1	PLACE:	Via Videoconference
2	DATE:	Thursday, June 6, 2024
3	TIME:	6:34 p.m 6:57 p.m.
4	DOCKET:	E-7, Sub 1297
5	BEFORE:	Commissioner Karen M. Kemerait
6		Chair Charlotte A. Mitchell
7		Commissioner Kimberly W. Duffley
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12		
13		IN THE MATTER OF:
14	Applica	ation of Duke Energy Carolinas, LLC, for a
15	C	ertificate of Public Convenience and
16		Necessity to Construct an 850 MW
17	Natur	al Gas-Fired Combustion Turbine Electric
18	Ge	enerating Facility in Catawba County,
19		North Carolina
20		
21		VOLUME 2
22		
23		
24		

1	APPEARANCES:			
2	FOR DUKE ENERGY CAROLINAS, LLC, AND DUKE ENERGY			
3	PROGRESS, LLC:			
4	Jason Higginbotham, Esq.			
5	Duke Energy Corporation			
6	525 South Tryon Street, ECA3			
7	Charlotte, North Carolina 28202			
8				
9	FOR THE USING AND CONSUMING PUBLIC:			
10	Thomas J. Felling, Esq.			
11	Public Staff - North Carolina Utilities Commission			
12	4326 Mail Service Center			
13	Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-4326			
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## PROCEEDINGS

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COMMISSIONER KEMERAIT: Good evening. us come to order and go on the record. I'm Karen M. Kemerait, a Commissioner on the North Carolina Utilities Commission, and with me tonight are Chair Charlotte Mitchell and Kimberly W. Duffley.

I now call for hearing Docket Number E-7, Sub 1297, in the Matter of Application of Duke Energy Carolinas, LLC, for a Certificate of Public Convenience and Necessity to Construct an 850 megawatt Natural Gas-Fired Combustion Turbine, or CT, Electric Generating Facility in Catawba County, North Carolina.

Before we proceed further, and as required by the State Government Ethics Act, I remind members of the Commission of our duty to avoid conflicts of interest and inquire at this time as to whether any Commissioner has any known conflict of interest with respect to this docket?

(No response.)

COMMISSIONER KEMERAIT: Let the record reflect that no such conflicts were identified.

On March 14, 2024, Duke Energy Carolinas, LLC, or DEC, filed with the Commission an Application pursuant to North Carolina § 62-82, 62-110.1,

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1 62-110.9, and Commission Rule R8-61(b) for a
2 Certificate of Public Convenience and Necessity, or
3 CPCN, to construct and operate two advance class
4 simple cycle gas combustion turbine units that will be
5 approximately 425 megawatts each. In order to
6 generate electricity at the site of this existing
7 Marshall Steam Station in Catawba County, North
8 Carolina.
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In support of the Application, DEC filed four exhibits and the direct testimony of two witnesses, portions of which are confidential. The Application explains that the two CT units will be constructed on DEC-owned land at the Marshall Steam Station site, which currently consists of four coal-fired electric generating units.

2.3

The Application provides that the two CT units are estimated to have a combined total winter capacity of 850 megawatts, which will facilitate the permanent retirement of two of the coal-fired generating units at the Marshall site. The Application provides further, that the new CT units have been designed to use existing transmission infrastructure that coal-fired units 1 and 2 are currently utilizing. The Application explains that

the interconnection study processes undertaken for the new CT units indicate that only minimal transmission network upgrades will be necessary to support the two new CT units. The Application provides that the -- that the CT units will rely on natural gas as fuel supply and will be capable of utilizing ultra-low-sulfur diesel as backup fuel. The Application explains that DEC will take advantage of existing natural gas transmission capacity for the delivery of fuel to the Marshall site. DEC has proposed to construct a compressor station at the Marshall site to ensure that natural gas is delivered to the new units as sufficient pressure. The testimony accompanying the Application discusses DEC's need for, and cost of, the facility.

On April 10, 2024, the Commission issued and Order Scheduling Hearings, Establishing Procedural and Filing Requirements, and Requiring Public Notice. The scheduling Order scheduled one public witness hearing to be held on June 5, 2024, in Catawba County, as well the second public witness hearing to be held remotely by way of Webex, tonight, on June 6, 2024, beginning at 6:30 p.m.

