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1 .	PLACE: Dobbs Building, Raleigh, North Carolina	
2	DATE: Tuesday, January 17, 2012	
3	DOCKET NO.: E-100, Sub 128	
4	TIME IN SESSION: 7:00 p.m 7:29 p.m.	
5	BEFORE: Commissioner William T. Culpepper, III Chairman Edward S. Finley, Jr.	
6	Commissioner Bryan E. Beatty Commissioner Susan W. Rabon	
7	Commissioner ToNola D. Brown-Bland	
8	Commissioner Lucy T. Allen	
9	IN THE MATTER OF	
10	Investigation of Integrated Resource Planning in	
11	North Carolina - 2011.	
12	APPEARANCES:	
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COMMISSIONER CULPEPPER: Good evening. Let's come to order, please, and go on the record. I am Commissioner Bill Culpepper and with me are Commission Chairman Edward S. Finley, Jr. and Commissioners Bryan E. Beatty, Susan Warren Rabon, ToNola D. Brown-Bland, and Lucy T. Allen.

The Commission now calls for hearing at this time for the purpose of taking non-expert public witness testimony Docket No. E-100; Sub 128 -In the Matter of Investigation of Integrated Resource Planning in North Carolina - 2011.

Integrated Resource Planning (IRP) is intended to identify those electric resource options that can be obtained at least cost to the ratepayers consistent with adequate, reliable electric service and other legal obligations. IRP considers conservation, efficiency, and load management, as well as supply-side alternatives, in the selection of resource options.

G.S. 62-110.1(c) requires the Commission to "develop, publicize, and keep current an analysis of the long-range needs" for electricity in this State. The Commission's analysis is to include: (1) its estimate of the probable future growth of

the use of electricity; (2) the probable needed generating reserves; (3) the extent, size, mix, and general location of generating plants; and (4) arrangements for pooling power to the extent not regulated by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC). G.S. 62-110.1 further requires the Commission to consider this analysis in acting upon any petition for construction. In addition, G.S. 62-110.1 requires the Commission to submit annually to the Governor and the appropriate committees of the General Assembly: (1) a report of the Commission's analysis and plan for the future requirements of electricity for North Carolina; (2) the progress to date in carrying out such plan; and (3) the program of the Commission for the ensuing year in connection with such plan. G.S. 62-15(d) requires the Public Staff-North Carolina Utilities Commission (Public Staff) to assist the Commission in this analysis and plan. In addition, G.S. 62-2(3a) vests the

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In addition, G.S. 62-2(3a) vests the Commission with the duty to regulate public utilities and their expansion in relation to long-term energy conservation and management policies. These policies include assuring that

"resources necessary to meet future growth through the provision of adequate, reliable utility service include use of the entire spectrum of demand-side options, including but not limited to conservation, load management and efficiency programs, as additional sources of energy supply and/or energy demand reductions."

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To meet the requirements of G.S. 62-110.1 and G.S. 62-2(3a), the Commission conducts an annual investigation into the electric utilities' integrated resource plans (IRPs). Commission Rule R8-60 requires that each of the electric utilities furnish the Commission with an annual report in odd-numbered years that contains an updated 15-year forecast of the items described in subparagraph (c)(1), as well as significant amendments or revisions to the most recently filed biennial report, including amendments or revisions to the type and size of resources identified, as applicable. Further, Commission Rule R8-67(b) requires any electric power supplier subject to Rule R8-60 to file a Renewable Energy and Energy Efficiency Portfolio Standard (REPS) compliance plan as part of its IRP report. Within 60 days after the

filing of each electric utility's annual report of amendments or revisions, the Public Staff or any other intervenor may file its own plan or an evaluation of, or comments on, the electric utilities' reports. Furthermore, the Public Staff or any other intervenor may identify any issue that it believes should be the subject of an evidentiary hearing.

filed in these proceedings by Carolina Power & Light Company d/b/a Progress Energy Carolinas, Inc; Duke Energy Carolinas, LLC; Virginia Electric and Power Company d/b/a Dominion North Carolina Power (collectively, the electric utilities); and by the North Carolina Electric Membership Corporation (NCEMC) and the four independent electric membership corporations (EMCs), i.e., Piedmont EMC, Rutherford EMC, EnergyUnited EMC, and Haywood EMC. In addition, REPS compliance plans have been filed herein by Progress, Duke, Dominion, GreenCo Solutions, Inc., Halifax EMC, and EnergyUnited.

