three from Southern Trace and the eight from 4 5 Rockbridge, you're referring there to the May 15 night hearing, correct? 6 7 Yes. Α And that does not include today's testimony? 8 9 Α No. We have no further 10 MR. GRANTMYRE: 11 questions. She's available for cross examination. 12 MR. BENNINK: No questions. 13 COMMISSIONER MITCHELL: Questions from the Commission? Chairman Finley? Commissioner Patterson? 14 15 Good morning, Ms. Casselberry, I do have a few for you. 16 17 THE WITNESS: Okay. 18 EXAMINATION BY COMMISSIONER MITCHELL: 19 0 So you've testified that the Public Staff is 20 satisfied that the company's report on customer 21 comments, comments made at the public hearing on 22 May 15th, and that you're -- the Public Staff is 23 satisfied with the company's new protocols that 24 it implemented in response to the concerns that

were expressed at that hearing, and you've also testified in support of the company's proposal to install SCADA in Rockbridge and Southern Trace. Since we've heard extensive comments about the Company's responsiveness, or lack thereof, and if the issues that the customers are experiencing with communication from the Company, would the Public Staff be willing to check in with the Company in six months to follow up on these concerns and report back its findings with the Commission?

A Yes, we can do that.

Okay. Thank you. At the May 15th hearing we heard from several customers regarding the strong smell of chlorine and these were specifically related to -- these were Rockbridge customers I believe, and KRJ has provided information indicating that the chlorine residuals were within an acceptable range and I believe provided documentation to support that assertion, and KRJ has also responded that some variation in chlorine concentrations will always exist throughout the distribution system due to distance from plant. In your position is there

1 anything else that can be done to alleviate those 2 issues for those customers that are located at various points on the system that routinely 3 experience high concentrations of the residual? 4 5 Α The only thing I can suggest is sometimes if you 6 run the water a little bit longer it might help a I notice here in the Dobbs Building 7 little bit. it has a strong chlorine so if you run it a 8 9 little bit first before you fill up that glass of water or if you let it sit a little while then 10 drink the water it helps a little bit. 11 A customer from the Rockbridge Subdivision 12 13 expressed an interest in metered sewer rates 14 versus a flat monthly sewer rate. Since KRJ is 15 the water provider in Rockbridge, did the Public 1.6 Staff investigate the possibility of metered 17 sewer rates? Considering there was only one customer we did 18 Α 19 That was not our recommendation. prefer a flat rate at this time. 20 21 0 Okay. The Stipulating Parties have agreed to a monthly flat rate of \$58.25 for sewer service in 22 23 the Rockbridge Subdivision which represents a 24 decrease from the present monthly flat rate of

\$68.33 that was established in the CPCN docket many years ago. What do you believe are the main reasons for this decrease?

I would have to say the decrease probably has something to do with the plant in service but that probably would be better for the accountant to address that. I know what the service revenue is and so you take the service revenue divide it by the number of customers divide it by 12 months and you get the flat rate. It has to do with plant in service.

COMMISSIONER MITCHELL: Ms. Holt, is that something that you all can provide in a late-filed exhibit as well, just a response to the question, what are the primary drivers for the decrease in the sewer rate for Rockbridge.

MS. HOLT: Yes.

COMMISSIONER MITCHELL: Thank you.

MR. BENNINK: Commissioner, the Company would like to participate in that because we have definite ideas about what the driver is in terms of the rate decrease as well. I think we'll agree on with it but we'll cooperate with the Public Staff on that:

Very well. 1 COMMISSIONER MITCHELL: Thank 2 you. 3 BY COMMISSIONER MITCHELL: Ms. Casselberry, the Stipulation involves the 4 agreement to eliminate the requirement that KRJ 5 notify respective customers regarding water and 6 sewer rates in the Rockbridge Subdivision before 7 they execute a contract to purchase a home. 8 9 has changed other than build-out of the subdivision that would make this requirement no 10 longer necessary? 11 Would you repeat the question? 12 The Stipulation involves an agreement to 13 14 eliminate the requirement to notify prospective 15 KRJ customers regarding the water and sewer rates 16 within the Rockbridge Subdivision before they execute a contract to purchase a home. 17 18 you explain what has changed other than continued build out of the subdivision that would make this 19 20 requirement no longer necessary? I would have to ask the Company why they --21 22 I can't answer that question. We will provide that in our 23 MR. GRANTMYRE: 24 late-filed exhibit.