The scheduling Order also scheduled an

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1
    expert witness hearing to begin immediately following
    the hearing in Docket Number E-100, Sub 190, which is
 2
 3
    scheduled to begin at 2:00 p.m. on, Monday, July 22,
 4
    2024. If the expert witness hearing on the
 5
    Application has not concluded by August 9, 2024, the
    hearing will resume at 2:00 p.m. on Tuesday,
 7
    September 3, 2024, continuing as necessary until
 8
    conclusion.
 9
               On April 12, 2024, DEC filed a request to
10
    amend the public notice mailing date, which was
11
    granted by Commission Order on April 15, 2024.
12
              On May 31, 2024, DEC filed its Affidavit of
13
    Publication confirming that public notice was provided
    in accordance with requirements of the scheduling
14
15
    order as amended by the April 15, 2024 order.
```

The following parties have petitioned to and have been allowed to intervene in this proceeding:

Carolina Industrial Group for Fair Utility Rates III;

Carolina Utility Customers Association, Inc;

Environmental Defense Fund; and the Southern Alliance for Clean Energy, Sierra Club, and Natural Resources Defense Counsel, collectively referred to as SACE et al.

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The Public Staff, which represents the Using

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1
    and Consuming Public, have been made a party to this
 2
    proceeding in accordance with North Carolina §
 3
    62-15(d). The Public Staff represents, you, the Using
 4
    and Consuming Public. In addition, the Public Staff
 5
    is conducting an independent investigation of the
    Application and will file its testimony setting fourth
 7
    its recommendation to the Commission on June 20, 2024.
 8
              So that brings us to this evening. I now
 9
    call upon counsel for the parties to introduce
10
    themselves for purpose of the record, beginning with
11
    the applicant.
12
              MR. HIGGINBOTHAM: Good evening,
13
    Commissioners. Jason Higginbotham, appearing on
14
    behalf of Duke Energy Carolinas.
15
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COMMISSIONER KEMERAIT: Good evening.

MR. FELLING: Good evening, Commissioners. Tom Felling with the Public Staff, appearing on behalf of the Using and Consuming Public.

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COMMISSIONER KEMERAIT: Good evening.

For the purpose of tonight's hearing is to hear from DEC's customers regarding their positions or concerns about the pending Application. We appreciate you being here to voice your views on this matter, and we welcome your testimony and want to hear from you.

In order to facilitate this remote hearing, we will use the following procedures: Number one, in conducting this hearing the Commission functions in a judicial capacity. We largely follow the North Carolina Rules of Civil Procedure and Rules of Evidence. Because the Commission is functioning as a court, I cannot respond to your questions, rather, we are here to receive evidence from you in the form of your testimony. In addition, for these reasons, if you choose to testify tonight, you will be asked to affirm the truthfulness of your testimony.

Number two, witnesses will appear by audio connection only. The Commission and attorneys will be appearing by video and audio connection. Any witnesses that wish to view a live video of the proceeding may excess it on a computer via YouTube, which is linked to the Commission's home web page; however, please be sure to mute your computer when you are called to testify to avoid any feedback. This hearing is being transcribed by a court reporter, and it is critical that we limit all interference with her ability to hear me and those who testify.

Number three, witnesses will be called on to testify in the order in which you have called in.

When it is your turn to speak, the Webex administrator will send you a request to unmute. You will hear the message, which will state, "You are being asked to unmute yourself. To unmute, press number six." It is important that you listen for this message. Once you unmute yourself, please state your name to signify that you are unmuted. At that time, I will ask you to provide an affirmation as to the truthfulness of your testimony. Once you have provided the affirmation, the attorney for the Public Staff will ask you a series of questions and then you will be allowed testify.