The following parties have previously been granted intervenor status in these proceedings by Commission Order: The Carolina Industrial Groups

for Fair Utility Rates I, II, and III; the North
Carolina Sustainable Energy Association (NCSEA); the
Public Works Commission of the City of Fayetteville;
Nucor Steel-Hertford; the North Carolina Waste
Awareness and Reduction Network, Inc.; Southern
Alliance for Clean Energy; and Carolina Utility
Customers Association, Inc.

Attorney General Roy Cooper has previously given notice of his intervention in these proceedings on behalf of the using and consuming public pursuant to G.S. 62-20. Additionally as previously noted, the Public Staff is a party participating in these proceedings pursuant to G.S. 62-15(d) and Commission Rule R1-19(e).

On October 7, 2011, NC WARN filed its Initial Comments on 2011 Plans.

On December 5, 2011, the Commission issued its Order Scheduling Public Hearing which scheduled this hearing with respect to the 2011 annual reports and REPS compliance plans that have been filed in this docket for this date, at this time, and in this place.

On January 13, 2011, SACE, NCSEA, and the Public Staff filed their comments regarding the 2011

annual reports.

Pursuant to G.S. 138A-15(e), I remind members of the Commission of their duty to avoid conflicts of interest and inquire at this time as to whether any Commissioner has any known conflict of interest with respect to these proceedings.

(No response.)

I now call upon counsel for the parties to announce their appearances for the record, beginning with the investor-owned utilities.

MR. KAYLOR: Thank you, Mr. Chairman,

Members of the Commission, Robert Kaylor appearing
on behalf of Duke Energy Carolinas. I'm also
appearing on behalf of Dominion North Carolina

Power.

MR. ANTHONY: Good evening, Mr. Chairman,
Members of the Commission. I'm Len Anthony
appearing on behalf of Progress Energy Carolinas.

MR. FEATHERS: Good evening, Members of the Commission. I'm Rick Feathers appearing for North Carolina Electric Membership Corporation and GreenCo Solutions.

MR. YOUTH: Commissioners, my name is Michael Youth. I'm appearing on behalf of North

2	MS. THOMPSON: Good evening, Mr. Chairman
3	Members of the Commission, Gudrun Thompson appearin
4 .	on behalf of Southern Alliance for Clean Energy.
5	MS. EDMONDSON: Lucy Edmondson, Staff
6 ,	Attorney with the Public Staff appearing on behalf
7	of the Using and Consuming Public.
8	COMMISSIONER CULPEPPER: Thank you very
9	much, and good evening to all of you. Counsel, I
10	inquire of you collectively, does anyone know of
11	preliminary matters that the Commission should take
12	up at this time prior to commencing this public
13	witness testimony hearing?
14	(No response.)
15	Seeing none, Ms. Edmondson, have you
16	identified any public witnesses?
17	MS. EDMONDSON: We have two witnesses at
18	this time.
19	COMMISSIONER CULPEPPER: You may call
20	your first witness.
21	MS. EDMONDSON: Monica Embrey.
22	MONICA EMBREY; Being first duly sworn,
23	testified as follows:
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Carolina Sustainable Energy Association.

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2 Q Please state your name for the record. Sure. Monica Embrey, E-m-b-r-e-y. 3 4 Q What is your address? 5 501 Mercury Street, Charlotte, North Α 6 Carolina. 7 0 And do you have a statement you would like 8 to make tonight? 9 Α I do. 10 Would you please go ahead? 0 11 Thank you. Commissioners, thank you all Α 12 for having us here tonight. I know there are two of 13 us to represent some of the public. I wasn't sure 14 if I was going to make this drive out from Charlotte, but thought it would be important to come 15 16 and make sure that at least some people's voices 17 were being heard. 18 I am the North Carolina field organizer 19 with Greenpeace. Greenpeace is the world's largest . environmental organization. We've had our presence 20 21 in North Carolina for some years and recently have 22 opened up our chapter in Charlotte specifically 23 focusing around energy concerns.