1 COMMISSIONER MITCHELL: Okay. Thank you. 2 BY COMMISSIONER MITCHELL: 3 Ms. Casselberry, one last question. Are SCADA 4 systems frequently used -- in your experience are 5 SCADA systems frequently installed in smaller 6 water systems that are analogous to or comparable 7 to Southern Trace? 8 Α Most small water systems don't have a SCADA 9 system. 10 COMMISSIONER MITCHELL: Okay. I have nothing further. Any additional questions from the 11 Commission? 12 13 MR. GRANTMYRE: I have one quick question. 14 EXAMINATION BY MR. GRANTMYRE: 15 With regard to the sewer rate reduction, isn't 16 customer growth on the sewer system the major 17 driver for the rate reduction? 1.8 Α That is one of the factors, yes. 19 And as additional customers added to sewer 20 systems a lot of the revenues of the additional 21 customers go directly to the bottom line? 22 Yes, especially since it's a flat rate. 23 MR. GRANTMYRE: Thank you. 24

EXAMINATION BY MR. BENNINK:

1.3

- O To follow up on the questions from your counsel,
 Mr. Grantmyre, one of the drivers from the rate
 decrease is also the imputation of the tap fees,
 the sewer tap fees of \$8,000 for the unsold,
 undeveloped lots; isn't that correct? I mean,
 that adjustment reduces the company's rate base
 for purposes of this case by I think a ballpark
 of \$650,000?
- A Yes, it does reduce the rate base.
- Q And that is a driver of the rate reduction?

 Without that adjustment the rate base would be \$650,000 higher allowing the Company to accrue a return of seven and three-quarters percent on that plus depreciation expense? And we ll sort this out in the late-filed exhibit. But

 Mr. Grantmyre is right, customer growth is one thing in terms of customer growth --

CHAIRMAN FINLEY: A late-filed exhibit would be a good place to get all of that straightened out.

THE WITNESS: Well, I think the question was to compare it to the last rate case and so I'd have to know information about the last rate case in order to compare it to this rate case. And so those are --

those facts are correct but to compare why it went down compared to the last rate case I would have to do 2 3 a little bit more research. COMMISSIONER MITCHELL: Thank you, 4 5 Ms. Casselberry. MR. BENNINK: One other question. 6 7 BY MR. BENNINK: 8 In terms of the paragraph in the Stipulation which would allow the Company to discontinue the 9 notice of requiring the developer to include a 1.0 11 notice of the rates in future sale of lots, are you -- this provision came from the CPN -- CPCN 12 13 proceeding for Rockbridge in the Sub 5 case; 14 isn't that correct? Do you know that? I didn't participate in that case so I don't know 15 the answer to that question. 16 Are you aware of any other utilities that are 17 18 required to give such a notice, required to 19 provide such a notice of the rates in sales 20 agreements? Off the top of my head I'm not aware of it, no. 21 Α 22 All right. MR. BENNINK: 23 COMMISSIONER MITCHELL: Ms. Casselberry, you are dismissed. Thank you. 24

(The witness is excused.) 1 MR. GRANTMYRE: We would request that her 2 testimony and exhibits be introduced into evidence. 3 COMMISSIONER MITCHELL: Without objection 4 5 they will be accepted into evidence. (WHEREUPON, Casselberry Exhibits 6 1, 2 and 3 are admitted into 7 8 evidence.) MR. GRANTMYRE: That concludes the Public 9 Staff's case. 10 COMMISSIONER MITCHELL: Thank you, 11 Mr. Grantmyre. So that brings us to proposed orders. 12 Typically the Commission requests a proposed order 30 13 days from the notice of the mailing of the transcript, 14 is that sufficient in this case? 15 16 MR. BENNINK: Yes, that's sufficient. There's been MR. GRANTMYRE: Yes. 17 significant work done on the proposed order already so 18 I expect it will be long before the 30 days. 19 20 COMMISSIONER MITCHELL: Thank you very much. Anything else that we need to address prior to 21 adjourning? 22 23 MR. BENNINK: Maybe for purposes of clarification I want to say we put Mr. Butler on the 24

stand to address, and we think we fully addressed from the company's standpoint, the customer testimony today so we would not intend to file an additional customer report. COMMISSIONER MITCHELL: Very well. MR. BENNINK: All right. COMMISSIONER MITCHELL: Thank you, Mr. Bennink. If there is nothing further, we are adjourned. Thank you. (WHEREUPON, the proceedings were adjourned.)

CERTIFICATE I, KIM T. MITCHELL, DO HEREBY CERTIFY that the Proceedings in the above-captioned matter were taken before me, that I did report in stenographic shorthand the Proceedings set forth herein, and the foregoing pages are a true and correct transcription to the best of my ability. Kim T. Mitchell Court Reporter II

FILED
JUN 28 2018

N.C. Utilities Commission