Number five, counsel for any party may ask questions of the witnesses tonight; in addition, the Commissioners will have an opportunity to ask questions. This means that if you provide testimony, you may be asked questions by the attorneys or by the Commissioner. However, as a reminder, the Commissioners and the attorneys for the parties are not allowed to respond to your questions during this hearing.

And, also, importantly, each witness will be allowed three minutes to provide testimony. I will be timing the testimony, and I will let you know when the

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1
    three minute time limit has ended and I will ask you
 2
    at that time to complete your testimony.
 3
               So with that, we are ready to begin.
    McCoy, if you could please unmute the first witness.
 4
 5
               THE WITNESS: This is Matt Musson.
 6
                          MATT MUSSON;
 7
                    having been duly sworn,
                     testified as follows:
 8
9
              MR. FELLING: Good evening, Mr. Musson.
10
    Would you please state your name and spell your name
11
    for the record.
12
               THE WITNESS: Yes. My name is Matt Musson,
13
    M-U-S-S-O-N.
14
              MR. FELLING: And would you please provide
15
    your address and indicate who your electric service
16
    provider is.
17
              THE WITNESS: 3910 Kingsgate Place,
18
    Charlotte, North Carolina. I am a Duke Energy
19
    customer.
20
              MR. FELLING:
                             Thank you so much. Please
21
    begin with your statement.
22
    DIRECT STATEMENT BY MATT MUSSON:
23
              Good evening. Thank you for giving me an
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opportunity to speak this evening. I am speaking in

24

favor of this plant. I believe that it's a plant that our North Carolina grid needs to ensure that we have affordable and reliable power. What do Duke Energy customers want for our supplies, we want affordable, reliable, and clean. Unfortunately, there's no power option on the table today that gets an A plus for all three criteria, so we have to pick two. Fossil fuels are reliable and affordable. Solar and wind are affordable and clean, but they are not reliable.

What do customers like me want? We want to be able to heat our homes in the winter. We want to be able to cool our homes in the summer. We want to be able to take our parents to the hospital to get them heart surgery and not be told, "Well, the operating suite is closed today because there's not enough power because it's raining."

This is a 24-hour a day plan. It's affordable. It's reliable. Gets an A plus in both categories. And the plant's not perfectly clean, but it's not dirty either. It's significantly cleaner than coal, and much cleaner than fuel oil. Much cleaner than fuel oil. It is the cleanest readily available base line power choice by far. Not an A plus, but it's certainly a solid C on being clean.

Now, some people will tell you we should build solar farms because solar panels are falling in price and sun shines for free. But they forget that a solar farm would require a huge continuous plot here of land in the Charlotte area and rising price of land in Charlotte would negate the falling price of solar panels. But suppose you built an 840 megawatt solar farm, then you'd get 840 megawatts of energy from 10 a.m. in the morning to four in the afternoon. hours a day. Six hours a day at the rated level. And that's a little longer in the summer and shorter in the winter, but notice it doesn't cover peak demand hours of the early morning or the peak demand hours of the evening. But some will still say, "Build it We've got to reduce our emissions." We can anyway. turn off our plants six hours a day, but if we built it, we can turn it off at 10 a.m. in the morning, but we'll have to start turning our plants back on at 1 in the afternoon. We won't save six hours. We won't save 25 percent. We'd save one and a half percent. But plants are like cars, they pollute more when you turn them on then turn them off. So you wouldn't really save three hours, you'd maybe save an hour and a half. Maybe 6 percent on your emissions if you

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1
    built this entire process as a solar farm.
 2
              So, unfortunately, this is in Charlotte
 3
    North Carolina, too, we have 240 overcast days a year
    in Charlotte. 240 overcast days a year. We're not
 4
 5
    the sunny solar belt. We are the overcast belt of the
 6