DIRECT EXAMINATION BY MS. EDMONDSON:

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In the past eight months I've had an

incredible opportunity to talk with people from all across Charlotte about coal, about coal plants and the impacts it has on people lives. I am here today to speak against the IRP as it currently stands because to me it represents business as usual.

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Business as usual for North Carolinians means thousands of asthma attacks, heart attacks, heart disease, cancer, premature deaths. It means stories like someone like Meagan who is a good friend of mine that I got to meet. Meagan is born and raised in Charlotte and developed asthma at a very young age. She moved away to New York after graduating from college and came back several years ago only to relapse in her asthma cases. Coal-fired power plants like the ones that are operated by Duke Energy around Charlotte are a direct link and cause to those health impacts. It means that I got to talk with people like Linda. Linda lives in Mt. Holly, less than a mile away from the Riverbend Coal Plant that is proposed in this IRP to be part shut down by 2012 and completely by 2015. When Linda moved to Mt. Holly several years ago, she was told it was going to be shut down immediately. whether that's the responsibility of a company of

Duke Energy or a misinformed real estate agent, the impact that it has had on her life and the life of her family is unparalleled. She has eight people in her home. Every single one has some type of health issue; be that asthma, breathing problems, chronic bronchitis. She links this directly with the coal plant that's in her community.

Business as usual means mountain top

removal, it means coal ash spills, and not least of

all climate change; something that is becoming the

leading issue for this world to face, and something

that leaders could not figure out in Durban a few

months ago. It's the responsibility of companies

like Duke Energy to be a good neighbor and to

present the walk a long with the talk.

In reading this IRP it would appear that

Duke is making a large effort to move away from

coal-fired power plants as a number of boilers are

being listed as shut down. I have noticed that many

of those aren't operating at full capacity, so the

impact it would have, while significant, isn't as it

may appear.

North Carolina has an incredible opportunity for alternative resources like wind and

solar. We could power our entire state off of off-shore wind. That has been repeated in multiple reports in the past several years. In Charlotte, we could cover a quarter of our energy use with solar panels on our homes.

People in North Carolina are done paying for the impacts of dirty coal. We are done paying with it with our health, with our lives, with our environment and most importantly with our pocketbooks.

There are only two people here tonight, but a few months ago we had a packed room in Charlotte with over 250 people attended a public hearing to talk about the impacts of coal on their lives. I have no doubt that people are going to continue to articulate the reasons why this cannot be the same -- that we cannot stand for this status quo any longer. So I am sure you will see me and many others again within the year. Thank you.

COMMISSIONER CULPEPPER: Let's see if any of the parties have any questions. Ms. Edmondson, do you have any other questions of your witness?

MS. EDMONDSON: No.

COMMISSIONER CULPEPPER: Is there

intervenor cross-examination? 1 2 (No response.) Utility side is there cross examination? 3 4 (No response.) 5 All right. Thank you very much, Ms. : 6 Embrey, you may stand down with our appreciation for 7 taking time out or your personal schedule to come 8 all the way from Charlotte here tonight. We thank 9 you very much for that. Have a safe trip back to Charlotte. 10 11 MS. EDMONDSON: Beth Henry. 12 BETH HENRY; Being first duly sworn, 13 testified as follows: 14 DIRECT EXAMINATION BY MS. EDMONDSON: 15 0 Please state your name and address for the 16 record. 17 Beth Henry, 3066 Stoneybrook Road, Α 18 Charlotte, 28205. 19 Please go ahead with your statement. 0 20 Thank you. I almost didn't come this 21 Some of our best friends Saturday lost their 22 25-year-old daughter to a ski accident. And I spent 23 the last two days with them. So I feel like I have 24 a dark cloud over me. I had good excuse not no come

from Charlotte. But the death of a child -- one of my children's ages -- also was an opportunity that makes you think about life. We all are going to die and what will my life mean, if anything. So I decided I would come because I honestly am convinced that the biggest issue my children, my grandchild face is climate change. I want to keep coming every opportunity that I can to urge y'all to take seriously the threat of climate change and to realize that what our utilities do matters especially if Duke and Progress merge to become the biggest utility in the country. Their business that is business as usual is dangerous for our country and the world. And they could do so much.

I keep brining my pillow case everywhere.

I took it first to the shareholders meeting. But

it's just -- this is from last year's IRP -- but the

pie chart is barely different this year. And the

two things that bother me the most, the energy

efficiency DSM at 4 percent and renewable at 3

percent. Those numbers haven't changed at all year.

More and more studies are showing how much can be

done through conservation and energy efficiency.

And at the beginning you read the statute.

I just want to urge y'all to force our utilities to do drastic energy efficiency. That's the fastest cheapest way for us to combat climate change. And cheapest is the key word there. It's so much cheaper than new nuclear plants would be.

I do have an exhibit to my testimony which is chart showing that from 1975 to 2007 because of drastic energy efficiency programs, California had 0 percent average energy growth per year per person, which is a stark contrast with the rest of the country. We need to be doing that kind of drastic energy efficiency rather than building new power plants.

of friends in the solar industry, and they are all saying to me, we want the new nuclear plants. We want them. We are already getting people coming to us from industries wanting to -- getting ready to do solar because electricity is going to get so expensive in this state all the businesses that can afford to are going to do solar. What that means, the way it works is, that residential customers will be stuck with the cost of nuclear plants. With the price of solar plummeting, if the all businesses and

1 .	industries that can afford the upfront cost of
2	solar, we risk basically having nuclear plants that
3	have to be paid for, primarily, by residential
4	customers. So I think that is another issue we need
5	to think about as far as plans for nuclear plants is
6 .	the fact as solar gets so cheap, low-income people
7	that can't afford to do solar will be stuck with way
8	more than their fair share of the cost of the new
9	nuclear plants. That's my testimony.
10	BY MS. EDMONDSON:
11	Q Would you like your exhibit admitted into
12	the record?
13	A Yes, I would.
14	MS. EDMONDSON: If I may approach?
15	COMMISSIONER CULPEPPER: Yes, of course.
16	Q Where did you get this exhibit?
17	A From a study a new study on energy
18	efficiency. I think it's on there.
19	COMMISSIONER CULPEPPER: How many pages
20	does it consist of?
21	MS. HENRY: Just one. I brought several
22	copies. It's just a graph.
23	COMMISSIONER CULPEPPER: Let the exhibit
24	be identified as Henry Hearing Exhibit No. 1. Show

1	that to the parties of the case, Ms. Edmondson.
2	Make sure the court reporter gets the original
3	exhibit.
4	(Whereupon, Henry Hearing
5	Exhibit No. 1 was marked for
. 6	identification and shown to the
7	parties.)
8	MS. EDMONDSON: Ms. Henry, did that
9	complete your statement?
10	MS. HENRY: Yes.
11	MS. EDMONDSON: I have no more questions.
12	COMMISSIONER CULPEPPER: Let's see if we
13	have any questions: Is there intervenor
14	cross-examination?
15	(No response.)
16	Utility cross-examination?
17	(No response.)
18	Commissioners?
19	(No response.)
20	Any objection to the admission of Henry
21	Hearing Exhibit No. 1?
22	(No response.)
23	It will be received.
24	(Whereupon, Henry Hearing

1 Exhibit No. 1 was admitted into 2 evidence.) 3 That will complete your testimony. 4 you very much. You have a safe trip back to Charlotte, also. Thank you for coming. 5 MS. EDMONDSON: Roger Stout. 7 ROGER STOUT; Being first duly sworn, 8 testified as follows: 9 DIRECT EXAMINATION BY MS. EDMONDSON: 10 Q Could you state your name and address for 11 the record? 12 My name is Roger Stout. And my address is 13 2880 Plaza Place, Raleigh. 14 Do you have a statement you would like to Q make tonight? 15 16 As an opening statement, I would just like 17 to request that the Utilities Commission take a look 18 at more of a business approach. I know we are a 19 utility-owned company that provides the majority of 20 the energy to the state. And I would like for them 21 to take a look at alternatives to when you are 22 retiring the coal plants at different alternatives to different business models than the current models 23

when retiring the plants. There's avoided cost

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contracts for independent power producers and maybe

some tweaks to those agreements may benefit not only

independent utilities -- investor-owned utilities -
but also independent power producers and the retail

customers.

Q What is your business?