    southern Atlantic states.
                               This is not solar
 7
    territory.
 8
              So in summation, this natural gas is not
9
    perfect, but it will produce more affordable more
10
    reliable and cleaner energy than any other base line
11
    option on the table. And I urge you to support this
12
    natural gas plant to ensure that North Carolinians
13
    have the electricity -- the affordable electricity
14
    that's essential to modern living.
15
              That's all I have to say.
                                          Thank you.
16
              COMMISSIONER KEMERAIT: Thank you,
17
    Mr. Musson. Are there any questions from Duke?
18
              MR. HIGGINBOTHAM: No questions.
19
              COMMISSIONER KEMERAIT: Any questions from
20
    the Public Staff?
2.1
              MR. FELLING:
                             Thank you. No questions.
22
              COMMISSIONER KEMERAIT: Any questions from
2.3
    the Commissioners?
24
                         (No response.)
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1
               Thank you for your testimony, Mr. Musson.
 2
    You are excused.
 3
              THE WITNESS:
                             Thank you.
 4
              COMMISSIONER KEMERAIT: Mr. McCoy, are you
 5
    allowing the next witness in?
 6
              COMMISSIONER MCKISSICK: They are unmuted.
 7
              THE WITNESS: This is James Briggs.
 8
                         JAMES BRIGGS;
 9
                    having been duly sworn,
10
                     testified as follows:
11
              MR. FELLING: Would you please state your
12
    name and spell it for the court reporter.
13
              THE WITNESS: James Briggs, B-R-I-G-G-S.
14
              MR. FELLING: Thank you, Mr. Briggs.
15
    would you please provide your address and indicate
16
    whether -- indicate who your electric service provider
17
    is.
18
               THE WITNESS: The address is 1522 Horne
19
    Creek Drive in Durham, North Carolina, and my service
20
    provider is Duke Energy. We've been a customer since
    2015.
2.1
22
              MR. FELLING: All right. Mr. Briggs, please
23
    provide your statement.
    DIRECT STATEMENT BY JAMES BRIGGS:
24
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A little background. I'm an electrical engineer. I worked for over 40 years for Eastman Kodak. I'm retired now, but I come from a family of power-oriented people. My father worked on nuclear waste for Westinghouse for 10 years, and my brother generated hydropower in Niagara Falls for the New York Power Authority.

2.1

I'm speaking in favor of the project, and I want to explain reasons why natural gas generation is a good backup for wind and solar power. The first reason is flexibility and reliability. Natural gas power plants, especially gas turbines, can ramp up and down quickly to fill the gaps when wind and solar fluctuate due to changes in weather condition. This load following ability helps maintain grid stability and reliability. Solar power drops off at night, while wind speeds are slower during the daylight hours and in summer months. This intermittency requires the grid to have sufficient power generation backup to maintain round the clock reliability while meeting load demand.

Cost effectiveness compared to other long backup options like long duration energy storage, natural gas generation is currently the most

competitive way to provide reliable and dispensable power to compliment renewable energy.

2.1

Number three, it leverages existing infrastructure. In the case of the Duke Energy Marshall Steam Station, the existing natural gas pipeline network requires only minimal upgrades in terms of compressors and, similarly, the existing 230 kilovolt transmission line can be used with small upgrades to the switch yards.

Number four, emissions reduction. Natural gas plants emit 50 to 60 percent less carbon dioxide than coal plants, making natural gas a cleaner bridge fuel during the transition to a fully renewable energy system. Burning natural gas for energy results in fewer emissions of nearly all types of air pollutants and carbon dioxide emissions than burning coal or petroleum products to produce an equal amount of energy. The source of these findings are listed in the consumer statement of position filed with the Commission on May 21st in terms of a power point presentation.

I have a following five additional recommendations for the Commission: Number one, require faster installation of grid scale battery