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- A I am striving to become an independent power producer; solar developer for utility scale projects.
- Q You were talking about taking a look at alternatives. What are some of those that you have in mind?

the bundled powered purchased agreement when you're buying SRECS along with the power. An alternative to one of those would be avoided cost combined with a deferred purchase so that the cost of the power plant — building the power plant, solar — would be greatly reduced by private parties absorbing much of the construction cost and then they would amortize that and get the tax credit both at the federal and state level. And you could go beyond the level that the STRACTS(sic0 would normally dictate. So for example in 2018 the STRACTS(sic) state there's three

hundred and something thousand megawatt hours or SRECS are required, that represents something around 250 megawatts. There's projects being built in the southwest that are in -- one project is 250 megawatts.

that have tens of thousands of capacity and thousands of that megawatt capacity is being retired, how do I fill that void? Do I build gas plants? Do I build nuclear plants? And my suggestion would be to look at alternative business models which include mix avoided cost contract with a deferred purchase where the utility actually becomes owner of the plant so that they can defer — they can spread their amortization out and don't have to lump anything to a shrinking base of megawatt capacity.

So a lot of the way the PPA, the bundled PPAs work, they never take ownership of the facility. I know Duke Energy purchases some. I'm not quite sure about how Progress is in that mode. I think they're mostly signing long-term purchase agreements. But if you do different models -- I don't know the rate mix is, but I have an article

here talking about how the gas market is in the United States because of the fracking. I know North Carolina doesn't have any operation in that area yet. But many areas of the country are going towards fracking and the supply is so great that the cost of natural gas is coming down and now the cost of energy is dropping yet they are talking about rate increases here in the State of North Carolina. The levelized the cost for natural gas plants is around \$60 for a megawatt hour.

If you look at construction cost of a solar plant alone it's more than double that. So the question is: If I can come up with a business model to take some of that cost -- construction cost and move it to private parties who are looking to absorb the tax benefits and don't really require to fit underneath the SREC path, there are opportunities there to have outside ventures come in for loss of capacity. And then after so many years, the utility companies could buy them out at a greatly reduced cost and spread out the amortization across a stronger base than just letting someone else own that property.

So I would like to the Utility Commission

to take a look at such alternative business models and request that from the utilities. And also do a comparison of various technologies whether it's fossil fuel, renewable, nuclear and see what the long-term costs are versus what the retail rates are. What's the margin? And what is the comparison to other states? So are we gradually increasing our rates while cost of electricity is going down? What is that gap? Who is that gap going to?

We are struggling right now. There's a lot of uncertainty in the business world. We all know how big the balance sheet of corporations are. On the other hand, utilities are straddled with a lot of debt. So expecting them to invest in all this new technology, they're probably going to be very risk averse while there's other companies out there with flush balance sheets with very little debt who are willing to give up on these projects and get this technology rolling. It winds up with lower cost for the utility, lower cost for the retail and a cleaner environment. That's all I have to say.

MS. EDMONDSON: Is there anything else you would like to say?

MR. STOUT: No, that's it. 1 MS EDMONDSON: I have no further 2 3 questions. COMMISSIONER CULPEPPER: Intervenor 4 5 cross-examination of the witness? 6 (No response.) 7 Utilities? 8 (No response.) Commissioners? 9 10 (No response.) 11 Thank you very much, Mr. Stout. You may 12 stand down with our appreciation for having come to testify in these proceedings this evening. 13 MS. EDMONDSON: That concludes the public 14 15 witnesses. 16 COMMISSIONER CULPEPPER: As presiding 17 Commissioner, I am familiar with everyone here in 18 this hearing room this evening. They are either 19 Members of the Public Staff, Members of the 20 Commission Staff or Members of one of our 21 investor-owned utilities. So, therefore, there does 22 not appear to be any other additional public 23 witnesses here this evening to testify in these

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proceedings.

Counsel, does anyone know of any matters the Commission ought to take up now before I adjourn these proceedings? (No response.) Thank you very much for your attendance. We stand adjourned. Whereupon, the hearing was adjourned. 8 -

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CERTIFICATE

The undersigned Court Reporter certifies

that this is the transcription of notes taken by her

during this proceeding and that the same is true,

accurate and correct.

Sandi Mayer

Court Reporter II

FILED
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