```
energy storage systems for wind and solar power;
 1
 2
    number two, expand these in terms of both power
 3
    capacity, megawatt, and duration megawatt hours;
 4
    number three, extend the life, or expand existing
 5
    nuclear power; number four, build additional nuclear
    power plant sites; and number five, have Duke increase
 7
    participation in U.S. energy research projects,
 8
    especially those overseen by the National Renewable
9
    Energy Laboratory.
10
              And that concludes my testimony.
11
               COMMISSIONER KEMERAIT:
                                       Thank you,
12
    Mr. Briggs.
13
              Are there any questions from Duke?
14
              MR. HIGGINBOTHAM: No questions. Thank you.
15
              COMMISSIONER KEMERAIT: Any questions from
    the Public Staff?
16
17
              MR. FELLING: Thank you. No questions.
18
              COMMISSIONER KEMERAIT: Any questions from
19
    the Commissioners?
20
                         (No response.)
21
               COMMISSIONER KEMERAIT: Mr., Briggs, thank
22
    you for your testimony. You may be excused.
23
              And, Mr. McCoy, you may unmute the next
24
    witness.
```

1	THE WITNESS: Marina Gomez.
2	MARINA REBOLLAR DE GOMEZ;
3	having been duly sworn,
4	testified as follows:
5	MR. FELLING: Would you please restate your
6	name and spell it for the court reporter.
7	THE WITNESS: Marina I'll state my whole
8	name Marina Rebollar de Gomez. First name,
9	M-A-R-I-N-A. Last name, R-E-B-O-L-L-A-R, space, D-E,
10	space, G-O-M-E-Z.
11	MR. FELLING: Thank you for that. Will you,
12	please, provide your address and also let us know who
13	your electric service provider is.
14	THE WITNESS: 2221 Chautauqua. That's,
15	C-H-A-U-T-A-U-Q-U-A Avenue in Durham, North Carolina
16	27707, and my energy provider is Duke Energy.
17	MR. FELLING: Thank you so much. You can
18	proceed with your statement.
19	DIRECT STATEMENT BY MARINA REBOLLAR DE GOMEZ:
20	While my proceeding previous witnesses
21	provided very good information, and that's a lot of
22	good points to be for this program; however, I'm
23	against it. I do remember that we were able to see on
24	the news that this was something that had been

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rejected as far as Duke Energy providing energy
through gas. I don't have all of that great
information that the other two had; however, we were
not given the opportunity to opt-in for paying for
this for -- for purpose, or procedural, however we
want to call it -- sorry I'm not that aliquant --
however, we were not given that opportunity and those
of us that don't have great earnings to be able to pay
high bills, we were hit with those high bills.
when we called Duke Energy to get explanation on how
this was being paid, or how this was being charged, we
got some brief breakdown that didn't make since.
          So I'm just asking that you consider the
public that is having to pay for this grid
infrastructure that Duke Energy wants to construct for
long time affordability. Right now, it's not
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public that is having to pay for this grid infrastructure that Duke Energy wants to construct for long time affordability. Right now, it's not affordable for those of us that don't make hundreds and thousands of dollars. And it's coming out of our pocket. And I don't see how that's fair for us to pay for something that we didn't ask for.

That's my testimony.

COMMISSIONER KEMERAIT: Thank you for your testimony, Ms. Gomez.

Are there any questions for Ms. Gomez from

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1
    Duke?
 2
              MR. HIGGINBOTHAM: No questions.
 3
              COMMISSIONER KEMERAIT: From the Public
    Staff?
 4
 5
              MR. FELLING: Thank you. No questions.
 6
              COMMISSIONER KEMERAIT: From the
 7
    Commissioners?
 8
                         (No response.)
9
              COMMISSIONER KEMERAIT: Ms. Gomez, thank you
10
    for coming and thank you for your testimony, and you
11
    may be excused.
12
              Mr. McCoy, you may unmute the next witness.
              MR. MCCOY: Commissioner, that is all the
13
14
    callers that was left.
15
              COMMISSIONER KEMERAIT: Those are the only
16
    people who have called in?
17
              COMMISSIONER MCKISSICK: Yes, Commissioner.
18
    Only three.
19
              COMMISSIONER KEMERAIT: Since we have heard
20
    from all of the witnesses, are there any final matters
21
    that need to be addressed before the hearing is
22
    concluded?
23
              MR. FELLING: None from the Public Staff.
24
               COMMISSIONER KEMERAIT: And for Duke?
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1
               MR. HIGGINBOTHAM:
                                  Nothing here. Thank you.
               COMMISSIONER KEMERAIT:
 2
                                        Thank you.
                                                     Hearing
    none, this brings us to the conclusion of the hearing
 3
 4
     and the hearing is now adjourned.
 5
                (The proceedings were adjourned.)
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<u>Kaylene Clayton</u>

Kaylene Clayton

## CERTIFICATE

I, KAYLENE CLAYTON, do nereby certify that
the Proceedings in the above-captioned matter were
taken before me, that I did report in stenographic
shorthand the Proceedings set forth herein, and the
foregoing pages are a true and correct transcription to
the best of my ability.

NORTH CAROLINA UTILITIES COMMISSION